"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and tomorrow; warmer; light north to northeast winds.
For full weather report see Page 14.

VOL. LXIV...NO. 20,974. NEW YORK, MONDAY, JUNE 28, 1915.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

HUERTA ARRESTED AS HE NEARS BORDER, ACCUSED OF PLOTTING AGAINST MEXICO; TEMPORARILY FREED ON $15,000 BOND

REVOLT PLANS ARE NIPPED

Orozco, Also Arrested, Said to Have Had Force Ready for Uprising.

WERE TO SEIZE JUAREZ

And Advance Through Villa Territory—Huerta Denies He Was to Lead.

PLAN KNOWN TO OFFICIALS

Department of Justice Orders Neutrality Law Enforced—Close Watch on ex-Dictator.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, June 27.—At the little desert station of Newman, N. M., General Victoriano Huerta stepped from the Chicago flier this morning into the arms of a United States Deputy Marshal who had orders to detain the former Mexican dictator on charges of violating the neutrality of this country by planning here a military movement in Mexico.

The sun was just above the horizon when the train was flagged by the United States troops and deputies, and General Huerta alighted. First to embrace him was tall Pascual Orozco, who had driven up in an automobile a few minutes before and had kept the engine racing as if he would spirit the former provisional President across the river.

As the two Generals who had opposed each other in the death struggle of the Orozco revolution at Bachimba embraced in the manner of the Mexican people, Deputy Marshal Edward Bryant stepped from behind a pumphouse and informed the Generals that he would be forced to detain them both and that he preferred to have them accompany him without the use of the troops in command of Colonel George H. Morgan.

General Huerta, his sharp eyes hid behind dark glasses, listened to the Marshal's explanation and announced that he would accompany him.

"I am at your orders, gentlemen," General Huerta said as he stepped into a waiting automobile to be driven to this city.

General Huerta and Orozco were taken to the Federal Building, where they were detained until the crowd grew so large that Mayor Tom Lea ordered them taken to Fort Bliss for safekeeping.

Released on Bail.

General Huerta was released from custody tonight on a bond of $15,000, which he gave as soon as the amount was fixed, and he is now at liberty. General Orozco was also released on a bond of $7,500, and he is with his family in the Mexican quarter.

The release was ordered by the United States District Attorney, Judge J. L. Camp, and the bonds were approved by United States Commissioner G. B. Oliver.

Clifford Beckham and S. L. Pinkey, representing the Government, asked that the bond of each defendant be fixed at $25,000. Thomas Lee, Mayor of El Paso and attorney for the defendants, offered bond of $15,000 for Huerta and half that amount for Orozco, and the Mexican leaders personally pledged themselves to appear at the hearing.

The release of the Mexican leaders caused nearly as great a stir in Mexican and American circles as did the news of their detention. Immediately there was a revival of rumors relative to the new revolutionary movement, although Huerta reiterated his statement that he did not intend to attempt to enter Mexico until peace was restored. The General stated that he was here merely to visit his daughter a few days and greet old friends in El Paso.

"I am on my way to Los Angeles and San Francisco," said the General, "to visit the Pacific Coast and see the Panama-Pacific Exposition. I lived in Oakland, Cal., about twenty years ago and have never visited the west coast of the United States since then, so decided to make the trip."

General Huerta, who had come to the United States several weeks ago from Spain, whither he exiled himself when he was unable to retain control longer in Mexico City, had been under surveillance from the time he left New York a few days ago ostensibly for San Francisco. After Huerta left Chicago, westward bound, reports began to reach El Paso that he was bound for this city.

It was rather openly announced late last night that the General would leave the train on which he traveled and come to El Paso from Newman by automobile.

A plan by friends to serenade him as he arrived brought large crowds to the streets, but the assemblies were hurriedly broken up, as word spread that he was under arrest.

The events in connection with the detention and release of Huerta and Orozco had a disquieting effect on the

Continued on Page 4.

Penal Code Sections Applied to Huerta's Case; Penalty Is Fine or Three Years' Imprisonment

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The sections of the Penal Code which the Department of Justice has applied to the case of General Huerta read:

Section 10. Whoever, within the territory or jurisdiction of the United States, enlists or enters himself, or hires or retains another person to enlist or enter himself to go beyond the limit of jurisdiction of the United States with intent to be enlisted or entered in the service of any foreign Prince or State; colony, district, or people as a soldier or as a marine or seaman on board any vessel of war, letter of marque, and privateer, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned not more than three years.

Section 13. Whoever, within the territory or jurisdiction of the United States, begins or sets on foot or provides or prepares the means of any military expedition or enterprise to be carried from thence against the territory or dominion of any foreign Prince or State or of any colony, district, or people with whom the United States are at peace, shall be fined not more than $3,000 or imprisoned not more than three years.

14 HURT AS CAR HITS CONEY TRAIN

Panic When Vanderbilt Avenue Trolley Dashes Into Culver Line Excursionists.

ONE WOMAN VICTIM MAY DIE

Brakes Fail to Work on Sharp Curve in Track Near Van Siclen Station.

Fourteen passengers in a Vanderbilt Avenue surface car were injured last evening when the car crashed into the rear end of a Culver Line train at Neptune Avenue, near Van Siclen Station, Coney Island. One of the women hurt is expected to die. She and four others, a man and three women, remained in the Coney Island Hospital last night. Three other women and one man were taken to the hospital in ambulances, but went to their homes after treatment. Four men and one woman, who suffered superficial injuries, were treated at the place where they were hurt.

The Injured.

BRADY, JAMES, 29 years old, 564 Eighteenth Street, Brooklyn, conductor of the Vanderbilt Avenue car; cuts and bruises on head and nose; treated at scene of accident and went home.

BRENNAN, Mrs. ANNA, 55 years old, 52 Duffield Street, Brooklyn; fracture of the left leg and a possible fracture of the skull; remained at hospital.

DONNELLY, DANIEL, 48 years old, Ocean Parkway and Kings Highway, Brooklyn; cuts about the face; treated at hospital and went home.

GERKEN, Miss ANNA, 29 years old, 114 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn; fracture of the left leg and lacerations of the face; remained at hospital.

GRIMMER, Miss DORA, 27 years old, 418 Bloomfield Avenue, Hoboken; fracture of the right leg; remained at hospital.

GRIMMER, Mrs. LULU, 52 years old, mother of Miss Dora, same address; treated at hospital for contusions and lacerations, and went home.

HELMSTETTER, Mrs. EVA, 62 years old, 855 Tremont Avenue, the Bronx; treated at hospital for injuries to face and arms, and went home.

HELMSTETTER, Miss MARY, 35 years old, daughter of Mrs. Eva, same address; treated at hospital for cuts and bruises, and went home.

McGUIRE, Miss MAYME, 36 years old, 250 Ninth Avenue, Brooklyn; injuries to face and knee, treated at scene of accident and went home.

MEYER, LOUIS, 22 years old, 1,407 Sixtieth Street, Brooklyn; shock and contusions; treated at scene of accident and went home.

ORESKOG, ALBERT, 23 years old, of 93 Lawrence Avenue, Brooklyn; both legs fractured; remained at hospital.

PRUSCH, Mrs. ANNA, 45 years old, 144 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn; internal injuries and a fracture of the skull; remained at hospital, will probably die.

UPTON, FRANK, 36 years old, 250 Ninth Avenue, Brooklyn; lacerations of legs and arms; treated at scene of accident and went home.

WILLIAMS, THOMAS, 35 years old, 136 Noll Street, Brooklyn; lacerations of both legs; treated at scene of accident and went home.

Brakes Fail to Stop Car.

The accident occurred at 7:30 o'clock just north of Neptune Avenue, where it crosses at grade the tracks used by the Culver Line trains and the Vanderbilt Avenue and other surface cars. The Culver Line train, which was bound for the Coney Island Station, stopped before crossing Neptune Avenue to let a westbound Neptune Avenue car cross ahead of it. About 100 feet from the intersection of the tracks behind where the Culver Line train was standing there is a sharp curve, and, as was customary whenever a train stopped at the point, the conductor of the Culver train went to the rear platform and took down the red lantern swinging there, intending to take the lantern around the curve to signal to any trains or cars that might approach from the rear.

As the conductor took the lantern in his hand, the Vanderbilt Avenue car shot around the curve. It was within thirty or forty feet of the rear of the train before its motorman, Charles Wilmot of 105 Wyckoff Street, Brooklyn, could see the cars ahead. Wilmot jammed on his emergency brakes and reversed his power, but, either because the brakes did not work or because the rails were slippery from the rain that was falling, the car did not stop. Its momentum was only partially reduced.

Patrolmen J. J. Dailey and M. Flynn of the Coney Island Police Station were standing on the rear platform of the Culver line train when the Vanderbilt Avenue car came in sight. Every seat in the rear car of the train was occupied and twenty or more persons were standing. The policemen ran into the car to warn the passengers. Every passenger in the car seized a seat and braced himself, and, although many were jarred by the collision, no one was injured.

But the passengers in the Vanderbilt Avenue car, about twenty-five in number, had no warning of the collision until it occurred. The light surface car rammed the heavy train and bounced

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SARONY CELEBRATED PORTRAITS $5 for 3. 364 5th Av. (34th St.)—Advt.

STOLEN NECKLACE IS MRS. ALDRICH'S

Her Husband, Copper Company's Head, Admits He Offered $10,000 Reward.

RAID BY PORCH CLIMBERS

Eight Servants in Southampton, L. I., Home Cleared of Suspicion, but Clues Fail.

The seventy-one-pearl necklace and the marquise diamond ring, for the recovery of which $10,000 reward and no questions asked was offered by advertisement last Saturday morning, were stolen between midnight last Monday and 8 o'clock Tuesday morning from Sherwood Aldrich, at Southampton, L. I. Mr. Aldrich and his wife are occupying the Howard Townsend cottage for the season. The jewelry belonged to Mrs. Aldrich, and although Mr. Aldrich declined to state its value it was suggested that the reward offered gave a fair idea of that.

Mr. Aldrich, who is the President of the Ray Consolidated Copper Company at 25 Broad Street, Manhattan, and whose city residence is at 998 Fifth Avenue, yesterday gave the bare details of the robbery. The jewelry, he said, was in a bureau drawer in a room on the second floor, and the indications were that one or more burglars climbed by a post to the roof of the front porch and entered the room across the roof of the porch by a window. The escape was made in the same way.

When the loss of the jewelry was discovered on Tuesday morning Mr. Aldrich at once communicated with the Pinkerton National Detective Agency, and operatives were put to work on the case. At first both the members of the Aldrich family and the detectives suspected that the jewelry had been taken by some one of the eight servants employed in the house, or at least that one of the servants had acted as an accomplice with a man from the outside, but after several days' investigation this theory was abandoned.

Called in New York Police.

By Thursday the detectives had become convinced that professional burglars, probably from New York, had stolen the jewelry, and then the New York Police Department was notified. Commissioner Woods summoned Inspector Faurot and Captain Cray, his assistant, and told them to search every pawn shop and rendezvous for criminals in town. This was done, a score or more of city detectives being sent out, but no trace of the valuables was found.

Mr. Aldrich and the Pinkerton detectives agreed from the start, he said, that the best chance of success in recovering the jewelry lay in strict secrecy, so the Southampton police were not notified of the robbery and the advice given to the New York police on Thursday was confidential. But when the trail to the jewelry had not been picked up by Friday, it was decided that Mr. Aldrich should advertise anonymously through Dreicer & Co., jewelers.

The appearance on Saturday morning of the advertisement in which the unusual reward was offered was the first notice the public had that a big robbery had been committed in Southampton.

The jewelry is insured for half of its value, so that, if it is not recovered, Mr. Aldrich and the insurers will share the loss. Because of this they joined in offering the reward, each guaranteeing $5,000.

Hopes for Recovery.

Mr. Aldrich was confident last night that the jewelry would be recovered, although he admitted that so far the many Pinkerton detectives working on the case and the New York police had turned up no clue. The hope for recovery is based on the difficulties that would confront any one who tried to dispose of the gems.

"It will be impossible for any one to market the pearls or the diamonds," Mr. Aldrich said last night, "because both pieces have been completely and exhaustively identified in every possible place. They were long ago subjected to rigid description. Furthermore, the insurers and myself have agreed that our efforts to find the jewelry will never cease until they are successful. The detectives have been commissioned to keep working on the case until the jewelry is again in my possession."

Mr. Aldrich added that he was convinced professional porch climbers had

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BEST FOR SUNBURN. LUNDBORG'S PEROXIDE MASSAGE CREAM, 25 cents. Take it with you.—Advt.

What Bryan Told Ambassador Dumba Misled Berlin on Our First Note

Ex-Secretary of State Himself Reveals Why Our Submarine Protest Was Lightly Regarded—Fails to Tell What Ambassador Misunderstood.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Before leaving Washington tonight for San Francisco, William J. Bryan prepared a statement for the press, intended to correct widespread publications that he had informed Dr. Dumba, the Ambassador of Austria-Hungary, that President Wilson's note to Germany after the Lusitania disaster was not to be taken seriously.

For the first time it is disclosed authoritatively through Mr. Bryan's statement that his alleged interpretation of this document was made the subject of official exchanges between Washington, Berlin, and Vienna. The importance of the matter lies in the fact that the German Government credited the statement attributed to Mr. Bryan, and on that account failed to realize the seriousness with which the United States viewed the wholesale destruction of human life by German submarines.

While Mr. Bryan says that his conversation was misrepresented in Berlin, he fails to tell exactly what he did say to the Austrian-Hungarian Ambassador. His denial is in general terms. It has been the understanding here that Ambassador Dumba got the impression from Mr. Bryan that President Wilson's note informing the German Government that it would be held to a "strict accountability" was intended for home consumption in the United States, and for that reason was not to be taken seriously by Germany. That the German Government was impressed by the remark alleged to have been made to the Ambassador by Mr. Bryan is indicated by his admission tonight that "we learned that the conversation had been misinterpreted in Berlin."

Mr. Bryan's Statement.

The ex-Secretary's statement tonight follows:

> I have noticed that a number of the jingo papers are publishing a statement to the effect that after the sending of the first note to Germany, I gave Ambassador Dumba the impression that the note was not to be taken seriously. I am not willing that the uninformed shall be misled by that portion of the press which is endeavoring to force this country into war. I reported to the President the conversation which I had with Ambassador Dumba and received his approval of what I had said.
>
> When we learned that the conversation had been misinterpreted in Berlin, I brought the matter to the attention of Ambassador Dumba, and secured from him a statement certifying to the correctness of the report of the conversation that I had made to the President. Ambassador Dumba's statement was sent to our Embassy at Berlin, and Ambassador Dumba also telegraphed the German Government, affirming the correctness of my report of the interview, and denying the construction that had been placed upon it. These are the facts in the case.

Whatever it was that Mr. Bryan said to the Ambassador of Austria-Hungary the fact remains that the German Government was informed in a way that it regarded as authoritative, or at least authentic, that the American Secretary of State had indicated that President Wilson's note was not to be taken seriously. The effect of this information on the Imperial authorities in Berlin was reflected in the character of the response to the American communication. It was apparent also from press dispatches from Berlin that the German Government did not seem to be concerned over the American situation. From what has been understood here, and it did not take Mr. Bryan's statement of tonight to disclose the fact, the powers that be in Berlin felt that President Wilson had employed such strong language merely to appease aroused sentiment in the United States and that Germany need have no cause for worry over any prospect that the two countries would become involved in war over the conduct of the German submarine warfare.

Explains Gerhard-Meyer's Mission.

It was partly because of the conviction in Berlin that Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, found it necessary to send a special agent, Dr. Anton Gerhard-Meyer, to explain to the German Government that President Wilson meant all that he said in his communication. Recent dispatches from Berlin indicate that the German imperial authorities have come to realize that the situation is serious, and that the United States Government was very much in earnest in calling on Germany to instruct her submarine commanders to abandon their attacks without warning on unarmed merchant vessels.

Where the responsibility lies for the statement that Mr. Bryan told Ambassador Dumba that the American note was not to be taken seriously is still a mystery. Somebody, however, informed the German Government that Mr. Bryan had made the statement, and that it had been made to Dr. Dumba. It has been the understanding here that Dr. Dumba cabled to Vienna a report of his conversation with Mr. Bryan, and that the report contained the assertion that Mr. Bryan had said that the American note was not to be taken seriously. The German Government was satisfied that Mr. Bryan had made the statement to Dr. Dumba, and laid its plans accordingly.

It has been said here that the statement attributed to Mr. Bryan did more than any other thing to make difficult the adjustment of the relations between Germany and the United States. This Government was seriously embarrassed when it heard that Mr. Bryan had made such a statement to Dr. Dumba, and that Mr. Bryan's alleged remark was credited in Berlin. It is apparent from Mr. Bryan's statement tonight that immediate steps were taken to correct the impression created among German officials.

DRUGS POISON 46 HART'S ISLAND BOYS

Youths Watching a Ball Game Drop All Over the Field Writhing in Pain.

FOUR IN A CRITICAL STATE

Addicts to Narcotics Broke Into Medicine House and Took Belladonna, Atropine, and Aconite.

While most of the 200 to 300 youths in the Hart's Island Reformatory for Boys were on the baseball field at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon to watch a game between nines picked from the inmates Keeper Fahler saw a boy among the spectators double up and pitch forward on the grass, where he began to writhe in pain.

When Fahler reached his side the youth threw away a small bottle. Fahler picked it up and found that it was labeled "belladonna." The keeper, with the help of two boys, started to carry the sufferer toward the infirmary.

They had only got a short distance, when all over the field boys began to stagger and fall to the ground, where they lay kicking and groaning. The keepers started to carry off a few of the first to attract attention, but in a few minutes so many were rolling on the field that the effort to take them to the infirmary at once was given up, and one of the keepers ran to fetch Dr. Amaster, the house surgeon, who was the only medical man on the island. He came running to the field with a stomach pump and emetics. Many of those who had fallen, in spite of the fact that they showed symptoms of violent poisoning, fought off the doctors and the keepers. Others rapidly became unconscious.

Drugs Scattered About Field.

Calls for assistance were sent at once to Fordham and Lebanon Hospitals, but the electrical storm which started at the time broke off the telephone connections before word of the emergency could be sent to other hospitals.

Rain began to fall heavily in a few minutes, and the keepers, with the help of the boys who were not affected, began to carry the sick youths to the infirmary, administering emetics on the way. Some of the boys gave up small medicine bottles. Other bottles and boxes of pellets were found on the grass. Most of the bottles contained belladonna. Other drugs found were atropine, an eye remedy related to belladonna, and aconite, a heart sedative. All of these are dangerous drugs taken internally.

When the boys who showed symptoms of poisoning had all been removed to the infirmary it was found that twenty were in a serious condition, while twenty-six others were suffering less severely. The one physician, with the help of the keepers, worked over those in the most serious condition for about half an hour before help came.

The first physician to arrive was Dr. F. E. Lawrence, who came on a boat from City Island. A little later two ambulances came over on a boat from City Island, one from Fordham Hospital, with Drs. McGovern and Eiss, and one from Lebanon Hospital, with Drs. Lenz and Weil. They continued to use the stomach pumps until all of the boys had recovered except four, who remained in coma, and last night were in a serious condition.

Boys Tell Their Story.

The four who may die are Charles Christiansen, 16 years old; John Muldoon, 19, a clerk; Alfred Lent, 19, a porter, and Emil Myers, 17.

Later in the afternoon policemen from Harbor Squad B arrived in a launch. They were followed by District Attorney Francis Martin and Assistant District Attorney Charles B. McLoughlin of the

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LONE CLAM-DIGGER SAVES 10 IN STORM

Fred Engler Rescues Pleasure Seekers from Waters of Communipaw Cove.

SCORES OF BOATS CAPSIZED

Seven in Launch, Refused Landing at Steeplechase Pier, Picked Up When Craft Upsets.

A wind, freakish and full of flaws, accompanied the brief rainstorm of yesterday afternoon and played havoc among the thousands of pleasure seekers in small craft in the waters about New York. Choppy waves raised by the storm sent hundreds of Sunday afternoon boaters scurrying for shore. In New York Bay many small craft were capsized, as well as in the bays along Long Island, but in most cases the boats were close to shore, and the occupants suffered only a drenching.

In Communipaw Cove, which lies between the lower end of Jersey City and Bayonne, were scores of rowboats and other small craft when the storm broke. This cove is especially dangerous because many old breakwater piles stick up along the Pennsylvania Railroad fill.

When the rowboats, many heavily laden, were tossed about, half a dozen near the piles were upset. Their occupants clung to the piles and overturned boats and cried for aid. Fifty feet away from the row of piles a motor boat containing four persons was seen to capsize, and one of the men who had been in it clung to the overturned boat while the others made an effort to swim for shore.

Clam Digger to Rescue.

Fred Engler, a clam digger, saw the men in the water, and in a launch reached them when they were within a short distance of a pile of sharp rocks near the side of the fill. He took them aboard. Then he rescued the man clinging to the overturned launch, and towed the launch ashore. Boatmen who hired the rowboats put out in launches and motor boats to help the stranded pleasure seekers off the piles, and to rescue their boats. Engler got his first party ashore and went out again. He took six people off the piles before the side of his own boat was pierced by a jagged point, and then, with the rescued persons bailing his boat, and trying to plug up the hole, he sped ashore and arrived with the boat half filled with water.

John M. Foster of 235 Princeton Avenue, Jersey City, and Ambrose Giegel of 333 Princeton Avenue, were rescued after having made fruitless efforts to swim against the waves, by Walter McDuff of 390 Ocean Avenue and Robert Rittenhouse of 274 Van Nostrand Avenue, who were swimming in the cove when the storm broke. Foster, nearly overcome, was taken to the New York Bay Yacht Club, where he was attended by Dr. Lambert. He was able to return home last night.

Swimmers Save Three.

Edward Gowran, 12 years old, of 307 West Forty-seventh Street; John Callon, 11 years old, of 690 Ninth Avenue, and Frederick Miller, 14 years old, of 322 West Forty-seventh Street, went to Woodcliff, N. J., to hire a rowboat for the afternoon yesterday and were several hundred feet from shore when they were caught by the sudden storm. Their boat was capsized. Two members of the Active Rowing Club of Woodcliff saw the boys in the water and put out to rescue them in another boat. When they reached the swimmers Gowran and Callon were nearly overcome from

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GREAT BATTLE FOR LILLE IS A DRAW; GERMANS CONFIDENT OF HOLDING OUT WHERE DEFEAT MIGHT MEAN RUIN

Full Text of the Socialist Appeal for Peace Which Stirred Germany and Silenced the Vorwaerts

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, June 27, (via London.)—Copies of the German Socialist Party's peace manifesto, published in Berlin yesterday by Vorwaerts, the official organ of the party, reached The Hague today. The manifesto, issued in the form of a full-page advertisement, led the German authorities to suppress the Socialist journal. Its full text follows:

> For nearly a year the world has been devastated by the fury of war. Hundreds of thousands of human lives have been cut off in their prime, works of incalculable value to civilization have been destroyed, and there has been an appalling weakening of human forces. Millions of mothers, wives, and children are weeping for their lost sons, husbands, and fathers. Want and hardship heighten the misery now oppressing the nations. Must this terrible drama, which has no precedent in the history of the world, go on indefinitely?
>
> The Socialist Party foresaw this world catastrophe and predicted it. It has consistently fought, therefore, against the policies of imperial expansion and against the fatal competition in armaments, which in the last instance is the cause of this war. It has worked unceasingly for a good understanding among the nations, for the cause of our common civilization, and for the welfare of mankind. When last year threatening war clouds were gathering on the horizon the German Socialists up to the very last moment bent all their energies to preserving peace. But, to the misfortune of mankind, they were unable to avert the catastrophe.
>
> Then when the Czar's Cossacks came across the border, pillaging and burning, the Socialists made good the promise that had been given by their leaders—they put themselves at the service of the Fatherland and voted the means for its defense. They not only did their duty in defending Germany's national independence, but they worked with all their might to safeguard its internal interests in the matter of food supplies, in relieving the needy, and in protecting the working classes against avaricious tradesmen and narrow-minded bureaucrats.

Worked for Peace Throughout.

> Faithfully observing the obligations which all Socialist Parties are bound to respect, the German Socialist Party, from the very first days of this awful tragedy, has striven to further the cause of a speedy peace. When the first war loan was voted, in August, 1914, the Socialist group in the Reichstag, through its spokesman, Herr Haase, said: "We demand that as soon as guarantees of national safety are secured and the enemy shows an inclination to make peace, the war be brought to an end on conditions admitting of friendly relations with neighboring nations."
>
> This demand, which was accompanied by an expression disapproving any policy of conquest, was repeated when the new war loan was voted on Dec. 2. On May 29, after Italy had intervened, the statement was made in the Reichstag in behalf of the Socialist Party that the desire for peace was increasing and that the Socialists wanted no policy of conquest. At a meeting in Vienna on April 12 and 13 representatives of the German and Austro-Hungarian Socialist Parties again adopted a resolution in favor of peace. But the German Socialists have not been content with such measures. In spite of opposition and suspicion, they have striven for a renewal of international relations with the Social-Democrats of all countries, and when the Executive Committee of the international Socialist organization made a proposal to hold a meeting at The Hague to discuss the possibility of peace negotiations, the German Socialist leaders agreed, under condition that the French Socialist Party participate. All efforts at an international agreement, however, were thwarted by the attitude of the French Socialists.
>
> We recognize with satisfaction that in England, as well as in France, there are Socialists who are working for peace. That cannot blind us to the deplorable fact that the majority of the Socialists, both in England and France, favor continuing the war until Germany is completely conquered.

Always Fought Conquest.

> The Socialists in the Reichstag and the official leaders of the Socialist Party have constantly and unitedly fought against a policy of conquests and annexation. We protest again with all possible emphasis against all efforts looking to the annexation of foreign territory and the oppression of other peoples—measures now demanded by the great business organizations and influential political leaders. The mere fact that such efforts are being made tends to postpone the day of peace, which the whole public is now so earnestly awaiting.
>
> The people want no conquest of land, they want peace. If the war is not to go on indefinitely until all the nations are completely exhausted, some one of the powers involved must stretch out the hand of peace. Upon Germany, which has successfully defended itself against superior forces, and which has frustrated the plan to bring it to starvation, rests the duty of taking the first steps toward peace. In the name of humanity and civilization, and recognizing the favorable military position which our brave troops have won, we urge the Government to try to end the struggle. We expect of our fellow Socialists in other belligerent countries that they will make the same demand upon their own Governments.

RUSSIAN ARMIES AGAIN RETREAT

Give Way North and South of Lemberg Under Austro-German Hammering.

BAYONET BATTLE IN POLAND

New German Drive at Warsaw After Terrific Artillery Action Met with Cold Steel.

LONDON, Monday, June 28.—The Russians are again retreating in Galicia, both to the north and south of Lemberg, and in Poland the Germans have launched another attack upon Warsaw in the form of a drive from the north through Przasnysz.

The new blow at the Polish capital has been preceded by a terrific artillery action. The fact is recorded by the Russians themselves, but it is too early to say whether it means a serious offensive, the first clash having developed a bayonet encounter, the result of which neither side records.

Neither Berlin nor Vienna makes reference to the conflict in this region, confining their statements to the Galician situation, where victories are claimed in various sectors, from the Bessarabian frontier to Rawa Ruska, north of Lemberg.

The present consensus of opinion among military writers in London is that Germany intends further to press her eastern victories with another battering-ram stroke toward Warsaw in an endeavor to seize that city and the whole line of the Vistula.

The line of offensive now directed from the Przasnysz region is along the

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ITALY TO FIGHT IN DARDANELLES

Will Send Ships There and Offers Her Ports as Bases for Allies.

MOUNTAIN PEAK STORMED

Mouth of Monfalcone Canal Is Destroyed in the Advance Toward Trieste.

Turkish Ambassador Demands His Passports

LONDON, June 27.—Naby Bey, the Turkish Ambassador to Italy, went to the Italian Foreign Office today and demanded that his passports be given to him, says a dispatch from Rome to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

No declaration of war between Italy and Turkey has as yet been issued by either country.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

TURIN, June 27, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—The momentous announcement that Italy is about to share in the operations at the Dardanelles eclipses today in public interest even the steady march of events on the Italo-Austrian frontiers.

Engaged, as she actually is, in a life-and-death struggle with the Dual Monarchy, and possibly with its bigger ally also, Italy cannot at this moment afford to dislocate considerable forces from their main objective, hence the report is altogether untrue that Italy is on the point of dispatching two army corps to aid the Anglo-French troops

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FIGHT SEEN FROM A TOWER

By German General, Bavarian Prince and the Times Correspondent.

SHELL FIRE IS CONTINUOUS

A Thousand French Guns Rain Projectiles on Every Village Back of the German Lines.

ENORMOUS TOLL OF DEAD

Germans Estimate the French Losses at 30,000 to 40,000—Admit Their Own Were Heavy.

From a Staff Correspondent.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GERMAN DIVISION HEADQUARTERS BEFORE SOUCHEZ, Tuesday, June 22, (by Courier to Berlin, via The Hague, June 27.)—I am an eyewitness of a part of the stubborn battle for Lille from the top of a towerlike structure more than 200 feet above the ground. I am precariously perched on an improvised pine board bench flanked by my fellow-guest, the young Prince Luitpold, Duke of Bavaria, the brother-in-law of the King of the Belgians, and my host, the Lieutenant General who is commander of the "Blood and Iron" Division, in which he takes pride because it has been hurled at the danger-point of every French offensive to date. The German Generals all know that this might have been the decisive battle of the world war if the French had succeeded in breaking through on a broad front.

The Germans, outnumbered, are still fighting with their backs to the wall—a wall of heavy mortars and howitzers that continually roar their defiance at the thousand French guns massed between Neuville and Lorette.

This is an artillery duel that staggers the imaginations, and almost makes a nervous neutral correspondent forget the sensation at the pit of his stomach caused by the fact that in the long upward climb he misgivingly noticed that the tower had been riddled by French shrapnel, while the General cheerfully remarked that one big shell striking squarely would bring the whole structure down.

Crouching low, so that the French artillery observers may not spot us, the Prince, the General and I scan the fascinating panorama of the finish fight for the fate of a continent. That long, naked shoulder of a range of hills, treeless and apparently without a single sheltering bush, says the General, is the famous Lorette Heights, whose every square foot is drenched with French and German blood. The German line has been forced from the crest and down the barren slope by sheer pressure of irrestible masses, and the General speaks with unstinted admiration of the death-defying bravery of the French in the desperate charges that swept over the heights, wave after wave. But the Germans have gained a firm footing at the bottom, and are holding their line with equal desperation and courage.

Apparently the French cannot gain an inch here any more, their attacks being repulsed with cruel losses. They are forced to remain intrenched on the heights when not charging, because on the slope they would be exposed to the murderous fire of the German heavy artillery; consequently the lines here are about four or five hundred yards apart.

Unburied Dead Between the Lines.

Between the lines I see dark specks. They are the unburied French dead; there are big, dark blotches where the harvest of death has been most bountiful. On that fire-swept slope I also see a mass of ruined masonry that was once the Chapel of Nôtre Dame de Lorette, on whose altar hundreds of brave French and Germans have sacrificed their lives. To the left, where the naked shoulder of the heights ends and the thickly wooded slopes begin, says the General, the English forces join the French, and the English lines run in an almost straight line close to La Bassée.

My attention is next called to a whitish, square, boxlike structure close to the top of the Lorette Heights. That is the Souchez sugar factory, so often mentioned in dispatches and casualty lists. It has been stormed by the French and Germans, turn and turn about, and has changed hands a dozen times. The war has seen no bloodier fighting to the square yard than there. It was man to man with bayonet, knife, and rifle butt. Continuous infighting raged for days in the upper stories of the factory, but the most awful feature of it, the General said, was the death grapple in the dark cellars. The opposing batteries alternately poured shells into it until (as the General put it) the factory rather lost its tactical value and the ruins were left in the hands of the French.

Further to the left, between two woods, I see the village of Souchez, where the battle is raging most fiercely. The Germans had made a successful counter-attack south of Souchez in the early morning hours. En route here I had passed a continuous procession of blue-gray-coated French prisoners, the unwounded afoot, the wounded with blood-stained, bandaged heads, arms in slings, riding in motor trucks, the severely wounded lying very still in motor ambulances—and wounded Germans, too, in a picturesque, pathetic procession from the ultimate front.

Only the Bravest French Captured.

But these French prisoners were not cowards; on the contrary, the General had explained to me that only the few bravest of the brave were caught alive. When not killed, they are those who rush ahead in the face of almost certain death, when the less courageous waver, break, and retreat to their trenches. That is why an unusually large percentage of the French prisoners are officers; they run well in advance of their men, hoping to drag them along by sheer force of example; and this fanatical bravery of the French makes them almost loved by their German enemies.

Souchez lies under heavy shell fire. To the left, toward Ecurie, the artillery duel is fiercest. A nerve-shattering "drum fire" is on. Several kilometers of the German trenches here skirt the heights which the spendthrift French artillery is now plowing up Splashes of dirt and smoke clouds where the shells strike follow in such quick succession that they produce the effect of a long-drawn gray-brown mist over the German lines, or a dingy curtain that lifts occasionally.

"Those very white smoke puffs are shrapnel; the almost black clouds show where the biggest shells are raining," the General explains, adding with a grim note of pride: "Only the strongest nerves can hold out under that fire; but the French will never break through there."

From his aerial perch he makes use of the ever-present telephone, and gets the reassuring answer: "All's well; no signs of an impending French attack."

"They probably got all the fight they wanted in the night," he says, and then points out to me the arrow-straight double row of trees marking the broad highway from Arras to La Bassée, then the low wooded heights running to the left again and stretching to the horizon. They are held by the Germans.

Behind them, hidden from my view, lies Neuville. That narrow strip from Neuville to Souchez is a reeking graveyard with hardly a grave; for the living have been too busy killing to bury the dead. At least 10,000 French dead lie out there, the General estimates, and adds that the air is so pestilential that latterly, he believes, a gentlemen's agreement between the foes has come into force to allow the burial of the dead unmolested at night, but only those in immediate proximity to the rival lines.

Heavy Losses on Both Sides.

There is reason to believe that the French have bought their gains dearly, the General says. He estimates their losses between 30,000 and 40,000 opposite his division, where they made their most desperate attempt to break through.

"The French hurled the flower of their army against us here," he says, "their élite Twentieth Corps, their Marine Corps, their Alpine Corps, and their Moroccan Division. The colored Frenchmen are generally negligible and don't amount to much; but the Moroccan Division are splendid fighters. Regiment after regiment has made an almost continuous storm of attacks since May 9. They were flung upon us bravely, but in vain."

The German losses also were heavy. The General made no attempt to conceal or minimize them. He told me how many thousands his buffer division had lost in five weeks, but asked me to respect his confidence and not mention the figures, which, however, were very much lower than those at which he estimated the French casualties.

He added, thoughtfully:

"Ten French Army Corps are said to have been massed against the Germans on the Neuville-La Bassée line. The climax of the fierce attacks was reached and safely passed four days ago, though we never had a moment's doubt of the outcome."

The General pointed over a range of hills ahead, mentioned the name of an invisible village behind the French lines, and said that the Germans had information that General Joffre came there from his headquarters some days ago and looked the situation over.

The French artillery is not confining its attention to harrowing the German trenches with shell and shrapnel. They are groping more or less blindly for the cunningly placed German batteries. They are taking no chances, and are shelling all the villages behind the German lines. I see houses in five villages burning fiercely, with German reserves acting as firemen.

The French particularly smother suspicious-looking patches of woods under a blanket of exploding steel. One little wood ahead acts like a magnet for the French shells that drop at the rate of two a minute till a smoke pall hangs over the tree tops. Presently emerges what looks like a runaway. It is a team galloping madly to the rear for more ammunition. Otherwise no traffic is stirring on the roads in the fire zone. Except in emergencies, food, ammunition, and reserves go out under the safer cover of night.

From my lofty observation post it is easy for even a civilian to grasp the preponderating part that ammunition plays and to understand why the French selected this particular point for their attempt to break through the German lines and why the Germans are grimly endeavoring to stop them at all costs. The next defensive line is a long way to the rear. If the French gain all the hills, their artillery can sweep the plains ahead. Such a success would mean, probably, the loss of Lille, but possibly the rolling-up of the whole German line. Hence the titanic struggle.

But the French artillery is not having it all its own way. It is the Mosaic law modernized—an eye for an eye, a shell for a shell. Wherever I look in this sector of hell I see flashes of flame from the mouths of German guns. A never-ending procession of German shells wails and shrieks overhead on their way toward the French lines, and I can see them strike home on the Lorette heights and near Souchez.

The French have a line on one German mortar battery, but their shells are dropping just behind it. The German artillerists go right on serving and firing with the mechanical regularity of trained factory hands. Another German battery is planted among the gravestones of a small village cemetery at the right.

The French shells are beginning to come most uncomfortably our way. The General begins to look a bit anxious. He is responsible for not only the life of a correspondent, but also that of a Bavarian Prince. He says: "Perhaps we'd better go, if you've had enough."

I linger only long enough to jot down a summary of my final impressions that the Germans are not worried by the military situation here; that they are more confident of victory than I have ever seen them; that Joffre's offensive appears to be dying of exhaustion; that the Germans have the necessary men, guns, ammunition and morale to smash a possible future grander style of offensive here, and that the battle for Lille looks like a draw, with glory enough for all, but a moral defeat for the French.

Then the General, the Prince and I climb down.

TO KEEP ANNIVERSARY OF ARCHDUKE'S MURDER

Emperors Order Day to Be Observed Throughout Germany and Austria.

AMSTERDAM, June 28, (via London.)—Today being the first anniversary of the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand of Austria at Serajevo, the German and Austrian Emperors have ordered that masses be celebrated throughout the empires and have given instructions that Generals shall lecture their troops regarding the affair from a patriotic point of view.

BOMBS FALL IN SMYRNA.

British Airman Attacks City, Causing Seventy Casualties.

LONDON, Monday, June 28.—A British aeroplane dropped three bombs on Smyrna on Tuesday, inflicting more than seventy casualties in the garrison, says a dispatch from the Mytilene correspondent of The London Times.

EUROPE HAS BILLIONS IN AMERICAN ROADS

Loree's Inquiry Shows Foreign Holdings Reach Total of $2,576,401,342.

LESS THAN WAS EXPECTED

Financiers Estimate More Than Two Billion in Industrial Securities Are Owned Abroad.

L. F. Loree, President of the Delaware & Hudson Railroad Company, has completed an investigation of foreign holdings of American railroad securities, which shows a grand total of $2,576,401,342 at par value. Data were received from 100 railway companies in the period from October, 1914, to April, 1915. Of this $795,182,062 was in common and preferred stocks, the balance being funded securities of one form or another.

Mr. Loree sent out requests for information to 145 railroads. Thirty-seven replied that none of their securities were in the hands of foreign owners, and eight failed to answer.

This total is considerably smaller than had been estimated in financial circles. A reduction from this aggregate is implied in the fact that par value is considered in the reports made to Mr. Loree, whereas many of the stocks and bonds are selling below their parity, and the actual market worth of the total would probably be substantially below the figures given.

The result of the inquiries is presented in this table:

Security.	Par value.
First preferred stock	$161,280,900.00
Second preferred stock	99,900.00
Common stock	633,802,162.00
Notes	61,375,640.16
Receivers' certificates	998,000.00
Collateral trust bonds	227,610,415.26
Equipment bonds	17,364,289.00
Car trusts	808,000.00
Debenture bonds	204,005,310.00
Mortgage bonds	1,260,086,726.00
Total	$2,576,401,342.42

"The stocks were identified," says Mr. Loree, "by entries in the transfer books of the issuing companies. To the extent that they may be carried in the names of domestic bankers, brokers or institutions, for foreign holders, the amount would be understated. My inquiries indicate that such holdings will not exceed $150,000,000 par value.

"The bonds were in the main identified by the 'slips' filed by the payee under the requirements of the Federal income tax law. Where interest is in default there would be no income tax certificates in respect of coupons not paid, and to that extent the amount would be understated. The information was determined from data collected from October, 1914, to April, 1915, and during that period there have been large sales of these securities for foreign account in the American markets, and to that extent the amount would be overstated."

The record includes many securities, says Mr. Loree, which he believes to be firmly lodged abroad.

"There are held in France," he states, "several hundred million dollars worth of American railroad securities that are not repayable except in francs and that cannot in any likely contingency come upon this market, unless as a result of action by the French Government. Where such bonds are in default it may be that there will be issued in place thereof, when reorganization is carried through, bonds payable in dollars. The amount of such bonds in default is not great.

"There are held in Great Britain many of these securities by life and fire insurance companies that are likely to be held against calamities. There are also large amounts held by trustees and people of large means in that and other countries, likely to be retained as insuring an income.

"It is believed that this information is of such importance as to warrant a continuance of this investigation, especially in view of the large amount of these securities that have since the beginning of the European war been returned to this market. Blanks will, therefore, be sent later in the year to the 100 companies as above, with the request that information be reported for the six months, July 1 to Dec. 31, as to bonds and other evidences of indebtedness, and for July as to stocks."

The total par value of the securities of American industrial concerns held in Europe has been estimated at close to $2,000,000,000.

AUSTRIAN PEACE TALK HAS UNINTENDED RESULT

Designed to Embroil Italy and Serbia, It Is Hailed With Joy at Home.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUDAPEST, June 27, (Dispatch to the London Morning Post.)—There can be no doubt that Italian intervention has greatly altered the international situation in the Balkan Peninsula, and today the Adriatic problem has become a vital question from the point of view of Italy, Serbia and Greece, as well as of this monarchy.

Austro-Hungarian diplomacy is already trying to foment mistrust between Italy and the Balkans, and is developing the idea of a separate peace with Serbia. This diplomatic move, however, is beginning to have unexpected consequences, for in trying to popularize the idea at home they have succeeded beyond all expectation. The people here, indeed, have greeted the idea with an outburst of joy and happiness, for with the characteristic shortsightedness and longing of suffering humanity they take it as an initial step toward something more substantial to follow.

They ardently hope and believe peace with Serbia will mean peace with numerous other enemies as well. Some one, they say, must begin somewhere, and persistent rumors relating to peace with Serbia seem to them to point the way for a complete cessation of hostilities. The newspapers applaud the idea, and, strange to say, they even believe in the possibility of its being realized.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, June 27.—Rumors of a separate peace between Austria and Serbia become every day more detailed, while the fact that Montenegro has left her Austrian frontiers almost undefended to occupy part of Albania is much commented upon.

However, information from Nish declares that Serbia always has refused and always will refuse any offer of a seperate peace. That such rumors have a suspicious origin is proved, it is argued, by the continued good relations between Serbia and the Quadruple Entente.

The Balkan mystery is as mysterious as ever. The papers are full of what they call indications one way or the other. The truth is that as yet none knows what Greece, Bulgaria, or Rumania will do, but some change in the situation is expected immediately.

ROME, June 27.—The Giornale d'Italia publishes an interview with M. Ristitch, the new Serbian Minister to Italy. The Minister is quoted as saying:

"Serbia will never sign a separate peace. Her future is indissolubly bound to that of the Quadruple Entente. It will not be Serbia who will be a traitor to her signed compacts. Indeed, if we accepted the Austrian propositions when peace was made we could not ask or get what would satisfy the national aspirations. On the other hand, even if Austria occupies half of Serbia, it will be the sacred duty of the Quadruple Entente to see at the time of peace that Austria leaves every inch of Serbia free."

TORPEDO BOAT TORPEDOED.

Italian Craft in Adriatic Sunk by an Austrian Submarine.

VIENNA, June 27.—An official announcement says:

One of our submarines on Saturday torpedoed and sank an Italian torpedo boat in the Northern Adriatic.

FRENCH ADMIT LOSS OF ABLAIN TRENCH

Germans Take 650 Feet of a Position to the North of Arras.

VIOLENT NIGHT ATTACKS

Calonne Trenches Retaken by the French in One of Them—Artillery Duels at Many Points.

LONDON, June 27.—Artillery actions only were fought today on the Western front, the most violent being in Belgium and to the north of Arras. Last night engagements between the opposing infantry occurred at several points, but without much change of position. The most violent was at the Calonne trench, where the French report having retaken trenches lost to the Germans the day before. The Germans yesterday captured about an eighth of a mile of trenches near Ablain, north of Arras, and assert that they retain the positions in the Meuse hills taken a few days ago.

The following official communication was issued by the French War Office to-night:

On the fronts to the north and the centre there has been no infantry action. A rather violent artillery engagement has occurred, particularly in Belgium and in the region to the north of Arras.

In the Argonne there have been several local engagements, without modification, however, of the lines, either on one side or the other.

The fighting on June 26 and during the night of June 26-27 at the Calonne trench was very violent, developing in some cases into hand-to-hand encounters. The Germans made use of flaming liquid, and, sheltered by clouds of fumes, reached their former first line. They were repulsed with heavy losses. We hold all the former first German line, as well as those parts of the second line which we had previously conquered.

To the east of the great trench on the ridge south of the ravine of Sonvaud, the section of a trench on a front of about 120 meters, occupied last evening by the enemy, was retaken by us in the night, with the exception of about thirty meters.

The artillery action continued all this morning in that region, and was very spirited; likewise to the north of Flirey and on our front of La Haye.

A German aeroplane dropped two bombs on St. Dié. A woman was killed.

The text of the French afternoon statement follows:

There is nothing to add to our communication of last night concerning the region to the north of Arras, except that the Germans have succeeded in getting a footing again on the Creux d'Ablain road to Angres, along a front of about 200 meters, (650 feet.)

An intermittent bombardment took place during the night between Neuville and Angres.

Between the Oise and the Aisne great activity was displayed during the night, especially near Quennevières, where, after a combat in which hand grenades were used, a feeble attempt was made by the Germans to advance from their trenches. The attempt was easily repelled.

In the Argonne Forest, at Bagatelle, the Germans made an attack of extreme violence early in the night. After a very hot struggle they were finally repulsed.

On the heights of the Meuse, at the Calonne trench, fighting continued all night. Our positions and our gains made previously were maintained in their entirety.

In the Lorraine region the enemy, after firing a number of incendiary shells on Arracourt, attempted a surprise attack on the town with a company and a half. The attempt failed.

There is nothing to report on the rest of the front.

On June 25 our aviators dropped about twenty bombs on the station at Douai (fifteen miles northeast of Arras) and on the neighboring stations. Serious danger appears to have been caused at the Douai station.

Following is the official report issued in Berlin:

Enemy artillery stationed in the neighborhood of the Cathedral at Arras was bombarded by us. One storehouse for mines was blown up.

In the Argonne, northeast of Vienne-le-Château, a portion of a trench was taken by storm and maintained against several counter attacks.

In the Meuse hills attempts by the enemy in the last few days to recapture territory on both sides of the trenches, which we took June 24, were frustrated.

We took the enemy by surprise with an attack on the ridge of hills directly southeast of Les Eparges. After a short fight this ridge was in our hands. Our opponents made attempts all through the night to recapture the ridge, but they failed.

The statement in the French official communicaion of June 26, regarding the capture of four German machine guns at Ban-de-Sapt was invented. After his defeat, the enemy did not get near them. On the contrary, our booty was increased to 268 prisoners, three revolver-cannon, five machine guns, and several large and small mine-throwers.

SUGGEST ECONOMIC CONTROL OF BELGIUM

New German Plan Afoot to Rule the Country Without Actual Annexation.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 27.—The Morning Post's Berne correspondent says:

"The Germans are still busy discussing the future of Belgium, but it is remarkable that the opposition to annexation is not confined to the Social Democrats. What is now being advocated is a so-called economic subjugation of Belgium, which would fetter her hand and foot, and afford Germany all the advantages of actual annexation without the expense and responsibility of administration and without raising a storm of opposition and protest in and out of Germany which the word annexation would be certain to produce.

"As regards Russia, the German Government is determined that Courland, including Libau and Mitau, shall be incorporated in the empire."

Bulgarian Army Plans.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, June 27, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—A Greek deserter from the Bulgarian Army who has arrived at Saloniki says that on July 12 Bulgarian manoeuvres on a large scale will take place about Novrokop.

ITALY TO FIGHT IN DARDANELLES

Continued from Page 1.

in Gallipoli or that she is drafting the main portion of her fleet from the Adriatic.

What Italy really has done is to offer Britain and France the free use of one or more ports on the Adriatic heel of Italy, like Brindisi or Taranto, so as to afford a nearer, safer, and more advantageous base than the actual one at Alexandria. Italy, furthermore, has undertaken to send to the Dardanelles under command of the Duke of the Abruzzi certain warships of a type better adapted for work inside the strait than some of the pre-dreadnoughts employed there hitherto, and England will withdraw these latter from Turkish waters, exchanging them with Italy for police work in the Adriatic.

STORM 2,500-FOOT PEAK.

Italians Capture Zeillenkofel, Near Monte Croce Pass.

ROME, June 27.—The latest official statement issued at the headquarters of the General Staff, and dated Saturday, says:

On the Tyrol-Trentino frontier long range artillery duels continued at several points.

In Carniola last night the usual vain attack on Freikofel was repeated.

West of the Pass of Monte Croce our troops occupied the summit of Zeillenkofel (2,500 feet high).

Along the Isonzo frontier our progress beyond the river is developing slowly, but without pause. To hasten the subsidence of the floods originating along the lower Isonzo the destruction was ordered of the Monfalcone Canal at its mouth. The operation was conducted courageously by a detachment of engineers under a violent fire from the enemy.

Storms on the afternoon of the 25th and the night of the 26th hindered the action of our troops, especially in the mountainous part of the theatre of war.

Large Booty in Monte Nero Zone.

A late bulletin said:

Nothing of special military importance has been reported in the region of Tyrol and the Trentino. The artillery combat becoming intense, Alpine troops succeeded in interrupting the hydro-electric installation at Tonale on Lake Garda.

In Carniola the enemy tried unsuccessfully to retake the Heights of Zeillenkofel.

In the Monte Nero zone, where there has been fighting recently, we took 200 guns, 20,000 cartridges, and two bomb throwers abandoned by the enemy.

At a number of points on the Isonzo front it has been found that the Austrians are using shells containing asphyxiating gases.

As the Italians advance in the Carso Mountains, north of Trieste, they are meeting with growing difficulties in the shape of geological formations, the innumerable grottos, caves, wells, and galleries being admirably suited for hiding batteries and being capable of defense by the large contingents of troops which the Austrians for years have been preparing to resist an invasion.

Field Marshal Baron Conrad von Hoetzendorf, the Chief of the Austrian General Staff, studied and wrote a treatise regarding this district, and, adding practice to theory, frequently held the manoeuvres of the Austro-Hungarian armies in this region.

VIENNA, July 27.—The following bulletin concerning the operations on the Italian front was issued today:

An Italian attack made Saturday on the Monfalcone Canal, south of Sagrado, was repulsed. On the other fronts in this zone there were only artillery duels.

ITALY WORKING FOR ALLIES.

Cadorna's Careful Policy Held to be Full Proof of This.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 27.—The Temps Italian military correspondent, Colonel Barone, emphasizes Italy's determination to work for the general benefit of her allies rather than for the immediate realization of Italian aspirations.

General Cadorna's concentration along the Isonzo, combined with the slow but sure strengthening of positions won, instead of a risky dash on Trieste, shows that he is aware of the necessity of attacking the heart of Austria rather than gaining the Irredentist provinces.

"His action," says the military man, "is the best disavowal of the Germanophile slanders that Italy entered the war selfishly and intends to make separate peace when her own objectives are won."

RED CROSS BEHIND GUNS.

Italians Say Austrians Hoisted It to Protect a Battery.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

TURIN, June 27, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—Alpine soldiers have still further strengthened their positions in the Carnic Alps by the occupation of Zeillonkofel peak, a mountain 2,500 feet high, west of Freikofel and Monte Croce Pass. Zeillonkofel forms part of the Kellerspitzen tableland, from which a march down upon Plocken can be achieved in a couple of hours.

The enemy is continually growing in number, and never lets a night pass without a strenuous attempt to recapture Freikofel, but with all their brave perseverance they have failed to gain any permanent footing in face of the withering fire of the Italian batteries.

Along the Isonzo River the battle which began fifteen days ago is still raging. The Italian covering troops are in close contact with the Austrians, who have retreated under protection of their fortresses at Tarvis, Tolmino, and Goritz.

For several days the enemy succeeded in playing terrible havoc with various villages, many of the inhabitants of which were killed or maimed by exploding shells from a cleverly concealed battery of twelve-inch guns. When the Italian artillerymen eventually discovered the whereabouts of this battery by the aid of air scouts the Austrians, in mortal fear lest their cannon should be smashed or overturned, sought to trick their adversaries by hoisting huge white banners bearing the Red Cross on the roof of a private villa just behind the battery.

For some days progress between Gradisca and Monfalcone has been seriously impeded on account of vast floods in the valley, caused by the enemy having dammed the canal branching off the Isonzo near Sagrada. An Italian pontoon corps, though under fire the whole time, has managed to construct another dike near the spot where the river empties itself into the canal, so the inundation is now rapidly subsiding.

News has been received here that the famous Abruzzi painter, Aristide Sartorio, is alive and a prisoner at Budapest, having been captured by Austrians after being wounded during a reconnoissance in the Isonzo region.

The Milan Kennel Club is collecting and training shepherd dogs of all species for scenting out and carrying first aid materials to wounded combatants, particularly in the mountainous threatre of the war.

MADE GENERAL STAFF ACT.

Venetian Fortifications Due to the Province's Deputies.

MILAN, June 27.—Former Premier Luigi Luzzatti, writing in The Corriere della Sera, says that the Italian General Staff, in the belief that it would be impossible to defend the Venetian provinces in the early stages of an eventual conflict with Austria-Hungary, planned a few years ago to withdraw from those provinces in case of war and to reoccupy them after victory was attained.

The Deputies of the Venetian provinces sent a representative to Austria to investigate the situation, the former Premier said, and the preparation of his report gave Italy time to prepare her defenses.

The Deputies are declared to have told the Government that, while maintaining a patriotic secrecy on the subject, they would pass their information to the Opposition unless the necessary fortifications were undertaken. That attitude, Signor Luzzatti concludes, resulted in Italy placing herself in a position to make war in Austrian territory.

USE SWITZERLAND AS BASE.

German Merchants Seek to Continue Business with Italians.

PARIS, June 27.—A Havas dispatch from Rome announces that the Corriere della Sera asserts that Italian merchants have received circulars from German exporters announcing that they have established agencies in Switzerland and intend to continue their business relations with dealers in other countries.

It is stated in Rome that the Swiss authorities have decided not to countenance such a move.

MARCONI BEGINS DUTIES.

Italian Army Aviators Warmly Greet the New Lieutenant.

ROME, June 27, (via Paris.)—Guglielmo Marconi today began his duties as a Lieutenant of aviation in the Italian Army. The inventor was given an enthusiastic reception at the barracks. When introduced to his brother officers by the Colonel, Lieutenant Marconi said:

"I am convinced that we shall work splendidly together for the protection of country and King."

RUSSIAN ARMIES AGAIN RETREAT

Continued from Page 1.

valleys of the Omulew and Orzyc, tributaries of the River Narew, which flows across North Poland and joins the bend of the Vistula above Warsaw.

Meanwhile, what is more important, the Germans assert that the Teutonic forces have crossed the Dniester northwest of Halicz, and have driven the Russians several miles into the hills.

Russians Admit Retreat.

PETROGRAD, June 27.—An official statement given out tonight, admits that the Russian forces on the front between Bobrka and Zurawna, in Galicia, south of Lemberg, are falling back. The statement reads:

There is no change in the regions of Shavli, the Narew River and across the Niemen. Weak enemy attacks in different sectors of these fronts have been repulsed.

On the left bank of the Vistula the enemy brought strong forces into battle on the front Czarow-Zawichost, but this offensive met with no success on the 26th.

In Galicia, our troops after stubborn resistance on the front Bobrka-Zurawna, are falling back on Gnalalifia. In the Bobrka region we captured during counter-attacks in the course of the 26th, 1,600 prisoners with forty-six officers and took two machine guns.

New Positions Taken by Storm.

VIENNA, June 27, (via London.)—The Russian forces which for several days made a determined stand at positions to the east of Lemberg were again in retreat this morning along the entire front in that region, according to an official statement issued today by the General Staff. The text of the statement follows:

After their defeat south of Lemberg the Russian main army retreated to the eastward, and with strong forces took up a position on the heights to the east of Mikolaiow. On this front our troops after several days' fighting captured the enemy's advanced positions, then proceeded to storm the enemy's main position, and finally penetrated the same at numerous points, throwing back the enemy, notably along the sector near and to the south of Bobrka.

Since early this (Sunday) morning the Russians again have been in retreat along the entire front. They also are retreating north of Zolkiew and north of Rawa Ruska, where they are retiring before our pursuit.

On the upper Dniester fighting continues. German troops, after hard fighting, stormed the heights near Bukaszowice.

Below Halicz and along the Bessarabian frontier there is general quiet.

From June 21 until June 25 General von Boehmfrmolli's army captured 170 officers and 14,000 men and took twenty machine guns.

Smash Through Russian Defenses.

BERLIN, June 27.—German troops after fierce fighting have crossed the Dniester River between Bukaszowice and Chodorow, in Galicia, and have taken by storm the hills on the northern bank, according to an official statement issued today by the Army Headquarters Staff, which said:

German troops have taken the hill on the northern bank of the Dniester River, between Bukaszowice, northwest of Halicz, and Chodorow, by storm, after fierce struggles. During pursuit of the enemy we reached the region around Hrehorow, half way between Zurawno and Rohatyn.

The positions of the enemy north of Rawa Ruska were taken by Hanoverian troops. We took 350 prisoners and several machine guns.

The Galicia correspondent of the Lokal Anzeiger says that the Austro-German forces on the Bukowina front have had to resist heavy Russian attacks the last two days, but that these assaults have been repulsed everywhere by the troops under Generals Pflanzer and Baltin. The Russians in this region are using artillery much more freely than at other points.

At other points on the front the armies of Archduke Joseph Ferdinand, Field Marshal von Mackensen, and General von Boehm-Ermolli are systematically working their way eastward. The heaviest resistance is being encountered around Halicz.

RUSSIANS WINNING BELOW THE CAUCASUS

Turkish Influence Waning in Armenia and Persia—Medical Supplies Needed.

TIFLIS, Transcaucasia, June 24, (via Petrograd and London, June 27.)—The occupation by the Russians of Gob, a town twenty-five miles north of Lake Van, and a movement of Russian forces towards Bitlis, Armenia, where the armies of two Turkish commanders have been concentrated, point to a general improvement in the Caucasian situation from the standpoint of the Russians.

The two cities mentioned are connected by a number of comparatively good roads. Recent activities have greatly decreased in numbers the Turkish forces occupying this region. There has been a notable weakening in Turkish and German influence with an accompanying increase in the strength of Russian feeling in North and Central Persia. This is accentuated by the spirit displayed among the Mussulman sects. Various isolated mountain tribes are meeting the Russians with declarations of allegiance.

With only one doctor for 40,000 people, a large number of whom are in dire need of medical assistance, and with the usual supply of medicine and all communication with the United States cut off, the Rev. Dr. Clarence D. Ussher of the missionary station at Van, Armenia, of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, begs that immediate assistance be sent to that place.

Of the women missionaries at Van, Miss Grisell M. McLaren, of the American Mission, and Sister Martha of the German Aid Society for Christian Charity in the East, who volunteered their services to the Turkish Hospital, followed that institution to its possible destination at Bitlis, sixty-two miles west of Van, but definite news of them is lacking. The other missionaries at Van are well.

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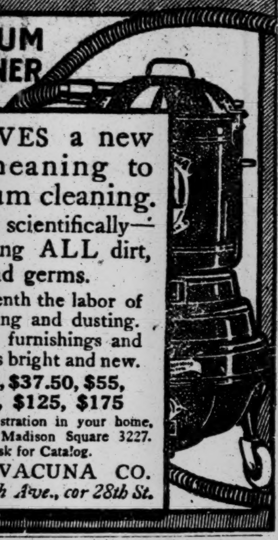

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REPORT BRITISH CURBING WAR TALES

Returning Passengers Tell of Penalties for Violating Defense of Realm Act.

Passengers arriving here yesterday in the American liner Philadelphia asserted that the British Government was enforcing the Defense of the Realm act with much severity.

A London merchant, arriving on the vessel, said that no one talked about the Zeppelin raids. He added that a railway porter employed at the station in Southampton had been sentenced to six months' imprisonment under the Defense of the Realm act for saying in public that the sinking of the Lusitania, not the passengers, by Germany was a legitimate act of war.

Among incidents reported by other passengers were the following:

One of the stewards of the White Star liner Lapland got six weeks' imprisonment for stating in a restaurant in Liverpool that he was on the Olympic at Lough Swilly when the battleship Audacious was blown up last October. A fireman on the Cunard liner Aquitania was sentenced to three months imprisonment because he was talking in a saloon in Liverpool about the vessel going aground in the Mersey when she was on her way to the landing stage on May 8 to take six thousand troops to the Dardanelles. No notice of the accident to the Aquitania, or the troops waiting all night on the landing stage with their kits ready to embark, was printed in the newspapers.

A clerk in one of the Liverpool steamship offices was sentenced to three months' imprisonment for telling a guest in the Northwestern Hotel that it was believed General Smith-Dorrien had been recalled by Kitchener for the blunder at Neuve Chapelle, and that the General's excuse was that he had been fighting ever since the war started last August and his nerves had failed.

Six weeks in prison was the penalty awarded in London to a sailor of a tramp steamer at Shields who had come up to see his family for the week-end and was relating his experiences in the Zeppelin raid on the east coast over a glass of beer in a saloon where he was the centre of a group of friends.

The London merchant previously quoted, who had had considerable dealing with the War Department, said the transportation of troops was conducted with secrecy, that even the officers commanding the brigades did not know on what ships they were to embark their men or from which port they would leave for, France or the Dardanelles.

"Before I left," continued this merchant, who for obvious reasons cannot be mentioned by name, "my son received a telegram on Sunday night to join his regiment, which was ordered to the Dardanelles. I tried every means in my power for two days to find out which port he was going from, and learned from a friend in the War Office that it was believed to be Southampton. When I reached there I discovered that the division of the Royal Engineers, to which my son is attached, had arrived at the port and stopped overnight.

"Next day the division entrained again and left in the direction of Salisbury. Finally I received a letter from my son, telling me that he had sailed from Avonmouth, near Bristol. Letters for the soldiers abroad from relatives and friends have to be sent to the General Post Office in London, with the official number each man has given to him before he starts, and the division to which he is attached. The extra moving of the troops by rail costs a lot of money, but it prevents the spies from sending information of the sailings of the transports to the German submarine commanders."

BLOW UP BRITISH SCHOONER

Germans Torpedo the Edith Off Irish Coast—Crew Saved.

LONDON, June 27.—A German submarine has sunk the British schooner Edith off Youghal, Ireland.

The crew was saved.

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ENGLAND ORDERS 20 GIANT FLYING BOATS

Will Duplicate the America, but with Twin Motors of 100 Horse Power Each.

$500,000 FOR CURTISS CO.

Twelve Hydro-Aeroplanes Ready for Spain — Holland Also Seeks Aircraft Here.

A new $500,000 order for flying boats of the type of the America, the great oversea vessel that was constructed before the war for a flight across the ocean, has just been placed at Hammondsport, N. Y., by the British Government, according to information which reached members of the Aero Club of America last night. The order is for twenty of the giant flying boats at $25,000 a piece, and is the largest order for this type of machine that the British Government has placed since the beginning of the war.

According to Henry Woodhouse, manager of the Aero Club, orders for flying machines of various types and for motors which have been placed in America by the belligerent countries, including this newest order, now aggregate about $7,000,000. European nations that are still neutral, however, are also beginning to clamor for American air craft, according to Mr. Woodhouse.

"It was reported here today that twelve hydro-aeroplanes which were ordered by Spain several months ago will be tested out at the Curtiss plant in Hammondsport, N. Y., tomorrow," Mr. Woodhouse said last night. "In addition to this order from a neutral power it is reported that Holland is making arrangements to purchase six hydro-aeroplanes in this country, and has arranged to have two cruisers and several submarines built here to augment her present navy.

"A Dutch officer visited the club a couple of months ago and made minute inquiries regarding the companies that manufacture aircraft in America, and then left New York, presumably to visit the places where the machines are manufactured. The present report about Holland's increased equipment in this line probably indicates that the officer reported favorably on the American machines, and that the orders have been placed already."

The order just placed by Great Britain calls for flying boats with two motors of 100 horse power each. The original America had three motors, but Great Britain is reported to have purchased twelve craft of the type of the America already, and to have found that two powerful motors answer all purposes and save weight. It will take the Curtiss Aeroplane Company between two and four months to turn out the present order, Mr. Woodhouse said. Each machine will carry four or five passengers and fuel sufficient to last twelve hours. The order stipulates that each machine shall also have power enough to carry one large gun and a quantity of ammunition.

"The twelve machines on the style of the America, which England has already purchased here, are being used for scouting purposes," said one of the members of the Aero Club last night. "From the demand that the new machines be able to carry a heavy gun each and fuel for twelve hours it is considered probable that these are intended for the same purpose, and that they will be used principally for escorting troopships across the English Channel.

"The flying boats of this type which Britain has been getting have a speed of seventy-five miles an hour, and the fact that there has not been a single report of the sinking of a British troopship in crossing the Channel indicates that they have been found satisfactory.

"According to the information brought here by persons in a position to know, the Allies are turning out 100 flying machines a week in France and England, and need as many more as they can get."

The Curtiss Company has also built eight flying machines of the land type for the United States Government, which were shipped to the army's station at San Diego, Cal., about ten days ago.

RUSSIAN JEWS IN PLIGHT.

Political Refugees in France May Be Forced Into Army.

PARIS, June 27.—Russian Jews who are residents of France are in a difficult position.

Most of them are political refugees, and as such are unable to return to Russia with any real guarantee of security. Since they are not naturalized French subjects they are unable to serve in the French Army, outside of the Foreign Legion, but the regulations provide that if they are subject to military duty they must render it. In this connection the Petit Parisien publishes a statement from the Ministry of the Interior and the Prefect of Police, which says:

"If through their own volition they are not serving anywhere, their place is in the concentration camps for foreigners. As every one in France does duty, no privileges can exist for Russian Jews."

BRITISH PATROL BOATS TRAP SUBMARINE IN NET

Captain of American Liner Describes Novel Way in Which a Raider Was Sunk.

Captain Arthur R. Mills of the American liner Philadelphia, which arrived yesterday from Liverpool, said that submarines had been in the River Mersey as far as the Bar Lightship, and had sunk a sailing vessel close by as he was nearing Liverpool on his last eastbound voyage.

He met two patrol boats inside Holyhead going at full speed, and was warned by the Admiralty that submarines were near by. One of the submarines was sunk by a patrol boat, the Captain said, but nothing was printed about it in the newspapers on the other side.

Two patrol boats go scouting together with a steel wire net made fast to the stern of each which goes down about twenty-five feet in the water. When a heavy strain is felt on the hawsers, which are attached to the net, the patrol boats turn inward and steam toward each other. If the commanders believe the submarine is firmly entangled in the net they cut it adrift and let the net and its victim go to the bottom.

Captain Mills confirmed the cabled report that the Anchor liner Cameronia was chased by a German submarine on the morning of June 20 off the Welsh coast. The first S O S call sent out by the operator of the Cameronia was received by the Philadelphia at 3:29 A. M., and read: "Stand by for position, twenty-three miles west of the Skerries. Being chased by two submarines."

Fifteen minutes later another message came, as Capt. Mills was preparing to go to the rescue of the Cameronia, which said: "Submarines disappeared." The Philadelphia was off the Tuskar Light on the Irish Coast about 105 miles from the Cameronia, and proceeded. Soon a third message was received on the Philadelphia from Captain Kinnaird of the Cameronia, saying: "Submarines appeared again." Captain Mills said he then started to go back, and sent a message to say that he was coming at full speed. To this he got a reply almost immediately: "Don't come. Warships in sight escorting me to Liverpool." The Philadelphia proceeded on her way to New York.

SAYS GERMANY SEEKS TO START SEA STRIKE

Head of Sailors' Union Tells of Alleged Plan to Tie Up the World's Shipping.

Special to The New York Times.

NORFOLK, Va., June 27.—A worldwide strike of all seamen, in the interest of her warfare, has been attempted by Germany, according to a statement made here tonight by Andrew Furuseth, President of the International Seamen's Union of America.

He says the German Government has offered to guarantee a pension of $10 a week to each man participating in the strike so long as the war lasts. Mr. Furuseth charges that such an offer was made to the unions of America, and that it has been or will be made in every other neutral country in the world. The offer, it is charged, was made through a reliable German official in the United States, although indirectly. The idea is to tie up shipping throughout the world, and thus prevent the Allies from obtaining ammunition and supplies from the United States and other neutral nations.

Mr. Furuseth arrived in Norfolk last night to attend the annual meeting of the local union, and was the principal speaker at a meeting held last night. He refused to go into details regarding the efforts to bring on a strike, saying that it was a matter of which he could tell no more than to assure the public that he could substantiate the charges.

Mr. Furuseth said the matter had been laid before a member of the President's Cabinet, but he refused to state which one. It was believed, however, that it had been brought to the attention of Mr. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce and Labor.

GERMAN CHANCELLOR SEES FRANCIS JOSEPH

VIENNA, June 27, (via Amsterdam and London.)—Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German Imperial Chancellor, and Gottlieb von Jagow, the German Foreign Minister, arrived in Vienna today to confer with the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, Baron Stephen Burian von Rajecz.

During the day Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg had an audience with Emperor Francis Joseph.

CZAR AT WAR CONFERENCE.

Presides At Important Meeting At Army Headquarters.

LONDON, Monday, June 28.—The Emperor of Russia presided at an important council of Ministers in the imperial tent at Army Headquarters, says the Petrograd correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company.

The correspondent adds that those present included Grand Duke Nicholas, Commander in Chief of the Russian forces, his Chief of Staff, other leading military men, and several Ministers.

PRAISE FOR SLATON IN FLOOD OF MAIL

Of 5,000 Telegrams and Letters Reaching Him, Only 100 Condemn Frank Decision.

MANY FROM GEORGIANS

Troops Still on Guard at the ex-Governor's Home—Quiet in Atlanta.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 27.—Notwithstanding the demonstrations against ex-Governor John M. Slaton because he commuted the sentence of Leo M. Frank, his decision was approved not only by many Georgians, but thousands of persons outside the State, according to information brought to him in a deluge of telegrams and letters. The vast majority of these communications came to him by telegraph.

Up to date, it is said, about 5,000 telegrams and letters have been received by Mr. Slaton, and of this number only about 100 have been condemnatory of his action. Governor Slaton is highly gratified by the fact that of the messages he has received probably 50 per cent. have come from persons in this State. Of course, the Governor recognizes the fact that he is unpopular with the masses in Georgia at present as a result of the case, but he believes that a little time will convince Georgians that he was right.

Among the messages he has received are telegrams from John Kendrick Bangs, Richard Harding Davis, and nearly 100 Judges, of all classes of courts, Governors, and United States Senators.

Governor Slaton, it was said, intended to leave Atlanta on Saturday, but since the mob demonstration he has decided to remain here until public feeling is quieted. Otherwise, he figures, many persons would think he was running away from the mob. This Mr. Slaton is anxious to avoid. He may leave Atlanta at any moment, however. Mr. Slaton's last act before he went out of office was to send a telegram to Richard Harding Davis thanking him for his message.

Martial law continues in force at the country home of Mr. Slaton, and military authorities were unable to say when the troops would be removed. "Until further orders," was the only comment. The entire Fifth Regiment is on duty at the Slaton home and in Atlanta.

No disturbance arose today. Only one man was arrested on Saturday night, and he was released this morning.

Yesterday Colonel Orville Hall of the militia heard that an attempt would be made to dynamite the railroad bridge on Peachtree Road, beyond the Brookwood Bridge. Soldiers searched the place and found the tin lid of a powder can.

Governor Slaton was visited today by many of his friends.

PASTOR LAUDS GOV. SLATON.

Dr. Reisner Calls Him One of the Country's Bravest Men.

Shaved ice and flowers were on exhibition on the platform of Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, West 104th Street, last night, when the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Christian F. Reisner, preached his annual snow sermon. Object lessons were drawn from both, but the flowers were there principally to show a contrast. They were distributed among the congregation after the sermon.

In his sermon Dr. Reisner referred to former Governor Slaton of Georgia, who commuted the sentence of Leo Frank to life imprisonement.

"Governor Slaton has proved himself one of the bravest men in America," he said. "It would have been much easier to go to the cannon's mouth. He knew the temper of the State well enough to know that it meant political death and the loss of countless friends. His motives have been impugned, his character assailed, and his life endangered. We can all stand physical danger better than we can stand the scoffs and abuse of the mob. The cool judgment of the whole land knows that the Governor did the right thing.

"America has been blessed with another such a man in the person of President Wilson. When the news came that the Lusitania had been sunk a very little fire would have kindled the mob spirit like that which drove Italy into the war. Had a hothead been in Washington we would today have been arrayed against Germany."

RUSSIAN CABINET SHAKE-UP.

Several Ministerial Changes Are Reported to Be Impending.

LONDON, Monday, June 28.—The Petrograd correspondent of Reuter sends the following:

"Several Ministerial changes are impending.

"Some representative politicians are expected to be appointed under the Cabinet reconstruction, after which the Duma will be convoked."

GERMAN SOCIALISTS SPLIT ON WAR AIMS

Annexation Demands Said to Threaten the Loyalty of One Section.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, June 28.—The Times says this morning:

"The voluminous utterances of the German press throw little real light upon the now evident cleavage of opinion in the Socialist Party. The Government seems to have found a welcome opportunity to suppress the Socialist organ, Vorwaerts, just as a few days ago it suppressed the chauvinist paper, the Deutsche Tages-zeitung.

"The question in debate is whether, in view of the recent admissions that Germany intends to seize all the territory she can get, the Socialists are justified in maintaining the completely loyal attitude which they adopted at the beginning of the war, when the Emperor, the Chancellor, and everybody else declared that Germany desired nothing but self-protection.

"During the past ten days there has been a lively exchange of paper pronouncements, beginning with that which was published in the Leipsic Socialist organ, now duly suppressed, by Herr Karl Kautsky. They called attention to the number of utterances in favor of annexations of territory, made by all sorts of people, including the King of Bavaria, and argued that the Socialists must reconsider their attitude, which, as stated in the Reichstag on Aug. 1, 1914, was based upon the promise that the war should not be a war of annexation.

"The real interest of this publication consisted in the fact that Haase is one of the Presidents of the Socialist Party. His action was promptly disavowed by the committee meeting, which included his colleague, Herr Scheidemann, and prominent leaders like Herr Braun, Herr Daved and Herr Fischer. They regarded Haase's action as unconstitutional, and said that they had 'already counteracted the utterances about conquest.'

"As regards the debate in the Prussian Diet, it appears from the full report now available that the protest against annexations of territory which was uttered by Herr Braun on behalf of the tiny group of ten which represent socialism in the Prussian Parliament was a mere incident. Braun's speech was mainly devoted to a violent attack upon Prussian agrarians and speculators who had been making enormous profits out of the war. He was able to show how wantonly the agrarians forced up prices, and in particular how they held up supplies of potatoes.

"Braun stated, and nobody denied, that thousands of hundredweight of potatoes were now rotting. It was from this point of view especially that he protested against 'continuation of the war until the most exaggerated schemes of annexation and conquest have been realized.'

"A free Conservative, Baron von Zedlitz said that in order to have really lasting peace, Germany must not have too much consideration for other peoples but must bring the Fatherland forward. Herr Herold, for the Centre Party, said that the whole country was absolutely unanimous, and would not conclude peace until adequate successes had been achieved. Herr Fuhrmann, National Liberal, said that peace must be such as to secure Germany against another war 'for a generation if not for longer.'"

Frederic Wile, writing in The Daily Mail, says:

"British readers should not prematurely overestimate the importance of the news from Germany that Vorwaerts has been suppressed; that the masses are demanding peace, and that Social-Democrats in the Prussian Diet made an uproar about the war last week. The Prussian Diet, to begin with, is not the Reichstag, the Imperial Parliament, and has even less to do with the war than that notorious debating society. The Prussian suffrage system, moreover, so effectually disfranchises the masses that the Social Democracy has fewer than a dozen representatives in the Diet of 400 members. It is they who created the uproar which has attracted undeserved attention in England.

"What the Reds in the Prussian Parliament lack in voting strength they have always more than made up for in noise. They create uproars on the slightest provocation, and frequently without provocation. Their demonstrations were of such common occurrence in the old days that Berlin correspondents of London newspapers seldom dignified them with telegraphic notices.

"At present the masses are effectually under the bootheel of the army autocracy enthroned in Germany, and the latter's enemies will do well not to pin too rosy hopes on the schism in Socialism. Shells, not Socialists, will impose peace on Berlin."

EXPECT NO CONCESSIONS.

French Believe Germany Will Not Yield to Us.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 28.—The Petit Parisen's New York correspondent cables that Americans think that American diplomacy has won a victory over Germany, which is likely to make large concessions in the reply to the American note.

Paris is much less optimistic. M. Clemenceau, reviewing a series of quotations from German newspapers, concludes that the two parties in Germany are pretty evenly divided. It is still uncertain, he says, whether the anti-Americans may not prevail over the Chancellor's conciliatory policy.

The Temps takes a similar view, and thinks reports of alleged concessions in the American press merely "ballons d'essai" on the part of Germany in a policy of tergiversations. Germany is trying to obscure the issue and sidetrack the principal point by emphasizing trifles, says The Temps, which does not believe Germany intends to abandon submarine attacks on neutrals.

France is confident President Wilson will refuse to compromise, and that despite delays Germany will be forced finally to yield or fight. Few well-informed people here expect the former.

The Journal des Débats asserts that America hitherto has not realized the real "perfidy" of Germany which France has learned by long experience. One day America must face the abandonment of her demands or war, it says, and adds: "Diplomacy may postpone the moment, but it is bound to come. Is America prepared for the conflict?"

TELLS OF DERNBURG PLAN.

Wanted British Merchantmen to Disarm Before War, It Is Said.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, June 28.—The representative here of The Sydney Sun writes to The London Times, recalling a conversation which he had a year ago with Dr. Derburg, who urged the abandonment by Great Britain of the policy of arming merchantmen.

"It is a great mistake," said Dr. Dernburg, "to pin-prick Germany by such an impotent policy."

A luncheon was given by a representative of "a German shipping company in England, who had previously endeavored to get the correspondent, (Mr. Jones,) to use his influence with the editor of The Times to induce that paper to advocate the abandonment of the arming of merchantmen, and also get Mr. Jones himself to advocate it in the Australian press."

"This," says Mr. Jones, "occurred a year ago. Six weeks later we were at war with Germany. We quickly discovered that events had marched slightly faster than the German plots. And we know that German ocean liners were equipped with guns, shells, and gunners."

DUTCH VOTE FUNDS TO BUILD UP NAVY

To Have Two More Fast Cruisers, Four Big Submarines and a Fleet of Seaplanes

THE HAGUE, June 19, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Fast cruisers and submarines are to form the bulk of the additions to the Dutch Navy in 1916, according to the naval budget. The Minister of Marine obtained the consent of Parliament to begin the building of two new cruisers and four submarines of the biggest type at once, while he was authorized to purchase a number of hydro-aeroplanes.

The cruisers are to have a speed of 30 knots, and to possess a steaming radius of 5,000 miles at a minimum speed of 12 knots. They are to displace 6,000 tons, and to cost $3,600,000 each, and are to be built in Holland under the supervision of a foreign firm. They are to be armed with ten six-inch quick-firing guns, four three-inch semi-automatic quick-firers arranged for use as anti-airship weapons, and four machine guns. The armor belt is to be of three-inch plates, and the decks also are to be protected all over, while their bridges and ammunition hoists ar to be reinforced by steel. Turbine engines are to be used, and liquid fuel to be burned.

Each of the four new submarines is to displace 800 tons, and to have six torpedo tubes. The cost of each is estimated at $700,000.

The new hydro-aeroplanes (six in number) are to cost $8,000 each, and are to be purchased abroad.

The reason big battleships were not provided for was that in case Holland should be drawn into the war the Dutch fleet would be compelled to adopt the principle of strategical defensive, reinforced by an occasional offensive by the submarines, whose presence would make the North Sea perilous for any enemy warcraft. The Dutch colonies in the East Indies also could be placed in an excellent state of defense by means of submarines, fast cruisers, and destroyers.

PRESIDENT TO TAKE FIRM STAND IN HAITI

Unless Revolutionists Win Control Quickly Sam Government Will Be Recognized.

MARINES TO LAND AT ONCE

United States Likely to Assume Charge of the Republic's Finances and Restore Order.

WASHINGTON, June 27. — Turbulant conditions in Haiti have reached such a point that the United States Government, notwithstanding the attention demanded by its relations with European belligerents, is giving serious consideration to forming an entirely new policy toward the island republic.

Paul Fuller, Jr., who was sent to Haiti by President Wilson with powers to negotiate a treaty placing the collection of customs under the control of the American Government, has now submitted a report. This shows that the Haitien Government did not wish to enter into such a treaty, but made counter-proposals which are not regarded as likely to lead to a settlement of disturbances on the island.

Before President Wilson went to Cornish he talked with Secretary Lansing about the situation in Haiti, and it was determined for the next week or two to await the outcome of the military situation in the vicinity of Cape Haitien. Officials do not think the latest revolutionary movement under Dr. Bobo is strong enough to overthrow the existing Government. President Sam has been recognized by France, Italy, and Germany, but the United States has been withholding recognition until some arrangement could be made which would stabilize conditions.

The situation at Cape Haitien is most threatening at present. French marines have been landed there, and Rear Admiral Caperton is on his way from Vera Cruz with 700 bluejackets and marines on the armored cruiser Washington to relieve them and maintain order. The Washington is due to arrive at Cape Haitien next Thursday.

Should the revolutionary movement prove unsuccessful, the intention of the United States is to uphold President Sam and recognize him as the head of the Government if an understanding can be reached on the question of the country's finances. It became known, too, that the commission headed by ex-Governor Fort, which was sent to Haiti by Mr. Wilson, took a pessimistic view of the situation. While the commissioners did not specifically recommend armed intervention in their report, they gave the impression that it was almost hopeless to expect an orderly government to be established without some drastic action on the part of the United States.

This report pointed out that the republic of Haiti had been in constant revolution since 1908, no fewer than eight Presidents having been elected and overthrown in that time. The financial condition of the country was found to be deplorable, and the Government of President Sam was declared to be tottering for the want of funds.

Swedish Women for Peace.

LONDON, June 27. — Women's meetings, held in Stockholm and throughout Sweden today, unanimously adopted the peace resolutions passed at the recent International Congress of Wowen at The Hague, according to the Stockholm correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company. Similar meetings were held in Denmark and Norway.

For "Over the Fourth" a cigar that's a cracker-jack

The DUKE OF NASSAU
(in the Invincible Size)

will add a lot to your holiday. It's "got the jump"—smokes outdoors as well as in—on land and on water—in the wind or out of it.

Price 5 cts. Box of 25, $1.25.

AS AN EXTRA INDUCEMENT a package of 5 Duke of Nassaus FREE with every box purchase, July 1, 2 and 3.

CIGARS UNITED CIGARS
UNITED CIGAR STORES

SPARKLING Londonderry WATER

Bubbling with rare delicacy, freshness and thirst-quenching qualities, Londonderry is by all means *the* carbonated water for the connoisseur's high ball—the bonvivant's table beverage. Try a bottle tonight.

Sold by Park & Tilford, Charles & Co., Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., and others who supply the critical. Served at the better hotels, cafes and clubs.

OUR ATTACHE IN PERIL.

Berlin Representative Knocked Over by a Shell on the Galician Front.

BERLIN, June 27, (via London.)—Lieut. Col. Joseph E. Kuhn, Military Attaché of the United States Embassy at Berlin, has returned from the Galician front.

While at Rawa Ruska with the German forces a shell exploded so near him that he was knocked down by the air pressure. He also was under heavy shrapnel fire at another point on the front.

Saks Styles in
Summer Suits for Men
at $28 to $45

are always changing
they never intern!

¶ There is never any let-up in the variety of Saks clothes—it increases as the season advances, reflecting every variation in the barometer of styles.

¶ This is the month of June, for example, yet right now we are featuring new fabrics and new models that are an authentic reflection of advance ideas.

¶ New stripe effects, new plaids and overplaids, new checks, new browns and greens—fabrics that are the latest addition to the repertoire of style.

¶ Same with the models—here a novel turn to a cuff, there a new angle to a pocket, here again some new creative touch in a lapel.

¶ Always something new, something different, something inspirational, something that's novel and uncommon in conception, cut and color.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street
Specialists in Apparel for Men, Women and Children.

The New Palm Beach Brotherhood

IT is no longer "Are you a Mason?" or "Are you an Elk?"

The question is, "Are you a Palm Beacher?"

* *

Last Summer it was a bit experimental to wear a Palm Beach Suit.

This Summer it has the stamp of unqualified approval, from Newport to Cape May.

* *

For business or pleasure, these Weber and Heilbroner Palm Beach Suits at $10 to $12.50 are the sanest, most practical suits imaginable—tailored with the greatest care, to fit and to retain their shape permanently.

* *

It is high time that New York men, as well as Atlanta men and Los Angeles men, recognize that the sultry days of July and August require something in addition to their heavier suits.

* *

Palm Beach Cloth—and there is ONLY ONE GENUINE PALM BEACH CLOTH — washes beautifully. The natural colors have no dyes or chemicals.

Weber and Heilbroner
Eleven Stores
241 Broadway 345 Broadway 757 Broadway 1185 Broadway 44th and Broadway
1363 Broadway 58 Nassau 150 Nassau 20 Cortlandt 27 New 42nd and Fifth Ave.
Clothes at 27 New, 241 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th & Broadway, 42d & 5th Av.

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th Street
Specialists in Men's, Women's and Children's Apparel

Continuing today, the important

Sale of 2,000 Men's Silk Shirts
at $4.85; our regular stock price, $7.50

Absolutely ALL SILK, even to the thread with which they are sewed. Not even the slightest mixture of cotton or anything "near silk," but just SILK, through and through. Splendidly tailored by expert workmen, of crepe de Chine, peau de crepe, tub-proof fabrics. PATTERNS, mostly exclusive, both unusual and very neat and rich. COLORINGS, blues, black-and-white, gray and lavender. SIZES 14 to 18, in all sleeve lengths.

Also 2,300 Pure Silk Shirts at $2.85

surpassing in assortment of patterns and weaves any previous offering of the season

In quality and workmanship on a par with the Sale at the same price so successfully conducted a month ago. Practically every color: Sizes 14 to 18, in all sleeve lengths.

A very special offering of
Men's Silk Union Suits, $2.35
our regular stock prices $4 and $5

Plain white, high-grade tub silks that launder excellently. Undergarments remarkable for their distinction and coolness.

Mercerized Pongee Cloth Underwear
Athletic Shirts and Drawers, 85c

White only, with satin stripe. Sleeveless shirts, knee-length drawers. All sizes. Here is ECONOMY exemplified. These garments claim membership in the aristocracy of Summer underwear.

600 Pairs I. R. Morley's
English Ribbed White Wool
Golf and Tennis Half Hose
our regular stock price 75c
special at 59c

Also, shown for the first time this season, I. R. Morley's white ribbed wool half hose with colored clocks. Special at 95c.

Today, a special offering of
Men's Dressing Rolls and Boxes
(some also for women)
special at $4.95

Fine long grain Morocco, sole leather, or goat seal, fitted with military or long handled brushes and numerous other toilet necessities, nickel mounted or gold-plated.

Today, a remarkable sale of
Men's Fine Wool Bathing Suits, special at $2.45

They were bought for our regular $3.50 and $4.00 stocks. Weather conditions have not been conducive to quick action in Bathing Suits, hence this move-at-once special price.

DE PINNA

FIFTH AVENUE
AT THIRTY-SIXTH ST.
NEW YORK

Clearance Sale of Country Clothes

Misses' Tailored Shirts
Tailored Outing Dresses
Separate Sport Skirts

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, June 28, 29 and 30

An offering of De Pinna outing apparel, from the regular stock, at the moment when its usefulness is at its height.

Misses' Shirts

Tailored shirts—exact copies of men's models—of fine white linen and striped handkerchief linen, sizes 30 to 38.

Formerly up to $9.00.

Sale Price, $3.75

Misses' and Juniors' Outing Dresses

Simple tailored dresses—regular De Pinna models of imported French linen and handkerchief linen; suitable for tennis and outing wear. Sizes 13 to 18 years.

Formerly up to $22.00.

Sale Prices, $8.75 and $12.50.

Tub Silk, Tennis and outing dresses —models that are unusual in their simplicity and correctness of line; made of very serviceable wash silk.

Formerly $18.00.

Sale Price, $12.50

Khaki Sport Skirt for Misses

A particularly serviceable and popular model, of best quality khaki, suitable for all outdoor sports and camp wear. All sizes.

Specially Priced at $3.75

Outing Skirts for Girls from 6 to 14

Separate skirts tailored in the De Pinna fashion, of white imported Gabardine and Galatea.

Specially designed to be worn with middy blouses and thin dimity blouses.

Sale Price, $2.50

Dimity Blouses to go with these skirts, $3.75.

Clearance Sale Girls' and Misses' Sweaters

Consisting of a broken line of sizes in the most popular sweaters of the season; various colors and fabrics.

Formerly up to $12.00.

To Close Out, $4.25

Misses' and Girls' Tailored Sport Hats

An unusually choice assortment, including linens and a variety of straws.

Specially Priced at $3.50

No Goods Sent on Approval During This Sale.

DE PINNA
Exclusive Outfitters
for Young People.
Fifth Ave. at Thirty-Sixth St.

MRS. BLAIR'S RECORD TOLD BY WITNESSES

Lawyer Declares He Can Prove She Tried to Break Will of Thomas A. Blythe.

CALLS HER DENIAL UNTRUE

C. M. Rosecrantz Asserts Her Testimony in Campbell Will Case Was an Outrage.

Clark M. Rosecrantz of the law firm of Sullivan & Cromwell of 49 Wall Street last night reiterated the charges he made on Saturday against Mrs. Edith Blair of St. Louis, and said he could produce many witnesses to swear to the truth of the facts he had obtained when he was informed that Mrs. Blair, who was the principal witness for the relatives who attempted to break the will of James Campbell, the St. Louis traction man who left an estate of $16,000,000, had denied that she had an extensive will suit record and had figured prominently in efforts to have set aside the wills of Thomas H. Blythe of San Francisco and John Stetson, the Boston showman.

"The whole affair, this attempt to break the will and prove that Mrs. Lois Ann Campbell Burhkam was not the daughter of Mr. Campbell was an outrage," he said. "We remained silent for a long time, but when we obtained all of this information about Mrs. Blair we thought that it was time to set at rest these false stories.

"It was to be expected that Mrs. Blair would deny the facts which have been produced about her record. We are perfectly satisfied that we have her history correctly, and if necessary, we could bring forward many persons who would swear to the facts. She made one incorrect statement in her denial. She said that she did not testify that her daughter was married to a Duke. I have read the evidence, and that is exactly what she did say."

Her Life in Detail.

The statement which was issued by Mr. Rosecrantz went into Mrs. Blair's life in detail, and contained evidence to refute the statement by Mrs. Blair that another child was substituted for Mr. Campbell's daughter when Mrs. Campbell gave birth to a child at the Grand Union Hotel in this city on March 17, 1893. Mrs. Blair in her testimony said that shortly after that time she had received a letter from her stepdaughter, Mrs. Anna Elizabeth Hicks, saying that she had borne a daughter and that the daughter had been adopted by the Campbells.

Mr. Rosecrantz said that while Mrs. Blair was being cross-examined during the will contest in St. Louis by Mr. Jourdan, one of the attorneys, he was handed a note saying that James Coonce, a janitor in the court house, had recognized Mrs. Blair as a Mrs. George Johnson, whom he had known in Kansas City seventeen years before. Coonce had heard her name mentioned in connection with another will contest, he said.

Acting on the information thus supplied, said Mr. Rosecrantz, it was found that such a woman as he described as Mrs. Johnson had lived there when Coonce said she did. She was born at Pleasant Hills, Ill., in 1855, as Glorane Ray, and was taken to Norborne, Mo., where in 1872 she married John T. Snoddy, a merchant. They had two children, Laura and John T. Snoddy, Jr. In 1879 Snoddy died and the widow went to St. Louis, and later in 1882 to Chicago, where she married Louis C. Hitchcock, a newspaperman. In 1888 they were divorced and Hitchcock married his former wife's daughter, Laura Snoddy.

It was in 1889, according to Mr. Rosecrantz, that the woman who now calls herself Mrs. Blair, and who was Mrs. Glorane Rady Snoddy Hitchcock, made claim to the estate of Thomas H. Blythe in San Francisco, alleging to be his daughter. Her suit was finally thrown out of court. She then took the name of Mrs. Snoddy and in 1884 married George Johnson of Kansas City.

Daughter in Stetson Case.

Mr. Rosecrantz said that a woman who proved to be the daughter of the present Mrs. Blair claimed the estate of John Stetson, a well-known showman of Boston, in 1896, asserting that she was his daughter. This claimant called herself Mrs. Katherine Shirley. She produced as a witness the present Mrs. Blair, (then Mrs. Johnson,) who told of taking care of Mrs. Shirley as a baby and of receiving regular payments from Mrs. Stetson, who was dead at the time of the contest. Three years after presenting the claim Mrs. Shirley withdrew it.

In conclusion the statement by Mr. Rosecrantz read:

"We have satisfied ourselves that the stepdaughter whom Mrs. Blair called Anna Elizabeth Hicks, and who, she says, is now a Duchess, was her daughter, Laura Snoddy, who married her mother's divorced husband. We have learned that Mrs. Laura Hitchcock bore a son in Chicago in the latter part of 1892, so that it would have been impossible for her again to become a mother in March, 1893, when Mrs. Blair swore the substitution was made at the Grand Union Hotel."

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 27.—The contestant who attempted to break the will of John Stetson was known as Katherine Shirley, alias Laura Snoddy, alias Hitchcock. She was born, it was said, in Norborne, Mo., and at the time of the contest was living in Kansas City.

Chases Children in a Park.

A man said by the police to be Robert Butler, a furrier, of 332 Penn Street, Williamsburg, was taken from the Clymer Street Station, Brooklyn, to the Kings County Hospital and placed in the observation ward yesterday. He had caused excitement in a small park opposite the station by pursuing children and others. When Policeman Schneider undertook to take the man in custody he was attacked, and it required the help of four men to get the captive into the station.

15 TO 30 HOUR SHIFTS ON GERMAN MUNITIONS

Factory Employes Are Speeded to the Limit, Says "Neutral Observer."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 28.—A "neutral" correspondent, just returned from Germany, in an article in The Chronicle this morning, describes the German organization for the manufacture of munitions as follows:

"It is in towns, particularly industrial towns, where one sees how entirely the German nation is organized for war. Into these towns an enormous number of men have been drafted from the country to work in factories, which are humming day and night with activity to keep up the supply of all things necessary for the fighting line.

"In general, the relations between capital and labor there have experienced notable amelioration. Indeed, the impression one gains in traveling about Germany is one of absolute settled industrial peace, but I know this has only been secured because all parties know that the first signs of dissatisfaction would be treated 'with the utmost rigor of the law.'

"At some of the largest factories men are often at work fifteen, twenty, and even thirty hours on a stretch, with only short intervals for rest. Though it is said that there are ample stocks of all kinds of ammunition, there is noted daily and nightly a feverish haste in the factories where it is made.

The Government has not officially taken over the factories, but it is well known that all factory owners who want Government work can get it, and, as this is almost the only profitable use to which factories can just now be put, there is no lack of candidates for recognition as army contractors.

"Whenever a Government contract is given out there is a clause in the contract which fixes rates of wages for every grade of workmen so that any questions of increases that the men might raise are out of the hands of the employer, and he points to the fact that both he and the workmen are in the hands of the State. Strikes are therefore unknown, a further deterrent being the knowledge that any man who does not do his utmost without murmuring will quickly be embodied in some regiment destined for one of the hottest places at the front.

"In factories where Government work is being done wages are high, and even in the few cases where wages of certain unskilled workers have fallen, the men are allowed to work practically until they drop and so make up by more hours what they have lost by the lowered rates.

"There is keen competition to obtain work in the factories working for the State, as the men engaged in these know almost certainly that for some time at least they will not be sent to the front, which seems be the chief dread underlying all other thoughts and feelings.

"For work done on Sunday wages are 50 per cent. higher than the usual rate. The men are encouraged to work on Sundays and overtime on weekdays and the prices of food are so high they need little encouragement. Where women have taken the places of men their wages are in most cases lower."

NO REASON, MANN SAYS, FOR US TO GO TO WAR

He Thinks President Was "Swept Off His Feet" by the Lusitania Disaster.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 27.—James R. Mann, Republican leader in the lower House of Congress, who recently returned from the Hawaiian Islands, said today that he was not a candidate for the Presidency, but would support Senator Sherman, if that was the wish of the Illinois Republicans. He also said the Republicans were certain of victory next year if they made no blunders in the meantime.

He thought it would be worse than silly for this country to permit itself to be drawn into the European war, because it lacked funds to prepare for war on an extensive scale. He said he thought President Wilson had been "swept off his feet" by the Lusitania disaster.

Mr. Mann has been away for more than two months. During his absence his name has been used a good deal in connection with the Republican nomination for the Presidency.

"Some of my friends have told me I ought to be a candidate for the Presidency," said the Congressman, "but I do not think so. I know no one will believe me when I say I am not a candidate, but I am not, just the same."

"President Wilson's only prestige today is that which comes to him through the war situation," Mr. Mann said. "I do not believe the country would stand for a President who would throw it into a war. It certainly would be the silliest thing for this country to permit itself to be drawn into the European war. It might be possible for something to happen to make that step necessary, but it would have to be something more serious than has happened to date. I think the President was swept off his feet by the Lusitania case.

"There is talk of making preparations for war. We cannot make extensive preparations because we have no money. The country has been running behind in its financial affairs ever since this Administration began. We are unable to meet our expenses now, and it will be worse after a while. On Dec. 1 the $100,000,000 war tax fund will end, and on May 1 next $40,000,000 of sugar duty will come off. That is the situation which confronts us."

Mr. Mann said he believed from the present outlook President Wilson would be renominated by his party.

"But," he continued, "because of the plank in the last Democratic platform, declaring for a single term, he may decide not to seek a renomination and he can step out without embarrassment."

Mr. Mann said he thought it was likely Congress would be called in special session late in the Fall to consider the revenue problem, and also to enable the body to get a good lead in its work that an early adjournment next year might be possible.

HUERTA ARRESTED; FREED IN $15,000 BAIL

Continued from Page 1.

inhabitants of Juarez tonight. Reports received by American officials indicated an uneasiness at other points along the border. Many of the Mexican factional leaders were not to be found in their accustomed haunts.

American Secret Service men are watching every move General Huerta makes tonight and will continue to do so until Thursday, when his preliminary hearing is held, as it is feared that he will jump his bond and go to Mexico before that date.

Revolutionists Ready.

While Huerta himself was thus balked at the outset, all the details for launching a new revolution were complete. Huerta was to have crossed the Rio Grande at Zaragosa Ford in Orozco's automobile, the Mexican Federals now admit. The Juarez garrison was to have mutinied and joined Huerta when General José Salazar arrived from the vicinity of Guzman with 2,000 loyal Huerta troops. A warehouse stored full of ammunition bought by Huerta agents was discovered today in El Paso and is being guarded.

When Huerta's train arrived from the north the trumpets in Juarez sounded calls to action, and the entire garrison was under arms before daylight. Salazar is reported to be waiting for orders from Huerta before moving on Juarez, as the attack was to have been made tonight at the same time that Ojinaga was to have been attacked by mercenaries from the American side.

It was learned tonight that Huerta's railroad tickets read only to El Paso, in spite of his statements that he was going to San Francisco. His party left the train here, but they were not interfered with. There are reported to be more than 10,000 ex-Federals or hired fighters along the border and in El Paso who were ready to join Huerta as soon as the General crossed the border. Juarez was to have been taken, Huerta was to have established his provisional capital there, and then the revolution was to sweep south toward Chihuahua from Juarez and Ojinaga.

Once Juarez was taken efforts were to have been made to open the port for the importation of arms and ammunition from the United States and the revolution, the most formidable since the Madero revolution, was expected to spread like prairie fire over the republic.

During the afternoon Jorge Huerta, the General's son, called at the fort and embraced his father affectionately. General Roque Gomez, who fought with Orozco and Salazar in the Orozco revolution, also called and conferred with him.

While the Generals were confined in the fort the former Federal Generals and soldiers in the city gathered in groups and discussed the chances of the revolution. More than ten former Federal Generals have arrived here to join the Huerta movement since Saturday.

Huerta Denies Military Plans.

At the home of his daughter tonight General Huerta talked with several newspaper men.

Asked if it were true that he was one of the leaders of the new Mexican revolutionary movement, he shook his head and responded:

"Absolutely no. I will never enter Mexico at the head of an armed force. I have retired from the field as a soldier unless my country should need my services against a foreign foe. I am anxious to return to Mexico. It is my home. But I will never return until after peace is established. This may take five or six years."

"What effect do you think President Wilson's note will have on the warring factions in Mexico?" was the next question.

General Huerta smiled, lighted a cigarette, blew rings of smoke a brief time, and gestured that he did not care to answer.

"You say that you have no intention of entering Mexico in the present revolt. Then why did you visit El Paso?"

Huerta shook his finger emphatically. "I came to visit my son-in-law and daughter," he said. "I think I have a perfect right to do that. I am en route to the San Francisco Fair."

Asked why he bought tickets to El Paso only, he replied:

"I asked the New York agent if I could get a stop-over, and he said 'No,' so I bought a ticket to El Paso."

General Huerta watched the ceremony of trooping the colors at the army post tonight, and stood at attention while the colors that he refused to salute were furled for the night. Orozco sat with his head in his hands and a scowl of defiance on his lean face.

PLOT KNOWN TO OFFICIALS.

Orozco Said to Have Been Recruiting Along the Border.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Officials of the Administration were very reticent and guarded tonight in talking about the detention of General Huerta at El Paso. They admitted, however, that they had been fully aware for some time of the movements of General Huerta and his followers and were prepared to halt any attempt they might make to launch a revolutionary movement from American soil, in violation of American criminal statutes. Instructions have been sent to the Federal District Attorney at El Paso to enforce to the limit the provisions contained in Sections 10 and 13 of the new Penal Code of the United States, which make it a criminal offense for anybody within American territory to begin or set on foot and provide the means for any military expedition or enterprise against the territory of any foreign nation with which the United States is at peace.

Secretary Lansing tonight declined to discuss the matter beyond saying that the State Department had been in touch with "this situation" for some time, and that the Huerta case was now in the hands of the Department of Justice for action, as it involved the question of the enforcement of a Federal statute. In the Department of Justice the matter is being handled by Charles Warren, Assistant Attorney General, who has for some time been handling all matters involving violations of American filibustering and neutrality statutes along the border. Mr. Warren said tonight that he was awaiting a complete report from the District Attorney at El Paso, and had only received a brief message telling of the detention of Generals Huerta and Orozco at Newman.

Instructions were sent by wire by the Department of Justice yesterday afternoon to the District Attorney at El Paso to act at once if he found any evidence of violation of the American statutes in the visit of General Huerta and his followers to El Paso. This telegram was sent after the Villa agent here had filed with the State Department a protest which said the Villa agency had information which seemed to leave no doubt that a Huertista revolution was being fomented on American soil, with El Paso as the starting point, and asked that steps be taken promptly to frustrate this movement. The starting points of this revolution on the Mexican side were said to be Juarez and Ojinaga.

Juarez was represented as the main point of attack. It is evident that if General Huerta and his followers should be able to take Juarez and move toward Chihuahua a new and serious element would be injected into the Mexican situation. Ojinaga is east of Juarez, and between that point and Piedras Negras. It was from this place that nearly 4,000 Mexicans more than a year ago, when defeated by the revolutionists, fled across the border into the United States and were taken into custody by American soldiers and interned in a border port.

Salazar in the Field.

General José Inez Salazar was at that time connected with the Ojinaga garrison. While General Salazar was interned at the American fort he escaped. Indictments have since been returned against him and agents of the Department of Justice have been ready to arrest him if he could be found on American soil. It was intimated here tonight that General Salazar had returned to the border at El Paso for the alleged Huerta plot.

Villista circles here insist that General Huerta has been planning a new Mexican revolution virtually ever since his entry into this country, from his headquarters in New York and with the aid of representatives who have been very active at San Antonio, El Paso and New Orleans. The statement was made here tonight that there were many persons in El Paso who have been strongly in sympathy with the idea of a new Huertista revolution. There are many former Huertista soldiers now living in El Paso and vicinity, and the impression of the Villistas is that the alleged new revolutionary partisans have been counting upon the services of many of these men. It is also their idea that through the use of cash the leaders of the new movement would be able, once in Mexico, to form the nucleus of an army that would grow rapidly.

Until news came tonight of the apprehension of General Pascual Orozco it was not generally known here that he was in El Paso. For some months Orozco had dropped out of the Mexican situation. He was the leader of the 1912 revolution against Madero, whom he had supported, and was a former aid of General Huerta. The present Mayor of El Paso, recently installed, was employed as counsel for Orozco in 1912. According to statements made here tonight Orozco returned to Texas secretly about six weeks ago, and had been in El Paso working on a revolutionary movement in favor of Huerta.

One of the allegations being considered by the District Attorney at El Paso is that since the return of Orozco recruiting has been going on, and it has been intimated that some of the recruits were being sought from the former Ojinaga garrison, which for a while was interned in this country.

Carranza Charges.

The Carranza agency tonight issued this statement regarding the arrest of General Huerta:

"The detention of Victoriano Huerta, Orozco, and their accomplices at El Paso is an act of justice on the part of the United States Government. The maze of machinations conducted in secrecy against the peace of Mexico by well-known reactionaries has culminated in this attempt at the inauguration of a counter-revolution. It gives President Wilson's Administration an opportunity to express definitely its adherence to the principles of liberal and democratic government as opposed to the government of the reactionary element. It has frustrated a seditious plot.

"Huerta's aims are not the betterment of the Mexican people, but the gratification of his own selfish ends. His movement is headed by the same man who bears the guilt of the murders of President Madero and Vice President Pino Suarez.

"The action of the United States Government arose from ideals of altruism to the application of true, serene and severe law. The laws of the United States are wise and their application will suffice to avoid a repetition of the immoral spectacle which the previous administration of Huerta presented. Huerta has taken advantage of American hospitality to incubate a treasonable movement which was incompatible with the very intentions of the United States Government which gave him a refuge."

The Carranza representatives here declared tonight that what Huerta wanted to do was to get possession of the Villa Army and then rehabilitate himself as the "Iron Man" for whom President Wilson has been looking.

Villa sympathizers here expressed indignation over the statement made by the Carranza agency that the Huerta movement was supposed to have for its object a coalition with the Villa army. The feeling against Huerta among the Villistas was sufficient to show that there could be no prospect of such a combination, it was said.

All the various Mexican factionists realize that unless one or the other of the warring parties gets control of affairs in the country within a very short time and establishes a Government the United States will intervene in some form that will put an end to the ambitions of the various factional leaders. The Villista element is said to be favorable to the suggestion that Vasquez Tagle, who was Minister of Justice in the Cabinet of President Madero, should be put forward for Provisional President of Mexico.

In some well-informed quarters here the opinion prevails that the Huerta movement may have the effect of bringing the Carranza and Villa factions into harmony again. In that event the task of the United States would be comparatively easy. Should a Carranza-Villa Government be established in Mexico City it would be recognized by the United States, and a proclamation would be issued by President Wilson placing an embargo on the shipment of arms and ammunition from this country into Mexico for the use of any faction that was opposing the new Mexico City authority.

According to friends of Villa here, they have been aware for some time of a Huerta plot to start another revolution in Mexico. One story told by them is that recently a former Huertista went to the commander of the Villa forces at Nogales, across the border from Nogales, Ariz., and offered him $300,000 to mutiny and march his force to Juarez for the purpose of capturing that place.

It was asserted that the United States Government was fully prepared to check the Huerta movement. It not only has the situation well in hand through the Department of Justice and its agents, but the Generals in command of the United States forces along the border have received confidential advices about the work of the Department of Justice.

It is understood that agents of the Department of Justice are seeking other former military leaders under the Huerta régime who are represented as being identified with the projected new revolution, and that still others are being closely watched by Government agents. In an announcement issued last night by the Villa agent the statement was made that it had received authentic information that on the train on which General Victoriano Huerta passed through Kansas City early yesterday morning, en route for El Paso, were Generals Ignacio Bravo, Eduardo Caus, Vicente Calero, Jose Alessio Robles, and Enrique Gorostieta, and several other military chiefs, with former Congressmen and Senators of the Huerta administration.

HUERTA CAME 'FOR PLEASURE.'

Told Immigration Officials He Did Not Intend to Go to Mexico.

"I have come to the United States entirely for pleasure and to admire the wonders of your great country," said Victoriano Huerta, former dictator of Mexico, when he landed in New York late in the afternoon of April 12.

"I am an old man and the time has come for me to take a little recreation," Huerta added, when asked if he would not welcome the chance to take a hand in the fighting south of the Rio Grande.

Accompanied by A. Z. Ratner, Huerta came from Spain on the Spanish liner Antonio Lopez. Huerta was met by Charles English of the Immigration Inspection Service, who subjected him to examination as to the reasons for his coming to this country.

The questions asked by English and Huerta's answers were as follows:

Why have you come to the United States?
For the purposes of pleasure and travel.
Is there any business connected with your coming?
Perhaps a little personal business and perhaps a little family business. I have established my family in Spain and decided to visit this country.
Have you any intention of going to Mexico?
No, I have no intention of visiting Mexico.
Have you any intention of going to Cuba?
No, I have not.

That finished the examination, and Huerta then signed an affidavit that he did not intend to remain in this country longer than thirty days. He has been in the country more than two months now.

Within a week after Huerta landed in New York Mexicans, who had been promient during his régime in Mexico, began arriving in the city. They came not by twos and three but by scores, Abraham Z. Ratner, who is Huerta's most intimate friend and his financial adviser, placing the number of the old soldiers at not less than 400.

"These officers," said Ratner, "among whom are some of the best known of the oldtime military leaders of Mexico, did not call on General Huerta with any revolutionary plans or ideas in their heads. Reports to the contrary would be unjust to General Huerta, for the simple reason that they would be untrue. General Huerta himself authorizes this statement, because he has heard that in certain quarters the visits of these old military leaders have been given an entirely wrong meaning.

"General Huerta was and is the highest ranking officer of the Mexican Army, and these men were all his loyal subordinates and friends, and when they heard that their old commander was in New York they considered it their duty to call and pay their respects. It was simply a wholesome desire on their part to shake the hand of General Huerta, and to say to him as you Americans do when you greet an old friend, 'Howdy-do?'"

One of these "old veterans" was Pascual Orozco, who took the field against Villa for Huerta, was soundly thrashed, and finally sought refuge in this country.

Another of the 400 was General Ignacio Bravo, who is more than 80 years old, and was one of the leaders who met Huerta in El Paso. Bravo served under both Porfirio Diaz and Huerta, and during a part of the Huerta régime was Military Commandant of Mexico City.

General Eduardo Caus, another of the 400 mentioned by Ratner, is also in the party at El Paso. Caus is a former Governor of Vera Cruz, and one of Huerta's most trusted lieutenants.

While Huerta and his friends never let any occasion pass to state that Huerta's ambitions, so far as Mexico was concerned, were at an end, partisans of Carranza and Villa maintained that conferences were being held at regular intervals, in which Huerta and other reactionary leaders participated, the purposes of which were to plan a new revolution for the overthrow of both Carranza and Villa.

Some of these meetings, it was stated, were held in a prominent hotel on Fifth Avenue, and were attended by Huerta, Ratner, a representative of Orozco; Federico Gamboa, who was Huerta's Minister of Foreign Affairs, and about six other prominent Mexicans then in New York.

In these rumors concerning the ambitions of Huerta and his friends the name of General Felipe Angeles, who arrived in Boston a few days ago, was mentioned many times. Angeles is an old friend of Porfirio Diaz, and the Carranza officials said that he has been with Villa as a representative of the old régime. Angeles denied all of these reports time and time again.

Francisco Elias, the Carranza Consul General in New York, when asked last night to express an opinion on the detention of Huerta and Orozco in El Paso, said that it was no surprise to him. Huerta and his friends, said Mr. Elias, had been planning the new uprising for weeks past, all of the plans being worked out here in New York.

General Ignacio L. Pesqueira, the Assistant Secretary of War in the Carranza Cabinet, who is now in New York, was not surprised at the news of Huerta's detention. He said that he had never taken the question of a possible new revolution with Huerta as its leader seriously because "Huerta was as dead as he could be so far as any influence or power in Mexican affairs was concerned."

When President Wilson issued the note to the Mexican revolutionary leaders in which he told them in no uncertain terms that the time to make peace was at hand, and that unless peace was restored this Government would seek means to bring about that desirable condition, General Huerta from his Summer home at Forest Hills, L. I., said that what was needed was a strong man to bring Mexico to her senses. When asked if he considered himself to be such a strong man, he laughed and did not answer.

"I have only to say," he added at that time, "that Mexico must work out her own destiny. This is the only solution for the vexing problems which confront the people of that country. A foreigner cannot bring peace except by completely subduing the people, and you know a subjugated people is not usually a very loyal people.

"I repeat what I said some time ago —Mexico needs a strong man with a big stick in one hand and a rope in the other."

"Are you ready to use these corrective instruments?" he was asked.

Again General Huerta shrugged his shoulders and smiled grimly.

A few weeks ago, after the arrival of the Huerta family from Spain, Mr. Ratner rented a suite of offices in the new Adams Express Building. He said that he was going into the banking business. General Huerta was to be found there nearly every day and had a fine office, it was said, set aside for his personal use. There he met and talked with many of the old Mexican leaders who called to pay their respects, as Ratner put it.

General Huerta visited the race track nearly every day, and also spent much of his time in the evenings in New York at the theatres or in the Broadway restaurants. He let it be understood that he had taken such a liking to New York that he had decided to make this city his permanent home.

OFFICERS VISIT YAQUI VALLEY.

Admiral Howard Reports That Danger of Raids Seems Past.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Officers from American warships off the west coast of Mexico have made an automobile trip through the Yaqui Valley, finding all quiet, with the American ranches recently threatened by raiding Indians garrisoned by Sonora State troops.

In a message to the Navy Department today, reporting the tour, Admiral Howard said that with the soldiers on guard, crops harvested, and the rainy season setting in, the Indians probably would give no more trouble. Details of the motor trip were not given out. It was explained, however, that the officers went as guests of the head of a commercial firm at Guaymas.

The Admiral's report, wirelessed last night to San Diego, from the flagship Colorado, near Guaymas, said in part:

"Inspection of the American settlements in the Yaqui Valley indicates that all is now quiet. Mexican troops are now garrisoning all the ranches. Some of the outlying farmhouses are protected with barricades of sacks of grain. The settlers all express a determination to remain.

"All crops are harvested. It is believed that this and the presence of troops and the rainy season now set in probably will stop the raiding.

"Mexicans at Mazatlan now show a more friendly feeling toward the President's note."

FINDS VERA CRUZ ORDERLY.

Dr. Tupper Sees No Evidences of Great Destitution There.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, June 27.—The Rev. Dr. Henry Allen Tupper of the International Peace Forum said today that after three weeks in Vera Cruz he had failed to find any disorder in the city and was gratified to know that there were no evidences of great suffering or hunger among the people.

Dr. Tupper added that he was surprised at the large number of false reports as to Mexican conditions which had been received in the United States. He has had telegrams from friends asking if he was in danger. "Why," he said, "Vera Cruz is a Summer resort."

OVERJOYED, SAYS ANGELES.

Hopes United States Will Keep Huerta Locked Up.

BOSTON, June 27.—"I am overjoyed at the news. You may say that I hope the United States Government will keep them all locked up," exclaimed General Felipe Angeles, who is visiting his family here, when informed tonight of the detention of General Huerta at El Paso.

General Angeles reiterated his statement of last night that he had nothing to do with the reported intention of Huerta adherents to start a new military movement in Mexico. He said that he knew nothing about any such movement, and that his visit to this country had nothing to do with that matter.

BRAVERY WIPES OUT FAULT.

French Soldier Under Sentence Wins the Military Medal.

PARIS, June 27.—Baptiste Alavoine, a private in the Twenty-ninth Chasseurs, is the first soldier convicted by court martial who has profited from a suspension of sentence to rehabilitate himself by gallant conduct at the front.

Alavoine was sentenced a few months ago to ten years at hard labor. This sentence was wiped out by his bravery, and he has been decorated with the military medal.

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"BUTTERFLIES" MAKE MOCKERY OF NURSING

Countess of Warwick Assails Motives of Society Women in War.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, June 28.—The Chronicle publishes an article by the Countess of Warwick, protesting against the "Butterfly" sisterhood. After paying tribute to many prominent women who have labored conscientiously with splendid results since the war began, the Countess proceeds:

"Unfortunately there is in London today a very large company of young women to whom war is little more than a new sensation. They are not old enough to understand or young enough to be restrained. Scores have found their way to great London hospitals to face what they are pleased to regard as training. I have known some who danced till 3 A. M. and presented themselves at the hospital at 8 o'clock. The social butterflies have acquired a trifling superficial knowledge of nurses' work and then set their social influence to work in order to reach some one of the base hospitals where they may sample fresh experiences. They subvert discipline, they are a law to themselves, they are too highly placed or protected to be called to order promptly, they have neither inclination nor capacity for sustained usefulness.

"To sit at the end of a bed and smoke cigarettes with a wounded officer does not develop the efficiency of a hospital. The interlopers want the limelight and plenty of it. Their pictures flood the illustrated papers, and to read what is written of them the inexperienced person might imagine they were bearing the heat and burden of the day, the solitude and anxiety of the night, while in very truth they do no more than search for fresh sensation in an area that should be sacred.

"To do a very minimum of work, to attach themselves to the most attractive cases, to carry small talk, gabble, and gossip into places where so many come to die—these are the main efforts of the young society nurses, and all these outrages are being carried on from day to day."

BUYS GERMAN OIL STEAMER.

Standard Oil Company Gets the Hagan for the American Flag.

The Hagan, the last of the German tank steamers tied up at Brady's Dock, Stapleton, S. I., because of the war, has been bought by the Standard Oil Company, and yesterday afternoon just before she was towed to the company's docks in Bayonne workmen were busy painting out the name Hagan, and renaming her the Glenpool. She will be placed under the Stars and Stripes, and is expected to sail under that registry within a week.

When the war broke out there were a number of these German tank steamers that could not get out of the harbor, and one by one they tied up at the dock in Stapleton. Since then the Standard Oil Company has purchased some of them and renamed them. The Hagan was owned by Rierdamann & Co. of Hamburg.

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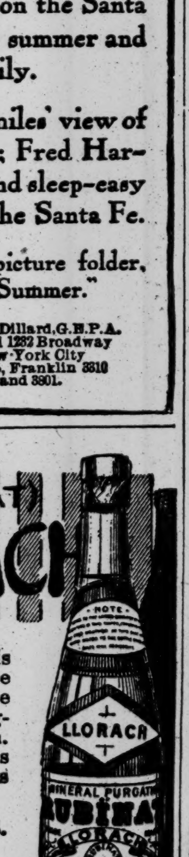

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ASKS AMERICANS TO LEAD ZIONISTS

Convention Cheers Brandeis's Call for a Jewish Nation in Palestine.

YEAR'S PROGRESS IS TOLD

Report of Federation Shows a Gain in Year of Four Societies, With 286,000 Members.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 27.—"Let us Americans, therefore, lead earnestly, courageously, and joyously in the struggle for the liberation of the Jewish people! Let every man and every woman do his or her part!"

These words, with which Louis D. Brandeis concluded his address before the eighteenth annual Zionist convention at its opening session this morning, evoked from the vast assemblage that overflowed Ford Hall, an outburst which it was difficult to attribute to enthusiasm elicited by fervid oratory. It was the expression of zeal to accomplish the dream of two thousand years.

Mr. Brandeis's address was in reality his report as Chairman of the Provisional Committee for general Zionist affairs. He informed the convention that $68,000 had been raised toward the support of Palestinian institutions and to aid in maintaining intact the international organization. The contributions for Palestine relief aggregated $290,000, and, besides, Zionists had contributed generously for the relief of Jews in Eastern Europe.

Marked success, the report continued, had attended the efforts to develop the widespread Zionist sympathy in America, the Independent Order B'rith Abraham, the Independent Order B'rith Sholom, the Galizienverband, New York, and the Order of the Sons of Israel of Massachusetts having become affiliated with the Federation of American Zionists. These bodies have 286,000 members.

Must Fight for Full Liberty.

An important feature of Mr. Brandeis's report was the reference to general Jewish problems.

"Zionists," he said, "are convinced that the miseries of the Jews can never be satisfactorily dealt with by merely relieving individual distress, or correcting individual acts of injustice. They are convinced that the Jews' main efforts should be directed, not to charity, but to removing the causes which make charity necessary. They are convinced that to remove the causes of misery and injustice, the Jews' thoughts must be directed less to the sufferings of individual Jews than to the wrongs to the Jewish people. They are convinced that the wrongs to the Jewish people will not end until full liberty is attained. To that full attainment of liberty the consummation of the specific Zionist purpose of securing a publicly recognized, legally secured home in Palestine, is indispensable."

The report strongly advocated a congress, to represent, if possible, the Jews of every part of the world, which should take action on grave questions which affect vitally the welfare of the whole Jewish people. But more than 10,000,000 of the 14,000,000 Jews of the world are residents of belligerent countries, and are, therefore, precluded from participating in any general congress. Upon the 3,000,000 Jews in America therefore falls the burden of acting on behalf of their brethren throughout the world and the provisional committee advises the calling of a congress of American Jews, convening on a democratic basis, for the consideration of the problems of the Jewish people.

"American Jews have not only the right but the duty to act," said Mr. Brandeis. "We are free from political or civil disability, and are relatively prosperous. Our fellow-Americans are infused with a high and generous spirit, which insures the approval of our struggle to enoble, liberate and otherwise improve the condition of an important part of the human race. The congress should speak not upon one, but on all the issues involved in the Jewish problem—issues long existing, which the war has accentuated, and upon which a decision may soon be demanded. The facts concerning our forty self-governing colonies, and the new Palestinian development, are making the world—non-Jews as well as Jews—realize that Zionism is no longer a dream. Our problem has become one of practical concern to statesmen. Whether the Jewish problem shall now be solved depends primarily, not upon others, but upon us."

Every Jew Welcomed.

The convention was presided over by Jacob de Haas of this city, and addresses were made by a dozen men of eminence in Judaism, among them being Ben Yuhadea of Palestine, Joseph Barondess of New York, of the Sons of Zion; Judge Leon Sanders of New York, representing B'rith Abraham; Henry H. Levenson of Boston, Grand Master of the Independent Order Sons of Israel; J. Rubenstein of Philadelphia, representing B'rith Shalom; and Henry Friedenwall of Baltimore, honorary President of the federation. Mr. Friedenwald warmly defended Zionism from the charge of irreligion and said: "We welcome every Jew who wishes to work for the welfare of the people."

Henrietta Zoldt of New York, introduced as the intellectual leader of the Jewish women of America, described the work and purposes of Hadassah, the society of which she is President.

Louis Lipsky of New York, President of the federation, presented the detailed report of the year's work.

Nathan D. Kaplan of Chicago, Grand Master of the Knights of Zion, presented a report showing that from Jan. 1, 1914, to June 10, 1915, that body had sent $61,357 to the various funds carrying on the Zionist work.

Telegrams of greeting were received from the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America, the Executive Yiddish National Arbiter Verband of America, (both of New York,) and several other organizations.

If Ford Hall was inadequate for the business session this forenoon, Mechanics' Hall, the largest in the city, was not half large enough to accommodate the throng which assembled for the mass meeting tonight.

An overflow meeting was held in Convention Hall, in the same building, but even then 4,000 or 5,000 men and women were turned away. The speakers, in addition to those heard at the forenoon meeting, included Rabbi Wise of New York.

FOR BIG CONFERENCE.

Rumanian Jews Consider 150 Delegates Too Few.

The convention of the Federation of Rumanian Jews, held in the Manhattan Lyceum, East Sixth Street, yesterday adopted resolutions condemning as undemocratic the plan of the American Jewish Committee for a conference of 150 delegates, in Washington in November, to consider Jewish affairs in connection with the war and its outcome. The Rumanian Jews favor a Congress of many members.

Although Rumanian Jews have not heretofore been active in the Zionist movement, it was yesterday voted to name a committee of five to co-operate in the Zionist movement.

The federation announced the founding of a Home for Convalescents at Grand View on the Hudson, and a plan for the establishment on the east side of a bureau to assist Rumanian Jews in obtaining citizenship.

'SCARECROWS' FOR OYSTERS

Submarine Device Drives Away Drumfish and Other Enemies.

Special to The New York Times.

PORT NORRIS, N. J., June 27.—Submarine "scarecrows" are being used by oyster planters in the Maurice River Cove to protect their oyster beds from devastation by large schools of drumfish or channel bass which threaten to wipe out the young oysters unless they can be driven off. It is several years since the drumfish appeared in the Delaware Bay in such large numbers as this Summer. The big fish crush the shells and suck out the oysters, and they have cleaned up large sections of beds upon which thousands of bushels of oysters had just been planted.

The "scarecrow" device consists of a shingle fastened to a piece of copper wire and dropped to the bottom of the bay. Action of the tides and currents causes the submerged shingle to whirl around rapidly. The oystermen find that the whirling shingles frighten off the big fish, and hundreds of the weighted shingles have been dropped about over the bottom of the cove.

14 HURT AS CAR HITS CONEY TRAIN

Continued from Page 1.

back off of the rails, every window broken, its entire front shattered, and half of the seats ripped into two and three parts. The passengers were hurled this way and that, many of them being buried under débris. Others were thrown on the ground beside the tracks. Hardly one escaped without cuts or bruises.

Almost half of the surface car passengers were women, and the screams of these could be heard for blocks. The large crowd attracted before the arrival of the hospital surgeons and police blocked the path to the injured. But Captain Linden of the Coney Island Station, with his reserves, cleared the ground for Drs. Held, Gerow and Goodhart, who came in ambulances from the Coney Island Hospital. The surgeons were busy more than an hour dressing injuries. Several are thought to have gone to their homes for treatment.

Several of those who witnessed the accident said that the motorman of the Vanderbilt Avenue car jumped when he saw that collision was unavoidable, but the man himself insisted that he stuck to his car after applying the brakes and was thrown to the roadside where he was later found uninjured.

The Culver Avenue Line train proceeded to the Coney Island Station after the accident, but the traffic over the line was delayed for two hours by the wreckage of the Vanderbilt Avenue car. Trains and cars on the line were sent over other tracks to Coney Island.

LONE CLAM-DIGGER SAVES 10 IN STORM

Continued from Page 1.

their exertion. They were taken to the club house and later went to their homes.

A 25-foot gasoline launch owned by Charles Mitchell of 222 East Thirteenth Street capsized in the storm at Coney Island yesterday afternoon, and Mitchell and the six other occupants of the boat were rescued by lifeguards. Mitchell said that his party left the recreation pier at the foot of East Twenty-fifth Street, Manhattan, early in the afternoon, and that when they saw the storm coming up they put in for the Steeplechase Pier at Coney Island. The pier hands would not let them land there, it was said, and in the choppy sea they started for the shore in front of the Majestic Bathing House, at the foot of West Twentieth Street. Their boat overturned when they were about fifty yards from shore.

The other persons in the boat were John Puglisa of 64 East First Street, Harry Jaia of 222 East Eighteenth Street, Thomas Marino of 6,513 Fourteenth Avenue, Brooklyn; Charles Mindretta of 244 East Thirteenth Street, Andrew Summers of 6,305 New Utrecht Avenue, Brooklyn, and Samuel Collins of 68 East First Street.

FEAR EVELYN THAW WILL DODGE SERVICE

Subpoena Servers to Seek Her in Camp at Chateaugay Lake Today.

THREAT AGAINST HER LIFE

State Wants Wife to Repeat Her Testimony That Prisoner Menaced Her.

The subpoena servers sent by the Attorney General's office to Culbane Camp, at Chateaugay Lake, near Malone, N. Y., will attempt this morning to find Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, who is wanted here to testify at the jury trial of the sanity of her husband, Harry K. Thaw, now being held before Justice Hendrick in the Supreme Court. It was impossible legally to attempt service on Sunday, but the camp was watched closely. Mrs. Thaw has been at the camp for several days with her son, her dancing partner, Jack Clifford, and her servants.

The subpoena servers were unable to determine yesterday whether Mrs. Thaw would accept service. There is a chance that she will slip away rather than come here to testify. News from the camp is being awaited with keen interest by the attorneys for the State. They feel that the presence of Mrs. Thaw would strengthen their case greatly.

For one thing the attorneys want Mrs. Thaw to repeat to the jury testimony about Thaw's alleged threat to kill her, which she gave at the habeas corpus proceedings in White Plains on July 15, 1909. She told then of visiting Thaw at Matteawan, and added:

"He said: 'When I get out of this place I suppose I shall have to kill you.'"

The attorneys believe that she will make this statement again if called to the stand. She has since said in published interviews that she was afraid of him.

When the trial is resumed this morning counsel for Thaw will call to the stand General Frank S. Streeter, a lawyer of Concord, N. H., and Dr. Charles P. Bancroft, Superintendent of the New Hampshire Hospital for the Insane, both members of the Lunacy Commission appointed in December, 1913, by Federal Judge Aldrich of Concord. The Commissioners, after weeks of investigation in which they examined Thaw at length and had before them the records of the former habeas corpus proceedings and the two murder trials, handed down a decision that Thaw was sane, and not a menace to the community.

It is expected that these witnesses will give at first hand much of the information contained in the report, as well as additional details concerning the manner and scope of their investigation. In regard to the mental examinations of Thaw, the commission, in its report, had this to say:

"These examinations covered a searching inquisition into all the acts of his life, including a review of his statements thereon made in the various cross-examinations above referred to. [The cross-examinations at former habeas corpus proceedings by W. T. Jerome.] They also included an examination of his present and former mental attitudes with reference to all his acts prior to, and at the time of, and subsequent to, the homicide, and a comparison of his present statements with those made on each of the former examinations above referred to."

This report was signed and approved on Jan. 11, 1914, by the men who will be on the witness stand for Thaw today and by Dr. G. Adler Blumer, Superintendent of Butler Hospital for the Insane, Providence, R. I., and Dr. Morton Prince of Boston.

Two other alienists who have made personal examination of Thaw, also will testify in his behalf today. They are Dr. D. Percy Hickling of Washington, D. C., and Dr. Charles K. Mills of the University of Pennsylvania.

DROWNS AT ULMER PARK.

Adolph Ferguson Seized With Cramps on Long Swim.

Adolph Ferguson, 28 years old, a salesman living at 342 Fifty-fourth Street, Brooklyn, was drowned while bathing in Gravesend Bay yesterday afternoon, after being seized with cramps while fifty yards from the shore.

DROWNS IN LAKE PLACID.

Mount Vernon Youth Was Relative of Rabbi Wise.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE PLACID, June 27.—Wallace Lockwood, 19 years old, of 329 Union Avenue, Mount Vernon, secretary to L. J. Waterman of New York and brother-in-law of Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, was drowned in Lake Placid, near the Waterman-Wise camps, about 1 o'clock today.

BECKER VISITED BY WIFE.

They Look Over Notes Which She May Take to Governor.

Mrs. Charles Becker, wife of the former police Lieutenant, who is under sentence to be executed within a few weeks for the slaying of Herman Rosenthal, visited Becker in the death house at Sing Sing yesterday, and while in the prison was seen carefully going over a long list of notes with him.

While it could not be learned definitely just what use she hopes to make of the notes, it is understood that Mrs. Becker intends to visit Governor Whitman, probably some time this week, in an effort to have her husband's sentence commuted, and it was rumored yesterday that the notes might contain the "information" which, it was reported recently, Becker would offer the Governor in a last effort to save his own life.

The Governor has not yet notified Martin T. Manton, Becker's counsel, as to the day on which he will hear Mr. Manton's appeal for a commuted sentence. Mr. Manton said last night that he hoped to hear from the Governor today. He denied the report that a number of other persons interested in the case would accompany him on his visit to the Governor, and said that he would make the visit alone. Mr. Manton said he did not know about Mrs. Becker's plan to see the Governor.

Arrests Vociferous Newsboys.

Two vociferous newsboys selling extras of an afternoon paper in front of the Bar Association, 42 West Forty-fourth Street, last night disturbed W. Cleveland Runyon, a lawyer of 165 Broadway. He ran out of the building, followed the boys to Fifth Avenue, where he arrested them and turned them over to Patrolman Meary who locked them up in the West Fifty-first Street Station on charges of disorderly conduct. The newsboys said they were Samuel Rosenthal, 17 years old, 264 Seventh Avenue, and Morgan Morgan, 16 years old, 501 West Forty-fifth Street.

STOLEN NECKLACE IS MRS. ALDRICH'S

Continued from Page 1.

taken the jewelry. In what way they reached the house is not known, but the theory that they went to Southampton and left the town by boat has been suggested because they would have run great danger of being seen and suspected had they gone to the house over any of the roads leading to it.

The Howard Townsend cottage faces Great South Bay near the shore, and is fully a mile from the nearest dwelling. It is ideally situated for a burglary, if the intruder could have any sort of assurance that he would not be disturbed at his work by anyone within the building. Whether the burglar, or burglars, who stole the jewelry had any such assurance has not been made public.

When asked last night why he had withheld his name after publishing the advertisement on Saturday morning, Mr. Aldrich said:

"The only reason an air of secrecy was maintained at all was because of a natural desire to avoid unpleasant notoriety in such a matter and to aid in the running down of early clues."

Gifts to Mrs. Aldrich?

No information about the history of the jewelry was made public by Mr. Aldrich, but a friend of the family said that the necklace and ring had been in Mrs. Aldrich's possession "for a long time," but whether she owned them before her marriage to Mr. Aldrich on Feb. 9, 1911, could not be learned. It is thought that they were presents made by him to her about the time of the wedding.

Mrs. Aldrich was Mrs. Jeannette Thomas Root of New York. She was married to Mr. Aldrich in the Alwyn Court apartments, 182 West Fifty-eighth Street.

Mr. Aldrich belongs to one of the oldest families on Long Island, his ancestry on the Island going back more than 250 years. The homestead was in Riverhead, where he was born. He has been interested in Colorado copper mining for twenty-five years.

He is a member of the Metropolitan, New York Yacht, Automobile of America, Nassau Country, City Midday, and Piping Rock Clubs. He was graduated from New York University in 1889.

DRUGS POISON 46 HART'S ISLAND BOYS

Continued from Page 1.

Bronx. Burdette G. Lewis, Deputy Commissioner of Correction, and detectives from the Bronx arrived later. The District Attorney said he would ask the Grand Jury to inquire into the affair.

An investigation was started by questioning boys who had recovered from the effects of the drugs. They said that four of five of their number, while most of the keepers were at the baseball field, had gone to the infirmary, which communicates with a three-story building known as the "drug house."

They found all the doors of the drug house closed, but they made their way to the third floor, and from there by a ladder to the roof. They forced open the skylight, obtained a rope, and slid down into one of the locked rooms. Here they broke open several closets containing medicine bottles. They were in search of narcotics, many of the boys on Hart's Island having been sent there as drug addicts, but as they failed to find morphine, cocaine, or other drugs of that class, they took anything that they could lay their hands on.

With their pockets full of drugs, most of which were intended for the treatment of eye diseases, the boys returned to the baseball field and handed them around to others who were drug slaves.

WANTS WRIGHT IN ENGLAND.

Daily Mail Urges That He Direct Great Aeroplane Work.

LONDON, Monday, June 28.—The Daily Mail, commenting editorially today on the report that the Germans recently became possessors of a new and faster type of aeroplane, urges the British Government to seek the assistance of Orville Wright, the American inventor.

"The Government is being urged to embark on a gigantic scheme for aeroplane construction, with Mr. Churchill in charge," says The Mail. "It would certainly be unwise to put such a matter in the hands of a politician or anybody except an expert. In so vital a matter we should employ the best brains in the world. The aeroplane was invented by the brothers Wright. Orville Wright is intimately acquainted with all types. We do not know whether he would be willing to come to England, but we know that he is the world's best authority on aeroplanes and a singularly disinterested and uncommercial inventor."

HUDSON STEAMERS CRASH.

Adirondack and Ramsdell Collide in Making Their Piers.

The Hudson River steamers Adirondack and Ramsdell collided in the North River at 12:30 yesterday afternoon while both boats were making for near-by piers in a heavy tide at the foot of West 129th Street. The Adirondack was bound up the North River and the Ramsdell, from Newburg, was circling in from the Hudson further out to make a landing.

The Adirondack raked the right side of the lower deckhouse of the Ramsdell, breaking some of the planking with her bow. No other damage resulted, and not one of the hundreds of excursionists on the boats was injured. The Ramsdell made her regular trip at 4 P. M.

ACCUSED OF EMERY THEFT.

Negro Doorman Denies Knowing Anything About Gem Robbery.

Mrs. William E. Emery of 20 Fifth Avenue, whose husband, a member of the dry goods firm of Emery, Bird & Thayer of New York and Kansas City, left an estate of $5,000,000, reported to the police on May 28 last that her apartments had been entered and a diamond crown and a diamond brooch worth $1,100 stolen. At about the same time four other tenants of the house reported that they had been robbed of jewelry and clothing. The total value of the goods taken reached $5,000.

Detectives O'Connell and Burgess were detailed to make an investigation. They had been at work but a few hours when they were informed that Ellison Jones, a negro doorman at the apartment house, had disappeared. Later they found some of the missing jewelry in pawnshops, where it had been disposed of by a negro.

Since that time the detectives have been searching throughout the city for Jones, and yesterday they found him at the Pennsylvania Railroad station, where he had obtained employment, and arrested him. When the detectives took him to Police Headquarters he refused to say anything about the thefts. He said he lived at 625 Eighth Avenue.

Mrs. Emery has two daughters, Mrs. Florence Emery Georger of this city and Mrs. Cornelius, who lives in London. Her husband, who was 70 years old, died suddenly on Oct. 11, 1912, while going to his country home, Rose Lodge, at Flemington, N. J., on a Lehigh Valley Railroad train.

WET CELLARS MADE DRY
FROM INSIDE WITH
SMOOTH-ON
IRON CEMENT No. 7
Write for Catalogue
SMOOTH-ON MFG. CO.,
Jersey City, N. J.

GLEN ISLAND
WILL BE OPENED THIS WEEK.

INSTRUCTION.

Many Boys Fail to Pass
FOR COLLEGE ENTRANCE

Not usually because they are stupid, but because of the "grade system" of their schools and a consequent lack of individual attention. If they expect to enter in September they will find that

THE GROFF SCHOOL

with its limited number of students and its unexcelled record of success, offers unusual opportunities for rapid progress at its Summer Session.

Boarding and Day School. Unexcelled Facilities
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PRATT SCHOOL—64 West 45th St. Individual instruction, day, evening; Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Stenotypy, Secretaryship. All summer.

Eastman-Gaines Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Secretarial, Spanish and Stenotype Departments. Day & Night Sessions. Call or write for Catalogue. 123d Street and Lenox Avenue.

Swimming And Diving Taught Privately to Both Sexes. Dalton Swimming School, 19 West 44th St.

The Berlitz School of Languages
NOW AT
28-30 WEST 34TH STREET,
Between Fifth Avenue and Broadway.

Free catalogues of all schools. Amer. Sch. Ass'n, 1,012 Times Bldg. Bryant 6140.

Stern Brothers
42nd and 43rd Streets, West of Fifth Avenue

desire to inform their patrons that for a limited period they will accept orders for

Tailor-made Suits and Afternoon Gowns

At the following reduced prices:

Modish Suits, made-to-measure, of gabardines, serges, wool failles and basket weaves, ... at $69.50 upwards

Gowns, designed from the latest styles, of taffetas, crepe de chines, failles, poplins and Georgette crepe, . at $79.50 upwards

Superior workmanship and finish assured.

Dressmaking Department Third Floor

CELESTINS VICHY
Owned by and bottled under the direct control of the French Government

Natural Alkaline Water

Your Physician will recommend its use, to relieve
INDIGESTION
RHEUMATISM
URIC ACID
GOUT

Not Genuine without the word
CELESTINS

THE HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

How the Country Is Faring

THE peace which our country is enjoying, and in which it is in full prospect of continuing, is a high tribute to the nation; incidentally, it is just such stress as we are now familiar with that makes of men a nation.

The justice, wisdom, strength and patience employed in affairs of state are no less applicable, with corresponding results, to affairs of business. Even competition, the great stimulus to trade, is most successfully conducted these days along peaceful lines. Business at the expense of profit is becoming antiquated.

The Harriman National Bank believes that its success in business has not meant the failure of another, that sound competition is desirable because it improves the quality of merchandising, and that there is business enough for all.

The officers of the Harriman National Bank extend you a cordial and hospitable invitation to discuss with them your business affairs, with especial relation to your banking. While strictly bound by the law as to extending its services and facilities in certain quarters, and limited by time-tried policies of sound banking in other respects, there is no field of commercial endeavor or business activity in which it does not take an interest.

BANKING HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 8 P. M.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

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FIFTH AVENUE AND 44TH ST., NEW YORK

SOME SECURITIES

Represent only a share in profits. Our Guaranteed Mortgage means a loan on improved metropolitan real estate with three pledges of repayment—the property, the bond and our $9,000,000 capital and surplus.

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"The Dollar Dinner with Wine." Also a la Carte.

Dine with you? With pleasure—providing you take me to the
SPECIAL GRILLED DINNER (TO ORDER) WITH WINE, $1.25

5th Avenue Restaurant
ENTRANCE 24th ST.

HOW DO YOU FEEL?

THE sluggish, indolent feeling so prevalent in summer time is in many cases due to one cause—constipation. The use of laxative and cathartic drugs only irritates this condition.

Nujol makes the intestines perform their functions in a normal, healthy way—with no harmful after-effects. Nujol is not a drug, but a mechanical intestinal lubricant conforming in every respect to the requirements of the mineral oil treatment as prescribed by Sir William Arbuthnot Lane, its discoverer. It is absolutely harmless and seldom fails to prove an effective and permanent remedy.

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(New Jersey)
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A PURE WHITE MINERAL OIL

Ask for Nujol at your druggist's—or send 75 cents for a trial pint bottle. Write for booklet, "The Rational Treatment of Constipation." Address Dept. E.

$30.00 Round Trip
from Chicago daily until Sept. 30
Correspondingly Low Rates from All Points East
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Choice of
3 Daily Trains

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Lv. Chicago	10:30	6:05	10:45
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The number and character of these commissions should warrant your investigation of our work.

Special prices are made on work to be done during the Summer months.

The Tobey Furniture Co.
Fifth Ave. at 53rd St.

5%

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First Mortgages on hand in amounts from $2,500 up or you may invest $100 or more in a Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificate.

Write for Booklet
"The Ideal Investment."

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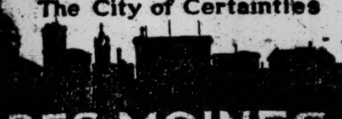
Your factory will grow if built in

The City of Certainties



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It is never affected by panics.

Des Moines did a greater volume of business last year than ever before.

It's manufacturing has increased over 180% during the past ten years.

You take no chances in Des Moines

This city is the commercial and distributing center of a territory containing a population of three million.

Des Moines is the heart of the richest agricultural district in the world.

The people in the Des Moines trade territory are always prosperous.

Their yearly crops are worth more than the annual output of all the gold mines on earth.

Railroad facilities are unexcelled. Nineteen lines serve Des Moines.

The growth of Des Moines is steady and healthy.

Des Moines is substantial and progressive.

It is a City of Certainties.

Write for descriptive booklet.

Greater Des Moines Committee
Dept. B. Des Moines, Iowa

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GOOD BOOKS!

EVERY good new book appears on our book shelves on the day of its publication. And *good new books* just now are particularly appropriate—with the vacationist already dreaming of easy chairs and shady nooks.

¶ Have you read, for example—
Churchill's - - - FAR COUNTRY
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Locke's - - - - - - - JAFFERY
Merwin's - - - - - HONEY BEE

Bloomingdales
59th to 60th St. Lex. to 3d Av.

BENCH MADE SHOES
Supreme in style, quality and satisfaction . . . $5
E. VOGEL,
64 Nassau St., New York

CALIFORNIA
ROUND TRIP
$94.30
Lackawanna Railroad
Information at Ticket Offices, Broadway, cor. Wall St., Park Place, 28th St., 42d St.

SAYS HE OFFERED $2,000 FOR MURDER

Lawyer Who Admits Plot to Kill Father-in-Law Asserts Waiter Terrorized Him.

HAD GIVEN PROMISSORY NOTE

Police Reported Seeking Other Alleged Accomplices—Forney's Bride Repudiates Him.

PITTSBURGH, June 27.—A promissory note, alleged to have been given by Thomas G. Forney, the young attorney of Washington, D. C., and calling for $2,000 to be paid to George McHenry, a waiter, provided the latter succeeded in disposing of Franklin T. Schneider, the former's father-in-law, is believed by the police here today to have been the lever used by McHenry to get money from Forney on the threat of exposure and to have resulted in the murderous attack upon Mr. Schneider here early Thursday.

The attack on the wealthy candy manufacturer took place in the room of a hotel. Mr. Schneider was struck on the head with a hammer, but his straw hat deflected the blow. Later, Forney was arrested near Newcomers Town, Ohio, at the home of a relative. McHenry was taken into custody by the authorities at Washington.

After being brought here, Forney made a statement to the police, confessing his part in the plot to kill Mr. Schneider, and implicating McHenry. Through the statement, however, was reflected a deadly fear of McHenry.

Early today teh prisoner summoned Captain Homer Crooks of the Detective Department to his cell, saying he wished to talk to him. Forney said, according to Captain Crooks, that about three months ago he decided that if his father-in-law was "out of the road" he would probably come into possession of part of Schneider's estate. Forney said he sent for McHenry and made a proposition to McHenry whereby the latter was to receive $2,000 if he "got rid of the old man." McHenry agreed, Forney said, and the latter gave McHenry a promissory note.

"The note read something like this," Forney is alleged to have said to Captain Crooks: "'I hereby certify that I will pay George McHenry $2,000 when he disposes of F. T. Schneider.' I signed the note, and it was the terrible fear of it—the fear of the terrible consequences of its publication—which made me a tool in the hands of McHenry."

Forney stated that two weeks after he had given McHenry the note he was sorry for what he had done and sent for McHenry. When asked to return the note McHenry refused, the prisoner said, saying he would "just keep it for future reference." Since that time McHenry had compelled Forney to support him, Forney said.

The typewritten statement signed by Forney is one of the oddest statements of its kind ever made here. It is full of conflicting statements, marked here and there with inserts made by the prisoner, each of which is signed with his initials.

In the alleged confession he admits that he frequently gave money to McHenry, paid his railroad fare from Washington to Pittsburgh, and promised to give him $500 in case his father-in-law met death. In an insert he states that it was all done to keep McHenry from threatening exposure of some incident of oFrney's past lift.

He says in another place that he intended all the time to prevent McHenry from carrying out the alleged plot, and states that when the blow was struck Forney attempted to deflect it.

INNOCENT, SAYS McHENRY.

Asserts He Was in Washington When Schneider Was Attacked.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Mrs. Thomas G. Forney of this city, whose husband is under arrest on the charge of having attempted to murder her father, T. Franklin Schneider, a Washington architect and capitalist, in Pittsburgh on Thursday, today repudiated Forney. In the presence of her father, who reached Washington from Pittsburgh this morning, Mrs. Forney, a bride of six months, made this statement:

"Some of the papers have said that I am being urged to repudiate him, but it is ridiculous to say that I need urging. I am doing it of my own free will. I do not want to be called by his name, and I hope I shall never see him again as long as I live."

Mr. Schneider, with his head bandaged for the wound received in the attack upon him in his hotel room in Pittsburgh, expressed the belief that the plot to take his life contemplated the death of his wife and then his daughter. According to reports here others than Forney are involved in the assault on Mr. Schneider. One rumor that comes from Pittsburgh is that the police are looking for a chauffeur. George McHenry, the waiter arrested here yesterday on information furnished by Forney, continues to protest his innocence and declares that he was in Washington on Thursday at the time the assault was committed. Mr. Schneider said today that it would be impossible for him to say whether the waiter was one of the men who attacked him. "I do not wish to see him," he said. "I could not possibly recognize him. It was a dark room and he had his head down."

Mr. Schneider confirmed today the statement telegraphed from Pittsburgh last night that he had obtained a confession from Forney.

"I have no doubt," he said, "that, according to the plans made, I was to die before June 26, when a twenty-year endowment policy for $75,000 became payable. Forney knew of the fact, I believe, and did not want me to collect the money. He insisted that I wait before turning it in for collection until my return. He asked what it covered, and wanted to know whether it would cover suicide or death by violence. I told him that it covered everything and could not be broken."

SLADES' TRIAL TO BE LONG.

Many Subpoenas Served, but None on "Oliver Osborne" Yet.

The trial of David and Maxwell Slade and their private detective, Albert J. McCullough, will last possibly well into next week. It was reported yesterday that the Slades were still issuing subpoenas for new witnesses.

United States District Attorney Marshall does not expect the Government to get its case all in for several days at least, probably not until Thursday, and if Martin W. Littleton, counsel for the defendants, continues making each of the Government's witnesses go over his story as minutely as he did James W. Osborne and Commissioner Houghton, the first two witnesses, the Government's case probably will not be in by the end of the week. During the first two days of the trial only two witnesses were called to the stand. It is expected that Mr. Littleton will recall Mr. Osborne this morning, when the case will be resumed at 10:30 o'clock.

Newspaper reports of early developments in the case and the testimony of newspaper reporters will figure largely in the proceedings. The defense already has made references to accounts published in all of the New York papers after Rae Tanzer's $50,000 breach of promise suit was started and before the present action was begun.

The subpoena served on Carl H. Chandler, a special agent of the United States Treasury, by the Slades, has caused Chandler's friends and relatives in Boston to flood him with letters, mostly of a humorous sort. One of these, from an official of the Customs Bureau in Boston, where Mr. Chandler was formerly employed, expressed indignation that "Oliver" didn't let the writer in on the secret. The Government authorities are inclined to doubt if the Slades will put Mr. Chandler on the stand.

CHARGES HIS WIFE PUT PINS IN HIS BED

Merchant, in Resisting Her Effort to Get More Alimony, Says She Burned His Hats.

HER APPLICATION REFUSED

Mrs. Wolf-Stens Described as a Woman of Literary Ability Too Lazy to Work.

A second attempt of Mrs. Thea Wolf-Stens to have her alimony increased from $15 a week to a large figure has again resulted in failure. Supreme Court Justice Shearn, after reading the affidavits of the petitioner and her husband, William Stens, concluded that there was no reason for allowing her any more money.

Mrs. Wolf-Stens used to be a capable actress, and she has abundance of literary and artistic ability. Her husband says she could earn plenty of money herself if she were not too indolent to work. Mr. Stens is a merchant. His wife got a separation from him in 1913 on the ground of abandonment. When the alimony was allowed Mrs. Wolf-Stens got permission from the court to apply to have it increased at some future time, and she has taken ample opportunity of this permission. In her petition she said:

"My father was the Director of the Imperial Board of Accountants of Austria, Commissioner of Regents, and Chevalier of the Order of Iron Crown. At the age of 20 I was an actress of standing in Austria, earning $200 a week and living in an atmosphere of refinement. I was married at that age, in 1893, to the defendant, who was then an importer of laces earning $6,000 to $10,000 a year. In a short time his conduct became very cruel, and finally he abandoned me."

In describing the meagre life she is now compelled to live, because of the small alimony allowed her, the petitioner said:

"I have been forced to go without many of the things which in earlier days I considered necessities. I am living in a small room on the top floor of a furnished room house in Garden Street, Hoboken, while my husband is paying $100 a month for an apartment in the Gramercy Park section and spending his money freely in entertaining others."

Mr. Stens filed a replying affidavit which ran:

"For all of the high-sounding titles, my wife's father was only a subordinate Government official in charge of a bureau at Vienna. He had little or no means except his salary at his death, and was not a person of rank. When I married the plaintiff she was leading lady in Amberg's Theatre in Irving Place at $100 a week. She is a competent actress if she had an inclination to follow her profession. She has journalistic and literary ability and could earn a good living with her pen.

"My wife is incurably indolent and never arises until noon, and habitually takes her breakfast in bed. Her unhappy temperament manifested itself within a very few years of our marriage, which proved a failure owing to her laziness, her violent, vicious, and ungovernable temper, her undomesticity, and her extravagance. On more than one occasion when we were keeping house my wife would rake off all the bed clothing so I would have nothing to sleep on except the mattress and the springs, and on more than one occasion, in a fit of rage, she has burned my hat and I have found on returning home that a vicious outburst has resulted in my bed being filled with pins."

Mr. Stens said there was no more reason now than there was before for increasing his wife's alimony, because his financial condition had not improved.

ATTORNEY ACCUSES WIFE.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Jaffer Make Counter Charges in Suit.

Affidavits accusing each other of infidelity and other offences have been filed with the Supreme Court by Louis A. Jaffer, a lawyer at 198 Broadway, and his wife, Louisa, in her application for alimony of $50 a week pending the trial of her suit for a separation. Mr. Jaffer says that his sympathy for the misfortunes of a former client, and his desire to help her, aroused the jealousy of his wife; that her attack upon him is made without reason, and that her own conduct is open to serious suspicion. Mr. and Mrs. Jaffer were married in 1899. They have one son, Charles, fifteen years old.

In her complaint Mrs. Jaffer accused her husband of misconduct with Miss Nan Payton. She said he used to visit Miss Payton in 108th Street and elsewhere and that he maintained for her an expensive apartment in Amsterdam Avenue. Mrs. Jaffer asserted that her husband's income must be large because he maintained his family at a cost of $6,000 a year besides looking after the comfort and welfare of Miss Payton.

An affidavit from Beatrice Fischer of 8 West Sixty-fourth Street, was filed. She set forth that for a time she lived with Miss Payton, whom Charles A. Geltz had divorced. She also said that Mr. Jaffer constantly visited Miss Payton.

In replying to his wife, Mr. Jaffer stated that it would not be difficult to prove himself innocent of all of the charges. Explaining his acquaintance with Miss Payton, he said, she was formerly a client and that he had not seen her in more than a year.

Mr. Jaffer accused his wife of having visited Washington, D. C., at Christmas, 1913, with Mrs. Brown, against his orders. He describes Mrs. Brown as the friend of a rich man named Libby who was in the glass business in Toledo. During the trip to Washington his wife was escorted, Mr. Jaffer said, by Frank Logan, upon whom she showered presents.

TO DEFEAT CONSTITUTION.

Bull Moose Threaten to Make an Issue at the Polls.

With a threat to defeat at the polls a "reactionary Constitution," the local Bull Moose yesterday made public a letter sent to Elihu Root, Chairman of the convention at Albany. The letter was signed by Stanley M. Isaacs, Chairman of the National Progressive Constitutional Convention Committee appointed by the New York County Committee. The demands of the Bull Moose are embodied in the following declaration:

"There must be no clauses in the new Constitution which can be set up as a bar to the initiative, referendum, and recall of officers; direct nominations for public offices by the electors, and legislation in the direction of social and industrial justice.

"Provisions of the Constitution should ordain home rule for cities and villages; the short ballot, a rational method for determining the constitutionality of statutes that will give effect to the wishes of the people at any given time, and a declaration that there shall be no limitation upon the power of the Legislature to pass measures looking toward social and industrial justice."

"The National Progressive Party will accept the challenge," the letter says in closing, "and will enter into battle to mass the electorate of the State, without regard to party, against the acceptance of a partisan or reactionary Constitution. The delegates propose a revised Constitution—the voters dispose."

Ambassador Gerard's Secretary Here

Grafton W. Minot, secretary to United States Ambassador Gerard, arrived here yesterday on the American liner Philadelphia from Liverpool. He is on leave to visit his home in Boston, he said.

SHELTER FOR JEWS OPENED IN HARLEM

Society Dedicates Home and Headquarters for Charity in 107th Street.

SEIGEL LAUDS UNDERTAKING

Congressman Asserts Project in Hard Times Shows Generosity of His Race.

Jewish charity workers of the upper east side and west side and in Harlem yesterday dedicated a home to be known as the Hebrew Sheltering Society of Harlem, at 69 East 107th Street. The home is the only one of its kind in the city, with the exception of that conducted by the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America, the work of which is mostly among foreigners.

The new home is a three-story and basement dwelling house which has been leased for two years. There will be living accommodations for 30 persons, while arrangements will be made for feeding 200 daily. The home will have a reading room, library, and other social features, and an employment bureau, for it is the desire of the founders to enable their beneficiaries to become self-supporting.

Members of the Beth Amedrash Hagodol Synagogue in East 105th Street and of the Eighty-sixth Street Synagogue have been carrying on this work in a private way. To further the aims of the new home a women's auxiliary has been formed to co-operate with the officers of the institution, Mrs. Rose Tillman, President; Mrs. Anna Block and Mrs. Mary Bachrach, Vice Presidents; Mrs. Anna Marcus, Treasurer, and three Trustees, Mrs. Lena Gordon, Mrs. Anna Shapiro, and Mrs. Mollie Steinberg.

Congressman Isaac Seigel of the Twentieth District spoke at the ceremonies yesterday afternoon.

"The necessity for an establishment of this kind in Harlem has long been evident," he said. "Our presence here today shows that the spirit of true charity lives among our people, who are Americans in spirit and true to the Jewish tradition of helping each other."

Assemblyman Joseph Steinberg of the Twenty-sixth District, where the home is situated, said:

"This is one of the worthiest charities that can be developed. The people of Harlem have worked hard to accomplish this, and the interest taken in it is exceptional on account of present conditions. It is bound to succeed with such fine inspiration."

Other speakers were State Senator Irving Joseph of the Twentieth District, Rabbi Herbert Goldstein of the Eighty-sixth Street Synagogue, Rabbi Samuel Kosofsky of the 105th Street Synagogue, and Benjamin S. Rhine, Chairman of the dedication ceremonies. The Rev. Samuel Meisel, Cantor, and the choir of the 105th Street Synagogue presented vocal and instrumental numbers.

Officers of the home are Samuel Gordon, President; H. Socolow, M. Lubelsky, and B. Safton, Vice Presidents; J. Diosin, Treasurer, and I. Segel, Secretary. Three classes of membership are provided for—donors, $10 a year; member, $5, and associate members, $3. The home will receive the first applicants after 8 A. M. today.

GLEN ISLAND
WILL BE OPENED THIS WEEK.

BABY WEARS HISTORIC CAP.

Christened in Hood Made by Washington's Adopted Daughter.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Basil M. Stevens, who was Miss Helen C. Ward, was baptized at noon yesterday, in the Church of the Holy Innocents, Hoboken, built by the baby's great-grandmother, Mrs. Martha Bayard Stevens, widow of Edwin A. Stevens, founder of the Stevens Institute of Technology. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. G. E. Magill, and the baby was named Emily Contée Lewis, after her grandmother, Mrs. Edwin A. Stevens of Castle Point, Hoboken, and Bernardsville, N. J.

The cap of the christening robe was made for the baby's grandfather, George Washington Lewis, by his grandmother, Nellie Parke Custis Lewis, George Washington's adopted daughter and the granddaughter of Martha Washington. The cap and robe are cherished heirlooms in the Stevens family, and have been used for generations. Colonel Edwin A. Stevens, the baby's grandfather; Miss Emily L. Stevens, her aunt; her great-aunt, Mrs. White of New York, and Mrs. Frances W. Hunter of Trenton were the godparents.

Better Safe Than Sorry

However trustworthy you feel your employees to be—and most of them are scrupulously honest—nevertheless defalcations do occur. This Company alone deals with an average of eight defalcations daily. This shows how great is the risk of loss.

Be sure your employees are bonded in a Company which is not only able but has proved its willingness to pay just claims promptly. The largest Surety Company in the world is

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Vacation Footwear

This summer you are going to get out in the open and enjoy yourself. You are going to do a great deal of walking, for walking stimulates circulation, aids digestion and helps you to think, plan, devise, invent—enjoy. This way happiness lies.

If you have shoe consciousness—that is if you are aware of your shoes—you cannot enjoy walking any more than you can enjoy eating when you need the services of a dentist. Take

The Coward Shoe
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

with you on your vacation and you will not have to bother with your feet. Walking, golfing, tennis and mountain climbing are made vastly more enjoyable when your feet are encased in a pair of Coward cool summer oxfords.

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All rubber is perishable, but RED rubber lasts longer than gray. A RED rubber band or garden hose shows you the difference.

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WEAR LONGEST

They don't wear out before their time, because they don't depreciate standing still, or decompose perceptibly at any time.

If other tires were proof against every other form of deterioration, friction would soon lay them low. But Empire REDS are poor heat conductors—they barely get warm under friction tests that blister most tires.

It's easy to determine whether you are paying too much for tires now. Put one or two Empire REDS on. If they don't deliver, we'll satisfy you.

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HUDSON MOTOR CARS
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NEW YORK

June 27th, 1915.

TO OUR PATRONS:

Any and all orders for HUDSON CARS placed with us on Monday, Tuesday or Wednesday of this week will be filled on or before July 3rd, so you may enjoy the "FOURTH" in your new car.

In order to accomplish this, in addition to our regular shipments of eight cars each day from the factory, we have made arrangements with the Wells-Fargo Express Company to be in readiness to furnish us on July 1st such number of express cars as we may require to bring through by express a sufficient number of HUDSON "Six Forties" as we may require --- may we book your order? $1350, F.O.B. Detroit

Respectfully yours,
HUDSON MOTOR CAR CO. OF N.Y., Inc.
Harry S Houpt
President.

COLLEGE OARSMEN READY FOR REGATTA—BASEBALL—ATHLETICS—TENNIS—CYCLING

CINCINNATI BREAKS EVEN WITH CHICAGO

Benton's Wildness Loses First Game—Cubs Shut Out in the Second Contest.

CINCINNATI, June 27.—Chicago and Cincinnati broke even in a double-header today, Chicago winning the first game, 4 to 1, and Cincinnati capturing the second, 3 to 0. Benton's wildness and errors lost the first game for Cincinnati, while the latter won the second by good batting and Humphries' error. Outside of his wildness Benton pitched good ball, allowing only four hits in the eight innings he was on the mound. Two of these, a two-base hit by Fisher and a three-bagger by Zimmerman, came in the eighth inning and were good for two runs.

In the second game Humphries was hit in every inning except the third. In the second inning he allowed three hits, which, with his bad throw to third to catch a runner, gave Cincinnati two of their runs. Williams was hit on the elbow by a pitched ball in the second inning of the first game and Knisely took his place in centre field. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Good, rf.	5	0	1	1	0
Fisher, ss.	3	2	1	3	4
Sch'lte, lf.	5	1	0	0	1
Zim'n, 2b.	5	1	1	4	2
Saier, 1b.	3	0	0	9	0
W'ms, cf.	0	0	0	0	0
Knis'y, cf.	3	0	1	4	0
Ph'l'n, 3b.	3	0	0	1	1
Br'h'n, c.	3	0	1	4	2
Cheney, p.	4	0	0	1	1
Total	34	4	5	27	11

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leach, cf.	2	0	0	1	0
*Wingo	1	0	0	0	0
Lear, p.	0	0	0	0	0
M'w'z, 1b.	4	0	1	8	2
Herz'g, ss.	3	0	0	8	3
Kil'fer, lf.	4	1	2	2	0
Groh, 3b.	1	0	0	2	2
Clarke, c.	4	0	1	6	2
G'fith, rf.	3	0	1	2	0
Olson, 2b.	4	0	0	3	4
Benton, p.	2	0	0	0	2
T'bley, cf.	1	0	0	0	0
Total	29	1	5	27	15

*Batted for Leach in eighth inning.

Errors—Fisher, Mollwitz, Herzog, Benton.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	—4
Cincinnati	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hit—Fisher. Three-base hit—Zimmerman. Stolen bases—Good, Mollwitz, Bresnahan. Earned runs—Chicago, 3; Cincinnati, 1. Sacrifice hits—Groh, Griffith, Fisher. Double play—Knisely, Bresnahan, and Zimmerman. Left on bases—Chicago, 9; Cincinnati, 7. First base on errors—Chicago, 2; Cincinnati, 1. Bases on balls—Off Cheney, 4; off Benton, 3. Hits—Off Benton, 4 in eight innings; off Lear, 1 in one inning. Hit by pitcher—By Benton, Williams, Fisher. Struck out—By Cheney, 4; by Benton, 3; by Lear, 1. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie. Time of game—One hour and fifty-three minutes.

SECOND GAME.

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leach, cf.	3	0	1	3	1
M'w'z, 1b.	3	0	0	6	2
H'rz'g, ss.	3	0	0	3	4
Kil'fer, lf.	4	0	0	3	0
Groh, 3b.	3	1	2	1	0
Wingo, c.	3	0	2	4	1
G'fith, rf.	3	0	0	1	0
Olson, 2b.	3	1	2	6	2
Schn'd'r, p.	3	1	1	0	1
Total	28	3	8	27	11

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Good, rf.	3	0	1	0	0
Fisher, ss.	3	0	0	2	3
Sch'lte, lf.	4	0	1	0	0
Zim'n, 2b.	4	0	2	1	5
Saier, 1b.	4	0	2	14	0
Knis'y, cf.	3	0	0	3	0
Ph'l'n, 3b.	4	0	0	4	5
Br'h'n, c.	2	0	0	0	2
H'ph's, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Lav'd'r, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*McLarry	1	0	0	0	0
†Hargrave	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	0	6	24	17

*Batted for Humphries in eighth inning.

†Ran for Knisely in ninth inning.

Errors—Zimmerman, Humphries.

Cincinnati	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	x	—3
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Saier, Zimmerman. Home run—Schneider. Stolen bases—Olson, Phelan. Earned run—Cincinnati. Sacrifice hits—Mollwitz, Fisher. Double plays—Leach and Herzog; Zimmerman, Fisher, and Saier; Phelan and Saier; Humphries, Phelan, and Saier; Wingo and Olson. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Cincinnati, 4. First base on balls—Off Humphries, 1; off Schneider, 3. Hits—Off Humphries, 8 in 7 innings; off Lavender, none in 1 inning. Hit by pitcher—By Humphries, (Herzog.) Struck out—By Schneider, 4. Time of game—One hour and thirty-one minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Timely Three-Bagger by E. Collins Gives White Sox Victory.

CHICAGO, June 27.—A timely three-base hit by Eddie Collins, with the bases filled, in the third inning enabled Chicago to overcome St. Louis's lead, and singles by Weaver and Fournier in the fifth sent in another run, which was enough to defeat St. Louis 4 to 3.

The game was a pitchers' duel between James and Cicotte. The visitors scored their runs by bunching hits. First Baseman Howard of the visitors was injured in a collision with Weaver at first base, and had to be carried off the field. He took Weaver's grounder and beat the local shortstop to first for the out, and while lying upon the ground threw to Agnew and completed a double play by catching Felsch coming across the plate. Blackburne's fielding was a feature. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Felsch, cf.	4	1	1	2	0
W'ver, ss.	4	2	2	4	2
E.C'ns, 2b.	1	0	1	0	6
F'nier, 1b.	4	0	1	12	0
J.C'ns, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Roth, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
Schalk, c.	2	0	1	6	2
B'k'ne, 3b.	3	0	0	0	4
Cicotte, p.	2	1	1	0	1
Total	28	4	7	27	15

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shot'n, lf.	3	0	1	1	1
Austin, 3b.	3	0	0	0	1
Pratt, 2b.	4	0	0	2	0
E.W'k'r, rf.	3	1	2	0	0
Walsh, cf.	4	1	1	2	0
How'd, 1b.	1	0	0	8	1
Leary, 1b.	1	0	1	1	0
Lavan, ss.	4	1	1	2	2
Agnew, c.	4	0	1	8	1
James, p.	3	0	1	0	4
Total	30	3	8	24	10

Errors—Roth, Cicotte.

Chicago	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	..	—4
St. Louis	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—3

Two-base hit—James. Three-base hit—E. Collins. Stolen bases—Schalk, Felsch. Earned runs—Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 3. Sacrifice hits—Austin, Howard. Double plays—Shotten and Agnew; Cicotte, Weaver, and Fournier; Howard and Agnew. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; St. Louis, 5. Bases on balls—Off James, 5; off Cicotte, 3. Struck out—By James, 5; by Cicotte, 5. Umpires—Messrs. Chill and Evans. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes.

Detroit Wins on Bunched Hits.

DETROIT, June 27.—Detroit bunched hits in three innings today and defeated Cleveland, 12 to 2. The visitors played listless ball. Kavanagh's home run over the fence, with Vitt on base, featured. The score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Vitt, 3b.	5	1	0	1	3
Kav'h, 2b.	5	2	2	1	3
Cobb, cf.	2	3	2	2	1
C'wf'd, rf.	3	0	2	0	0
Veach, lf.	4	2	2	2	0
Burns, 1b.	4	2	2	11	1
Bush, ss.	4	2	2	4	1
Stan'ge, c.	4	0	1	5	0
Dubuc, p.	2	0	1	0	4
Total	33	12	14	*26	13

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leib'd, cf.	3	1	0	5	0
Ham'd, 2b.	3	0	0	1	0
C'pm'n, ss.	3	1	1	4	1
J'kson, 1b.	4	0	1	7	2
Graney, lf.	3	0	1	2	1
Smith, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
W'g'ss, 3b.	4	0	1	1	3
O'Neill, c.	4	0	1	2	2
C'mbe, p.	1	0	1	1	2
Jones, p.	2	0	0	0	3
Hars'd, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	2	7	24	14

*Smith out, hit by batted ball.

Errors—Bush, Stanage, Dubuc, Chapman.

Detroit	0	4	0	0	4	0	3	1	x	—12
Cleveland	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Kavanagh, Veach. Three-base hit—Cobb. Home run—Kavanagh. Stolen bases—Cobb (2,) Burns, Chapman. Earned runs—Cleveland, 1; Detroit, 12. Sacrifice hits—Hammond, Crawford (2,) Dubuc. Double play—Cobb and Burns. Left on bases—Cleveland, 6; Detroit, 7. First base on errors—Cleveland, 1; Detroit, 1. Bases on balls — Off Coumbe, 2; off Jones, 4; off Harstad, 1; off Dubuc, 3. Hits—Off Coumbe, 5 in 2 innings; off Jones, 7 in 5 innings; off Harstad, 2 in 1 inning. Struck out—By Harstad, 2; by Dubuc, 4. Time of game—One hour and fifty-six minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Wallace and Connolly.

22 Innings Without a Run.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, June 27.—Wilmington and Keokuk, in the Central Association, played twenty-two innings to a scoreless tie today, breaking the record of organized baseball for the longest game without a score. The game was called because of darkness.

American Association.

At Louisville—Cleveland, 8; Louisville, 2. Cleveland, 10; Louisville, 4.

At St. Paul—St. Paul, 3; Kansas City, 2. Kansas City, 4; St. Paul, 1.

At Columbus—Indianapolis, 5; Columbus, 3. Columbus, 7; Indianapolis, 6.

At Minneapolis—Milwaukee, 4; Minneapolis, 2. Minneapolis, 6; Milwaukee, 3.

Southern Association.

At Memphis—Nashville, 4; Memphis, 3.

At New Orleans—New Orleans, 2; Birmingham, 1. New Orleans, 5; Birmingham, 0.

At Mobile—Atlanta, 4; Mobile, 2. Mobile, 1; Atlanta, 0.

BASEBALL

Results of Yesterday's Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, 4; Cincinnati, 1.

Cincinnati, 3; Chicago, 0.

Pittsburgh-St. Louis—Rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 3.

Detroit, 12; Cleveland, 2.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Kansas City, 1; Newark, 0.

Newark, 6; Kansas City, 4.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Providence, 13; Newark, 8.

Buffalo, 9; Montreal, 5.

Montreal, 4; Buffalo, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	34	23	.596
Philadelphia	30	26	.536
St. Louis	32	29	.532
Pittsburgh	29	26	.527
Boston	28	29	.492
New York	23	28	.451
Brooklyn	25	33	.431
Cincinnati	23	31	.426

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	42	21	.667
Boston	32	22	.593
Detroit	37	26	.587
New York	31	28	.525
Washington	28	27	.509
Cleveland	22	37	.373
St. Louis	22	37	.373
Philadelphia	22	38	.367

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Kansas City	39	25	.609
St. Louis	36	23	.610
Pittsburgh	32	28	.533
Chicago	34	30	.531
Newark	33	31	.516
Brooklyn	29	34	.460
Baltimore	24	36	.400
Buffalo	22	42	.344

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Providence	31	20	.608
Montreal	30	25	.545
Buffalo	25	21	.543
Richmond	28	26	.519
Rochester	25	25	.500
Toronto	26	28	.481
Newark	22	25	.468
Jersey City	18	35	.340

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston at New York—Two Games.

Brooklyn at Philadelphia.

Pittsburgh at St. Louis.

Chicago at Cincinnati.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.

Philadelphia at Washington.

St. Louis at Chicago.

Cleveland at Detroit.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at Brooklyn.

St. Louis at Baltimore.

Pittsburgh at Buffalo.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Newark at Richmond.

Providence at Jersey City.

Rochester at Buffalo.

Toronto at Montreal.

CHICAGO TEAMS LEAD.

Local Clubs Now Far Behind in Three Leagues.

Apparently the Chicago teams are trying to bring about that 1906 condition when the Windy City had the world's series all to itself. The Cubs continue to hold the lead in the National League race, and in the American League, the White Sox are making a record that is attracting wide attention. As far as New York is concerned it looks as if both teams would have to do a lot of continuous hurrying before they catch up with the clubs that are setting the pace. The Yankees are just about holding their own for the present, and the Giants have raised their heads a little above the lowest level, but Brooklyn has slumped so badly on the Western trip that the team looks out of the race for a long time, and even the Brookfeds are now hitting the down trail at such speed that they probably will be in the cellar before long.

During the past week the Cubs have made a good record, better in fact than that of any other team, with the exception of Pittsburgh, and the latter is not at present contending for first place. During the last few days the champion Braves have been getting their storm legs and are riding a little more comfortably. It is pointed out that the Braves are not now as low as they were a year ago at this time, yet they were then able to come through and win the world's title. Stallings places much faith in what Johnny Evers will be able to do when he returns to the team. Just at present the pitching staff needs a little polishing. The Phillies continue to rest in second position, much harassed by St. Louis and Pittsburgh. Alexander is a tremendously strong acquisition when a game is needed. The Brooklynites give occasional flashes of the form which a paper survey of them shows.

The Giants continue weak in pitching. Aside from that and the disposition to gather in all the injuries which are running around unemployed, the team is going along all right. McGraw frequently says that all the teams are bad, but of course that don't mean that the Giants can't be a lot worse than the other bad ones. McGraw has simply got to do something to strengthen the pitching department.

DEFEAT FOR GIANTS.

Long Branch Cubans Win by Batting Rally in Third Inning.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., June 27.—The Giants, in charge of Eddie Grant, visited this resort today and were defeated by the Long Branch Cubans by a score of 6 to 3. Acosta was on the mound for the locals and pitched his usually steady game. He received brilliant support by his teammates. Schupp and Ritter divided the boxwork for the Giants, and both were touched up rather lively at times.

Consecutive hitting by the locals in the third inning tallied three runs and practically won the game for them, as Acosta held them perfectly safe for the balance of the game. The score by innings:

											R.	H.	E.
Giants	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	—3		7	1
Long Branch	0	0	3	1	0	1	0	1	..	—6		10	1

Batteries—Schupp, Ritter and Smith, Wendell; Acosta and Torres. Umpires—Mr. Erdman.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Kansas City and Newark Each Take Game of Double Header.

Kansas City and Newark each won a game of their double-header yesterday at Newark. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

											R.	H.	E.
Kansas City	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1		5	1
Newark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0		2	0

Batteries—Main and Brown; Falkenberg and Rariden.

SECOND GAME.

											R.	H.	E.
Kansas City	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	—4		8	1
Newark	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	..	—6		6	0

Batteries—Johnson, Henning, and Brown; Moran, Kaiserling, and Rariden.

New York State League.

At Albany—Scranton, 2; Albany, 1.

At Elmira—Utica, 8; Elmira, 5.

At Syracuse—Syracuse, 7; Binghamton, 2.

COLLEGE CREWS ALL READY FOR RACES

Columbia and Cornell Favored for 'Varsity Event at Poughkeepsie.

22D ANNUAL INTERCOLLEGIATE REGATTA ON THE HUDSON AT POUGHKEEPSIE TODAY.

Courses and Times of Races.

Junior 'Varsity Eights.—Two miles, 4:15 P. M. Crews and courses: Columbia, No. 1; Pennsylvania, No. 2; Cornell, No. 3.

Freshman Eights.—Two miles, 5 P. M. Crews and courses: Syracuse, No. 1; Cornell, No. 2; Columbia, No. 3; Pennsylvania, No. 4.

'Varsity Eights.—Four miles, 6:15 P. M. Crews and courses: Leland Stanford, No. 1; Columbia, No. 2; Pennsylvania, No. 3; Syracuse, No. 4; Cornell, No. 5. Courses number from the west shore.

Boating of the 'Varsity Crews.

Columbia—Bow, H. A. Naumer; 2, R. B. Jauss; 3, H. M. Tichborne; 4, V. G. Sanborn, (Captain;) 5, W. H. Diekmann; 6, W. N. Bratton; 7, D. K. Ferris; stroke, F. E. Wormser; coxswain, W. G. Fogg. Averages—Age, 20¾ years; height, 6 feet ⅛ inch; weight, 164 pounds.

Cornell—Bow, K. H. Fernow; 2, R. G. Bird; 3, C. E. Lund; 4, C. Andrus; 5, G. A. Worn; 6, A. A. Cushing; 7, J. E. O'Brien; stroke, J. O. Collyer; coxswain, B. C. Janes. Averages—Age, 22¼ years; height, 5 feet 11¼ inches; weight, 165⅛ pounds.

Leland Stanford—Bow, I. W. Hulsman; 2, F. N. Worth; 3, W. A. Green; 4, G. A. Jacomini, (Captain;) 5, W. H. Bloeser; 6, C. H. Orme; 7, A. H. McEuen; stroke, R. Maurer; coxswain, J. Goodman. Averages—Age, 22¼ years; height, 6 feet 1 inch; weight, 178¼ pounds.

Pennsylvania—Bow, W. E. Chickering; 2, G. Butler; 3, L. P. Scott; 4, G. W. Pepper, Jr.; 5, R. B. Garvin; 6, J. V. Marrick; 7, L. Borie; stroke, H. Schoemaker; coxswain, W. A. Foster. Averages—Age, 21⅛ years; height, 6 feet 1 inch; weight, 172½ pounds.

Syracuse—Bow, S. P. Poole; 2, C. W. Minard; 3, M. H. Kuehn; 4, U. L. Glass; 5, J. E. Trigg; 6, G. E. Redman; 7, L. D. Sprague; stroke, A. J. Osman; coxswain, G. G. Jayne. Averages—Age, 20⅛ years; height, 6 feet 1¾ inches; weight, 164⅛ pounds.

JUNIOR 'VARSITY.

Columbia, Pennsylvania, Cornell.

FRESHMAN EIGHTS.

Syracuse, Columbia, Cornell, Pennsylvania.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 27.—The combination of Sunday and a cold northwest wind accompanied by rain did much to dampen the usual preliminary enthusiasm attendant upon the intercollegiate regatta to be rowed here tomorrow. The night-before gathering and celebrating was much curtailed, and the majority of those who reached town were close followers of rowing who desired to have a final look at the crews and the course before the thousands of spectators arrived.

Even these experts were unable to gather much of a line upon the probable outcome by personal observation. It rained heavily all afternoon, and but two of the five colleges entered in tomorrow's regatta were represented by crews upon the waters of the Hudson. The Leland Stanford eight from California had an up-stream workout late in the afternoon, rowing several miles in a heavy rain, while Coach Guerena watched the bladework of his oarsmen from the Stanford launch.

Coach Courtney sent his 'Varsity eight upstream for three miles shortly after Stanford took to the water, but the work was merely a limbering up row, in which the shell was taken to a point near the start and the crew brought back to the boathouse by launch.

Pennsylvania, Columbia, and Syracuse did not lift their shells from the racks, and the boathouses of the Quaker and Salt City oarsmen were occupied solely by the boatkeepers.

Although the thousands of spectators, who give such a picturesque touch to the intercollegiate boat races, will not descend upon Poughkeepsie until tomorrow, there was no lack of regatta atmosphere. Almost all those present were former oarsmen or regatta officials, and their comments and criticisms stamped them as authorities. The prospects and possibilities of all the twelve eights entered in the three races were discussed from various angles, and while opinion was far from being unanimous, it was evident Columbia and Cornell were favorites for the 'Varsity event, Pennsylvania the junior race favorite, and Syracuse freshman first choice for the youngsters' race.

What little wagering was in evidence bore these opinions out, for Columbia and Cornell offered even money against each other or any other crew in the 'Varsity race, with very few takers. The absence of the usual advance guard of undergraduates acted as a check to general betting, since judgment rather than enthusiasm played a prominent part in the wagers made by the veterans. In the junior eight race, Pennsylvania was quoted by one authority at 5 to 8 against the field, while the freshman event was passed over by the speculators.

Pennsylvania is an uncertainty. Given proper water conditions and pace, the Quakers may prove the surprise of the regatta. Stanford's form has not made much of an impression among the river men, but it is admitted that the Californians are a group of giants, who, if they survive the first three miles of the struggle, will be hard to defeat. The best asset of the Syracuse crew is its powerful stroke, Osman If the other members of the crew can hold the pace he is expected to set, the Orange will be a dangerous opponent at all periods.

The various navy officials of the competing universities have reported that their entire allotments of observation train tickets have been sold, and the few held in reserve here for the general public were selling rapidly tonight. The long line of canvas-canopied gondolas was hauled to a point opposite the finish line this afternoon in readiness for the arrival of the special excursion trains tomorrow, and it was freely predicted that those tickets which fell into the hands of speculators would bring big premiums by noon.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT ROCKY POINT, R. I.

											R.	H.	E.
Providence	2	0	0	0	0	3	6	2	..	—13		19	2
Newark	5	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	—8		10	1

Batteries — Eayrs, Cooper, and Casey; Schact, Lee, and Heckinger.

AT MONTREAL.

											R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	3	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	—9		13	0
Montreal	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	—5		11	3

Batteries — Beebe and Lalonge; Richter, Dowd, and Howley.

SECOND GAME.

											R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	—3		6	2
Montreal	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	..	—4		10	0

Batteries—Gaw and Onslow; Richter and Howley.

Evers Plays in Exhibition Game.

TROY, N. Y., June 27.—"Johnny" Evers, Captain of the Boston Nationals, who has been out of the game for some time as a result of an injury to his ankle, covered second base for the Braves in an exhibition game here this afternoon which was won by the Troy State League team by the score of 8 to 5. Evers ran the bases and showed no signs of lameness. Cram, a former star of Brown University, made his debut in professional circles and with the exception of the eighth frame pitched good ball. Henry Krippen, star pitcher of the Middleburg College nine, worked for Troy in two innings and allowed but one hit. The score:

											R.	H.	E.
Boston	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	—5		7	4
Troy	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	5	..	—8		11	3

Batteries—Cram and Whaling; Jarman, Krippen, Parsons, and McGrath.

Knights of Columbus Games.

Three games were played yesterday in the Knights of Columbus Baseball League. The Xavier team, which leads the league, defeated the Twenty-fourth District nine, after a hard game, the score being 4 to 3. Mystic Star gained an easy victory over the Twenty-third District team, by the score of 10 to 1. McCaferty, pitching for San Salvadore, allowed the Eighteenth District batsmen only three hits. The game ended in favor of the former.

Give Him Two Guesses.

"G. T." of North Carolina writes to inquire if Walter Johnson ever threw a ball over the Washington Monument.

BURNS OIL ON COURTS.

Novel Method of Drying Ground in Pelham Tournament.

After an unsuccessful attempt to dry the tennis courts of the Pelham Country Club with towels and sponges yesterday, the members of the club adopted the novel scheme of pouring gasoline over the clay surface and setting fire to the oil. Many gallons of gasoline were consumed in this way, but the experiment was a success, and Miss Molla Bjurstedt and Mrs. Marshall McLean were able to decide their oft-postponed match in the final round of the Country Club's women's singles tournament, which was won by the national champion at 6—3, 6—3.

A big gallery was on hand to witness the contest, and Miss Bjurstedt had captured the first set and also the first game of the second set when the storm broke. After an hour's delay the gasoline experiment was adopted, and the contestants finished the match.

The national title holder showed unusual ability in her return drives to the corners of the courts and the side lines, and displayed more proficiency in this particular style of play than she had previously shown this season. By constant manoeuvring and hard driving, Miss Bjurstedt drove her opponent out of position and compelled the latter's returns to strike sharp angles, many of which went into the net or out of the court. The display of the champion was an unusually good one and brought out many new points which she will probably improve on and better her game.

Miss Bjurstedt left yesterday for Pittsburgh, where she will take part in the clay court championships in women's singles and mixed doubles. The summary:

Pelham Country Club, Women's Singles.—Final Round—Miss Molla Bjurstedt defeated Mrs. Marshall McLean, 6—3 6—3.

WARD BEATS ROSENBAUM.

Two Tennis Finals Decided in Quaker Ridge Championship Tourney.

In spite of the rain which interfered with the closing of the Quaker Ridge championship tennis tournament yesterday on the courts of the New Rochelle Tennis Club, two final contests were decided, and one was postponed to some time this week. Vanderbilt B. Ward, Eastern New York State champion, and Dr. William Rosenbaum were the contestants in the final round of the men's singles. Early in the season the same pair were opposed in the final round of the New York Lawn Tennis Club tournament at Columbia Oval, Williamsbridge, when Dr. Rosenbaum won the match in straight sets. The contest yesterday was a complete reversal of form, and the young champion outplayed his opponent throughout three sets and won at 6—3, 6—4, 6—4.

In the mixed doubles, Miss Marie Wagner, the State champion, and A. J. Ostendorf defeated Miss Margaret Grove and J. H. Steinkampf, two sets to one, at 6—4, 6—3. The match was an interesting one and showed the two women players at their best, but Miss Wagner, who plays an excellent net game, made a number of clever cross-cut shots and repeatedly passed her opponent.

CLAY COURT TITLE PLAY.

Champion Williams Drawn Against Bihlman in Today's Contest.

PITTSBURGH, June 27.—Play in the sixth national Clay Court tennis championship tournament, which opened here yesterday, will be resumed tomorrow morning on the courts of the Pittsburgh Athletic Association. The play tomorrow will be in the men's singles. According to an announcement today, the women's matches will not be started until the men's singles have been reduced to thirty-two players. This will probably be about Tuesday.

Interest in the matches for the second day of the meet centres in that between R. N. Williams of Philadelphia, American amateur champion, and Victor Bihlman of Pittsburgh. It is expected that G. M. Church, Dean Mathey and W. M. Washburn, Eastern tennis stars, will also get into the game before the day is over.

New York Tennis Team Loses.

WILMINGTON, Del., June 27. — J. J. Armstrong and Wallace F. Johnson, Philadelphia, the title holders, defeated Theodore Pell and H. P. Prentiss of New York today in the challenge round for the Delaware State tennis doubles championship in straight sets. The score was 7—5, 6—2, 6—4.

RAIN STOPS CYCLE RACES.

Three Events Only Decided at the Newark Velodrome.

A thunder shower put a stop to the cycle race meet at the Newark Velodrome yesterday, when eleven heats and three finals had been completed. Reggie McNamara of Australia defeated Caesar Moretti of Italy in the Brassard match, the only feature event to reach a conclusion.

The one-third mile professional handicap went to Jake Magin of Newark with a handicap of thirty yards. William Morton of Kearney, forty-five yards, was second, and Ernest Ohrt of California, thirty yards, was third. Alf Grenda, Australia, and Fred Hill of Boston won the tandem match in straight heats.

N. Horvath, Newark, won the novice, the only amateur race run. E. O'Mara, of New York, was second.

The Kramer-Goullet match and other unfinished races will be staged Wednesday night.

Clean Sweep for Cyclist Lock.

William J. Lock, leading rider of the New York division of the Century Road Club of America, won all three events in the club's weekly road races yesterday on Springfield Road. He showed the way in the half-mile scratch race, two-mile handicap, and four-mile handicap. Twenty cyclists took part in the three contests.

Boxing Bouts for the Week.

This week will be a busy one for the patrons of boxing clubs. In addition to the usual weekly attractions, two open-air entertainments are scheduled. The most important event in the fistic line is the contest at the Brighton Beach Sporting Club on Saturday night, when Freddie Welsh, the lightweight champion, and Charlie White of Chicago will clash in a ten-round bout. There are many followers of the sport who believe Welsh has made a mistake in taking on the hard-hitting contender for the title. Two six-round contests will bring together Johnny Burke and Harry Lortz and Sammy Decker and Mike Wagner.

On Thursday night at Ebbets Field Gunboat Smith will have a chance to retrieve his laurels when he opposes Charlie Weinert of Newark. This battle between heavyweights should prove a good drawing card and furnish plenty of action. George Rodel, the Boer, and Sailor Fritts are booked for the semi-final bout.

The Olympic Club of Harlem offers an interesting series of bouts tonight. In the first ten-round contest Carey Phelan will face Johnny Clinton. The second will bring together Jimmy Duffy and Kid Ghetto, and the principals in the wind-up will be Pinky Burns and Willie Astey.

A special entertainment has been arranged for tomorrow night at the Long Acre A. A., featuring Jimmy Murray and Willie Andrews. The other bouts scheduled are between Solly Blom and Battling Burke, Young Rose and Jimmy Curtis, and Al Murphy and Bobby Wagner.

Manager Jimmy Johnston will offer Al Reich, the former amateur champion, and Jim Savage of Orange as an attraction at St. Nicholas Rink. Reich is starting the "comeback" act and will endeavor to recover all his lost ground, with a view to another bout with Jim Coffey. A good set of preliminaries and semi-final have been arranged.

A colored show is announced for the Vanderbilt A. C. of Brooklyn for tonight. Darkey Griffin and Harry Gardner will be the opposing forces in the main bout. Charlie Smith and George Young will be the contestants in the semi-final bout.

Willie Beecher, the aggressive lightweight, will face Walter Mohr in the main bout of ten rounds tomorrow night at the Broadway Sporting Club of Brooklyn. The club has discontinued Monday matinee professional try-out bouts, and these will be staged as preliminaries to the Beecher-Mohr engagement.

Three ten-round bouts are scheduled for tomorrow night at the 135th Street Club. The main event will bring together Harlem Tommy Hopkins and Frankie Callahan. The other two bouts will be between Battling Gans and K. O. Johnson and Mark Spencer and George Baysden. The latter two contests will bring colored men into the ring.

BULL AND WATSON BEAT SCHOOLBOYS

Veteran Tennis Players Win from Throckmorton and Dunham in Middle States Meet.

C. Frederick Watson and Charles M. Bull, Jr., carried off final honors in the Middle States tennis championship tournament at the Orange Lawn Tennis Club yesterday by defeating the schoolboy team, Harold A. Throckmorton and Lindley Dunham, in four well-contested sets at 6—3, 7—9, 6—2, 6—4. The victory gives Watson and Bull the right to challenge Karl H. Behr and Theodore R. Pell for the men's doubles title. They will play the present title-holders Wednesday afternoon at 4.

The match with Throckmorton and Dunham was put over from Saturday after two sets had been played, Throckmorton and his partner taking the first at 7—5 and Watson and Bull the second at 9—7. Saturday's match was stopped on account of darkness, and when the teams resumed play yesterday it was agreed to begin the match all over again.

Earlier in the day a series of thunder showers had visited Mountain, N. J., drenching the courts and giving the Tournament Committee some uneasiness. After each shower, however, the sun came out and dried things up nicely. The turf was in fairly good condition at 3 o'clock, when the match was scheduled to begin, but the four men had scarcely stepped out on the court and the crowd gathered around when up came another storm, and all hands ran for cover. There was no time to spread canvass over the court, but again after a short wait the sun broke through and made the ground playable.

The evenness which marked the play of the teams Saturday was not so conspicuous yesterday. Watson and Bull went out after the pair of slashing youngsters and forced them to take the defensive throughout the first set. Watson and Bull resorted to a lobbing game and kept their opponents scrambling for difficult overhead shots.

After taking the first set at 6—3, Watson and Bull let up a trifle, and the youngsters opened a smashing attack, which gained them the next set at 9—7. The lobbing game was again called into play in the third set, and so skillfully did Bull lift the ball beyond the youngsters' reach that they were driven from their stronghold at the net and were unable to score more than two games. They made their last desperate stand in the fourth, but the winners continued their lobbing tactics, and, after allowing the score to run to 4—all, captured the next two games, which gave them the set and match.

Throckmorton showed no ill-effects of his gruelling five-set match with Behr last Saturday, and played with all his usual dash and skill. He was more careful about his serving yesterday and was caught foot-faulting only three times. Summary:

Middle States Championship, Men's Doubles.—Final Round—C. Frederick Watson and Charles M. Bull defeated Harold A. Throckmorton and Lindley Dunham, 6—3, 7—9, 6—2, 6—4.

CHAMPION DEFENDS TITLE.

Frederick G. Anderson Wins in Long Island Tennis Championship.

The appearance of Frederick G. Anderson, the title-holder, in the Long Island tennis championship tournament yesterday on the Kings County Tennis Club courts in Brooklyn, added interest to this annual event. Anderson, who is now living in Baltimore, made the trip to Brooklyn at the special request of his clubmates, and will defend his title against many of the best players in the Metropolitan district, who are entered in the tourney.

In the first round the champion scored an easy win over W. Gallant at 6—1, 6—2, and in the second secured a lead of 6—3 in the first set with W. Halsey Wood of the New York Tennis Club when rain stopped the contest. By mutual agreement the match will be replayed today.

Charles Chambers advanced to the third round by an easy victory over R. Goldman at 6—1, 6—2, and E. C. Oelsner qualified for the same round by a hard-fought three-set victory over G. Gutwillig at 6—3, 3—6, 6—3.

Two players reached the fourth round. These were Dr. W. H. Ross, who won by default from H. Mollaneaur, and M. Goldman, who defeated R. V. Lake at 6—2, 6—1. The summary:

Long Island Championship Men's Singles.—First Round—Dr. A. W. Waite defeated J. W. Fox by default.

Second Round—E. C. Oelsner defeated G. Gutwillig, 6—3, 3—6, 6—3; Allen Behr defeated George King by default; T. J. McKee defeated D. Stewart, 6—1, 6—2; Frederick G. Anderson defeated W. Gallant, 6—1, 6—2; H. Mollaneauer defeated V. C. Arguimbau by default; G. A. L. Divinne defeated A. L. Barlow by default; F. B. Ogilvie defeated W. Young by default; Charles Chambers defeated R. Goldman, 6—1, 6—2.

Third Round—Frederick G. Andersen vs. W. Halsey Wood, 6—3, unfinished; Dr. W. H. Ross defeated H. Mollaneauer by default; M. Goldman defeated R. V. Lake, 6—2, 6—1.

Notes for the Tennis Players.

The Edgemere Club of Edgemere, L. I., has arranged an attractive list of tennis fixtures for the season, including the annual invitation tournament in men's singles and doubles. The first tournament is scheduled for Saturday, and will be for men's singles. The season will close with the annual Labor Day round robin men's doubles handicap, Sept. 4 to 6. The season's schedule follows: July 3, men's singles, (scratch;) July 13, women's singles, (scratch;) July 17, men's doubles, (handicap;) July 20, women's doubles, (handicap;) July 29, 30, and 31, annual invitation tournament, men's singles and doubles, (U. S. N. L. T. A.;) Aug. 7, mixed doubles, (handicap;) Aug. 11, women's doubles, round robin, (handicap;) Aug. 21, men's doubles, (scratch;) Sept. 4, 5, and 6, annual Labor Day round robin men's doubles, (handicap.)

Entries for the north side championship, to be played on the courts of the University Heights Tennis Club, beginning on Saturday, close Friday night with J. W. Mesereau at the clubhouse, or 'phone 1120-R Fordham. The events will be men's singles and doubles. Arthur M. Lovibond won the open tournament at the club last year.

The annual junior tennis tournament for schoolboys ranging up to 18 years will begin today on the courts of the Clifton Tennis Club at Arrochar, Staten Island. All schoolboys within the age limit are eligible to compete in this tournament, and they have until tomorrow to send in their entries to Otto Garche, 14 Marion Avenue, Stapleton, Staten Island. Entries will also be received by telephone, and the number of Mr. Garche's phone is 115-W Tompkinsville. The club can be reached via South Beach trolley line to Barrett Avenue or the railroad to Arrochar station.

The Douglaston Park Tennis Club will hold a tournament on its courts at Douglaston Park, L. I., on July 3, 4, and 5, including men's singles, women's singles, and mixed doubles. Entries close on July 2.

Postpone Harlem Boat Races.

The boat races which were to have been held on the Harlem River yesterday by the Metropolitan Rowing Club were postponed, and it is the intention of the club to have these races rowed at a regatta, to be held on a Sunday in the near future. Because of darkness on Saturday several races scheduled for the regatta on that day were postponed, and these races were to have been held yesterday. As an added feature arrangements are being made for an interclub race, between crews of the Bohemian Boat Club and the Metropolitan Boat Club.

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SQUALL MARS RACING.

Excelsior Y. C. Motor Boat Event Stopped at End of First Round.

Motor boat racing made up the program at the Excelsior Yacht Club yesterday. The craft were divided into three classes and were sent over a course beginning at a point off the clubhouse on upper New York Bay, to Governors Island, around Owls Head bell buoy, and then back to the starting line. It was intended to send the larger craft around the course twice, but as an ugly squall was seen working its way down from the northwest, O. A. Thomas, who acted as Chairman of the Regatta Committee, decided to stop all of the boats at the end of the first round

The yachts were sent off on their handicap times, and the first boat home in each division was declared the winner. In the cabin cruiser class of more than thirty feet the winner was G. Hanson's Dorothy, which defeated Della M., the property of W. D. Martin. G. Meyer's Edith was the first boat home in cabin cruisers less than thirty feet. Baby Edna scored in the open launch division. During the afternoon and evening there was a dance at the clubhouse.

CERO CAPTURES RACE.

Time Allowance Gives Power Boat Prize in Block Island Run.

BLOCK ISLAND, R. I., June 27.—The 100-mile race of the New York Athletic Club power boats from New York to West Harbor was won on corrected time today by the Cero, which finished third. Flyaway III., the first boat to reach the finish line, covered the distance in 5 hours 40 minutes elapsed time. The Intrepid finished second. The Hoopla, regarded as one of the fastest of the craft in the race, developed power trouble and was one of the last to finish.

The Cero's victory gives her a leg of the Sir Thomas Lipton Viking Trophy for boats navigated by amateur yachtsmen. The trophy must be won three times by the same owner before it becomes his absolute property. The Thistle, owned by J. H. Wallace, won the race in 1913 and 1914.

Sailing yachts which started ahead of the motor boats from New York yesterday had not been sighted at a late hour.

LOSES FOURTH PLACE.

Harry Grant Dropped to Fifth in Chicago Auto Derby.

CHICAGO, June 27.—Harry Grant, who established a new non-stop record by driving the 500-mile Automobile Derby yesterday without a stop, was crowded out of fourth place today when the official time was made public.

Earl Cooper, who had been credited with fifth place in the first reports, took fourth, his official time being 5:15:59 15-100. Grant, who holds fifth place, finished in 5:18:11 58-100.

The official time for Dario Resta, the winner, was 5:07:26.

Plan Another Wrestling Tourney.

Another big wrestling tournament, like the one recently held in the Manhattan Opera House, is under way, though this one is to be held in Madison Square Garden for the benefit of the European war sufferers, to take place some time this Fall. Samuel Rachmann, director of the recent meet, is the principal supporter of the tournament. It is intended to enlist the aid of the Ambassadors at Washington to obtain the safe passage through the warring nations of the several champions now at the front. It has not been decided yet whether the tournament will be Graeco-Roman style or catch-as-catch-can.

Wrestling Commission Wanted.

In the hope that wrestling can be kept under control and free from the "hippodromes" and "fakes" which have been frequently perpetrated on the public, a movement has been started to have a State commission appointed to govern the game, just as the State Athletic Commission does boxing.

Aqueduct Entries Today.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-old fillies; conditions; four and one-half furlongs. Little Dipper, 118 pounds; Malachite, 115; Remembrance, 109; Edna Kenna, 115; Miss Puzzle, 115; Sprint, 115.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; M. and G.; selling; one mile. Orotune, 107 pounds; Penalty, 105; Nephthys, 96; Miss Bar Harbor, 100; Noureddin, 98; Blackthorn, 99.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; handicap; six and one-half furlongs. Hestor Prynne, 113 pounds; Double Eagle, 109; Leo Skolny, 108; Royal Martyr, 109; Fair Count, 98.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; handicap; selling; one mile. Bac, 115 pounds; Thornhill, 116; Harry Shaw, 113; Cliff Field, 110; Chance, 95.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile. Loveland, 102 pounds; Dartworth, 104; Egeria, 85; Outlook, 85; High Tide, 100; Stonehenge, 109; Yodeles, 95; Beethoven, 99; Golden Prime, 102; Tinkle Bell, 101; San Vega, 112.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-old maidens; conditions; five furlongs. Qui Vive, 112 pounds; Achievement, 112; Startling, 112; Sasin, 112; Favour, 109; Air Man, 112; Wayfarer, 112; Walloon, 112; Bromo, 112; Trumpator, 112; Pastmaster, 112; Lord Rock Vale, 112; Sea Beach, 112.

PORES LOSES RUN BY CLOSE MARGIN

Marathon Winner Shows Poor Judgment in Finish at Galway Men's Games.

Charley Pores, the Sea Gate Marathon winner, who represents the Millrose A. A. in competition, showed poor judgment in the running of the seven-mile A. A. U. handicap, which featured the annual games of the Galway Men's Benevolent Association yesterday at Celtic Park. In the stretch run on the final lap he was just beaten by two long-mark contestants. The principal honors went to H. Schuster of the Swedish-American Athletic Club, who started from the 33-yard mark and ran a plucky race, being practically out of the running in the third mile with a stitch. In the last two miles he came along fast and passed J. Cerino of the Mohawk A. C., who had 5 minutes, and staved off the rapidly approaching Pores, who waited too long before going after the men in front of him.

The last man had just crossed the finish line when Celtic Park was turned into a mire by a thunder storm, which drove one of the season's biggest crowds into hasty retreat.

Arthur J. Fogel of the Irish-American A. C., the local junior cross-country champion, started from scratch, but at three miles dropped out, leaving Pores, who had 40 seconds start, and Hugh Honohan of the New York A. C., with 30 seconds' allowance, as back markers. Honohan finished fifth, just failing to get home a prize-winner. The last award went to F. Stein of the Pennant A. C., who, with 5:30 handicap, finished back of Pores in fourth position.

S. Lichtenberg of the Ninety-second Street Young Men's Hebrew Association triumphed in the mile novice in the good time of 4:52 2-5. He defeated E. G. Walsh, unattached, and Charles E. Williams, also unaffiliated, for first place. Lichtenberg had to come from the rear to win. At the start he was almost last in the field of fifty runners, but after getting out of the pack he easily went away.

Edward Daly, a brother of John Daly, formerly American steeplechase champion, made a hard run in the 300-yard closed event, but was beaten by a narrow margin by H. J. Fleming in 0:37 4-5.

Long Walk to West Point.

The last scheduled walk of the Walkers' Club of America for the season was started from Van Cortlandt Park at 7 A. M. yesterday, to West Point, through portions of Westchester, Putnam, and Orange Counties. The route, beginning on Broadway, continued through Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs Ferry, and Tarrytown, passing Sleepy Hollow, Scarboro, and Ossining, where the walkers had dinner. The walk was resumed on the Albany Post Road, through Croton and Harmon, to Peekskill; on Highland Avenue, to Aimesville, and on to Garrison and West Point. The roads were in splendid condition, and, with the weather, made an ideal day for such a tramp, which was finished by all in good condition. The attendance at the Sunday walks this season is an indication of a vast improvement over last year, and points to even a greater one when they are resumed in September. The following men finished the fifty-mile walk: Pacemaker Hocking, Stritch, Heffernan, Abbihl, Anthony, Lieberman, Bernstein, Schmidt, and Cheshire.

Walkers Explore Staten Island.

The members of the American Walkers' Association had a twelve-mile tramp yesterday through Staten Island. Among those who took the trip were D. Mooney, G. H. Swartz, J. Daniells, H. Morrell, D. Goldberger, F. Lackemacher, F. Heath, P. Gardner, J. Lieberwitz, C. Cross, E. J. Lang, G. W. Cisney, A. Meyer, S. Friedman, W. Bockerman, G. Trefry, G. Trefry, Jr., F. Senfert, L. Kotten, A. Milck, and F. Gage. The association's mileage contest, which started last week, will end the last week in June next year. Medals are now being awarded to the men when they complete their first hundred miles, and century bars for each additional hundred miles. The walk next week will start at the Public Library and end at Van Cortlandt Park.

Eller First in Five-Mile Race.

The New England Wheelmen resumed their point races over the Eastern Boulevard yesterday, twenty riders taking part in a five-mile handicap which provided a thrilling finish. The first six men were closely bunched as they approached the line, but C. Eller managed to force his wheel slightly to the front as the finish was crossed. C. H. J. Tonjes was second. The time for the distance was 15:20 1-5.

Soldiers in Boxing Bouts.

Members of the United States Army detachments stationed at Fort Slocum and other New York forts engaged in a series of boxing bouts in Fort Slocum gymnasium on Saturday night. Barney Williams, who is recognized as the featherweight champion of the army, won in ten rounds from Soldier Sieger, who is stationed at Fort Slocum. Soldier Kissner of Fort Hamilton knocked out Jack McGuire of Slocum in the seventh round of a scheduled ten-round contest. The next exhibitions at Fort Slocum will take place on July 20.

Champion Willard's Wife Dying.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, June 27.—Mrs. Jess Willard is dying of quick consumption, say Buffalo physicians who examined her yesterday. They declare she cannot live more than a month. She will go to the Willard home at Emmett, Kan., tomorrow. Her husband has a contract with a wild west show playing here and asked for release, but the management refused.

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LAST SPEEDWAY MATINEE.

Road Drivers Wind Up Spring Season and Award Trophies.

The Road Drivers' Association of New York held their eighth and final Spring matinee upon the Speedway yesterday. Cups and ribbons were awarded the winners which had accumulated the greatest number of points in the trotting and pacing divisions.

J. P. Kennedy's trotter, Courier Boy, having twenty-nine points to his credit, with nine heats won, captured the silver trophy. G. Gall, owner of the mare Kitty Oakland, also received a cup. Both with the same number of points, Nathan Straus's Denver and J. A. Murphy's Oakland Boy were tied for second honors. Their owners received blue ribbons.

In the pacing class four cups were awarded. I. V. Hunt's Clover Patch, with 32 points, received the first prize. Other trophies were presented to C. Hawatsch owner of Bright Direct; J. J. Morris, who drives the mare Madame X., and J. Gilmore, owner of the gelding Exultant.

All the brushes yesterday were closely contested. The 1:02 trot, which was virtually a match race between Oakland Boy and Denver, went to three heats. The latter won the race, losing the first heat, but coming back strong and taking the next two after close and exciting finishes.

Travers at Montclair Golf Club.

Honors were divided in the four-ball match, between Jerome Travers, the open champion, and Tom Anderson, the club professional, who played against Reginald Lewis of Ridgefield, Conn., and Alex Smith, the professional, at the Montclair Golf Club yesterday. In the morning play, Travers and Anderson won 3 up and 2 to play, while the afternoon's play resulted in a victory for Lewis and Smith, 3 up and 2 to play. In the second contest, Smith played at top form and went out in 34. A thunderstorm came up after sixteen holes had been played, and the last two holes were not played. Travers was not in the best form, having returned on Saturday night from Philadelphia, where he won two tournaments and three cups.

Close Finish in Century R. C. Race.

From a field of twelve riders, J. Marquart yesterday took first place in the last of the weekly point races of the Century Road Club Association over a six and a half mile course on Pelham Road. Joseph Naphtal, who was the scratch man, after two and a quarter miles dropped out. A little later George Steppello withdrew. The others were closely bunched, and remained together until the finish was neared. Then Marquart pedaled ahead, closely pursued by Ray Caldwell and Joseph Caldwell. Neither could match Marquart's speed, however, and the men crossed the line in the order named: Edwin Jensen was fourth, Jackie Welton, sixth; Harry Whiteman, seventh, and Charles Hyland, eighth. The time of the winner was 15:02 4-5. Next Saturday the club will hold a run from Columbus Circle to Sag Harbor and return the next day.

Tours for Motor Peace Carnival.

The number of entries received for the numerous tours this week to the Motor Peace Carnival and motor cycle rally at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., July 3, 4, and 5 break all previous records. The Eastern New York tours will leave New York at 6 o'clock on the morning of July 2. The noon stop will be at Poughkeepsie, the riders then continuing to Albany, where they will meet the various New England tours. Leaving Albany at 3:45 P. M., the tourists will go to Schenectady, where they will meet the tourists from Buffalo and the Middle West. All the tours combined will then complete the journey over the new State road to Saratoga Springs, leaving Schenectady at 5:30 P. M. They are due to arrive at Saratoga about 6:30 P. M. Each rider will then register at headquarters and receive a silver watch fob and complimentary tickets to the social events.

Leo Friede Takes Elliot Cup.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, N. Y., June 27.—The annual races of the Atlantic Division of the American Canoe Association were held at Dennings Point today. The races are to be continued on July 5. The race meet is being held in connection with the annual camp of the American Canoe Association. The Elliot Trophy was won for the third time by Leo Friede, Manhattan Canoe Club, and holder of the International Cup. William Harrison of the Knickerbocker Canoe Club put up a good race. Ideal weather prevailed.

Strike up the Band.
Here comes a Sale—
2653 Boys' Suits—our entire stock of fancy mixtures, Norfolk and Double Breasted. Sizes, 7 to 16.
393 were $8.50.
314 were $9.50.
370 were $10.50.
148 were $12.50.
120 were $14.50.
$6.50 now.
199 were $10.50.
440 were $12.50.
$8.50 now.
418 were $14.50.
251 were $16.50.
$10.50 now.
ROGERS PEET COMPANY
Broadway at 13th St. "The Four Corners" Broadway at 34th St.
Broadway at Warren Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

SPORTING EVENTS.
RACING AT AQUEDUCT TODAY
SIX STAR ATTRACTIONS INCLUDING THE
Oakhill Handicap
FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
SPECIAL RACE TRAINS
leave Pennsylvania Station, 33d St. and 7th Av., also from Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, at 12:30, and at intervals up to 2 P. M. Course also reached by Trolleys. Automobiles from New York take Queens Boulevard to Woodhaven Av., thence to Track.
GRAND STAND $3. LADIES $1.50.
MUSIC BY LANDER.
Baseball, Washington Park, 3:30 P. M. today. Tip-Tops vs. Chicago Feds.
Baseball, Polo Grounds, Today. 2 Games. First game 1:45 P. M. Giants vs. Boston.

The New York Times

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, JUNE 28, 1915.

THE MERCHANTS' VOTE FOR SUBSIDIES.

Those who approved the rejection by the United States Chamber of Commerce of the Government steamship proposal were disconcerted by the vote in favor of subsidies, 558 to 186. On this head it would seem that the political opposition is sounder than the commercial support. How happens it that the merchants approve what even the politicians condemn? It is because the politicians got their fine work in first, and the subsidies are necessary to correct it. This is the form of the question which the Chamber of Commerce answered affirmatively, 3 to 1:

> Do you favor subsidies from the Government sufficient to offset the difference in cost between operations of vessels under the American flag and operation in the same deep-sea trades under foreign flags?

The abnormal cost of operation under the United States flag is the reason of the approval of subsidies. It is a better reason for the repeal of the statutes which make the cost of operation excessive, and thereby necessitate subsidies, in the opinions of those voting. The effect of the granting of subsidies would be merely to transfer the excess cost of operation to the taxpayers, not to cancel it. A mercantile marine which exists only as a burden upon taxpayers is not the sort of commercial marine which is a national resource. Statutes that drive ships off the seas and provide good jobs aboard ships which do not exist are not annulled by subsidies. The burden is doubled and shifted, not lightened.

Hardly a day passes without announcement that one line or another must withdraw from business unless the statutes are repealed—the same statutes which the Chambers of Commerce voted should be balanced by a subsidy. If there were no such statutes there would be no vote for a subsidy and no need for one. There never was such a boom in American shipbuilding as now. The proportion of cargoes carried in American vessels is constantly growing. The conditions of the war are more stimulating than any subsidy which could be voted, just as the impediment to world trade by the war is more restrictive of imports than any tariff which could be passed or even suggested. There is need only that American enterprise should be allowed to enter this trade without the handicap of statutes passed nominally in aid of labor, but really in discouragement of both labor and capital.

THE JULY DIVIDENDS AND INTEREST.

The midyear disbursements by industrial concerns this year will be $270,084,613, against last year's $264,885,780. The total is satisfactory, being a maximum, but the increase is all in the interest payments, that is in the items which precede profits. All classes of interest payments increase, railway, industrial, governmental alike. Railway obligations increase most, but no more than is right considering their larger total. The result of the increase of fixed charges is that the dividends decrease by about the amount of the interest increase.

But here is an inconsistency which challenges attention. Railway dividends are better sustained than the industrial, despite the greater favor of industrials among market operators. Railway dividends are practically unchanged, but industrial dividends decrease from $53,722,313 to $51,183,957. These considerable changes are not caused by any one great corporation, but are divided among many minor and, therefore, representative concerns. All during the recent troubled past prices have been supported by dividends. So long as the returns were satisfactory the price changes were matters of comparative indifference to many. But if price changes are to be considered in connection with falling dividends there is a suggestion of another sort. The reduction of profits naturally is not welcome, but it may be necessary before the political movement for the reduction of profits can be checked. So long as the dividend distribution was unaffected agitators could say that the business world's protests against legal restrictions were a cry of "wolf," but a check to dividend distribution, accompanied by an increase of fixed charges, is a political factor of no mean significance.

GOOD-WILL FOR THE PRESIDENT.

As the President journeyed through the New England States last Friday on his way to his Summer home at Cornish, N. H., he had reason to feel that "the people" understand him, approve his recent acts, and are determined to stand behind him. At Springfield, Mass., and at all the other stations at which his train stopped in that State, in Connecticut and Vermont, there were crowds to greet him with manifestations of affectionate esteem and expressions of the public confidence. They were not holiday crowds, assembled for the occasion by advertisement; they were composed of all sorts of people of both sexes, but the workingmen predominated and many of them had something to say that was pertinent and must have been gratifying to the man they honored.

What they said expressed exactly the feeling and the spirit of a great majority of the people of the United States in this hour of great perplexities. The idea that President Wilson has met the larger problems which have beset his Administration with steadfast courage and wisdom prevails throughout the land. He needs the brief respite from the routine of official life he has taken, but even among the New Hampshire hills he cannot escape the larger cares of State. It must encourage him to bear his burdens cheerfully to know that the people comprehend the difficulties of his task and approve his course.

THE RIGHT TO RESIGN.

Manufacturers of arms and ammunition show good sense in trying to secure the services of our well-trained army officers. But the circumstances which have so greatly taxed the resources of the manufacturers are also taxing the resources of the army. Our land defenses are undergoing reorganization. The army is to be strengthened, and there is work for all the competent officers it possesses and many more. The right of an army officer to resign in times of peace has never before been made a public question, but the needs of the hour have compelled Secretary Garrison to make it such a question now and to ask for the first legal opinion on this point ever required. Of course, it is well understood that in case of war all these officers would give their services to their country, but although we have no war and hope to have none, the services of all the officers are needed.

Probably nobody has ever given much thought to this matter. There have been times when the army has had more officers than were actually required. After a few years in quarters many a Lieutenant has sought and obtained occupation in civil life in which his West Point training would be serviceable. It seems likely that the decision will be that no man who has been educated for service in the army, with a prospect of retirement on fair pay after his term has expired, has an inalienable right to withdraw, although it has been the custom to accord that privilege to officers. The Attorney General's decision will be awaited with interest.

REVENTLOW.

> It is a little difficult to understand the course of the German Government in thus suppressing the Tageszeitung only to permit its prompt reappearance with a publication which attacks the President of the United States by name and in terms of a most hostile spirit. Possibly the rebuke administered to Count von Reventlow through the temporary suspension of his organ is only Pickwickian.—Washington Star.

No, it was a stern and significant rebuke and meekly accepted as such, but it was not a rebuke for attacking the President of the United States. It was administered for attacking Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg in the course of an article ostensibly aimed at President Wilson. When the Tageszeitung was permitted to resume publication it resumed its attacks on the President, but made no further references to the "inadequate statesman" at whom its original assault was really directed.

HUERTA'S PLANS CHECKED.

In preventing the development of a new revolutionary movement in Mexico by arresting the leader of it, who had formed his plans on our soil, the Government at Washington has acted wisely and in accordance with the rules of international law. The arrest of Huerta at El Paso is a fair warning to the various bodies of Mexican patriots at San Antonio, in Washington, and this city that they may not safely abuse the privileges they enjoy in this country by conspiring to violate the neutrality laws of the country. If the Federal officials had always been as prudent and alert many a revolution in Latin America might have been averted. The Mexican revolution of Madero in 1910 might never have developed if the United States Government had been as careful as it was yesterday to prevent the violation of neutrality laws. The arrest with Huerta of Orozco, once his avowed enemy, later his follower, and now one of his fellow-conspirators, indicates that the nine or ten former general officers of Huerta's army now at El Paso may yet find themselves in the toils. The well-laid plans of the new revolution have been revealed, a store of ammunition for its use has been seized in El Paso.

The significance of Huerta's arrest in relation to President Wilson's plans for the pacification of Mexico is doubtful. If some revolutionary General of another faction is presently taken into custody there may be more ground for conjecture. Huerta is entitled to no sympathy. Nobody doubted when he suddenly appeared in New York that he was planning an invasion of Mexico by way of our Southern border. Nor does anybody doubt that other Mexicans now dwelling here entertain similar plans. If they would all return to their native land and carry out their plans on their own soil our Government would not interfere.

Huerta happens to be the most conspicuous and the most thoroughly discredited of the lot. As Dictator in the National Palace he suppressed every semblance of popular Government and drove into exile every statesman of distinction remaining in Mexico City after the murder of Madero. With all conditions in his favor he could never set up a Government that would survive. What Mexican can? What body of Mexicans can work together successfully to restore law and order? That is the question, undoubtedly, which is bothering President Wilson much more than the ill-fated military expedition of Victoriano Huerta and the sullen revolutionist he once defeated at Bachimba.

NOT TO BE IGNORED.

All that Mr. Augustus P. Gardner, Representative in Congress from the Sixth Massachusetts District, says publicly in criticism of the Navy Department, inevitably savors of politics. There is no doubt that the Republicans will try to make navy upbuilding one of their issues next year. But as true words may be spoken in jest, so purely political criticism may often be securely founded on facts. The newly developed zeal of Secretary Daniels for the strengthening of the navy is encouraging. He seems now to be wide-awake to the needs of the situation.

Nevertheless, it is perfectly true that talking cannot make ships or man and equip them, that there has been a great deal of honest discontent in the navy about the neglect of matters the officers believe essential to its efficiency. Mr. Gardner's assertion that the average of marksmanship in the navy has not improved in five years is susceptible of clear proof or disproof. It is worth while for Mr. Daniels to disprove it, if he can, by publishing facts and figures, as the country is deeply interested in the present condition of the navy.

A MISTAKEN APPOINTMENT.

The Supreme Court has upheld the appointment by the President of Oliver P. Newman as Commissioner of the District of Columbia, and now, after two years of marking time, the Washington City Government can go ahead on that mysterious program of reform which President Wilson is said to have had in mind when he appointed Newman. This program, whatever it is, was heralded with a great blare of trumpets; a new era was to dawn for Washington. But the city's sentiment was adverse to the appointment of Newman; the appointment was challenged in the courts, and for two years the reform program has been in the condition of Mahomet's coffin. With the court's decision there is another blare of trumpets; now again the new era is to be ushered in.

It would have been easy for the President to avoid this by appointing some one whose nomination would have been less offensive to the feelings of Washington. Its people have no vote and are ruled by outsiders; the nature of their government is such that they cannot expect much in the way of self-government or home rule, and they cling, naturally, to what little they have. They complain of being governed by men who do not understand the city's needs, and wish to minimize that condition as much as possible. The law provides for a Commissioner who shall be a resident of the city, and Newman was challenged as not being a resident. Technically, it seems, he is, but Washington, hoping for the appointment of some well-known citizen who knew its wants and was interested in its welfare, was revolted by the naming of one whom it regarded as a carpet-bagger.

Newman is a newspaper reporter from Iowa, who came to Washington in 1904, got a job on a Washington paper for a few months, and then quit and went to Texas. He returned in 1911, after working on various papers in the West, and got another Washington newspaper job, working in Washington again for less than a year. Then, after an absence in which he did not give up his claim of residence, he was appointed District Commissioner by Mr. Wilson. Washington maintains that these fleeting stays in the city did not make him such a "resident" as was contemplated in the law; one who knew the District's needs and conditions.

The decision to the contrary by the courts leaves an unfortunate situation; for however excellent the unknown program of reform may be, its execution will be hampered by the suspicion and dislike engendered by the making of an appointment against the sentiment of the city. It will meet at every step antagonisms that should not be aroused, and would not have been if the President had shown a little wisdom and consideration for the feelings of the city Newman is to govern. Presumably it was not necessary to go outside the city; presumably Washington was not so full of incompetents that it was necessary to take a stranger. That it was not is shown by the fact that the President succeeded in finding, for the other Commissionership, a man of ability and character who was also a bona fide resident, Louis P. Brownlow. Altogether the Newman appointment, which seems to have been made because of personal friendship, was a mistake injurious in its immediate effects, and probably will continue to be injurious.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Teachers and Students Considered.

One of our correspondents, a professor speaking with the authority of experience, denies that college students are "ingenuous youth," accepting in meekness and docility the doctrines and opinions ladled into their receptive minds. The truth is, we are told, that the boys—and presumably the girls—at the universities utilize other sources of information than the lectures of their instructors, and other, too, than the textbooks warranted sound by Faculty or Trustees. The result is, according to this expert, that if the professor doesn't reveal to the students the existence of theories reprehended or condemned by the living and dead purveyors of his salary, the students themselves will very promptly present those theories for his consideration and show that they have been doing some reading and thinking without his help.

That some undergraduates are of this kind and potency is undeniable by anybody who ever went to college. But they are not very numerous, unfortunately, or at any rate they were not, some years ago, and survivors of the earlier era do not observe around them many signs that the youth of today, if they differ at all from their predecessors, do so by being more given to the unrequired searching of libraries or less disposed to accept as true what they hear in the classroom.

And it hardly sustained our correspondent's contention as to the student's mental independence to declare that, wherever the teacher was, there was the university and that when Socrates was told to move on, his pupils followed him. Surely the teacher ought to be convincing, and surely he is, if competent. More or less influential he always is, and therein lie at once his merit if his opinions be sound and the need as well as the justification for restraining him if they be not. That, once appointed, his liberty of speech as well as of thought should be without any limitations at all, is a theory obviously indefensible.

Where the line of restraint can properly be drawn is and always will be an open question, but the professor, like other people, has a right to his day in court, and to dismiss him without an explanation hints all too strongly that the reason for dismissal is one that cannot be avowed with safety to those who put him out.

His Peace Has Its Peculiarities.

Congressman Vollmer of Iowa is one of the German-Americans who agree with the Germans not American who insist on saying that if this country loved peace as much as it pretends, it would have refused to sell ammunition to the Allies and so permitted Germany and Austria to bring the war to an end.

American-made shells and cartridges Mr. Vollmer describes as "instruments of murder." To those of Teutonic manufacture he does not take the trouble to give a name, but in his mind, of course, they are instruments of peace, and so they are, letting him also define the word "peace" to his liking.

Just why anything that helps the Allies to victory is not as peace-producing as what renders like service for their enemies is evidently quite clear to Germans and their sympathizers, but to everybody else it is a dark mystery. If, by keeping our ammunition at home we could have made the European war impossible, or could now reduce all of the combatants to helplessness as regards further fighting, there would be at least excuse for assailing us as the foes of peace, but in the existing circumstances it is hard, indeed, that we should be called bad names merely because most of us agree with the Germans themselves in wanting only a particular sort of peace.

The sort most wanted here happens to be unlike that to which Mr. Vollmer aspires.

The Jitney at War With the Trolley.

The irresponsible but multitudinous jitney, in its development as an instrument of traffic, has encountered a new enemy, the trolley line. In Pennsylvania open war has been declared on the jitney by the traction companies. The jitney will stand by its colors and thus it is bound to get into politics. The Public Ledger of Philadelphia foresees the organization of a jitney party and a jitney issue in State elections. It has been at pains to investigate the jitney field and learns from one traction authority that "on account of jitney competition there are no plans anywhere in the United States for trolley line extensions." In Philadelphia, it is said, the Rapid Transit Company is losing $1,000,000 yearly in competition with the ill-regulated jitneys, which, by the way, sometimes raise their fares to five jitneys, or a quarter of a dollar, when they can get trade without competition. In Harrisburg the decrease in the receipts of the electric cars is said to be $1,000 a day. The Ledger has similar reports from a dozen other cities.

If the people prefer the jitney to the surface car which runs on tracks they may stand by the one and let the other go out of business. But that is too preposterous to argue about. Of course the public wants its trolleys, and it will presently begin to insist that this new competition be regulated for the general good. The capital of the jitney is the cost of a second-hand motor car of the cheapest sort, its running expenses the cost of gasoline. Repairs are not often essential. The jitney owner often is his own driver, his own treasurer. Any discarded motor truck can be used for a jitney. These competitors for traffic with the organized, heavily capitalized lines seem to appeal to the national sense of humor. The jitneys impede traffic and are in the way of becoming public nuisances in all large towns. They will not survive a serious contest with the trolleys, such as is contemplated in Pennsylvania.

THE COURT HOUSE.

Borough President Marks Further Explains His Point of View.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial of today you ask: "What greater service to the masses of the people can be performed than that of the law courts?" My answer is that the law courts can continue to be housed in present buildings with such improvement and reconstruction as may be found necessary and advisable.

The real question before us is: Shall we now, in poor times and with growing tax burdens, proceed with plans for this expensive Court House, contemplated when times were prosperous and taxes lower, or shall we, like practical, conservative men, accept our loss (which after all will be relatively small) and not go further with a project costing many millions of investment, and millions also in annual charges for maintenance and interest?

You say that "the city will lose large sums quite apart from the sum now estimated at $7,000,000, if the project is abandoned." You have been misinformed about this; the sale of the land in which the city has thus far invested need not entail a loss of anything approaching the amount you mention. Plottage is much more valuable than separate lots, and it must be remembered that there are few, if any, such plots in lower Manhattan. Furthermore, office buildings and other business structures on this site would enhance values in the neighborhood much more than would a Court House.

You charge me with an "obsession for services to the masses of the people," in which we may include floating baths, (which, by the way, are to have pure Croton water running in and out steadily and not river water;) open markets at modest rentals, music in the parks, public lectures, night schools for immigrants, vacation schools, &c., all of which have been recently attacked on the plea of necessary economy. The use of such opportunities tends ultimately toward better citizenship, and consequently less business for the courts. I cheerfully acknowledge my enthusiastic interest in these public services, and in view of the last paragraph of your editorial I will add another item to the list; namely, the preservation of our public parks.

You say that I am "giving great joy to the clique who still want to occupy all the unincumbered part of the City Hall * * * for the law courts." Will it afford joy to any such parties to read this statement that I will always strenuously oppose the use of an additional foot of park space for such purpose?

I have studied all phases of the present situation carefully, and have come to the conclusion that plain, practical business economy will compel a halt in contracting obligations for a costly Court House structure.

MARCUS M. MARKS.

New York, June 27, 1915.

PEACE PRETENDING.

Let Mr. Bryan Advocate Sheathing of the German Sword.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your issue of yesterday records a meeting at Cleveland, Ohio, for a union of all German-American societies—church, social, fraternal, and political—to force the United States to stop the sale of arms to belligerent nations. This is the most pronounced attack upon American citizenship that our citizens of German birth or progeny have yet attempted. While admitting the right of the United States to export arms and ammunition, they insist that this country has moral obligations toward these citizens of German origin, who they boldly tell us "form the largest racial element in this country"; and that, as in this country "strength alone commands respect," it is the duty of the German-American element to organize as a solid unit for the purpose of forcing an embargo on the export of arms and ammunition.

I hope all American citizens will welcome this challenge. It is time to know whether our German fellow-citizens are right in assuming that moral obligations have no influence with us, and whether force is the only element that commands American respect. This would be a conflict that would have some meaning, and we would have a chance of teaching these would-be dictators that there are moral obligations upon our naturalized citizens and that there is still an element of strength in the native American.

The supposed interference with neutral trade and the operation of the British Orders in Council under the stress of daily warlike necessities dwindles into absolute insignificance beside this arrogant dictation of the foreign element which has found shelter, prosperity and freedom among us, and which would embargo not only our arms and ammunition but our independence and our freedom of action.

Let us hope that Mr. Bryan and his present German-American allies will take notice of this removal of a mask of pacifism, and that Mr. Bryan will realize in gathering his German-American friends about him that he is gathering about him not the disciples of peace, but the friends of the sword and the submarine. There never has been a time in the history of Germany in which she has not been ready to invoke the sword, and in many instances it is the sword of rebellion and revolution that has wrested from the inheritance of divine right the only measure of freedom and independence which the German has ever enjoyed. It is the sword that put the grandfather of the present Kaiser on the throne of Prussia in the place of his brother. At every stage of history the sword has been used, and as frequently for the preservation of right as for the domination of wrong. It is to the sword that Holland owes her independence and nationality. It is to the sword that we owe our first independent existence. Let Mr. Bryan remember that the Germans have never repudiated the sword. They did not repudiate the sword when they sold arms and ammunition to the Boers. Can Mr. Bryan's German sympathizers say that the sword was then an instrument of wrong? Possibly they may, considering that with equal alacrity they provided the English with munitions of war when the Boers were deprived of the opportunity.

The peace propaganda that the German-Americans have undertaken is the sorriest pretense. Let Mr. Bryan appeal to their Kaiser to sheathe the sword and to retire within his own borders and to cease the trampling of foreign lands. Any other invocation for peace is idle while the German hordes assume to dictate to Serbia, to Belgium, to France, to England, and to Russia, and now to the United States, by demanding that they cease the exportation of arms.

New York, June 25, 1915. P. F.

The Stranger's Impression.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Traveling in a train the other day to Albany, two gentlemen behind me were comparing notes of their experience during a visit to the city. After a good deal of jocular but not complimentary comments, one said: "I don't think I ever got a civil answer in public." Said the other: "Well, I got one, but it was from a Frenchman." I felt hurt, but not surprised.

The public manners of New York are undoubtedly bad, very bad. Go into an average store, for example, and the way "What is it?" is jerked out at you, or the bored or contemptuous look you receive if you do not buy, is exasperating or humiliating (according to your temperament) in the extreme.

Now, if those in authority from the public school up were to make a concentrated effort, all that could be changed. Politeness is merely a matter of education and proper discipline.

CONDITIONS.

New York, June 24, 1915.

MISSIONS IN THEIR PLACE.

Religion Is Barred from Korea's Public and Private Schools.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Recently news items with headlines such as "Japan Bars Christianity," "Ousts Missionaries in Korea," "Shintoism Replaces Christianity in Korea's Schools," and the like, have been going the rounds of the American press. This report is not only much beside the truth, but is detrimental to the cause of the Christian Mission itself. Permit me to explain through your paper the exact facts and real situation.

The Chosen Educational Ordinance, (Aug. 23, 1911,) based on the educational policy enunciated in the Imperial Rescript issued by the late Japanese Emperor in 1890, laid the foundation of the educational system now in force in Chosen. It established throughout Korea a uniform system of common schools, higher common schools, girls' higher common schools, industrial schools, and special schools, and issued regulations for the management, subjects of study, textbooks, &c., of each class of these schools. What is more to the point here, is the enunciation in the ordinance of the policy to be pursued toward religious education. The proclamation of the Governor General reads:

> Freedom of religion is assured to each and all. But as the educational administration of the empire maintains and has maintained from early times the principle that the education of the people shall stand independent of religion, all Government and public schools and those schools whose curriculum is fixed by the law and ordinance of the empire cannot be allowed to enforce religious education or conduct any religious ceremonies.

This principle of keeping education independent of religions derives its inspiration from the Constitution of Japan, which guarantees freedom of faith.

Now, however, as the intervening five years have seen much progress in perfecting the regular educational machinery and in the spread of common education among the Koreans, the Government General considers it proper to take the whole matter of national education into its hands in order to unify and co-ordinate it with that prevailing in Japan proper. Hence the revision in the Regulations for Private Schools. But these regulations do not become effective until 1925. Thus ten years' grace is granted for the change in order to give ample time and opportunity for the adjustment needed. The main points of the revision are as follows:

> 1. All private schools giving common, industrial, or special education are required to conform to the regulations provided for such purposes in the Chosen Educational Ordinance, and to arrange curricula and subjects of study accordingly.
>
> 2. In these schools no religious teaching is permitted to be included in their curricula, nor religious ceremonies allowed to be performed. Bible schools and Sunday schools are exceptions to this rule.
>
> 3. Teachers of these private schools must have certain required qualifications, notably a competent knowledge of the Japanese language.

At the time of the annexation of Korea there were about 2,000 of these private schools. Of these, the mission schools, managed by foreign missionaries, numbered 746. Since then they have decreased considerably. At present they number about 450. These schools were and are still generally far from being complete in their equipment. They are the institutions that will be most vitally affected by Ordinance No. 24. What the Chosen Government says to these schools and missionaries amounts to this: "We have framed one settled policy of national education. To this all schools in Korea must conform. Religion and education must now be separated. You are welcome to co-operate with us in educational work by establishing and managing schools, but that must be done in conformity with our policy. We highly appreciate your good work as missionaries, and, indeed, as such you are welcome; but we want you to confine your missionary work within its proper sphere."

Schools, hospitals, and charity work have been the adjuncts of missionary work in Korea as elsewhere. Hereafter the work of education will be conducted by the Chosen Government itself in co-operation with those who are willing to work in harmony with its policy. If the missionaries concur with this view they are more than welcome to conduct their schools.

Dr. JOKICHI TAKAMINE,
Member Royal Academy of Science, Director East and West News Bureau.
New York, June 26, 1915.

A Plea for Tennis Courts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If one will but take into consideration the fact that tennis, more than any other game, offers to its participants a better opportunity to exercise and develop all muscles, one will not be amazed at the great number of enthusiasts who are constantly adding to the game's name. One has but to view the vast throng of people who wait impatiently until it is their chance to occupy the courts at all public parks to admit that this game must have unusual attractions.

I believe that there are enough players gathered at these courts to warrant tripling the present number, and I have no doubt that the ranks of the huge tennis army would be greatly increased if more courts were available

After being closed for about five years, the North Meadow Lawn in Central Park has been opened this year. In addition to offering a playground for children, this large area of ground is sufficient in size to permit the erection of a number of tennis courts, and in compliance with the cry of the East to develop players with the required ability to represent them in the various tournaments, I think it would be well if space in the North Meadow Lawn could be set aside for such purpose. B. G.

New York, June 24, 1915.

Poor Richmond!

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am inclosing a protest, as an owner of Staten Island property since 1888. I can only get $25 a month for a house, grounds, and all improvements, with nearly $175 taxes, against $20 per month in 1890, with $19 per year taxes. Surely we have gained nothing by becoming "Greater New York," and a tunnel is our only solution. I am sure this will strike home to the heart of many a property owner in Richmond.

HONORA M. GODFREY.

New York, June 22, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In all this rejoicing on the completion of the Steinway Tunnel is there not somewhere, in somebody's brain, a scheme for a tunnel for poor Richmond Borough, with its one-track trolleys, its long boat journey, and its many changes?

Surely we who pay the highest rate of taxes of any borough have some right to rapid transit. Tax burdened, assessment burdened, stranded somewhere down New York Bay, no wonder we groan beneath our load of unsalable property, which if transit facilities were more rapid would make Staten Island the most desirable suburb of New York City.

COMMUTER.

Staten Island, N. Y., June 22, 1915.

Beaten by Their Own Leader.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In Sunday's paper you had a most interesting and accurate account of the naval battle of Lissa, but I find in Sir William Clowes's book that the Affondatore sank in a storm on Aug. 6 and not the day after the battle, or July 21. However, as it was said that the injuries received in the battle was the cause, the date is immaterial. While not trying to rob the Austrians of the glory they accumulated in this affair, I think it only justice to the Italian Navy as a whole to state that they were whipped by one man alone, and he was their commander, Count Carlo Pellion di Persano. Sir William speaks of him as follows: "He finally went out on his mad expedition without an ounce of coal save what his ships had in their bunkers."

JOHN C. STELER.

Brunswick, Ga., June 22, 1915.

GERMANY TRAVELS THE ROMAN ROAD.

Under the False Pretense of Needing More Room in the World, She Flaunts the Ancient and Fatal Doctrine of Might.

By PROFESSOR DAVID Y. THOMAS.
University of Arkansas.

Fayetteville, Ark., June 25, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Still the Germans claim to be fighting for self-preservation, though nobody, probably not even in Germany itself, really believes that the victory of the Allies would mean anything like German extermination. This is shown by the fact that such apologists as von Mach, Harden, Dernburg, and Münsterberg, in appealing to the generally recognized rule that self-preservation is the first law of nature, have said that it was necessary for the Germans to use their might to preserve themselves, but usually have qualified it by saying that they must use it at least to find room for the full development of their powers and the preservation of German "kultur." Is this law of might or this "kultur" which it is to spread original or borrowed?

Even the enemies of the Germans admit that they have done wonders in the world of scholarship. The literature of the Greeks and Romans they have made their own. Perchance they have developed a kultur of their own. Have they made any advances over the moral ideas of the ancients?

Mommsen is commonly recognized as one of the greatest of the German historians. In his History of Rome, Vol. IV., he says:

> The law that a people which has grown into a State absorbs its neighbors who are in political nonage, and a civilized people absorbs its neighbors who are in intellectual nonage, is as universally valid and as much a law of nature as the law of gravity. This was the justification for Rome's conquest of Greece, which was ripe for destruction. When Rome became too narrow for the Roman burgesses and they were in danger of decay, the Senate's policy of Italian conquests saved them from ruin. Then, when Italy became too narrow, a brilliant idea led Caesar over the Alps, to gain there for his fellow-burgesses a new and boundless home. In the building of this home what was pulled down for the sake of the new building was merely the secondary nationalities which had long since been marked out for destruction by the leveling hand of civilization.

Several questions naturally propound themselves. Did the Germans need more room and a new home? In seeking this did they strike only the "secondary nationalities?" Does the civilization of Mommsen type tend to level?

If the Germans are now in no danger of starving and can provide for themselves indefinitely while fighting on every side, as they claim, surely they were not suffering severely before the war began. On the contrary, Dernburg, formerly Colonial Minister, proudly boasts that Germany's trade is rising faster than that of England, multiplying by five in forty years, while that of England has only a little more than doubled. Likewise, he claims, the shipping industry is forging ahead. It is not, then, because Germany is in dire need that she is waging this war. Germany is waging it, says Maximilian Harden, "to obtain wider room on earth for development and for working out the possibilities that are in her." After paying a glowing tribute to the German genius, which has molded its spiritual aspirations into the 42 centimeters, he says that Germany wants no Russian or French territory, nor yet billions of their money. Her ambition is "to hoist the storm flag of the empire on the narrow channel that opens and locks the road to the ocean." That is the meaning of the rush toward Ostend and Calais. "We need land for our industries, a road into the ocean, an undivided colony, the assurance of a supply of raw material, and the most fertile well-spring of prosperity—a people industrious and efficient in its work."

Whether they actually need more room or not, they want it and are out for it. Unfortunately Germany was late in attaining her majority, though born no later than England or France, and found practically all the desirable lands of the earth pre-empted. England and France and the other nations took them in precisely the same way that Germany is now trying to get them—by force. Some they took from old nations "ripe for decay," some from barbarians. Now they claim them by right of getting there first and long-continued occupation-prescription. But this gives no valid claim to possession any longer than the time when another nation wants it, thinks Professor Münsterberg. No court in the world could have decided between Japan and Russia, he says, for both desired the same territory. The only way to settle it was by might. Just as Rome found her nations ripe for destruction to the east and south, so on her south and west Germany struck at nations which she calls decadent, ripe for destruction—France and England. As for France, at least, the Germans are not the only ones who have spoken of her as decadent. The Germans and the world have about decided now that France is not even morally bankrupt. And little Belgium? While Germany supports only 290 to the square mile and supports them so badly that they claim to feel cramped, little Belgium supports 680 to the square mile, stands sixth in the commerce of the world, and gives to Germany 5 per cent. of that foreign trade she is so eagerly seeking. This certainly was one of the countries "ripe for destruction"—by Germany. On the north Rome struck at barbarians, among them the Germans; Germany is now striking on the north at a people she calls barbarian, the Slavs.

The hour of Rome soon struck and her civilization gave place to German kultur. Has it never occurred to the Germans that they may be traveling the Roman road and that their kultur may give way to a Slavic civilization? For numbers do count in settling the question of might.

If Germany is only observing the same law that other nations have followed and is now only asking for a share of what they have appropriated by might, why is it that so many of the neutrals are praying for her defeat? And this includes many nations which have no share of colonial spoils. If she were only asking for a fair share and promising that the division should be made according to need and not according to might, the case would be different. Instead of doing this she is flaunting her might and seeking to dominate the world. Civilization of the Mommsen type does not work with a "leveling hand," one that really levels. Roman civilization brought to the few burgesses colossal fortunes, many of them secured by plundering the conquered nations which were "ripe for destruction"; to the many, poverty, shame, and the degradation of enslavement to the fortunate few. This is the type which the world is asked to continue in international affairs when mankind is revolting against it in the social organization.

Today there are a few landlords in Prussia who own thousands of ancestral acres, and there are thousands of landless peasants who inherited nothing from their landless fathers. If one of these peasants were to go to one of these landlords and say "I need land," and ask for a fair division, he would be laughed to scorn. If he should happen to have a strong arm and take the land by might, the whole power of the Prussian State would be used to crush him. To prevent combinations of the proletariat from accomplishing their ends by political means the wealthy are given a decided advantage in voting power. But the idea that justice should rule in the social organization has been growing apace and many laws for social betterment have been wrung from an unwilling aristocracy. Outside of Germany this movement to substitute social justice for vested rights and rights secured by might has gained great headway without so striking a growth of the Socialist Party. Coincident with this has come an embryonic international conscience. When Germany felt it unnecessary to put forth any justification except her desire and her might, the other nations sought to ground their actions on morality. They have not advanced far beyond Germany, but they have at least made a beginning. That is why the success of Germany would be a world calamity. It would mean the death of justice in international and racial affairs and retard the growth of social justice for centuries.

After saying that Russia and Japan were equally on moral ground, Professor Münsterberg says that "the source of conflict (in this and all other similar cases) is only the scarcity of the available land, in sharp contrast to the unlimited goods which the individuals covet." Then strength alone can settle the issue. Now the goods which individuals covet may be a little more plentiful than the lands which the nations covet, but they are more inequitably distributed. And if covetous individuals acted on the same principle on which covetous nations now act—namely, take what you want, if strong enough—we should always be in the midst of robbery, plunder, murder, social war. But they do not, and already the sun of the day of social justice is rising, when the coveted goods shall be more equitably distributed and the few shall share with the many the tillable land of the earth.

If the world is ever to have peace, the nations must learn to do national and social justice and bother less about "natural boundaries" and "scientific frontiers." England must do justice to India and South Africa, Russia to Poland and Finland and to the Jews, France to Morocco, Italy to Tripoli, Japan to China, Austria to her varied nationalities, and the United States to the Philippines. If this does not follow, the victory of the Allies will mean no more to humanity than the victory of the Germans.

DAVID Y. THOMAS.

A JANE ADDAMS PEACE.

It Would Recognize the Danger of War and Need of Defense.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As Miss Jane Addams is still absent, permit me, as a colleague, to reply to Professor Perry's assumption in your issue of June 24 that she has the "malady of the rigid mind" and needs to be urged to "champion the oppressed."

Like all patriots, she and I believe in national defense and adequate defense, but, unlike the military visionaries, we do not think that armaments and defense are necessarily synonyms. We do "recognize" the fact and the possibility of war," but we believe that the ever-increasing armament scheme has been chiefly responsible for the present war, and if continued will help precipitate future wars. While not asking for disarmament until all nations disarm together and substitute an international police, we earnestly urge no increase at present.

The real malady of mind of those who learn no lesson from the collapse of the militarist prophecies as regards Europe's preparedness is that they can see no other form of defense than explosives. They are like a man who can see nothing but the surgeon's knife for every physical ailment and has no faith in constitutional treatment through medicine or diet, exercise, and fresh air.

We hold that our unguarded Canadian line, our two great oceans, our enormous wealth, our lack of old quarrels and boundary line problems relieve us enormously and are great assets. Far more important than these defenses are the thirty treaties of a year's delay before hostilities—treaties that will be kept, because it is for every nation's interest to keep them; the certainty that if we take the lead a "league of nations to enforce peace" can be established by the time this war is over; and the great new defense from concerted non-intercourse, which will ultimately replace armaments and be a far more effective compulsion than they have ever been. Further, we believe that new laws to establish Federal protection over unnaturalized aliens, and various Congressional enactments to remove friction with the weaker nations we have offended, would be far more of a defense than new regiments and battleships.

The rigid mind sees only one form of real defense—the traditional, discredited defense of armaments. We see many and we hold that this one so-called defense has often proved only a menace.

LUCIA AMES MEAD,
Secretary Woman's Peace Party.
New York, June 26, 1915.

War Ballads.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You say the whole American Revolution produced no such ballad as "Barbara Frietchie." Did you forget "Paul Revere's Ride"? Is it not "fixed forever in people's minds"? Of course, if you maintain that the theme of the ride is just one incident, though a vital one, preceding the battle, I shall not quarrel with you. But though few men were engaged, some historians consider the battle of Lexington and Concord as not entirely unimportant. Do you disagree with Emerson when he says:

> "Here once the embattled farmers stood
> And fired the shot heard round the world."

ERNEST H. WOOD.

Saranac Lake, N. Y., June 23, 1915.

Times War History in Australia.

Sydney, Australia, June 5, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It may interest you to know that The Times Current History of the War has a great vogue here. R. S. W.

A STREET IN BEAUCAIRE.

The tall gray houses lean across the way;
Like tottering gossips, whispering scandal, they—
Seeming to peer into each other's eyes,
From out their mullioned windows, bleared and wise,
As though to spy what secrets may be there
Beneath the sculptured eaves of old Beaucaire!

Upon the faded roof-tiles of the town
The ancient castle from its heights looks down,
As when young Aucassin and Nicolette
(How lives the fragrance of their romance, yet!)
Stole softly down the tower's secret stair,
To love—then, lose—each other, in Beaucaire!

MAZIE V. CARUTHERS.

GIBBONS CONDEMNS VOTES FOR WOMEN

Cardinal, in Open Letter, Reaffirms Stand Against Extension of Suffrage.

DEFINES EQUAL RIGHTS

Prelate Says They Mean Each Sex Should Discharge Its Own Proper Duties in Society.

BALTIMORE, June 27.—Through an open letter addressed to James R. Nugent, former City Counsel of Newark and a well-known Democratic leader in New Jersey, Cardinal Gibbons hopes to settle once and for all any further question of his attitude respecting woman suffrage.

In the campaign which is now being waged in New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, and Massachusetts, in which States the question of woman suffrage will be voted upon this Fall, many contrary and divergent statements have appeared, all supposedly reflecting the attitude of Cardinal Gibbons on this subject. It has not been an unusual sight to see the eminent prelate's name used in one city as a proponent of "votes for women," and in another city as opposed to women entering politics, and many newspapers also have quoted him erroneously in this matter.

For the purpose of defining his position in the present campaign Cardinal Gibbons has sent the following open letter to Mr. Nugent:

Cardinal's Residence,
408 North Calvert Street,
Baltimore.

My Dear Mr. Nugent: I still hold the same views on woman suffrage, already so often expressed—that the ballot would drag woman from her domestic duties into the arena of politics, and rob her of much of her charm, goodness, and true influence.

She is, indeed, a princess, but her God-given rule should lie in domestic and gentler fields and ways.

We all believe that she has been so successful in her work there that we fear any change by the carrying of her government into the political field. Faithfully yours,
JAMES CARDINAL GIBBONS.

Supplementing his letter to Mr. Nugent, Cardinal Gibbons further says:

"Equal rights do not imply that both sexes should engage promiscuously in the same pursuits, but rather that each sex should discharge those duties which are adapted to its physical constitution and are sanctioned by the canons of society. To some among the gentler sex the words equal rights have been, it is feared, synonymous with 'similar rights.' To debar woman from certain pursuits is not to degrade her. To restrict her field of action to the gentler avocations of life is not to fetter her aspirations after the higher and the better. It is, on the contrary, to secure to her not equal rights so called, but those super-eminent rights which cannot fail to endow her with a sacred influence in her own proper sphere.

"The insistence on a right of participation in active political life is undoubtedly calculated to rob woman of all that is amiable and gentle, tender and attractive; to rob her of her innate grace of character, and give her nothing in return but masculine boldness and effrontery. Its advocates are habitually preaching about woman's rights and prerogatives, and have not a word to say about her duties and responsibilities. They withdraw her from those obligations which properly belong to her sex and fill her with ambition to usurp positions for which neither God nor nature ever intended her. Under the influence of such teachers we find woman, especially in higher circles, neglecting her household duties, never at peace unless she is in perpetual motion, or unless she is in a state of morbid excitement. She never feels at home unless she is abroad. When she is home the home is irksome to her. Hence arise disputes, quarrels, recriminations, estrangements, or the last act of the drama is often divorce.

"When I deprecate female suffrage, I am pleading for the dignity of woman, I am contending for her honor, I am striving to perpetuate those peerless prerogatives inherent in her sex, those charms and graces, which exalt womankind and make her the ornament and the coveted companion of man. We must remember that though woman does not personally vote, she exercises the right of suffrage by proxy. So powerful is the influence which a sensible matron exerts over her husband and sons, that they will rarely fail to follow her counsel which comes from an inspired instinct rather than from labored reasoning.

"Woman is queen indeed, but her empire is the domestic kingdom. The greatest political triumphs she would achieve in public life fade into insignificance compared with the serene glory which radiates from the domestic shrine, and which she illumines and warms by her conjugal and motherly virtues. If she is ambitious of the dual empire of public and private life, then, like the fabled dog beholding his image in the water, she will lose both, she will fall from the lofty pedestal where nature and Christianity have placed her, and will fail to grasp the sceptre of political authority from the strong hand of her male competitor.

"Though woman is debarred from voting, she brings into the world and rocks the cradle of the nation's future citizens. She rears and molds the character of those who are to be the future rulers and statesmen; the heroes and benefactors of the country. Surely this is glory enough for her."

MISS JANET BOOTH ENGAGED

Daughter of Dr. J. Arthur Booth to Marry Joseph E. Brown, Jr.

The engagement is announced of Miss Janet Booth, a daughter of Dr. J. Arthur Booth and Mrs. Booth, of 129 West Seventy-seventh Street, New York, to Joseph Epes Brown, Jr., the younger son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Epes Brown of 123 Remsen Street, Brooklyn.

Miss Booth is the granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Olcott, formerly of Brooklyn, but now living at Ridgefield, Conn., where the Browns also have a country place. Miss Booth's maternal grandfather was formerly President of the Hamilton Club of Brooklyn, and his country estate, Casagmo, is one of the show places of Ridgefield. Miss Booth is a niece of the late Professor George N. Olcott of Columbia University, and Rome, Italy, who was famous for his archaeological work, and whose notable collection of antiquities was presented to Columbia University by his widow.

Mr. Brown is a Yale graduate of 1913, and is a member of Wolf's Head, Phi Beta Kappa and Alpha Delta Phi, and also of the Hamilton Club of Brooklyn. No date has been announced for the wedding.

ROYALTY AT PAGE WEDDING.

King and Queen to Attend Marriage of Ambassador's Daughter.

LONDON, June 27.—King George and Queen Mary, it is stated in the London newspapers, will be present at the wedding early in August of Miss Katherine Page, the daughter of Walter Hines Page, American Ambassador to the Court of St. James's, and Charles G. Loring of Boston. Their Majesties are said to be sending notable presents to the bride.

It is recalled that King Edward and Queen Alexandra attended the wedding of Miss Jean T. Reid and John H. Ward in 1908, at which time the bride's father, Whitelaw Reid, held the diplomatic post now occupied by Mr. Page.

Whitman Starts for Amherst.

ALBANY, June 27.—Governor Whitman left by automobile today for Amherst, Mass., to attend the commencement exercises. He will deliver an address on Wednesday. The Governor was accompanied by Edwin Duffey, State Highway Commissioner. Both are graduates of Amherst.

SWISS MONASTERY IS READY FOR POPE

Teuton Ministers to the Vatican Urging Benedict XV. to Leave Rome.

GENEVA, June 27, (via Paris.)—During the last few weeks the famous Benedictine Monastery at Einsiedeln, Canton of Schwitz, has been carefully repaired and modernized to make it ready, it is stated, in the eventuality of the Pope going there to reside temporarily.

The German and Austrian Ministers to the Vatican, who now have headquarters at Lugano, Switzerland, are favoring by propaganda this change of residence for the Pope.

ROME, June 27.—The Giornale d'Italia publishes a note stating the assertion that cipher telegrams to the Holy See are not allowed to pass is untrue. They are passed by the censor undisturbed, as has always been the case.

The Idea Nazionale says that the Papal Secretary of State intends to publish a statement regarding the interview with the Pope published in the Paris newspaper La Liberté, to remove "the painful impression" caused by the publication. It adds that the form the statement will take has not yet been decided upon.

Since the publication in La Liberté of Paris of an interview in which Benedict XV. was reported as complaining about his treatment by the Italian Government and expressing fear of a possible revolution, there have been rumors that the Pope might move temporarily to Spain or some other nearby country, but none of these stories has been taken very seriously in Catholic circles.

DENIES EDITORS WANT WAR.

F. P. Stockbridge Calls It a Most Expensive Luxury.

The relationship of war and the newspapers was the topic of a lecture last night in the Church of the Ascension by F. P. Stockbridge of The Evening Mail. He said that there were many popular delusions on the subject, the most pernicious being that the editor and owner welcomed war.

Mr. Stockbridge declared that war was the most expensive luxury in the history of newspapers, and that, since nearly all the publications east of the Mississippi were now 1 cent, war meant enormous loss to most of them.

The speaker insisted that the American newspaper had kept a remarkably neutral attitude. Any real fact, whether touching on the Allies or on the Germans, was welcomed in every newspaper office as a long-lost brother.

In summarizing, Mr. Stockbridge ridiculed the idea that any of the local newspapers had been subsidized by foreign powers. One paper in particular had been charged with being in the hands of British interests, he said, yet that publication gave to German news the greatest space of any New York paper. He did not believe that a single cent of foreign capital was in a newspaper in this city that had not been there long before the war began.

BEAR NEEDS A BREAD CARD.

German Authorities Arrest Animal's Owner for Ignoring Law.

BERLIN, June 15.—The authorities of Elberfeld are confronted with the most puzzling problem that they have had to solve since the bread card became an institution in Germany—and all because of a show bear that is so particular about his food that he will eat nothing but bread.

The owner of the animal recently was haled before the lower court, fined and sentenced to two months imprisonment because he had shared his weekly portion of bread with the animal. He appealed, alleging that the bear was his only means of support. A kind-hearted Judge changed the sentence to a fine of 100 marks, and advised the owner to apply to the President of the government in which Elberfeld lies to issue bruin a bread card of his own.

MILLS AGAIN AN EVANGELIST.

Presbyterian Returns to Platform After Absence of 20 Years.

Four thousand people gathered at the first meeting this year in the Evangel Tent, at 124th Street and Morningside Avenue, yesterday afternoon, and stayed until the services were over, in spite of the fact that the canvas flapped and the tentpoles swayed during the thunderstorm. The Rev. Charles M. Alexander, who noticed many in the tent looking nervous when the wind bulged out the canvas, shouted, reassuringly:

"Don't be afraid. I've seen a bigger tent than this fall, and nobody was killed, either."

Great interest was taken in the meeting because it was the "comeback" of the Rev. B. Fay Mills. Dr. Mills, who was for a while one of the most noted evangelists in the country, left the Presbyterian Church about twenty years ago, became a Unitarian, and later built a "New Thought Church" in California. A few days ago he was received back into the Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Mills spoke briefly in the afternoon, saying that he had studied all religions and for a while had held that the true faith was a theology which embrace Christianity and all other religions, but that he held that no longer. Years of study, he said, had convinced him, after all, that there was no book which supplied the spiritual needs of humanity like the Bible.

In the evening Dr. Mills spoke on "Why I Came Back to the Orthodox Church." The Rev. John J. Callahan, Chaplain of the Tombs, made a brief talk. Meetings every night except Saturday will be addressed by Dr. Mills and other evangelists.

McGOWAN DIES A BEGGAR.

Former Millionaire and Trenton's Mayor Was Arrested as a Mendicant

Frank A. McGowan, Mayor of Trenton in 1887 and at one time believed to have a fortune of $3,000,000 to $5,000,000, died yesterday morning in St. Mary's Hospital at Hoboken, to which he had been taken after begging a dime from a policeman on Tuesday.

Cerebral hemorrhage was the cause of death, according to County Physician George A. King. The body was taken away by a son, Donald McGowan of Trenton, who is connected with the Pennsylvania Railroad, and will be buried in the Trenton Cemetery.

Ocean Travelers.

Some of those booked to sail today for Marseilles on the Patria are:

Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Beaubien, Lestrade Brown, W. W. Burnham, Miss D. M. Cary, Miss Mary Clare, K. G. Colwell, Herbert Corey, Mr. and Mrs. L. Coste, Miss A. B. Hawes, W. Harold Jackson, Edwin C. Kemp, A. Landon, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Monahan, Charles M. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. Henry T. Shelton, Miss Nina Strickland, A. W. Van Buren, C. Valentine, W. Wilson.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday from Liverpool on the Philadelphia were:

Miss T. Alexander, A. Baird, T. C. Balmer, Mrs. H. Barclay, A. B. Barnes, W. R. Box, F. S. Bryant, C. F. Burton, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Butler, H. F. Chandler, Miss Ruth Clark, T. L. Clear, J. F. Comins, T. E. Davies, Miss E. L. Doyle, Roswell Eldridge, F. J. Gardner, E. B. Guthrie, R. B. Ireland, W. H. Irving, T. H. Jores, T. M. Kearney, F. B. Leland, Mr. and Mrs. S. L. B. Lines, R. W. Martin, Grafton W. Minot, Secretary U. S. Embassy at Berlin, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Mitchell, J. L. Morrison, A. J. Newstead, F. H. Portlethwaite, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Sandenan, G. M. Scott, J. C. Short, James K. Street, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Thomas, Dr. and Mrs. P. R. Turnine, John T. Ainslee Walker, and Miss Cora Van Haden.

GLEN ISLAND
WILL BE OPENED THIS WEEK.

CONCERT IN STADIUM ON 'SANE' JULY 4TH

Mayor's Committee Will Offer Band and Chorus at City College Amphitheatre.

30,000 AUDITORS EXPECTED

School Children Are to Sing at the City Hall—Arrangements for Athletic Contests.

A feature of this year's celebration of "a safe and sane Fourth" by the Mayor's Independence Day Committee will be a band concert and meeting in the Lewisohn Stadium at the College of the City of New York. Plans for this public entertainment have not been completed, but Carl Beck, Secretary of the Mayor's Committee, announced the tentative program last night. It provides for music by both band and singers and speeches by prominent men whose names, Mr. Beck said, would be made public within a few days. Mayor Mitchel is expected to preside, and Professor Henry T. Fleck of the Department of Music at Hunter College will direct the singing. The Edison Company has agreed to illuminate the stadium for the occasion.

The seating capacity of the stadium is 10,000, and Mr. Beck believes that 20,000 more auditors will be able to find room within the big inclosure. The music, he said, undoubtedly would carry far beyond the walls, enabling thousands of persons outside to benefit by the city's concert. All of the members of the committee agreed that the stadium, which will be opened to the public without charge for the first time since its completion on this occasion, was an ideal place for such a municipal celebration.

Another feature of the day's celebration by the Mayor's Committee will be a meeting at the City Hall, to be presided over by the Mayor, at which vocal music will be given by groups of schoolchildren and martial airs will be played by a regimental band. There will be addresses also, and the City Hall will be decorated.

Although the Board of Aldermen appropriated only $10,000 for this year's celebration, cutting previous appropriations down $15,000, arrangements are being made for athletic contests in the parks and playgrounds throughout the city on even a greater scale than in past years, and sub-committees have been appointed to arrange celebrations in each of the boroughs. Each Aldermanic district will have a band concert at the expense of the city, and joint celebrations will be held in various places. Alderman Bedell is at the head of the Music Committee, and will make public the entire musical program.

George Gordon Battle, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee, said last night that in spite of the smallness of the appropriation every effort would be made to make the celebration as safe as it had been in recent years. The committee's slogan, he said, would be "Let's hold the ground already gained." It was said that effort would be made to reduce last year's number of accidents in which persons were injured. None was killed last year, but 94 were injured, compared with none killed in 1913 and 65 injured. Statistics collected by the committee show that there were 22 killed and 422 injured in 1907, 11 killed and 316 injured in 1908, 7 killed and 559 injured in 1909, 6 killed and 179 injured in 1910, 3 killed and 91 injured in 1911, and 1 killed and 58 injured in 1912.

ARREST ANNOYERS IN PARKS

Detectives Raid Monkey Houses and Get Nine Prisoners.

Men from the Detective Bureau raided the Central Park and Bronx Park monkey houses yesterday and arrested nine men on charges of annoying women and girls among the spectators. When the detectives dived into the throngs in Central Park and began to seize some of the men against whom complaint had been made, others who were suspected of similar offenses took to flight. The noise and confusion they caused in tumbling over screaming women and girls in the efforts to escape drowned the chatterings of the animals in the cages.

Seven of the prisoners, all of whom were arraigned in the Night Court before Magistrate Appleton, gave Italian names. He sent three of them to the Workhouse for thirty days, and held the others for further examination in $1,000 bail each. The police are making a systematic effort to keep the gangsters and disreputable characters out of the parks and zoos.

FOR OLD-FASHIONED HOMES.

Harlem Dwellers Organize to Save Grass and Front Gates.

A Harlem Neighborhood Association, realizing that old-fashioned homes in New York, with separate buildings, grass plots and front gates must give way to apartments, is interesting itself to retain if possible some of such homes in Harlem. An association for that purpose has been formed and named after 130th Street.

In that street stands the Presbyterian Church of the Puritans, and in that church last night the residents of the neighborhood assembled to listen to a sermon on the old-fashioned home by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Robert Bruce Clark, and to sing hymns about the home.

In 130th Street are houses of unusual types belonging to the Astor estate. It is claimed that here remain such homes as are to be found in almost no other part of Manhattan. Thomas J. Burton, who lives at 36, led in forming the home association, and is its Chairman. He is assisted in its management by Ernest F. Brown, T. J. Geraty, Mrs. Charles F. MacLean, and Mrs. D. M. Marvin.

Odz-Engel Wedding Tomorrow.

The marriage of Miss Lillian Engel, a daughter of Mrs. Violet Engel of 68 Lenox Avenue, this city, and William B. Odz, a son of Aaron Odz of Philadelphia, will take place at 6 o'clock tomorrow evening at the St. Regis. Mrs. Richard Roth is to be the matron of honor, and Miss Violet Engel will be the maid of honor, while little Miss Vivian Roth is to be the flower girl. George R. Engel, a brother of the bride, will give her in marriage, and the Rev. Dr. Krauskopf will perform the ceremony. The best man and the ushers are to be Leonard F. Adams, William Williams, Dr. Morris Stark, Irving Weiser, A. A. Engel, and Mr. Rubin.

Prohibition Delegation for Wilson.

Plans have been made to send a committee of 5,000 persons to Washington on July 10 to present to President Wilson resolutions to be adopted by the convention of the Anti-Saloon League of America at Atlantic City. The conference will be held from July 6 to 9. A hundred speakers have been obtained.

PRESIDENT EXPLORES BYWAYS OF VERMONT

Takes Wild Auto Ride in Rain Over Mountain Roads—Lost at Times.

WINDSOR, Vt., June 27.—President Wilson and members of his family out for an afternoon automobile ride became lost today in the foothills of the Green Mountains, and for nearly five hours were riding through forests, up and down steep inclines, part of the time in a driving rain. The drive took the Presidential party over roads seldom traveled by automobiles.

The President was accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Francis B. Sayre, Miss Margaret Wilson, Miss Helen Woodrow Bones, Dr. Cary T. Grayson, and several Secret Service men. The chauffeurs of the two cars carrying the party were from Washington, and the President knew the country at least as well as any one with him. Apparently he enjoyed the experience and forgot entirely the cares of office.

Several times his automobile was driven into "blind" roadways and had to be backed out in order to proceed on its way. In one place the machine plowed down a steep hill in mud up to the hubs, and in others it ran beside ravines with mountain streams far below. The chauffeur is a careful driver, however, and at no time was the party in any danger.

During the ride the President frequently remarked on the impressive scenery. Going down a narrow gorge, the automobile was forced to stop to allow a horse and wagon to pass, and at another place it had to slow up while a farmer pushed to one side an obstinate cow, that insisted on standing in the middle of the road.

Leaving Cornish, N. H., shortly after luncheon, the President drove across the Connecticut River into Vermont toward Ascutney Mountain. His objective point was Woodstock, Vt., but in the mountains he lost his way and drove in many directions. At one place the automobiles were stopped, and Mr. Sayre leaned out and spoke to a farmer standing beside the road.

"Where does this road go?" asked Mr. Sayre.

"I've been living here all my life and it never went anywhere," replied the man, while the President tried to preserve his gravity.

The President tomorrow will ride to Hanover, N. H., and play golf on links near Dartmouth College.

EDISON INVENTS NEW LAMP.

Its Rays Will Enable Firemen to See in Smoke-Filled Building.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST ORANGE, N. J., June 27.—That the brain of Thomas A. Edison was working in an inventive direction while he was gazing at the flames that wrecked his great works here on the night of Dec. 9 last, became known today when announcement was made of the perfection of a "fireman's lamp," which it is estimated will save millions of dollars' worth of property annually because of its smoke-penetrating ability.

Mr. Edison viewed the progress of the flames that ate out the heart of his mammoth plant here. One of his employes told him it would be impossible to save several glass jars containing several thousand dollars' worth of uncut diamonds for use in the diamond disk phonograph, because of the smoke.

From that time Mr. Edison carried on experiments, and a large amount of money was expended in order that the article desired might be perfected. The lamp has been tested for the past week and found to be the most powerful electric portable lamp of its size ever constructed.

The battery which feeds the lamp only weighs two pounds and is strapped about the body of the fireman. On his helmet is pinned the incandescent lamp encased in a powerful reflector, which if broken automatically cuts off the current. Its rays will penetrate the thickest smoke. The battery, which is constructed of steel, will not spill and to operate it requires but to close a connecting pin on the top, which completes a circuit, lighting up the incandescent bulb. The lamp burns two hours.

HOMEOPATHS IN SESSION.

Open Seventy-first Annual Convention in Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 27.—All sections of the country were represented tonight when the American Institute of Homeopathy, the recognized charter governing body of that school of healing, opened its seventy-first annual meeting here. Memorial services for members of the institute who had died during the past year were held this evening, the memorial address being by O. S. Runnels of Indianapolis. The convention is to continue through Friday, and seven bureaus and four affiliated societies will hold sessions in connection with those of the main organization.

Some of the chief interest of the convention is expected to centre about the bureau of pedology, in which the social welfare of children is to receive special consideration this year. The effect of play and the problem of tuberculosis are to be discussed, as well as some of the more baffling complaints of childhood.

The affiliated bodies, with their Presidents, are: Obstetrical Society, Surgical and Gynecological Society, National Society of Physical Therapeutics, and the American Homeopathic Ophthalmological, Otological and Laryngological Society.

Among the numerous doctors who have prepared papers for the convention are Byron E. Miller, Portland, Ore., and Sarah M. Hobson, Chicago, respectively President and Secretary of the institute; Elizabeth Hamilton Muncie, Brooklyn, and Leon J. Loizeaux and Royal S. Copeland, New York.

FIND WINTER GARDEN CLOSED

No Explanation Given for Abandoning Sunday Concerts There.

Those who went to the Winter Garden last night to see the customary "Sunday concert" found the doors of the theatre locked and the theatre itself dark. Those who were disappointed were unable to obtain any explanation of why the performance was not given. Many persons who sought admittance told the uniformed attendant at the door of a restaurant adjoining the theatre that they had tickets for the show.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Ina Claire will give an imitation of Mrs. Vernon Castle in the "Ziegfeld Follies" at the New Amsterdam Theatre tonight.

Ned Wayburn's production of the farce comedy "She's In Again" has been booked by Klaw & Erlanger for a thirty-six weeks' tour the coming season. It will open at the Broadway Theatre, Brooklyn, on Labor Day.

Joseph Beyrer, 18 years old, an office boy for Simpson, Thatcher & Bartlett at 62 Cedar Street, has received a check for $1,000 for his moving picture play, "The Wisest of the Four."

1% Per MONTH UPON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY
THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
MANHATTAN
Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street.
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
Seventh Av., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Av., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
E. 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.
BRONX
Courtlandt Av., cor. 148th St.
BROOKLYN
Smith St., cor. Livingston St.
Graham Av., cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Av., cor. Rockaway Av.
1/2 PER CENT. CHARGED UPON LOANS REPAID WITHIN TWO WEEKS FROM DATE

LAMBS MAKE MERRY IN SING SING PRISON

Prison Band Meets Them and They Give Two "Gambols" for the Inmates.

SOME SIT IN DEATH CHAIR

Warden Osborne Announces That He Won't Leave the Prison Until He Is "Kicked Out."

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, N. Y., June 27.—A dozen automobiles brought a large party of members of the Lambs here today. They were met by the prison band and escorted inside, where all the sights were shown to them. They went through the death house and several sat in the electric chair.

"We are among old friends, anyhow," said De Wolf Hopper, and when the party went to the ball game they rooted hard for the prison team. The game was lost, however, to the All Stars of Tarrytown. Warden Osborne entertained the visitors at luncheon, and later the Lambs gave two entertainments in the prison chapel, which only seats 800. Two of the acts were in costume.

Mr. Hopper held the centre of the stage for a little more than the regulation vaudeville time, and when he was about to leave a chorus of shouts for "Casey at the Bat" arose from the prisoners.

"Was the rest of it as rotten as that?" exclaimed the actor. Then he recited famous Casey's experience, and, according to some of those present, a red-haired prisoner named Casey tried to climb across the stage to congratulate him.

There was in the audience a small number of prisoners, who said they were ex-actors, to the extent that they had been cabaret singers and "small time" vaudevillians. These were especially interested in a vaudeville sketch entitled "The Same Old Thing," which depicted a rehearsal of a play, and in which Rudolph Cameron and "Jack" Devereaux took part. The women's parts in the sketch were taken by men. One of them, that of a maid, was done by Regan Houston. Another stunt that "went big" was the dancing act of Pat Rooney.

There were, in addition, songs and musical numbers, followed by rapid-fire cartoon drawing by R. L. Goldberg, Tom Powers, Winsor McCay, George McManus and Joseph Keegon. Wilton Lackaye made a speech and Eddie Foy and the seven little Foys made a hit.

The double entertainment was arranged by Warden Osborne, and he took the stage himself for a few minutes to address the audience. He called attention to the fact that reports had been circulated recently that he intended to resign his office.

"I won't leave here until I'm kicked out," said the Warden. "There'll be no resigning here. I'll stick."

The Shepherd in charge of the visiting Lambs was William Courtleigh, and among others who entertained the prisoners were Jack Hazard, Frank Croxton, Scott Welch, Frank Belcher, Harrison Brockbrank, John Willard, Irving Berlin, and Robert Hosea.

WILL PLAN TRADE VISIT.

McAdoo Selects Men to Arrange South American Invasion.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Secretary McAdoo announced today that he had invited the following to become members of the Special Committee in charge of the visit of financiers and business men of the United States to South and Central America: Senator Duncan U. Fletcher, Jacksonville, Fla.; D. Y. Cooper, cotton manufacturer, Henderson, N. C.; G. A. Davidson, President Panama-California Exposition, San Diego; S. M. Hastings, President of the Illinois Manufacturers' Association, Chicago; Daniel Keleher, Seattle; A. L. Mills, President First National Bank, Portland, Ore.; Charles C. Moore, President Panama-Pacific International Exposition, and Walter Parker, General Manager of the New Orleans Chamber of Commerce.

To Discuss Vocational Schools.

Plans for the extension of industrial and vocational training in public and private schools will be discussed at a conference of educators and manufacturers at the Hotel Biltmore Sept. 23 to Oct. 2. Coincident with the conference there will be an exposition of school equipment and work at the Twelfth Regiment Armory, Columbus Avenue and Sixty-first Street. Governor Whitman is honorary Chairman of the conference Committee, of which Dr. John H. Finley, State Commissioner of Education; President Thomas W. Churchill of the Board of Education, Borough President Marcus M. Marks, Congressman Walter M. Chandler, Miss Florence Guernsey, and Mrs. Simon Baruch are members.

Weds English Naval Officer.

The marriage on June 24 of Miss Frances Winants, daughter of Mrs. Lucius F. Donohoe of Avenue A and West Eighth Street, Bayonne, and the late James Winants, to Lieutenant Martin A. F. Hood of the British Navy, was announced yesterday. The wedding took place at the home of Lieutenant Hood's mother in London. Miss Winants volunteered as a Red Cross nurse in the war, and has been stationed at Queen's Hospital, La Panne, Belgium. She met Lieutenant Hood several years ago in Jamaica.

Obituary Notes.

Colonel JAMES WEST, a civil war veteran, who served as aide de camp to several Governors of Pennsylvania, is dead at his home in Philadelphia in his seventy-sixth year. After the war he entered the wholesale dry goods business, in which he remained until his retirement a few years ago.

HENRY WETHERHEAD WATERWORTH, son of the late John Waterworth of Cheltenham, England, died yesterday at his home, 147 Tysen Street, New Brighton, S. I., in his sixty-third year. He was born in Cheltenham and educated at the college there. He came to New York as a young man, and for many years was a chartered accountant with the Metropolitan Audit Company at 31 Pine Street. He was a vestryman of Christ Church, New Brighton. A widow, a son, and daughter survive him.

ISAAC BLYN, shoe manufacturer and founder of the shoe firm of I. Blyn & Sons of Third Avenue and 123d Street, with several branches throughout the city, died on Saturday at his home, 23 Mount Morris Park West in his eighty-third year. He was born in Germany and came to this country in 1854.

Mrs. ESTHER FRANCES KERNER, musician and artist, died on Saturday at her home, 124 West Eighty-sixth Street in her eighty-second year. A daughter survives her.

Mrs. SARAH ELIZA BATTERSON, widow of the Rev. Herman Griswold Batterson, D. D., died yesterday at her home, 156 West Seventy-third Street in her eighty-sixth year.

DR. R. E. SWIGART DIES.

Stricken by Apoplexy While With Wife at Theatre.

Dr. Robert E. Swigart, 45 years old, of 645 West End Avenue, a prominent physician with an exclusive practice, died suddenly in Knickerbocker Hospital shortly before midnight last night of apoplexy.

After dinner in his home last evening Dr. Swigart, with Mrs. Swigart and Dr. William J. Gintz of the Hotel McAlpin, walked to Ninety-sixth Street and Broadway, where they entered the Riviera Theatre. Shortly before 11 o'clock Dr. Swigart became suddenly pale, and in answer to a question from Dr. Gintz said:

"I feel very cold. Something must be the matter."

"Don't worry about that," replied Dr. Gintz, "just come out with me, and I'll prescribe for you."

The two walked to a pharmacy on the corner, where Dr. Gintz made out a prescription. While waiting for it to be billed, Dr. Swigart collapsed. Patrolman Huth of the West 100th Street Station called an ambulance, and Dr. Frascola removed Dr. Swigart to Knickerbocker Hospital. He died without regaining consciousness.

Dr. Swigart was the medical director of the United Fruit Company's steamship service. He was a native of Ohio, and had lived in New York about two years.

COUNTESS GIANOTTI DIES.

New York Woman Was Widow of Prefect of the Italian Royal Palace.

ROME, June 26, (via Paris, June 27.)—Countess Gianotti, widow of the Prefect of the Royal Palace under Kings Humbert and Victor Emmanuel, died today at Lake Constance.

The Countess Gianotti was born in New York. She was the daughter of Francis Sherwood Kenney, a tobacco manufacturer who died in this city in 1908, leaving an estate of $12,000,000. She was married to Count Gianotti on Aug. 21, 1872, and soon became one of the leading figures at the Italian Court.

When the King of Italy went to France in 1903 the Count accompanied him, as, besides being the royal master of ceremonies, he was one of the King's most intimate friends. Countess Gianotti's eldest daughter was married to Count Alfonso Balbin Bertone di Sambrey, a relative of the Duchess d'Aosta and the head of one of the oldest families in Italy. After her daughter's marriage Countess Gianotti bought the Colonna Palace in Rome. She was famed for her kindness to Americans visiting in Rome.

BISHOP TOLL DROPS DEAD.

Chicago Suffragan Expires While Ascending Elevated Steps.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 27.—Suffragan Bishop William Edward Toll of the Episcopal Diocese of Chicago, dropped dead this evening, while ascending the steps of the Adams Street station of the elevated railway. He was about to take a train for his home in Rogers Park, after presiding at services in Downer's Grove, Ill. Mrs. Toll was prostrated by grief when she learned of her husband's death. He leaves, in addition to his wife, two daughters and a son.

Bishop Toll was the third Suffragan Bishop in the United States, the other two being in New York and Philadelphia. He was born in Bedford, England, in 1844, and was graduated from Nashotah Theological Seminary at Noshatah, Wis. He was ordained in this city in 1871 by Bishop Whitehouse.

General Levi G. Kingsley.

Special to The New York Times.

RUTLAND, Vt., June 27.—General Levi G. Kingsley, for many years prominent in the business and political life of this city, and its second Mayor, died last night of senile debility at the age of 83. General Kingsley was a veteran of the civil war, having served with distinction with the First Vermont Volunteers. He was the oldest member of Roberts Post, G. A. R., and of Centre Lodge of Masons. For forty-six years he conducted a hardware and furniture business in this city, retiring in 1905. General Kingsley is survived by one son, Harvey R. Kingsley of this city. He was an uncle of Hugh H. Baxter of New York. The funeral will be held at Trinity Church Tuesday afternoon.

Dr. T. Hewson Bradford.

Dr. T. Hewson Bradford of Philadelphia, Medical Director of the Philadelphia Life Insurance Company and the Unity Security Life Insurance and Trust Company of that city, is dead. He was a descendant of William Bradford, who figured in the Colonial history of Pennsylvania, and was a member of half a dozen historical societies. He had been one of the leading physicians in Philadelphia for a number of years, and served in all the principal hospitals.

Ex-Judge J. C. Gray Sinking.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 27.—John Clinton Gray, former Associate Judge of the New York Court of Appeals, who was stricken with paralysis on Wednesday and who developed pneumonia the next day, is sinking slowly, his physicians say. They assert that his vitality is remarkable. He is 72 years old.

Dr. Birmingham Buried.

Funeral services for the Rev. Dr. Daniel Moschel Birmingham, former pastor of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church, Eighty-sixth Street and West End Avenue, were held at that church yesterday afternoon. Dr. Birmingham died on June 18 at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Fred H. Gray, at Oroville, Cal. He was buried in Kensico, N. Y. Dr. Birmingham was 83 years old.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born

BERGER.—June 21, 601 West 160th St., to Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Berger, a daughter.
DREYFUS.—June 24, 445 West 153d St., to Mr. and Mrs. J. Dreyfus, a daughter.
LEVY.—June 23, 945 Whitlock Av., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Levy, a daughter.
RADIN.—June 25, 411 Southern Boulevard, Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Radin, a son.
RAPHIEL.—June 22, 3,675 Broadway, to Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Raphiel, a daughter.

Engaged

ABRAHAM—LIPPMAN.—Bessie Lippman to Adolph Abraham.
BAIME—STALFORD.—Augusta Stalford to Edward I. Baime.
CHEROF—SCHWARZBAUM.—Elsie Schwarzbaum to Nathan Cherof.
ELLENTUCK—GREENWALD.—Irene Greenwald to Max Ellentuck.
LEVY—BLUME.—Juliet Blume to Dr. Jerome Levy.
LOEWINGER—LANG.—Hannah Lang to Dr. Loewinger.
NEAL—DELEVANTE.—Lucile Delevante to Philip B. Neal.
RESNICK—GOLDMAN.—Ruth Goldman to Alex. A. Resnick.

Owing to the death of
Mr. ISAAC BLYN
our stores will remain closed
until 6 P. M. Monday.
I. BLYN & SONS.

We want you to look over the Equitable Building

We want to get you inside the Equitable in order that you may be properly impressed with its magnitude as a building.

We want to get you inside the Equitable Renting Office in order that you may be properly informed of the Equitable's merit as a business proposition.

We want nothing but a fair opportunity to put the Equitable proposition before you in its true light, in order that you may be in position to arrive at an intelligent decision as to its worth.

Building now open for tenants.

Equitable Building Corporation
120 Broadway

Engaged

SILVERMAN—GELLERT.—Esther Gellert to Harry Silverman.
SIMONS—PRESS.—Blanche Press to Samuel Simons.
VORRENTER—KRAFT.—Arline Kraft to Jack Vorrenter.
WOTIZ—ISING.—Florence Ising to Louis Wotiz.
ZINOVOY—LIEBERMAN.—Sophie C. Lieberman to Israel H. Zinovoy.

Married

WOLF—HOROWITZ.—June 27; Sarah J. Horowitz to Morris Wolf.
YAWGER—MACOWAN.—On Saturday, June 26, 1915, in New York City, by the Rev. Avery A. Shaw, D. D., Helen Macowan to Jacob Cregar Yawger.

DEUTSCHMEISTER—LIEBHOLZ.—June 26, Rae Liebholz to A. Deutschmeister.
GOLDSTEIN—REINMAN.—June 24, Leona Reinman to Irving Goldstein.

Brooklyn.

BOGART—WARREN.—June 26, Madeline J. Warren to Morgan L. Bogart.
CLARK—KAYSER.—June 23, Lillian Kayser to Philip D. Clark.
NEUMANN—McLAUGHLIN.—June 23, Ethel I. McLaughlin to Ely Neumann.

Newark.

LEES—MUCHMORE.—June 23, Ruth Muchmore to Allen T. Lees.
MALLON—McLAUGHLIN.—June 23, Anna C. McLaughlin to Dr. D. J. Mallon.

Died

BALDWIN.—At her late residence, 68 South St., Auburn, N. Y., Sunday, June 27, Sarah J. Munson, widow of Lovewell H. Baldwin and mother of William Delaven Baldwin of New York City, aged 80 years. Funeral services will be held at the house Tuesday afternoon, June 29. Burial in Auburn.

BATTERSON. — Suddenly, at Christ Church rectory, Portsmouth, N. H., on Sunday, June 27, in the 86th year of her age, Sarah Eliza, widow of the late Rev. Hermon Griswold Batterson, D. D., of 156 West 73d St., New York City. Notice of funeral to be given later.

BLYN.—On June 26, in his 83d year, Isaac, beloved husband of the late Marianna and father of Nathan, Jacob, Henry, Benjamin, David, Millie, Mrs. Hayman Stoff, Mrs. Samuel F. Currick, and Mrs. Samuel Levinson. Relatives, friends, and members of City Lodge, No. 408, F. and A. M., and Issachar Widow and Orphan Benevolent Society, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 22 Mount Morris Park West, on Monday, June 28, 1 P. M.

CORBET. — At Morristown, N. J., June 25, 1915, Martha M. Corbet. Funeral service will be held from the home of her son, Edwin A. Corbet, No. 12 Olyphant Park, on Monday, June 28, at 2 o'clock; from the South Street Presbyterian Church at 2:30.

CURTIN.—June 26, Marguerite M., daughter of the late Daniel and Mary Curtin of Tournafulla, Newcastle, Limerick, Ireland. Funeral from late residence, 21 East Kingsbridge Road, Tuesday, June 29, at 9:30 A. M., thence to Church of Lady of Mercy, Marion Av., near Fordham Road. Interment St. Raymond's.

EDGAR.—On Saturday, June 26, 1915, Sarah E., wife of the late Freeman Edgar. Services at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Charles S. Edgar, Graham Av., Metuchen, N. J., on Tuesday, June 29, at 2:30 P. M.

FABER.—Henry E. Faber, on June 26, after a lingering illness, father of Fannie J. Schram, Aimee E. Kahn, Albert S. and William S. Faber of New York and Charles D. Faber of Montgomery, Ala. Interment private, on Tuesday, June 29. Montgomery, Ala., papers please copy.

FELLOWS.—Suddenly, on June 25, at her residence, 617 West 146th St., Lizzie Morris, wife of the late John R. Fellows. Funeral services will be held on Monday morning at 10 A. M. at the Chapel of the Intercession, Broadway and 155th St. Kentucky papers please copy.

FRAZEE.—At Red Bank, N. J., on June 26, 1915, Anna C., daughter of the late Asher S. Parker and widow of William C. Frazee. Funeral private. Interment at convenience of family.

HEATON.—On June 26, 1915, John Clayton Heaton, beloved husband of Alva Dahl and loving father of Lillie Heaton, in his 57th year. Funeral from his late residence, 204 East 39th St., today, (Monday,) at 12:30. Interment at Kensico Cemetery.

HOGEL.—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Saturday, June 26, 1915, Hasiel Alfred Hogel, in his ninety-sixth year. Funeral services at the residence of his son, Howard C. Hogel, 107 Oak St., Yonkers, Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

HOOLEY.—Gordon Stone, only child of Francis George Hooley and Charlotte Stone Hooley, on Saturday, June 26, 1915, at Rockville Centre, Long Island, N. Y., aged 1 year.

HUSTON.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., on June 27, 1915, Mary Huston, aged 66 years. Funeral from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. David Entwistle, 29 Storm Av., Jersey City, on Wednesday, at 2:30 P. M.

JEFFERS.—Suddenly, on June 26, 1915, Mary Gregory, wife of George Jeffers of New Providence, N. J. Funeral services will be held at the Presbyterian Church, New Providence, N. J., on Wednesday, June 30, at 1:30 P. M. Interment Presbyterian Cemetery, New Providence, N. J. Note this, the only intimation. Belfast papers please copy.

KERNER.—Saturday, June 26, Esther Frances, widow of Henry J. Kerner, in her 82d year. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, 124 West 86th St., Tuesday, June 29, at 10 A. M.

KILBURN.—At Newark, N. J., on Sunday, June 27, 1915, Charles F., husband of Grace Currier Kilburn. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 20 East Park St., on Wednesday, June 30, at 2:30 P. M. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

MAGIE.—Suddenly, at her home, 61 Ridge Road, Rutherford, N. J., Jane Eadie Magie, second daughter of the late Rev. George A. Magie and Jane Anna Leech Magie. Funeral from her home, Monday, June 28, at 2 P. M. Train leaves Main Line, Erie R. R., Jersey City, 1:46 P. M.

BOOKS
SCRIBNERS MAGAZINE
More of Elmendorf's beautiful pictures are in the July Scribner
The Pacific Coast from San Diego to Seattle.
"Splendid," says the *Evening Post.*
All Newsstands

Died

OWSTON.—On Saturday, June 26, 1915, Allen Strickland, son of Charles W. and Helen Strickland Owston, in his eleventh year. Funeral services at the residence of his grandmother, Mrs. Charles W. Owston, Maplewood, N. J., Monday, June 28, at 2:30 o'clock.

PEUGNET.—Lillie H., suddenly, on June 27, 1915, at the residence of her stepfather, Joseph O. B. Webster, 2,474 Valentine Av., Fordham, daughter of the late Dr. Eugene Peugnet and the late Clara M. Hogan. Funeral private.

RAPP.—Mrs. Catherine, widow of William Rapp, mother of John W., Francis B., and Charles A. Rapp, at her late residence, 12 East 85th St., June 27. Funeral from St. Ignatius Church, Wednesday, 9:30 A. M. Interment Calvary.

STARK.—On June 27, Isaac Stark, in his 69th year, beloved husband of Sarah Stark, (nee Rubens,) and father of Hattie Hirsch, Dr. Nathan N. Stark, Florence Kahn, Jerome J. Stark, Rita Rice, and Sidney H. Stark. Notice of funeral Tuesday's paper.

WARREN.—At his residence in New Brunswick, N. J., on Friday, June 25, 1915, Thomas Robinson Warren, in the eighty-eighth year of his age, son of the late John Warren of New York City. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent. Funeral services at his late residence on Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

WATERWORTH.—At his residence, 141 Tysen St., New Brighton, S. I., Sunday, June 27, 1915, Henry Wetherhead Waterworth, husband of Margaret D. Alexander and son of the late John Waterworth of Cheltenham, England, in the 63d year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WEEKES.—On Saturday, June 26, 1915, Helen M. Weekes. Funeral services held at the residence of her friend, Mrs. Horatio Berry, 259A Clifton Place, Brooklyn, on Monday, June 28, at 8 P. M. Interment at White House, N. J.

ABRAHAM.—Harris, June 26, aged 77. Funeral 208 Lenox Av., today, 10 A. M.
ARMSTRONG.—Thomas, 1,467 3d Av., June 26. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.
BOLIN.—Samuel, 2,065 Crotona Av., Bronx, June 25. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
COGAN.—Elizabeth T., 1,480 Commonwealth Av., Bronx, June 26. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
CONNORS.—Eddie A., 235 West 12th St., June 26, aged 9.
EDER.—Adolph, 1,291 Southern Boulevard, Bronx, June 25.
FLETCHER.—George, 1,912 Crotona Av., June 26.
FURST.—Margaret, 202 St. Ann's Av., Bronx, June 25.
GILMORE.—Delia, 364 West 52d St., June 25. Funeral today.
GOODMAN.—Frank, 102 East 98th St., June 26, aged 82.
HALLIDAY.—Patrick, 308 East 75th St., June 25. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
HEATH.—Ethel P., 1,184 Madison Av., June 25. Funeral private.
HOULIHAN.—Vincent J., 421 West 18th St., June 26. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
McTAGGART.—Francis, 2,847 Briggs Av., Bronx, June 26. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
MICHAEL.—Elizabeth, 1,712 2d Av., June 25, aged 53. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
MONAHAN.—Barclay J., June 26. Funeral 130 Greenwich St., tomorrow, 10 A. M.
MURPHY.—Mary A., 255 West 19th St., June 25. Funeral today.
POSNER.—Joseph, June 26, aged 22. Funeral 2,003 7th Av., today, 2:30 P. M.
REARDON.—Thomas, 144 West 98th St., June 26. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
ROBBINS.—William H., 530 West 153d St., June 25. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
ROGO.—Julia, 2,504 7th Av., June 24.
RUNCIE.—Mary E., 2,031 Morris Av., Bronx, June 26. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
SMITH.—Joseph, 239 East 149th St., June 26. Funeral today.
STANLEY.—William H., 165 East 83d St., June 26.
TAUSK.—Julius, 329 East 90th St., June 26. Funeral today, 11 A. M.
WALSH.—Thomas E. I., 193 East 76th St., June 26, aged 12. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.
WELS.—Herman C., 224 East 237th St., June 26. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

BROWN.—Lawrence, Kings County Hospital, June 25, aged 56.
COLE.—Iris E., 41½ Downing St., June 25. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
DICK.—Cora, 1,915 Atlantic Av., June 26, aged 28.
FREUND.—Peter, 181 Hull St., June 25. Funeral today, 1 P. M.
GOTTSCHALK.—Maria, 11 Schaeffer St., June 26, aged 76. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
GRADY.—John J., 123 Putnam Av., June 26. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.
HUNTER.—Joseph A., 68 Devore St., June 26.
KEADY.—Walter G., 166 17th St., June 25, aged 9.
KERN.—Alice, 174 Chestnut St., June 25, aged 32.
LAITY.—John B., 69th St. and Fort Hamilton Av., June 26. Funeral service today.
LATTERNER.—Peter, 1,302 Madison St., June 26.
LOCKWOOD.—Fannie, 100 Waverly Av., June 25, aged 53. Funeral today.
NICHOLSON.—John, 629 59th St., June 26, aged 85. Funeral service today.
SCHULTZ.—Frederick, 55 3d Av., June 25. Funeral today.
SMITH.—John, 141 North 3d St., June 26. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
SWEENEY.—Anna, 113 Butler St., June 25. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
THOMASSEN.—Knute, 425 Kings Highway, June 25.

Hoboken and Newark.

DALY.—Margaret, 48A 2d St., Newark, June 26.
GRIFFIN.—Robert, 319 Chambers St., West Hoboken, June 26, aged 10.
HALLORAN.—Bridget, 263 6th St., Hoboken, June 25. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
SOMMER.—Emilie, 465 14th Av., Newark, June 25, aged 74. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.
WALTER.—George, Newark, June 26, aged 37. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

Long Island.

ENNIS.—William T., 240 12th Av., Long Island City, June 26. Funeral tomorrow.

In Memoriam

CLARE.—Mary, in memory of; died June 29, 1914.
CUMMINGS.—Birdie A.; mass Church of St. John the Evangelist tomorrow, 8 A. M.
EARLY.—John; mass St. Michael's Church today, 9:30 A. M.
GOLDSTEIN. — Ida; unveiling monument Mount Zion Cemetery July 11, 10:30 A. M.
GROSS.—Franziska; mass Our Lady of Angels' Church today, 9 A. M.
HARTZ.—Isabella, in memory of; died June 28, 1914.
KEYES.—Mary L., in memory of; died June 29, 1905.
LEWIN.—Hanah; unveiling monument Mount Neboh Cemetery tomorrow, 2 P. M.
McGRATH.—James B.; mass St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., tomorrow, 8 A. M.
REILLY.—John; mass St. Aloysius's Church June 30, 11 A. M.
RYER. — Washington; mass St. Mary's Church, Williamsbridge today, 8 A. M.
SILBERSTEIN.—Rosabel, in memory of; died June 28, 1904.

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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION IN AMERICA AND EUROPE

Last week we saw the effect upon British securities and the British money market of the flotation of a British loan at 4½ per cent. This week we will have in the results attained at the sale of New York City bonds, also bearing 4½ per cent., a chance to judge the effect of the rising cost of capital upon the market position of one of the widest and most favorably known of our securities. It is not at all likely that we shall feel the influence of the British high bid for money to anything like the extent to which it was immediately felt in England, but the relationship is close none the less. It has already been manifesting itself. It appeared for one thing in the large offering of New York City bonds for foreign account, which last week carried the price of the outstanding 4¼'s down to a better than a 4.30 basis. Nor is it a question solely of outside competition for capital. New York City has borrowed so frequently and in such large amounts, ever increasing, that its new issues compete with its old. It is a process which makes for a high interest rate for the city quite apart from the extraordinary circumstances of these times. Yet the fact remains that all indications point to the city's getting this additional $71,000,000 at a substantially lower rate than Great Britain is borrowing for war and not for peace, and Great Britain is borrowing literally by the billions, whereas our loans are counted by the millions.

Take the present high rate on New York City bonds along with the rate of more than 5 per cent. which this market charged for a one-year loan to the Rothschilds secured by our own securities at favorable prices, and one has some means of gauging the probable cost to Europe of borrowing any very large sums in this market. As a matter of fact, the high cost of borrowing here has been one of the important factors standing in the way of Great Britain's seeking a credit here. Until its latest war loan was announced, which involved no less magnificent an undertaking than the conversion of the entire national debt at a higher interest rate, England had a market for her Treasury securities at a rate far below that at which she could have obtained funds here. The difference between the two markets is still substantial judging by the probable rate on a one-year Treasury bill in London and the rate on the same security here, but the difference is no longer so great as to appear prohibitive. It is to be assumed that the establishment of the British national debt and of the British money market on a much higher interest basis will facilitate negotiations for the establishment of international credits here out of the abundance of this country's money supply.

We have had a great deal to lend, but we have been unfamiliar with lending abroad. A certain amount of hesitancy about going beyond our borders, hesitancy very naturally increased by the existence of war on a huge scale, is reflected in the price which we charge for loans abroad even to those in the very highest credit. We have been a debtor nation, unaccustomed to placing our capital at risk in countries other than our own. It could not be otherwise so long as we had practically unlimited natural resources to develop and so long as Europe's superabundance of capital competed with our own in this work of development. But Europe for the time being has ceased to lend and has become a borrower on a scale never before attempted. She has borrowed abroad as well as at home, and both processes have been accompanied by a withdrawal of capital previously placed at the disposal of enterprises in other countries. The latter is true on a large scale only of the United States, because only here was found a wide market for securities. We have taken back a large amount and the selling from abroad goes steadily on.

This foreign liquidation, however, is by no means as heavy as many expected that it would be. This has been explained mainly on the ground that European investors, fearful of the effect of the war on their home securities, were clinging tenaciously to their American investments as the securities furthest removed from the chances of war. No doubt they have been doing that, but there has been another reason for the relatively small selling of American securities by Europe—they are not held there to the extent which had been generally believed. That fact appears from a practically complete canvass of the foreign holdings of American railroad securities which has just been completed. It shows that the total par value of our railroad stocks and bonds held abroad amount to about $2,575,000,000, without taking count of those which have been sold since March of this year. It appears further that railroad securities represent about four-fifths of the total of all American securities held abroad. Make allowance for the fact that the average market value of securities is very much less than par and we arrive at the interesting fact that our indebtedness to Europe for borrowed capital is very much less than has generally been supposed. That is a very good reason why liquidation from abroad is lighter than had been expected. Incidentally it suggests that we can arrive at that financial independence at which we have been aiming much sooner than seemed at all likely so long as no facts were available by which to test the current estimate of a debt to Europe for borrowed capital of $6,000,000,000 or more. Actually the amount seems to be less than one-half of that huge sum.

We cannot reasonably count on five or six uninterrupted years of trade balances as great as that which we are now enjoying, and it seemed that even at the rate of $1,000,000,000 a year it would take that long to rid ourselves of obligations for borrowed capital. Now it would appear that not five or six years, but no more than two to three years at the current rate are needed to rid us of any net obligation for capital obtained abroad.

Not all the stocks and bonds issued in this country which are owned in Europe will be resold to us, but no doubt a good deal will be sold, and we will in all probability offset the balance by capital which we ourselves will place at the disposal of other countries. They may have to pay relatively high prices for this capital, but no higher, if as high, as we paid for the capital which Europe put at use in the United States. And it is most probable that in the long run the rest of the world will pay the price that may be necessary to obtain capital from us, for nowhere else as things now stand can capital be had for foreign use. Particularly are we well placed to provide credit for international trade, and that is a field to which we should devote ourselves with energy and with foresight. More trade will come in the wake of financing the trade already to be had, and with more trade will come greater opportunities than this country has ever yet had.

The security market last week, aside from reflecting the shifting of capital which is an inevitable accompaniment of a rising interest rate and the uncertainties of war time, including specifically the uncertainty over our relations with Germany, was concerned in considerable degree with the needs of railroad properties which must undergo financial readjustment. Relief seems in sight for some properties which have long been in receivership, and plans are being laid for other readjustments without the help of the courts if possible. Particularly does this apply to the Missouri Pacific, for which a plan has been worked out which seeks to set the finances of the road on a solid foundation. The fact that we are to all appearances entering a period of much greater trade activity supplies an added incentive to put through at this time the needed readjustments of important properties.

Many signs continue to be afforded of the growth in business. Rather too much of it, no doubt, is traceable to the demands growing out of the war, but it is there and business born of the war in turn expands peace trade. That is not to say that the war is good for business, for peace trade left unhampered by war would no doubt in the long run exceed war trade and hampered peace trade combined. But that, after all, is no reason for minimizing the expansion in trade actually underway. On Jan. 1 the steel works of the United States Steel Corporation were operating at 37.8 per cent. of capacity. On June 15 they were operating at 81.3 per cent. of capacity, and orders have lately been coming in at a rate covering the full capacity of the corporation's plants. That is progress of a very real sort. It means much for many lines of business other than the steel trade itself.

PARIS BOURSE SLOWS UP.

Impending Government Loans Check Trading in Stocks.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 27.—The Bourse was listless throughout last week, held spellbound by the several impending Government loans. The English loan is expected to absorb at least $2,000,000,000. The huge French issue, just authorized, is thought to have been decided upon at a propitious time.

All securities closed the week with declines. Rentes lost three-quarters of a point and Russians were weak. Transactions on the Bourse were on the smallest scale for many months. The Bourse tax returns showed a total of 68,000 francs for May, as compared with 845,000 for May last year.

The American department gave a good account of itself, however, except Pennsylvania and St. Paul shares. There were moderate purchases of Americans on the Bourse each day.

In regard to the French credit in America, the rumor here is that the initial advance by the Morgan group will be $40,000,000. The report has not been confirmed. The loan will be guaranteed, it is expected, to Rothschild Frères against repurchases of American railroad bonds, some of which are listed in Paris and others not, but all belonging to Frenchmen. It is hoped that the London Stock Exchange, which has been approached, will allow the sale of American securities held by French owners in London, transactions in which were forbidden in an order of Sept. 30, because they were not owned by Englishmen.

It is believed that arrangements are pending for a French credit of £5,000,000 in London. Exchanges continue, however, strongly against France, except rubles, which are at 2 francs.

NEW LOAN LOWERS STOCKS.

London Market Unsettled as Readjustment Proceeds.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 27.—The state of the money market and Lloyd George's efforts to increase the domestic output of war munitions were engrossing subjects in the city last week. On that day the Chancellor of the Exchequer announced details of the second war loan, which fulfilled expectations in most respects, although it caused some surprise in others.

The loan will be practically unlimited, although £1,000,000,000 is mentioned in describing it. The interest rate is established at 4½ per cent., and the option has been given holders of the first war loan bonds to convert their securities into the new bonds at the price of issue of the former—95—on payment of 5 per cent., while consols may be exchanged on the basis of £75 of consols for £50 of new war loan bonds.

The minimum price for trading in consols was reduced to 65, to induce purchases for conversion, the actual conversion value being 66⅔. The privilege of subscribing for the loan is cleverly designed along democratic lines, with a special appeal to the small investor who may take as small a part as 5 shillings. No particular inducement is held out to foreign capitalists to subscribe, but the Government is prepared to receive applications from abroad until July 10.

Considerable differences of opinion exist in regard to subscription "rights," but it is not believed that separate dealings will be permitted in them, as holders of consols or the old war loan could buy options to convert their securities without subscribing for the loan. Such dealings would thwart the purpose of the Treasury, which is to induce the greatest possible number of applications.

Indications are that the loan will be a great success. Payments are to be made in installments, and dearer money is looked for before the transaction is completed. Already discounts have risen sharply, three months' bills being quoted on a 4 per cent. basis. This, combined with sales in New York of foreign-owned American securities and further gold exports, has led to recovery of exchange rates between London and New York. The Paris-London rate is, however, still going against the former in spite of the creation of a substantial credit in America in favor of France, backed by American securities as collateral.

The stock market was seriously disturbed by the establishment of British credit on a 4½ per cent. standard, and a readjustment of prices for existing securities proceeded vigorously throughout the week. Quotations fell heavily, and only the existence of minimum values prevented further depreciation of securities. The protection of the minimums tended to restrict business after the leveling process had been carried out.

The retreat of the Russians in Galicia contributed to stock market weakness, and furthered liquidation. Mr. George's proposals for greatly increasing the output of ammunition and obviating labor disputes were well received, although miners opposed compulsory arbitration. The Government is closely watching food and coal prices, and is prepared for drastic action if necessary to prevent excessive inflation.

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, Week Ended June 26, 1915.

STOCKS. (SHARES.)

	1915.	1914.	1913.
Monday	413,792	185,216	270,841
Tuesday	462,367	198,089	280,608
Wednesday	384,024	349,760	255,045
Thursday	440,677	458,319	224,333
Friday	286,412	283,227	135,521
Saturday	204,728	67,719	136,535
Total week	2,192,000	1,542,330	1,302,883
Yrar to date	61,364,731	37,768,087	45,887,166

BONDS. (PAR VALUE.)

	1915.	1914.	1913.
Monday	$2,130,500	$4,029,500	$1,084,500
Tuesday	2,439,500	2,311,000	1,068,000
Wednesday	2,570,000	2,657,500	1,172,500
Thursday	2,630,000	3,249,500	1,763,200
Friday	2,257,000	2,225,500	1,122,000
Saturday	1,333,000	780,000	420,000
Total week	$13,366,000	$15,258,000	$6,625,200
Yr. to date	388,290,200	369,549,500	281,448,200

In detail last week's dealings compare as follows:

STOCKS.

	June 26, '15.	June 27, '14.		Change.
R. R. and mis.	2,183,580	1,542,220	+	641,360
Mining	8,400	100	+	8,300
Banks	20	10	+	10

BONDS.

	June 26, '15.	June 27, '14.		Change.
R. R. and mic.	$12,842,000	$14,590,000	—	$1,748,000
Government	109,000	124,500	—	15,500
State	279,000	212,000	+	67,000
City	136,000	326,500	—	190,500
Total, all	$13,366,000	$15,253,000		$1,887,000

Freighter Sails for War Zone.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 27.—The Norwegian steamer Magda sailed this afternoon for Manchester with a full cargo, including 1,000 tons of steel, 1,500 bales of cotton waste, six carloads of machinery, four carloads of lumber, and a big shipment of lubricating oil.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Week Ended June 26, 1915.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$13,366,000	$388,290,200
Same period last year	15,253,000	369,549,500

	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
Average price 40 bonds	83.69	83.10	84.48	81.51
Same period last year	87.35	86.65	89.42	86.40

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝	2½
Albany & Susq. 3½s	85½	85	85	10
Am. Ag. Chem. cv. 5s	101	101	101	2
Am. Hide & L. 6s	103	103	103	1
Am. Ice Sec. 6s	85	82	85	2
Am. Smelters Sec. 6s	105¾	105½	105½	20
Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	102¾	101½	101½	237
Am. T. & T. col. 4s	88½	87¾	87¾	78
Am. Writ. Paper 5s	54	52½	53	41
Ann Arbor 4s	55	55	55	1
Armour & Co. 4½s	92⅝	92	92	32
A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s	93¼	92	92⅝	135
A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s, reg.	91½	91½	91½	1
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛	18
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s, stamped	83⅝	82⅞	83	58½
A., T. & S. F. cv. 4s, 1960	101¼	100¼	100¾	148
A., T. & S. F. cv. 4s, 1955	100½	100⅜	100½	37
A., T. & S. F. 5s	101½	101¼	101¼	45
Atlanta & Birm. 4s	83	83	83	3
Atlantic C. L. 4s	91	90½	91	55
At. C. L., L. & N. col. 4s	84¼	84¼	84¼	1
Balt. & O. pr. l'n 3½s	91½	91	91⅛	25½
Balt. & O. gold 4s	89¼	87¾	87¾	185
Balt. & O. cv. 4½s	87½	86½	87	208½
B. & O., P., L. E. & W. V. 4s	80¾	80½	80½	18
B. & O., Southwest Div. 3½s	88¼	87⅝	88	79
Beech Creek 4s	96	96	96	1
Beth. Steel ext. 5s	100⅝	100½	100½	78
Beth. Steel ref. 5s	95⅝	95	95½	480
Brooklyn C. R. R. 5s	100⅝	100½	100½	5
B. R. T. ref. cv. 4s	80¼	80¼	80¼	4
B. R. T. 5s, 1918	100⅝	100½	100½	96
Brooklyn Un. El. 5s	100	99⅞	99⅞	5
Brooklyn U. Gas 5s	103½	103½	103½	4
Brunswick & Wn. 4s	91½	91½	91½	3
Cal. Gas & E. 5s	94½	93¾	93¾	46
Can. South. cn. 5s	103⅛	103	103	5
Car., Clinch. & O. 5s	94	94	94	3
Cent. of Ga. 1st 5s	107	107	107	5
Cent. of Ga. cn. 5s	99⅝	99½	99⅝	12
Cent. Leather 5s	99⅝	99⅜	99⅝	74
Cent. of N. J. gen. 5s	114	113⅝	113⅝	13
Cent. Pac. 1st 4s	88⅛	87⅛	87⅛	248½
Cent. Pac. gtd. 3½s	87	87	87	9
Cent. R. R. & B. Co. Ga. 5s	91	91	91	3
Ches. & O. fund. 5s	83	83	83	1
C. & O. gen. 4½s	84½	84¼	84½	5
C. & O. cv. 4½s	73½	71⅝	73½	89
C. & O., Rich. & Alle. 1st con. 4s	82	80½	81½	4
Chi. & Alton 3s	54½	54½	54½	10
Chi. & Alton 3½s	44	43¾	43¾	5
Chi., B. & Q. jt. 4s	96⅝	96	96¼	271
C., B. & Q. jt. 4s, reg.	96⅝	96½	96½	6
C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 3½s	88⅝	88¼	88¼	25
C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 4s	93¼	92⅝	92⅝	20
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	91⅝	91⅛	91⅛	20
C., B. & Q., Ia. Div. 4s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	1
C., B. & Q., Neb. ext. 4s	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	8
C. & E. Ill. ref. 4s	26	24⅞	24⅞	8
C. & E. Ill. gen. 5s	71	67	67	4
Chi. & Erie 1st 5s	104⅝	104½	104⅝	4
Chi. Gt. West. 4s	67¾	67	67	33
C., M. & S. P. cv. 4½s	97½	96½	97	173½
C., M. & S. P. cv. 5s, full paid	104¼	103⅝	103½	296½
C., M. & S. P. g. 4s, Series A	90	89⅛	89¼	50
C., M. & St. P. 4s, 1934	88	87	87	26
C., M. & S. P. ref. 4½s	91⅝	89⅛	90	12
C., M. & S. P. gen. 4½s	100½	100¼	100¼	24
C., M. & S. P., C., P. & W. 5s	102⅝	102½	102⅝	21
C., M. & S. P., C. & L. S. 5s	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	2
C., M. & S. P., Dub. 6s	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	8
C., M. & St. P., W. & M. Div. 6s	102¼	102¼	102¼	1
C., M. & Puget Sd. 4s	90	88⅝	88⅝	11
Chi. & N. W. gen. 4s	94	93⅛	93⅛	33
C. & N. W. gen. 4s, sta.	94½	94	94	2
Chi. & N. W. s. f. 6s	108	108	108	5
Chicago Railways 5s	94½	94½	94½	1
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	83½	83	83	19
C., R. I. & P. ref 4s	66	64⅞	64⅞	98
C., R. I. & P. deb. 5s	47¼	42⅞	43	237
C., R. I. & P. 1st 6s	102½	102½	102½	10
C., St. P., M. & O. 6s	116⅝	116½	116½	15
C., St. P., M. & O. deb. 5s	100¾	99½	100¾	21
C. & W. Ind. con. 4s	78	78	78	3
Chile Copper 7s	117	116	117	102
C., C. C. & S. L. g. 4s	68½	68½	68½	6
Colorado Indus. 5s	71	70½	71	3
Colo. & South. 1st 4s	89⅝	89	89⅝	10
Col. & South. ref. 4½s	82¾	82¾	82¾	2
Con. Gas deb. 6s	116⅞	116½	116⅝	45
Cuban-Am. Sugar col. tr. 6s	99½	99½	99½	3
Cumberland Tel. 5s	98⅝	96¼	96¼	8
D. & H. deb. 4s, '16	100¼	100	100¼	142
D. & H. lien eq. 4½s	100½	100½	100½	1
D. & H. ref. 4s	93	93	93	29
Den. & Rio G. ref 5s	47½	46½	46½	114
D. & Rio G. con. 4½s	79	79	79	2
D. & Rio G. con. 4s	73½	73¼	73¼	81
D. & Rio G. imp. 5s	77¼	77¼	77¼	8
Detroit United 4½s	72	72	72	4
Distill. Securities 5s	67¾	66	66	164
Du Pont Pow. 4½s	93½	92	92	85
East T., V. & G. con. 5s	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	1
Erie 1st con. 7s	109½	109½	109½	63
Erie 1st con. 4s	80¼	80	80	15
Erie 1st cv. 4s, S. A.	63	62	62½	9
Erie 1st cv. 4s, S. B.	68½	67½	68	22
Erie gen. 4s	67⅝	67	67½	81
Ev. & T. H. con. 6s	87	87	87	2
Fla. E. Coast 4½s	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	2
Gen. Elec. deb. 5s	104	103¼	103½	29
Ga., C. & N. 1st 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	1
General Motors 6s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	1
Granby Con. cv. 6s	106	106	106	10
Great North. ref. 4¼s	99½	99½	99½	14
Hocking Valley 4½s	92¾	92¾	92¾	8
Hous. & T. C. gen. 4s	93½	93½	93½	2
Hudson Co. Gas 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	2
Hudson & M. ref. 5s	73	72¾	72¾	12
Hud. & M. adj. in. 5s	26¼	26⅛	26¼	10
Illinois Cent. 3½s, '52	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	1
Illinois Steel 4½s	85½	84⅛	85⅝	41
Indiana Steel 5s	101	100⅞	100⅞	58
Insp. Cop. 6s, 1919	132	128½	128⅝	32
Insp. Cop. 6s, 1922	132	128½	129½	88
Int.-Met. 4½s	78	76½	76⅝	205
Int. R. T. 1st ref. 5s	97⅞	97⅜	97½	90
Int. Mer. Marine 4½s	54	50½	51¼	313
Int. M. M. 4½s, tr. r.	54	51½	51¼	195
Internat'l Nav. 5s	52¼	50	52¼	17
Int. Steam Pump 5s	60	60	60	20
Int. St. P. 5s, tr. r.	60	60	60	11
Intern'l Paper 6s	100⅛	100	100	4
Int. Paper cv. 5s	80	80	80	10
Iowa Central 1st 5s	84	84	84	6
Iowa Central ref. 4s	53	50	52	78
James., F. & C. 4s	88½	88½	88½	1
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	72	71¼	71¼	18
Kan. City So. 5s	90½	90½	90½	1
Kan. City So. 3s	67½	67½	67½	8
Kan. City Term. 4s	88½	88½	88½	9
Kings Co. E. L. & P. cv. 6s, 1925	118	118	118	3
Laclede Gas ref. 5s	100	99⅝	100	14
Laclede Gas 1st 5s	101	101	101	7
Lack. Steel 5s, 1950	74	72½	72⅝	153
Lack. Steel 5s, 1923	92¼	91½	91½	22
Lake Shore 3½s	82½	82	82	15
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	91¾	91½	91½	10
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	91⅜	90¼	90⅞	62
Lehigh Valley c. 4½s	99	98⅞	99	5
L. V. of N. Y. g. 4½s	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Leh. Val. Coal 5s	102½	102½	102½	2
Liggett & Myers 5s	101½	100⅞	101	16
Liggett & Myers 7s	124	124	124	6
Lig. & Myers 7, reg.	123	123	123	2
Long Is. and ref. 4s	84¾	84¾	84¾	5
Lorillard 7s	120½	120½	120½	1
Lorillard 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	31
L. & N. unif. 4s	93½	93¼	93¼	36
L. & N. gold 5s	107	106½	106½	14
L. & N. col. tr. 5s	102½	102⅛	102½	5
L. & N., N. O. & M. 1st 5s	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝	5
L. & N. S. & N. Ala. 5s, '63	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	2
Manhattan con. 4s	88½	88½	88½	5
Man. con. 4s, tax ex.	89	88⅝	88⅝	53
Mex. Pet. cv. 6s, A.	102	102	102	10
Mich. Cent. deb. 4s	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	1
Milwaukee Gas 4s	91½	91½	91½	2
M., L. S. & W. 1st 6s	107¼	107¼	107¼	1
Min. & St. L. con. 5s	87	87	87	1
M. & St. L. 1st r. 4s	55	49⅞	53¼	145
Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s	77	76⅞	77	9
Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s	57	57	57	1
Mo. Pacific con. 6s	100¼	99½	99½	54
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1920	88½	87	87	5
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1917	91½	90¼	90¼	20
Missouri Pacific 4s	39	37	38	38
Mo. Pacific cv. 5s	38	36	37½	29
Mob. & O., Mon. Div. 4s	100	100	100	1
Montana Power 5s, Series A	91¾	91	91	38
Nat. Enam. & Sta. 5s	93	93	93	1
National Tube 5s	98¼	97¾	98	15
N. Y. C. deb. 6s, 1st inst. paid	103	102¾	103	29
N. Y. C. deb. 6s, full paid	104	103½	103⅞	823½
N. Y. C. deb. 4s, '34	88⅝	88	88⅝	43
N. Y. C. gen 3½s	80	79	79½	50
N. Y. C. ref. and imp. 4½s	89	88½	88½	37
N. Y. C.-L. S. col. 3½s	74½	74½	74½	10
N. Y. G., E. L., H. & P. 5s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	32
N. Y. G., E. L., H. & P. 4s	83½	83	83	10
N. Y. & N. J. Tel. 5s	101½	101½	101½	1
N. Y., N. H. & H. cv. 6s	111	110½	111	16
N. Y., N. H. & H. cv. 3½s	68	67½	67½	2
N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. 3½s, 1954	67	67	67	½
N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. deb. 4s, 1947	80	80	80	5
N. Y., O. & W. ref. 4s	78¾	78	78	11
N. Y. Railways ref. 4s	71½	70½	71½	34
N. Y. Railways adj. 5s	52	50½	52	173
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	97	95⅝	95¾	86
N. Y., West. & Boston 4½s	78½	78	78	4
Norf. & West. con. 4s	91¼	90⅛	90⅛	22
Norf. & West. cv. 4½s	103¼	103¼	103¼	6
Norf. & W. 10-25 yr. cv. 4s	103	103	103	1
Norf. & W. Poca. C. & C. 4s	88¼	88	88¼	2
Northern Pacific 4s	91⅝	90⅜	90⅝	287
Northern Pacific 3s	64¼	63½	63½	283½
Ont. P. 1st s. f. 5s	94⅛	94	94⅛	6
Oregon & Cal. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	25
Ore. R. R. & N. 4s	88¾	88	88¼	20
Ore. S. Line con. 5s	105	105	105	2
Ore. S. Line ref. 4s	88⅝	87½	87½	20
Pac. of Mo. 1st 4s	85⅜	85⅝	85⅝	7
Pacific T. & T. 5s	97½	97¼	97⅝	9
Penn. 4s, 1918	98	97½	97½	12
Penn. gtd. 4½s	100⅝	100½	100⅝	3
Penn. cv. 3½s, 1915	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	184
Penn. cv. 3½s, reg.	100	100	100	5
Penn. gen. 4½s, ctfs.	98¼	98⅛	98¼	319
Penn. con. 4½s, ctfs., full paid	103⅞	103¼	103¼	127
Peo. Gas, Chi., cn. 6s	114	114	114	8
Peo. Gas, Chi., ref. 4s	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Peoria & E. 1st 4s	60½	60½	60½	1
Pere Mar. gtd. 4s	11½	11½	11½	5
P., C., C. & St. L. 4½s, Series B	99¾	99¾	99¾	3
P., C., C. & St. L. gtd. 4s, Series D	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	2
Pocahontas Coal 5s	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝	10
Public Service 5s	87¼	87	87	20
Ray Con. C. cv. 6s	123	122	122	5½
Reading gen. 4s	93⅛	92¼	92¼	96
Reading-J. C. col. 4s	93	93	93	3
Rep. I. & S. 5s, 1940	93⅝	93	93¼	11
Rio G. Western 1st 4s	71	71	71	31
R. G. Western col. 4s	59½	59½	59½	2
R., W. & Og. cn. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼	1
St. L., I. M. & So. g. 5s	96¼	96	96⅛	18
St. L., I. M. & S., u. & ref. 4s	64	63	63	23
St. L., I. M. & S., R. & G. 4s	57	56	56	8
St. L., R. M. & P. 5s, tr. r.	81	81	81	1
St. L. & S. F. Ry. g. 6s	106½	106½	106½	3
St. L. & S. F. R. R. gen. 5s	46½	46	46½	19
St. L. & S. F. R. R. g. 5s, reg.	46	46	46	5
St. L. & S. F. R. R. gen. 5s, t. r.	46½	46½	46½	5
St. L. & S. F. R. R. ref. 4s	67	66½	66½	23
St. Louis S. W. 1st 4s	74⅛	74	74⅛	11
St. L. S. W. con. 4s	58	57⅞	57⅞	6
St. P., M. & M. c. 6s	119	119	119	3
St. P., M. & M. c. 4½s	101	101	101	11
St. P. & Nor. P. 5s	109¼	109¼	109¼	1
San Ant. & A. P. 4s	75	75	75	2
Sea. Air L. adj. 5s	65¼	64¾	65	46
Sea. Air L. ref. 4s	67¾	67½	67¾	20
Sea. Air L. g. 4s, s.	79	79	79	4
Southern Bell Tel. 5s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	1½
Southern Pac. col. 4s	82¾	82⅝	82½	151½
Southern Pac. cv. 4s	82	81½	81½	110½
Southern Pac. cv. 5s	99⅞	99¼	99¼	138
Southern Pac. ref. 4s	86⅜	85⅛	85⅛	237½
So. Pac., S. F. T. 4s	80¼	80¼	80¼	16
Southern Ry. 1st 5s	100	99⅛	100	67
So. Ry. 1st 5s, reg.	98	98	98	1
Southern Ry. gen. 4s	64¾	64	64	18
So. Ry., M. D. 4½-5s	100	100	100	5
Stand. Milling 1st 5s	91	91	91	2
S. Gas & El. cv. 6s	93	93	93	1
Tenn. C. & I., Tenn. Div. 6s	101½	101½	101½	2
Tenn. C. & I. gen. 5s	101	101	101	3
Tenn. C. & I., Birm. Div. 6s	101¼	101¼	101¼	1
Texas Co. cv. 6s	99⅝	99½	99⅝	11
Texas & Pacific 1st 5s	94½	93¼	93¼	12
Third Avenue ref. 4s	80⅝	80¼	80¼	16½
Third Avenue adj. 5s	78¼	77½	77½	25
Tol. & Ohio Cent. 1st 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	1
Tri-City Ry. & Lt. 5s	94⅜	94⅜	94⅜	1
Union Pacific 1st 4s	95⅞	95⅛	95⅛	186½
Union Pacific con. 4s	90½	89⅝	90½	31
Union Pacific ref. 4s	89¼	87½	87½	88
United R. Rs. of S. F. 4s	43	43	43	7
U. S. Rubber 6s	102⅞	102½	102⅝	66
U. S. Steel 5s	102¼	101⅞	102	292
U. S. Steel 5s, reg.	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	3½
Utah & Northern 1st 5s	103½	103½	103½	10
Virginian Ry. 1st 5s	95⅞	95	95	12
Va.-Car. Chemical 5s	97½	96⅝	97	15
Virginia I., C. & C. 5s	85	85	85	1
Wabash 1st 5s	101¼	101	101	29
Wabash 2d 5s	93	91⅝	93	4
Wabash ref. 4s	22	20⅝	20⅝	60
Wabash ref. 4s, eq. tr. r.	22	20½	20½	28
W. ref. 4s, eq. tr. rcts., sta.	20½	19	19	62
W., P. Term. 1st 4s, ct. t. r.	5	4⅝	5	59
Western Electric 5s	101½	101¼	101½	31
W. N. Y. & Penn. 1st 5s	102½	102¼	102⅜	21
W. N. Y. & Penn. gen. 4s	76¼	76¼	76¼	1
West. Maryland 4s	68	67⅝	68	5
W. U. Tel. r. e. 4½s	91⅞	91⅝	91⅝	5
W. U. col. tr. 5s	96	96	96	1
West. E. & M. cv. 5s	104⅛	103⅜	104	662
West. E. & M. cv. 5s, ctfs. of deposit	104⅛	103⅞	104	148
West. E. & M. 5 p. c. notes	101⅛	100¼	100¼	93
West Shore 4s	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	1
Wh. & L. E. con. 4s	54	52½	52½	2

Total sales $12,842,000

Government Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
U. S. 3s, registered	100½	100½	100½	1
U. S. 4s, coupon	111	110⅝	110⅝	7
Panama 3s, regis.	101½	101½	101½	3
Panama 3s, coupon	101	101	101	2
Argentine 5s	93	93	93	1
Japanese 4½s	75⅝	75	75⅝	16
Jap. 4½s, 2d series	75½	74½	74½	6
Jap. 4½s, 2d ser., Ger. sta.	74⅝	74	74	22
Repub. of Cu. 5s, '04	96½	96⅛	96½	21
Repub. of Cu. 5s '14	92⅝	92¼	92⅝	30

Total sales $109,000

State Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
N. Y. State 4s, 1961	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	1
N. Y. State 4s, 1961, registered	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	3
N. Y. State 4½s	109½	109½	109½	1
N. Y. Canal 4½s	104¾	104¾	104¾	2
N. Y. Canal 4½s	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	21
Va. def. 6s, B. B. & Co. ctfs.	63¼	59⅞	60⅝	251

Total sales $279,000

New York City Issues.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
4s, 1955, reg.	97	97	97	10
4s, 1957	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	1
4s, 1958	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	1
4s, 1959	95⅝	95	95	5
4½s, 1960	99⅛	98½	98⅝	64
4½s, 1964	99⅛	98⅝	98⅝	41
4½s, 1963	103⅞	103⅛	103⅛	5
4½s, Nov., 1917	101¼	101¼	101¼	1
4½s, May, 1957	103⅛	103	103	5
4½s, Nov., 1957	103⅛	103	103	3

Total sales $136,000
Grand total 13,366,000

Illinois Central Railroad Company
and
Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans Railroad Co.
Joint 1st Refunding Mtge. Gold 5s, Due Dec. 1, 1963

Secured by a mortgage lien on about 1,512 miles of road representing almost all of the Illinois Central System south of the Ohio River, and on valuable terminal properties in New Orleans, La., Louisville, Ky., Memphis, Tenn., Evansville, Ind., and elsewhere.

The Illinois Central Railroad Company has paid dividends uninterruptedly for more than fifty years. In 1913 nearly all, and in 1914 more than ¾ of the Illinois Central surplus earnings were derived from the lines covered by this mortgage.

Price on application.

Clark, Dodge & Co.
51 Wall Street, New York

Series No. 13.

The First Preferred Stock
of the
Pacific Gas & Electric Company

has the approval of the Railroad Commission of California, which states:

"Applicant's plan to sell its new first preferred stock appeals to me as thoroughly sound and commendable. . . . . The plan is in accord with suggestions for junior financing, which have been made by this Commission from time to time to various public utilities, and is worthy of emulation insofar as applicable by other utilities."

The approval of a careful Commission like that of California means that the securities that have been issued have back of them physical property and well-established earnings. It further means that any additional securities, bonds, or stocks, must also have back of them physical property and well-established earnings.

The new circular prepared by us describes the new preferred stock, which yields more than 7%. We also suggest that you send for our letter describing briefly the Company's gas business.

JOHN NICKERSON, JR.
60 Broadway, New York, N. Y. 300 N. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

We Offer The Unsold Portion of An Issue of
$323,000
Westchester County, N. Y.
Coupon or Registered 4½% Gold Bonds
Consisting of $20,000 due June 1st, 1971
Denominations $1,000 each
Price 107.59 and Int. Yielding 4.15 per cent

GEO. B. GIBBONS & COMPANY
MUNICIPAL BONDS
40 WALL STREET NEW YORK

We Recommend for Investment
The Preferred Stocks
of the
AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, yielding over 6%
and the
INTERNATIONAL NICKEL COMPANY, yielding 5¾%

The American Bank Note Company has no bonded debt, and the earnings for the last ten years have averaged over twice the annual dividend.

The International Nickel Company has no bonded debt, and the earnings are equal to 62.81% on the Preferred Stock, or over ten times the annual dividend requirements.

SPECIAL CIRCULARS ON REQUEST.

Dominick & Dominick
115 Broadway, New York

TAX EXEMPT
$1,523,000
City of Buffalo, N. Y.
4½% Registered Bonds

Dated June 1, 1915—$ 33,000 due annually 1916 to 1934
Dated Nov. 1, 1914— 175,000 due..........1934
Dated June 1, 1915— 283,000 due..........1935
Dated June 1, 1915— 63,000 due..........1940
Dated June 1, 1915— 250,000 due..........1965

Legal Investments for Savings Banks, Trustees, etc.
Exempt from Federal Income Tax and Secured Debts Tax Law.

Prices to yield about 4.15%

Descriptive circular upon request.

Bankers Trust Company of Buffalo
Capital and Surplus......$1,165,000
Interest paid on deposits.

$1,000,000
City of Minneapolis
Gold 4's, 1927
Coupon or Registered
Price 96½ and Interest
Yielding 4⅜%

Remick, Hodges & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St., New York
Correspondents:
R. L. Day & Co. Boston

Youngstown, Ohio
4½%
Park Bonds
MATURING
$5,000 each year 1918-1924
FINANCIAL STATEMENT
Assessed valuation....$163,704,980.00
Net debt............ 2,249,568.56
Population 1910, 79,000
Legal investment for Savings Banks in New York and all New England States.
Price to Yield 4.30%

Sidney Spitzer & Co.
115 Broadway, New York

WANTED
United El. of N. J. 4s, 1949
N. J. Hud. R. Ry. & Fy. 4s, '50

Outwater & Wells
15 Exchange Place, Tel. 20 Jersey City.
Jersey City, N. J.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT CERtificate No. F1392, dated April 28, 1915, standing in the name of Ernest Burt, for five shares, and Certificate No. F1393, dated April 28, 1915, standing in the names of Ernest Burt and Anna Burt, for one share of the capital stock of the Yale & Towne Mfg. Co., have been lost and the registered holders thereof have applied to the company to issue new certificates in place thereof.

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Municipal, Railroad, and
Public Utility
Bonds
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Facts when known have put many a fancy to flight.

Securities based on intrinsic value can be depended upon eventually to give a good account of themselves.

Write for investment suggestions.

F. S. Smithers & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1857
44 Exchange Place
MEMBERS OF NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Analysis

Of Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad, its position and status of its securities under present conditions as they appear to us to-day. Copy will be sent on request. Ask for "Service Letter 'T.'"

W. C. Langley & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
115 Broadway, New York City

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L. N. BARUCH H. B. BARUCH
J. P. TRAVERS
Established July 6, 1903
Members New York Stock, New York Cotton, New York Coffee Exchange
60 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
We have no connection with any other firm using a similar name

New Jersey Zinc
DEALT IN
JENKS, GWYNNE & CO
15 BROAD ST.
TEL. HANOVER 7474
MEMBERS N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE

$313,000
Des Moines, Iowa
FUNDING 4½s
Due serially July 1st, 1916 to 1935, inclusive.
Legal investment for Savings Banks in the New England States.
Prices to yield 4.25%
Circular on application

R. M. GRANT & CO.
31 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK
BOSTON CHICAGO

Wanted
Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. 10 year 5% Notes 1917
So. Pacific 20 year Conv. 4s 1929
Southern Pacific Equip. 4½s

E. & C. Randolph
Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway, New York.

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WE WILL BUY	WE WILL SELL
25 Continental Oil	25 Buckeye P. L.
15 Galena Sig. Pfd.	25 Galena Sig. Com.
50 Illinois Pipe L.	100 National Transit
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J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Week Ended June 26, 1915.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	2,192,000	61,364,731
Same period last year	1,542,330	37,768,087

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks	72.25	70.24	73.36	58.99
Same period last year	69.27	67.67	73.30	65.24

Range Year 1915. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Sales.
96	Apr. 13	80	Jan. 22	ADAMS EXPRESS	89	89	89	..	300
40½	Apr. 22	26⅛	Jan. 7	Alaska Gold M.‡‡	38¾	37⅜	38⅜	+1⅜	10,700
20	Apr. 19	7¾	Jan. 12	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	18¾	17⅞	18⅛	+⅛	4,600
57	Apr. 24	33	Feb. 10	Allis-Chalm. Mfg. pf	54¼	51⅝	54¼	+2¼	4,100
79½	Apr. 22	50⅝	Feb. 24	Amalgamated Cop.	76⅝	73⅜	75	−⅛	39,650
59⅞	May 5	48	Jan. 4	Am. Agr. Chemical	52	51	52	..	300
95	June 4	90	Mar. 27	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	..	..	94½	..	....
53⅜	June 14	33¼	Jan. 6	Am. Beet Sugar	51¾	48	50	−½	6,100
86¾	Mar. 22	83	Feb. 1	Am. Beet Sugar pf.	85	84	85	+⅛	200
103	May 3	87¼	Feb. 25	Am. Brake S. & F.	103	99½	103	+3	500
157½	June 25	132½	Mar. 25	Am. Brake S. & F. pf	157½	150	157½	+9	235
47⅞	June 14	25	Feb. 24	Am. Can	46⅞	43	45½	+⅜	73,585
103⅞	June 16	91½	Jan. 5	Am. Can pf.	102¼	100½	100½	−1⅝	1,000
59¼	Apr. 16	40	Feb. 23	Am. Car & Foundry	56½	52⅞	55¾	+⅝	9,400
116	Apr. 30	111¼	May 25	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	113	113	113	−1	100
60	Jan. 12	46¼	Apr. 7	Am. Cities pf.	..	..	48⅛	..	....
109	June 12	82	Jan. 20	Am. Coal Products	105	102½	105	+1⅞	1,510
113	June 12	107⅛	Apr. 23	Am. Coal Prod. pf.	109½	109½	109½	+½	135
54⅛	Apr. 26	39	Jan. 4	Am. Cotton Oil	48	46	46	−1½	300
98	Apr. 22	91	June 25	Am. Cotton Oil pf.	91	91	91	−3¾	100
97	Apr. 19	83	Mar. 1	Am. Express	..	..	85	..	....
8	Apr. 19	4⅜	Feb. 19	Am. Hide & Leather	7½	7	7	..	2,100
42½	Apr. 19	19⅜	Jan. 5	Am. Hide & L. pf.	35	33¼	34	−¼	2,700
35	Apr. 30	20⅝	Jan. 4	Am. Ice Securities	31	29⅛	29¼	−1¼	2,700
14	Apr. 19	7¼	Jan. 2	Am. Linseed	12	12	12	−¼	100
34¼	Apr. 16	24	Jan. 5	Am. Linseed pf.	29½	29¼	29¼	−¾	200
68	Apr. 16	19	Mar. 2	Am. Locomotive	54¼	49½	51¾	..	29,650
100⅛	Apr. 16	75	Mar. 6	Am. Locomotive pf.	97½	97	97½	+1½	635
6⅜	Apr. 23	3⅞	Apr. 14	Am. Malt	5½	5	5	−¼	700
32½	Mar. 31	21½	May 27	Am. Malt pf.	27	26	26	−1¾	200
84½	June 14	56	Jan. 2	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	82⅜	78	80¼	+¾	35,610
108⅛	May 6	100	Jan. 4	Am. Sm. & Ref. pf.	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	−¾	236
83⅜	May 5	78	Jan. 19	Am. Smelters pf. B.	..	..	81	..	....
165	Apr. 22	144	Jan. 16	Am. Snuff	..	..	150	..	....
106½	Apr. 26	103	Jan. 19	Am. Snuff pf.	..	..	106½	..	....
43½	June 22	24⅛	Mar. 5	Am. Steel Foundries	43½	37⅞	40	−2⅛	19,150
114¼	Apr. 23	99½	Feb. 24	Am. Sugar Refining	108⅜	107⅜	107⅜	−1⅛	500
115¼	June 10	109	Feb. 5	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	114½	114½	114½	..	500
61	May 3	58	Mar. 18	Am. Tel. & Cable	..	..	60½	..	....
124¼	June 17	116	Jan. 4	Am. Tel. & Tel.	124	123	124	+1⅛	2,500
252½	Apr. 22	218	May 14	Am. Tobacco	226⅞	226¼	226½	+½	400
109	May 6	103¼	Jan. 4	Am. Tob. pf., new	107	106	107	+⅛	525
32¼	May 3	15¾	Mar. 6	Am. Woolen	..	..	30⅜	..	....
90½	June 16	77¼	Feb. 27	Am. Woolen pf.	89⅞	89¾	89¾	+2¾	279
15	Apr. 20	5½	June 11	Am. Writing P. pf.	7½	7½	7½	+⅜	600
39	Apr. 26	24¾	Feb. 24	Anaconda Copper‡	37	35¼	36¼	..	46,725
9	Apr. 10	5	Jan. 4	Assets Realization	..	..	7⅛	..	....
105	Apr. 19	92½	Feb. 24	Atch., T. & S. F.	101⅜	100⅛	101⅜	+1¼	6,900
101⅝	June 17	96	Jan. 5	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	101¼	100¾	101	..	1,000
113½	Apr. 30	98	Mar. 1	Atlantic Coast Line	..	..	105	..	....
69¾	June 21	26⅝	Mar. 3	BALDWIN LOCO.	69¾	64	67½	+1⅛	113,700
105⅛	June 10	92	Mar. 9	Baldwin Loco. pf.	103	101¾	102½	−1	600
79⅞	Apr. 19	63¾	Feb. 25	Baltimore & Ohio	78½	74⅜	77¼	+2⅜	27,850
73¼	Jan. 20	67	Feb. 23	Baltimore & Ohio pf	71⅞	69⅞	71¾	+1½	3,825
2	Apr. 17	½	Feb. 5	Batopilas Mining††	1⅜	1¼	1¼	−¼	700
172¾	June 21	46¼	Jan. 2	Bethlehem Steel	172¾	163	170½	+7¼	23,120
120⅛	June 12	91	Jan. 2	Bethlehem Steel pf.	..	..	116½	..	....
93	Apr. 21	84½	Jan. 6	Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	89⅜	88	88	−1	2,510
132½	Apr. 30	118	Jan. 5	Brooklyn Union Gas	126¾	126¾	126¾	..	96
27	May 1	23	May 14	Brown Shoe	..	..	24	..	....
82	Apr. 29	70	May 19	Brown Shoe pf.	..	..	72	..	....
7	Apr. 22	4¼	Mar. 12	Brunswick Term.	..	..	5½	..	....
*90	Apr. 1	*85	Apr. 28	Buff., R. & Pitts.	..	..	*90	..	....
32¼	Apr. 15	27	Feb. 4	Butterick Co.	28½	28½	28½	..	200
79⅞	June 4	53	May 10	Butte & Superior	73¼	67½	72½	+3½	15,200
21⅜	Feb. 8	12¾	Apr. 1	CAL. PETROLEUM	15	14½	14½	−½	600
54¾	Feb. 8	35	June 5	Cal. Petroleum pf.	39	37	37	−2	400
*60	May 6	*56	Apr. 21	Canada Southern	..	..	*56	..	....
174	Apr. 19	145½	June 24	Canadian Pacific	153	145½	148	−4⅝	59,553
83¼	Apr. 16	74½	June 5	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	..	..	74½	..	....
44⅝	Apr. 19	32⅜	Feb. 20	Cent. Leather Co.	42	39½	40⅜	−⅞	25,740
104¼	May 5	100⅜	Jan. 7	Cent. Leath. Co. pf.	104	104	104	+¼	300
325	Jan. 22	300	May 8	Cent. R. R. of N. J.	..	..	300	..	....
*121½	June 24	*110	Jan. 6	Cent. & S. A. Tel.	121½	121	121½	..	18
49⅜	Apr. 19	37⅞	June 21	Chesapeake & Ohio	40¼	37⅞	39	+⅜	7,200
[illegible]	Jan. 27	8½	Apr. 28	Chicago & Alton	..	..	8½	..	....
11⅛	Feb. 27	11⅛	Feb. 27	Chicago & Alton pf.	..	..	11⅛	..	....
14⅛	Apr. 19	10¼	Jan. 4	Chicago Great West.	12	11⅛	11⅝	−¼	3,900
36⅝	Apr. 19	25½	May 14	Chi. Gt. West pf.	31⅜	29⅛	30¼	+⅝	3,700
98¼	Apr. 19	83¼	Feb. 24	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	92⅝	90	91	+¾	6,660
130	Jan. 22	123	Feb. 25	C., M. & St. P. pf.	127	126	127	+1	200

Range Year 1915. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Sales.
18¼	Apr. 19	6½	Jan. 7	Den. & Rio G. pf.	10⅞	9½	9¼	−3⅜	1,000
7½	Apr. 9	4	Feb. 3	Des M. & Ft. Dodge	..	..	7¼	..	....
29½	Mar. 4	29½	Mar. 4	Des. M. & Ft. D. pf.	..	..	29½	..	....
115¼	June 22	112	Feb. 2	Detroit Edison	115	114⅞	115¼	+⅞	485
61	Apr. 15	52¼	Apr. 1	Detroit United Ry.	..	..	61	..	....
28½	June 19	5½	Mar. 2	Distillers' Securities	28⅜	25¾	27	−⅞	42,605
17½	June 24	16	June 25	Dome Mines	17½	16	17⅛	..	8,400
5	Jan. 11	4	Feb. 5	Dul., S. S. & Atl.	..	..	4⅛	..	....
10	Jan. 18	7	Jan. 18	Dul., S. S. & Atl. pf.	..	..	8½	..	....
96	June 21	90¼	Apr. 29	Du Pont Powder pf.	96	96	96	+4	100
30	Apr. 19	19⅞	Feb. 24	ERIE	27¾	26	26¾	+⅛	36,600
46⅝	Apr. 19	32¼	Feb. 24	Erie 1st pf.	42⅛	40⅛	41⅛	+⅛	6,500
37¼	Apr. 19	27	Feb. 25	Erie 2d pf.	34¾	34¾	34¾	−1¼	110
60	June 12	8	Mar. 24	FED. MIN. & SM.	35	30	34	+6	1,710
65	June 12	20	Mar. 13	Fed. Min. & Sm. pf.	50	47¾	49	+3⅞	830
218	June 3	165	Jan. 26	GEN. CHEMICAL	217¾	217¾	217¾	..	45
110	June 8	106	Mar. 1	Gen. Chemical pf.	..	..	110	..	....
175⅛	June 17	138	Mar. 3	General Electric	174	168½	171	−1¼	9,334
157	June 7	82	Jan. 2	General Motors	155⅞	151½	153	+1½	5,700
105¾	Apr. 13	90⅝	Jan. 4	General Motors pf.	102¾	102	102½	+⅝	1,643
53¾	Apr. 9	24½	Jan. 7	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	53⅛	50½	52¼	+⅝	37,200
103	June 16	95	Jan. 14	Goodrich (B.F.)Co.pf	102	102	102	..	200
91	June 14	79¼	Apr. [illegible]	Granby Consol.	88	88	88	−3	100
122¾	Apr. 19	112¾	Jan. 2	Great Northern pf.	119	117¼	118¼	+¾	2,700
41⅜	Apr. 13	25¼	Jan. 2	Gt.N.cfs.for ore prop	37¼	34⅞	36⅜	−⅝	12,445
67½	June 12	45⅛	Jan. 7	Guggenheim Expl'n‡	65	62⅝	63⅝	−⅝	10,800
81⅜	May 12	80	May 15	HAV. EL. RY., L.&P.	81¼	81¼	81¼	−¼	100
97¾	May 6	95	Apr. 29	Hav.El.Ry.,L.&P.pf.	..	..	97½	..	....
175	Apr. 22	175	Apr. 22	Helme (G. W.)	..	..	175	..	....
112	Jan. 20	112	Jan. 20	Helme (G. W.) pf.	..	..	112	..	....
118	Apr. 10	112	Apr. 15	Hocking Valley	..	..	112	..	....
119	June 21	116	Feb. 24	Homestake Mining	119	119	119	..	250
113	Apr. 19	102½	Mar. 11	ILLINOIS CENT.	108	106⅝	106⅝	−1⅞	525
35⅜	Apr. 26	16⅝	Jan. 2	Inspiration Copper††	32¼	30¼	31⅛	..	9,500
24¾	Apr. 29	10⅝	Jan. 16	Inter.-Met. vot. t. c.	24⅜	22	22¼	−1¾	53,800
77⅞	June 22	49	Jan. 19	Inter.-Met. pf.	77⅞	74⅛	75⅞	+⅜	30,150
76½	June 24	75½	June 24	Inter. Con. Cor. pf.	76½	75½	75¾	..	800
10½	June 18	5½	Mar. 31	Int. Agricultural	9	8	8	−2	200
30	June 18	8	Mar. 15	Int. Agricultural pf.	..	..	28	..	....
114	June 4	90	May 10	Int. Harv., N. J.	107½	102	102	−2	5,000
117	Jan. 9	109¾	May 28	Int. Harv., N. J., pf.	..	..	109¾	..	....
80	Apr. 10	55	Feb. 20	Int. Harv. Corp.	64	63½	63½	+1	200
114	Jan. 14	90½	Mar. 6	Int. Harv. Corp. pf.	..	..	97	..	....
12	Apr. 19	8	Jan. 6	International Paper	10	9⅜	9⅜	−⅝	200
43	Apr. 19	33	Feb. 24	Internat. Paper pf.	38	37	38	−¾	620
10	Feb. 16	6	Feb. 4	Iowa Central	..	..	6⅝	..	....
18	Feb. 13	18	Feb. 13	Iowa Central pf.	..	..	18	..	....
68½	May 5	65	Feb. 4	K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf	..	..	68½	..	....
29⅞	May 6	20⅝	Feb. 24	Kan. City Southern	26	24¾	25½	−¼	3,600
60½	Apr. 20	54⅞	Feb. 24	Kansas City So. pf.	59¼	59	59	+⅛	200
88	Apr. 26	77½	Feb. 20	Kayser (Julius) & Co	84¾	84¾	84¾	+1¼	130
109	Apr. 19	107	Jan. 13	Kayser(Julius)1st pf.	..	..	109	..	....
*6½	Feb. 15	*6½	Feb. 15	Keokuk & Des M.	..	..	*6½	..	....
123	Apr. 30	122⅜	May 24	Kings Co. E. L. & P.	124½	124	124½	..	79
139	May 12	99	Jan. 18	Kresge (S. S.) Co.	..	..	135	..	....
110	June 12	105¼	Feb. 15	Kresge (S. S.) Co. pf	..	..	110	..	....
50⅛	June 15	28	Jan. 7	LACK. STEEL	48	44	44	−2	800
106	Apr. 13	92⅞	Jan. 15	Laclede Gas	102	102	102	..	150
9⅝	Apr. 21	5	Jan. 5	Lake Erie & West.	..	..	8	..	....
23¼	Apr. 22	19	May 27	Lake Erie & W. pf.	..	..	19	..	....
146½	Apr. 19	129¼	Feb. 24	Lehigh Valley†	146	142½	143⅞	+1⅞	11,874
231	Apr. 22	207	Jan. 9	Liggett & Myers	223	223	223	..	100
119½	Jan. 21	113¾	Jan. 5	Liggett & Myers pf.	..	..	118⅛	..	....
39	Jan. 20	30	Jan. 11	Long Island†	..	..	35¾	..	....
31	Jan. 11	16	Feb. 17	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	..	..	18⅛	..	....
105¼	Jan. 13	86	Feb. 20	Loose-W. Bis. 1st pf	..	..	90¼	..	....
65	Mar. 11	60	June 15	Loose-W. Bis. 2d pf.	..	..	60	..	....
184	Mar. 8	165½	Jan. 6	Lorillard (P.) Co.	..	..	168	..	....
118	Jan. 19	112¼	Jan 6	Lorillard (P.) Co. pf	117¾	117¾	117¾	..	7
125½	Apr. 20	110	Mar. 1	Louis. & Nashville	117½	117½	117½	−¼	100
82⅞	May 6	72⅝	Jan. 11	MACKAY COS.	..	..	81	..	....
69¾	Jan. 19	65	Feb. 25	Mackay Cos. pf.	..	..	67½	..	....
2	Feb. 9	2	Feb. 9	Manhattan Beach	..	..	2	..	....
129	Apr. 28	125	June 25	Manhattan El. gtd.	125¼	125	125	−⅛	375
69¼	Apr. 23	50	Jan. 28	Manhattan Shirt	54	54	54	+2	100
103⅜	June 10	101	Apr. 27	Manhattan Shirt pf.	..	..	103⅜	..	....
58	Apr. 14	15¼	Jan. 6	Maxwell Motors	44½	39½	40⅛	−3⅞	7,200
89	June 7	43¼	Jan. 2	Max. Motors 1st pf.	87½	85	85	−2¼	2,600
44	May 5	18	Jan. 6	Max. Motors 2d pf.	38	34	34½	−3⅜	2,100
56	Mar. 2	38	June 15	May Dept. Stores	39	39	39	..	100
98½	Mar. 15	94⅛	Apr. 27	May Dept. Stores pf.	98	97	97	..	800
97	Apr. 27	51	Jan. 9	Mexican Petroleum	77¼	73⅜	75	+¼	16,700

Range Year 1915. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Sales.
55⅝	Apr. 6	43⅛	Feb. 23	Standard Milling	53½	53	53½	+1	400
73	Mar. 22	66	Feb. 17	Standard Milling pf.	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	+⅝	125
80¾	June 22	35¾	Jan. 2	Studebaker Co.	80¾	76	79	+2	36,700
102⅜	Apr. 8	91	Jan. 2	Studebaker Co. pf.	100½	99¼	99¼	−¾	635
39½	June 12	25½	Feb. 24	TENN. COPPER‡	38¾	37½	37⅞	+⅝	7,500
144½	Apr. 19	120	May 14	Texas Co.	128	126⅞	126⅞	−⅛	400
123	June 14	123	June 14	Tex. Co. sub.rec.f.pd	..	..	123	..	....
17⅞	Apr. 19	11	Jan. 11	Texas & Pacific	15	14	14	−1	400
101½	Apr. 30	101½	Apr. 30	Texas Pac. Land tr.	..	..	101½	..	....
58	Apr. 15	35	Jan. 2	Third Avenue	55⅛	52½	53⅞	+⅝	9,350
102½	Apr. 16	95	May 14	Tobacco Products pf.	98¾	98½	98½	−1¾	200
2½	Mar. 31	1	Jan. 6	Toledo, St. L. & W.	..	..	2	..	....
9⅜	Jan. 23	5½	May 25	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	7	7	7	−⅛	200
7⅛	June 15	7	June 14	T., St.L. & W. pf.cfs	..	..	7⅛	..	....
100	Apr. 19	94⅝	June 23	Twin City R. T.	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	+⅛	100
69⅝	Apr. 20	55	Feb. 18	UNDER. TYPE	..	..	63	..	....
103	Apr. 20	98¼	May 22	Underwood Type. pf.	..	..	98¼	..	....
7¼	Apr. 6	4⅜	Jan. 4	Union Bag & Paper	6	5½	5½	−⅛	300
30⅞	Apr. 6	25¼	Mar. 27	Union Bag & P. pf.	24	24	24	..	50
134⅝	Apr. 19	115¾	Jan. 2	Union Pacific	129½	126⅞	128⅝	+1	50,600
82	June 12	79	Mar. 1	Union Pacific pf.	81⅜	80½	80½	−¼	900
31¼	Apr. 21	27¼	Feb. 24	Union Pacific war.	..	..	29⅜	..	....
51½	Apr. 19	42	Jan. 25	United Cigar Mfrs.	44	43	43	..	400
105	Feb. 11	100	June 19	United Cigar Mfrs.pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	..	30
66¼	Apr. 15	48½	Jan. 19	United Dry Goods pf	58	58	58	+2	100
21	Apr. 26	8	Jan. 5	United Rys. Invest.	17¼	16	16	−2	700
40¼	Apr. 26	21¼	Mar. 15	United Rys. Inv. pf.	32½	31	31	−2	2,100
18¼	May 24	8	Jan. 8	U. S. Cast I. P. & F	14	14	14	+⅝	100
46½	Apr. 19	32½	Mar. 3	U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf.	40	40	40	−⅛	200
73¼	Mar. 9	62¼	May 15	U. S. Express	..	..	65	..	....
59½	June 26	15	Jan. 27	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	59½	52½	59	+¼	7,200
94⅝	June 7	70	Jan. 26	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf	94¼	94¼	94¼	..	110
50	Jan. 12	36	Feb. 11	U. S. Realty & Imp.	38⅝	38¼	38¼	..	20
10¾	June 14	1¼	Apr. 26	U. S. Red. & Ref.	4½	3	3	−1⅝	1,005
10¼	June 14	1	Apr. 9	U. S. Red. & Ref. pf	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	+⅞	105
74¾	Apr. 14	51½	June 26	U. S. Rubber	65½	51½	51⅝	−13⅝	110,600
110	Apr. 9	101⅝	Feb. 24	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	108¼	106½	106½	−¾	1,400
76½	Feb. 1	76½	Feb. 1	U. S. Rubber 2d pf.	..	..	76½	..	....
64	June 4	38	Feb. 1	U. S. Steel	61¾	59¼	61⅛	+¾	311,260
112⅝	June 4	102	Feb. 1	U. S. Steel pf.	109¾	109¼	109¾	−¼	3,250
73	Apr. 26	48½	Jan. 6	Utah Copper‡‡	68¾	66⅜	67⅜	−⅛	19,700
37	May 5	15	Jan. 4	VA.-CARO. CHEM.	33¾	32	33	+½	1,900
101	May 5	80	Jan. 6	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	97⅞	96¾	97⅞	+1⅛	1,300
46	June 14	36	June 9	Va.-Iron, Coal & C.	40	40	40	−1	200
15	June 14	5	Jan. 21	Vulcan Detinning	..	..	15	..	....
35	June 14	21	Jan. 22	Vulcan Detinning pf	..	..	35	..	....
2¼	Apr. 30	⅛	May 26	WABASH	¼	⅛	¼	..	1,013
6½	Apr. 29	¼	May 29	Wabash pf.	⅜	¼	¼	−⅛	4,200
100	Apr. 14	77½	Jan. 6	Wells Fargo Exp.	..	..	94¼	..	....
27	June 12	9¼	Jan. 4	Western Maryland	26	24	24	−1⅞	600
40	Mar. 30	25	Jan. 5	West. Maryland pf.	36	36	36	+1	100
70⅞	Apr. 28	57	Jan. 2	Western Union Tel.	67⅞	66½	66½	−⅝	1,286
108	Apr. 30	64	Feb. 24	Westing. E. & M.†	101	96¾	100¼	+2⅞	118,820
130	May 5	117	Mar. 12	Westinghouse 1st pf†	127⅞	127⅞	127⅞	−1	100
255	May 10	232½	Apr. 6	Weyman-Bruton	..	..	255	..	....
3¾	Jan. 18	1¾	Jan. 6	Wheeling & L. E.	..	..	2	..	....
16	Jan. 18	7	June 21	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	7½	7	7½	−½	600
6	Jan. 18	2⅜	June 24	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	−⅛	100
135	Apr. 8	87	Feb. 23	Willys Overland	131½	128	128½	−¾	3,000
105	June 22	95⅛	Feb. 17	Willys Overland pf.	105	105	105	+1½	200
39⅞	Jan. 21	30⅝	Feb. 24	Wisconsin Central	..	..	32	..	....
111½	Apr. 14	90¼	Jan. 6	Woolw'h (F. W.) Co.	104⅞	104⅛	104⅛	+½	300
120½	June 26	115	Jan. 8	Woolworth pf.	120½	120½	120½	+2	100
				MINING.					
.21	June 3	.07	May 29	Comstock Tunnel‡‡‡	.16	.12	.12	−.02	8,400

Note.—Highest and lowest prices of the year are based usually on sales of not less than 100 shares, but where exceptions are made the prices are marked with an asterisk (*.) †Par $50. ‡Par $25. ††Par $20. ‡‡Par $10. †††Par $5. ‡‡‡Par $2.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE

	On Call. High.	Low.	Last.	Renewals.
June 21	2	1¾	2	1¾
June 22	2	1¾	1¾	1¾
June 23	2	1½	1¾	1¾
June 24	2	1½	1½	1¾
June 25	2	1¾	1¾	1¾
June 26	2	1¾	1¾	1¾

	On Call.	Renewal Rates.
Week's range—		
High	2	1¾
Low	1½	1½
Same week last year—		
High	2	2
Low	1¾	1⅞
Year to date—		
High	3	2¾
Low	1	1½
Same period last year—		
High	10	4½
Low	1	1½

On Time.	60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
June 21	2¼@2½	2½@2¾	2¾@3
June 22	2¼@2½	2½@2¾	3
June 23	2¼@2½	2½@2¾	3
June 24	2¼@2½	2½@2¾	3
June 25	2¼@2½	2½@2¾	3
June 26	2¼@2½	2½@2¾	3
Week's range—			
High	2½	2¾	3
Low	2¼	2½	2¾
Same week last year—			
High	2⅜	3¼	3⅜
Low	2¼	2½	3
Year's range to date—			
High	4½	4½	4½
Low	2¼	2½	2¾
Same period last year—			
High	4	4	4½
Low	2	2¼	2¾

RESERVE BANKS' DISCOUNT RATES.

	Days. 30 or Less.	30 to 60.	60 to 90.	Over 90.
Boston	4	4	4½	5
New York	4	4	4	5
Philadelphia	4	4	4½	5
Cleveland	4	4	4½	5
Richmond	4½	4½	4½	5
Atlanta	4	4	4½	5
Chicago	4	4	4½	5
St. Louis	4	4	4½	5
Minneapolis	4	4	5	5
Kansas City	4	4	4½	5
Dallas	4	4	4½	5
San Francisco	3½	4	4½	6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

LONDON.	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.
June 21	$4.76 7-16	$4.76 3-16	$4.76 7-16
June 22	4.76⅝	4.76⅜	4.76⅝
June 23	4.76⅝	4.76½	4.76 9-16
June 24	4.76 13-16	4.76⅝	4.76 13-16
June 25	4.77 1-16	4.77 1-16	4.77⅛
June 26	4.77 1-16	4.77⅛	4.77⅛
	Cables.		
June 21	$4.77	$4.76¾	$4.77
June 22	4.77¼	4.76 15-16	4.76 15-16
June 23	4.77¼	4.77⅛	4.77¼
June 24	4.77 5-16	4.77¼	4.77 5-16
June 25	4.78¼	4.77 15-16	4.78 1-16
June 26	4.78¼	4.78	4.78

	Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—		
High	$4.77 7-16	$4.78¼
Low	4.76 3-16	4.76¾
Same week last year—		
High	4.8830	4.8895
Low	4.8775	4.8855
Year's range to date—		
High	4.85¼	4.85⅝
Low	4.76 3-16	4.76¾
Same period last year—		
High	4.8910	4.8975
Low	4.8535	4.8555

	Paris. Dmd.	Cab.	Berlin. Dmd.	Cab.	Switzerland. Dmd.	Cab.
June 21	5.46¾	5.46¼	81 13-16	81⅞	5.37½	5.37
June 22	5.47¼	5.46½	81 13-16	81 13-16	5.37½	5.37
June 23	5.48¼	5.47¼	[illegible]	81⅞	5.35	5.34½
June 24	5.49½	5.49	[illegible]	81⅞	5.34½	5.33½
June 25	5.51	5.50¼	81⅝	81 11-16	5.35⅝	5.34½
June 26	5.54	5.53½	81⅝	81⅞	5.38	5.37½

	Holland. Dmd.	Cab.	Italy. Dmd.	Cab.	Russia. Cab.	Austria. Cab.
June 21	39⅞	40	5.97½	5.97	38.00	15.28
June 22	39 15-16	40 1-16	5.96½	5.96	39.25	15.25
June 23	40	40 1-16	5.96	5.95½	39.25	15.23
June 24	39 15-16	40 1-16	5.97½	5.97	39.25	15.25
June 25	39 15-16	40 1-16	6.00	5.99½	39.78	15.25
June 26	39 15-16	39 15-16	6.03	6.02	39.78	15.25

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK AT DOMESTIC CENTRES.

	Boston.	Chicago.	S. L.	San F.
June 21	Par	Par	*5c	*40c
June 22	Par	Par	*5c	*40c
June 23	Par	Par	*5c	*40c
June 24	Par	†5c	*5c	*45c
June 25	Par	†20c	*5c	*45c
June 26	Par	†5c	*5c	*45c

*Premium. †Discount.

LONDON MONEY AND DISCOUNTS.

	Money.	Discounts. Short Bills.	3 Mos.	Paris. Ex. on Lon.
June 21	1¼@1¾	2⅞	3 @3¼	26f 12c
June 22	1¼@1¾	3⅞@4	4 @4¼	26f 15c
June 23	1¾	4	4 @4¼	26f 15½c
June 24	1¾	4¼	4¼	26f 22½c
June 25	1¾	4¼	4¼	26f 36c
June 26	1¾	4¼	4¼	26f 36c

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	Brit. Consols. London.	Rentes, Paris.
June 21	66½	71f 30c
June 22	66½	71f 15c
June 23	*65	71f
June 24	65¼	70f 85c
June 25	65	70f 75c
June 26	65	70f 75c

*New minimum established.

BAR SILVER AND GOLD PREMIUMS.

	Bar Silver. London.	N. Y.	Gold Premiums. Lisbon.
June 21	23⅛d	49c	48.00
June 22	23¼d	48⅞c	48.00
June 23	23⅛d	48⅝c	48.00
June 24	23⅛d	48⅝c	48.00
June 25	23 1-16d	48½c	48.00
June 26	23 1-16d	48⅜c	48.00

FOREIGN BANK RATES.

	Rate.	When Fixed.
Bank of England	5	Aug. 8, 1914
Bank of France	5	Aug. 20, 1914
Bank of Germany	5	Dec. 23, 1914
Bank of Belgium	5	Aug. 27, 1914
Bank of Austria	5	Apr. 10, 1915
Bank of Italy	6	Aug. 3, 1914
Bank of Switzerland	4½	Jan. 2, 1915
Bank of Russia	6	July 29, 1914
Bank of Spain	4½	Oct. 27, 1914
Bank of Portugal	5½	Jan. 15, 1914
Bank of Sweden	5½	Jan. 5, 1915
Bank of Norway	5½	Aug. 20, 1914
Bank of Denmark	5½	Jan. 5, 1915

FINANCIAL.

TO THE HOLDERS OF 6% GOLD NOTES OF

MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM COMPANY

DUE JANUARY 1, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Article 3rd of the Trust Agreement of January 1st, 1914, Five hundred fifty thousand dollars ($550,000) principal amount, with interest, of the above-mentioned notes and the additional amount of Six hundred fifty thousand dollars ($650,000) principal amount, with interest, of said notes, making an aggregate of One million two hundred thousand dollars ($1,200,000) principal amount, with interest, being all the remaining notes of said issue now outstanding, have been called for redemption on July 1st, 1915, at 104% of the principal amount thereof and accrued interest.

According to the above-mentioned agreement, said notes are due and payable on and after July 1st, 1915, at the office of Columbia Trust Company, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, after which date interest thereon shall cease.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,
Successor-Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN, Trust Officer.
Dated, New York, May 20th, 1915.

$500,000

The Luckenbach Company, Inc.

First Mortgage 6% Marine Equipment Bonds

Dated July 1, 1915. Denominations $500 and $1,000

THE CLEVELAND TRUST COMPANY, CLEVELAND, TRUSTEE
Interest Payable Without Deduction of Normal Federal Income Tax

MATURITIES
$25,000 due Jan. 1, 1917
25,000 due July 1, 1917
25,000 due Jan. 1, 1918
25,000 due July 1, 1918
25,000 due Jan. 1, 1919
25,000 due July 1, 1919
$25,000 due Jan. 1, 1920
25,000 due July 1, 1920
25,000 due Jan. 1, 1921
25,000 due July 1, 1921
25,000 due Jan. 1, 1922
25,000 due July 1, 1922
$25,000 due Jan. 1, 1923
25,000 due July 1, 1923
25,000 due Jan. 1, 1924
25,000 due July 1, 1924
25,000 due Jan. 1, 1925
25,000 due July 1, 1925
$25,000 due Jan. 1, 1926
$25,000 due July 1, 1926

From a letter of Edgar F. Luckenbach, Esq., President of the Company, we summarize as follows:

This issue of bonds will be a first and only lien upon two steel ocean going freight package vessels having a combined tonnage of 20,100 tons and valued at $1,268,000.

The vessels are intended for use in the New York, Panama Canal, San Francisco trade and have been leased to a prosperous freight line at a rental which covers interest and principal requirements of the bond issue.

The contract of lease referred to above has been personally guaranteed by Edgar F. Luckenbach.

The earnings of the lessee company and the individual guarantor referred to above have for many years amounted to several times the maximum yearly principal and interest requirements of the bond issue.

The legality of this issue has been passed upon by Messrs. White & Case, Attorneys, of New York City.

Descriptive Circular Upon Request

PRICE 100 AND INTEREST

The Cleveland Trust Company
CLEVELAND

Hayden, Miller & Company
Citizens Building
CLEVELAND

Rhoades & Company
37 Wall Street
NEW YORK

Interstate Electric Corporation

First Lien 6% Collateral Sinking Fund Gold Bonds

DATED MARCH 1, 1913 DUE MARCH 1, 1933.

Interest payable September 1st and March 1st at the
EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee, and
FIRST TRUST & SAVINGS BANK, CHICAGO.

These bonds are secured by a direct FIRST LIEN covering all of the property, rights and franchises of every description belonging to the Company. The Corporation operates well established and prosperous public service companies, including Gas, Electric Light, Power and Ice Plants, City Water Works and High Tension Transmission lines, serving a population of about 75,000.

The Companies owned have been operated successfully for many years by private interests and are now brought under the expert management of experienced engineers. Each of the various Companies included in this organization show exceptional opportunities for substantial increases in business. This is shown by comparing the Gross Earnings per capita of the Interstate Electric Corporation, $4.57 with $11.02 the average Gross Earnings Per Capita of thirteen well regarded public utility companies.

Net earnings now equal TWICE bond interest requirements.

The Interstate Electric Corporation has had a most decided advantage in acquiring properties on a basis unusually attractive during a non-competitive period.

Entire capitalization consists of—Bonds $2,000,000
—Capital Stock 1,000,000

No short-time notes or preferred stock has been issued and the Company has no floating indebtedness. All surplus earnings since incorporation have been devoted to extensions and improvements.

There are no Street Railways, Water Power or Natural Gas developments in the organization.

Operation of the properties is under the personal supervision of Roosevelt & Thompson, Engineers.

Audits have been made by Arthur Young & Co., Chicago.

Legal investigations have been made by Howard Taylor of Taylor, Jackson & Brophy of New York.

Franchises extend well beyond the maturity of the bonds.

A liberal sinking fund will retire a large part of the issue before maturity.

Additional bonds can only be issued under very careful restrictions. According to figures obtained from Engineers of high repute there is a most substantial equity above all outstanding bonds.

We believe bonds of this class, being intrinsically well secured, will show the greatest stability of price and earning power over a period of years and are least liable to be affected in times of financial and industrial depression.

PRICE 100 AND INTEREST, YIELDING 6%

A. E. FITKIN & CO., Bonds
BOSTON 141 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CHICAGO

$81,000 Water Supply Bonds.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that sealed bids will be received by the undersigned at his office in the Village of Ilion, N. Y., until 12 o'clock noon July 12, 1915, for $81,000.00 of registered bonds authorized by the taxpayers of the Village of Ilion, for the purpose of extending its present water supply system and increasing the capacity of the same, and to defray the expense thereof. These bonds are to be dated May 1, 1915, and will be sold to the bidder who will take them at the lowest rate of interest not to exceed five per cent per annum, which interest will be paid semi-annually on the 1st days of May and November in each year, and they are exempt by law from taxation. The bonds are to be in denominations of one thousand dollars each and are to be numbered from one to eighty-one consecutively. They are to mature as follows:—three of said bonds representing $3000.00 thereof are to fall due and be payable on the 1st day of May, 1918, and one more instalment of three bonds, representing $3000.00 shall fall due and be payable on the 1st day of May in each and every year thereafter up to and including the 1st day of May, 1944.

The principal and interest of said bonds will be payable at the Ilion National Bank, Ilion, N. Y., in New York Exchange. No bids for less than par value and accrued interest from May 1st, 1915, will be considered.

The Treasurer reserves the right to reject any and all bids. In all cases where bonds to the amount of five thousand dollars or more, are bid for, a certified check for one per cent. of the par value thereof must accompany the bid. Unless the bid is for the entire amount of the bonds offered, the Treasurer reserves the right to so apportion the maturities of the bids accepted, so as to make the total number of bonds awarded mature in equal instalments of three thousand dollars, commencing May 1, 1918; and in the event that no bid for the entire amount offered is accepted, and the aggregate of the bids received exceeds $81,000.00, the Treasurer may in his discretion apportion the awards among the bidders whose bids are at the same price and in such manner as he may deem proper.

No prescribed form will be necessary for making the proposals except that the same shall be enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed to the undersigned Village Treasurer and marked "Proposals for Water Bonds."

Dated Ilion, N. Y., June 22, 1915.
WILLIAM J. POWERS,
Village Treasurer.

$1,250,000

Indiana Steel Company

First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds

Dated May 1, 1912 Due May 1, 1952
Authorized $40,000,000 Outstanding $18,035,000

Payment of principal and interest unconditionally guaranteed by endorsement on each bond by the United States Steel Corporation.

These bonds are a first mortgage on the plant of the Indiana Steel Co. at Gary, Ind. The construction of this plant was begun in 1906 and the actual cash cost up to December 31, 1914, was $59,348,000.

The Sinking Fund will retire a large amount of the issue before maturity.

Price 101 and Interest

Hambleton & Co
43 Exchange Pl. New York
10 So. Calvert St. Baltimore

Colgate Parker & Co
2 Wall Street
New York

We solicit orders in
Anglo-American Oil
Car Light & Power Co.
American Marconi
American Zinc
American Cigar Co.
British-American Tobacco Co.
Bordens Condensed Milk
Cramp Shipb'ld'g & Engine
Computing-Tabulating-Rec'g
Galena Signal Oil
International Steam Pump
Kennecott Copper
Riker and Hegeman
St. Joe Lead
Standard Motor Construction
Sterling Gum Company
Un't'd C'g'r Stores Co. of Amer.
United Profit Sharing Corp.

BAMBERGER, LOEB & CO.
25 BROAD ST. Phone 5501 Broad, N. Y.

Singer Mfg. Co.
Alaska Steamship
W. U. Telegraph Coll. Tr. 5s
Int'l Steam Pump
Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies S. S.
N. Y. Mortgage & Security
Lima Locomotive
Carbon Steel
Loew's Theatrical Enterprise
Indiana Lighting 4s
New Jersey Zinc
Ward Baking Common

TOBEY & KIRK
Members New York Stock Exchange
25 BROAD ST. NEW YORK.

BUY—SELL
Kennecott Copper Corp.
6% BONDS & STOCK
Port Lobos Petroleum
CO., LTD.
International Nickel
PREFERRED & COMMON
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PREFERRED & COMMON
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Burns Brothers
Chile Copper Stock

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities.
Phone 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad 25 BROAD ST., N. Y.

Du Pont Powder
Hercules Powder
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Aetna Explosives

C. C. Kerr & Co.
15 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 2622 Rector.

Morgan & Finlay
Am. Brake Sh. & Fdy. Stocks
Am. Five & Ten Cent St. Pfd.
Otis Elevator Pfd.
Western Power Pfd.
Packard Motor Com.
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DU PONT POWDER
Hoit & McWilliam
Phone 4744 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

We Buy, Sell and Quote
GUANTANAMO SUGAR
Stock
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40 Exchange Pl. 'Phone 4361 Broad, N. Y.

Columbia Gas
and
Electric
Bought, Sold, Quoted.
Perpall, Shaskan & Droge,
50 Broad St. Tel. Broad 1630.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
CAPITAL $2,000,000
SURPLUS $7,000,000

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROADWAY
Fifth Av. & 38th St. Fifth Av. & 60th St.
ACTS AS EXECUTOR, GUARDIAN, TRUSTEE, ETC.
Allows Interest on Deposits.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

52ND DIVIDEND
AT USUAL RATE OF 4½% PAID JAN. 1, 1915.
Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before June 30 earn from July 1.
Even $1 starts you. Begin now or write for Booklet A, Simple Mailing System.
The Franklin Society
FOR HOME BUILDING & SAVINGS.
38 Park Row, New York. 27th Year.

Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company.

Interest on First Mortgage Five Per Cent Gold Bonds secured by Sinking Fund, due January 1, 1918, of this Company will be paid on or after July 1, 1915, upon presentation of Coupon No. 35 to the Columbia Trust Company, No. 60 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company.

Interest on First and General Mortgage Five Per Cent Bonds of this Company, due 1937, will be paid on or after July 1, 1915, upon presentation of Coupon No. 7, to the Columbia Trust Company, No. 60 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELEC. COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation June 26, 1915. Bid.	Asked.
Ad'k El.	$9,500,000	..	..	....	14½	15½
Do 6% pf.	2,500,000	..	..	....	53	56
Alb. So. 5s,'39	1,400,000	2½	S	M. & S.	80	90
A.G.& E.($50)	3,500,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 15	92	94
Do pf. ($50)	1,669,000	1½	Q	May 1, 15	*47	49
Am. L. & Tr.	15,355,141	2½b	Q	May 1, 15	322	325
Do pf.	14,236,200	1½	Q	May 1, 15	108	110
Am. P. & Lt.	8,205,400	1	Q	Jun 1, 15	60	62½
Do 6% cu. pf	3,119,800	1½	Q	Apr 1, 15	*79½	81
Am. Pub.Ut.	2,995,000	¾	..	July 1, 14	35	40
Do pf.	1,714,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 15	61	65
Am. W. Wks. & Elec. Co.	7,000,000	..	..	....	7	8
Do. 1st pf. 7% cum.	5,000,000	..	..	....	58	62
Do 6%pc.pf.	10,090,000	..	..	....	16	18
Do 1st 5s,'34	6,250,000	2½	S	A. & O.	69	71
Ariz. Power 1st 6s,'33.	1,900,000	3	S	M. & N.	83	88
Ashev. L.&P. 1st s.f.5s,'42	1,100,000	2½	S	A. & O.	92½	95
Au. & Syr.El. 1st rf.5s,'42	1,460,000	2½	S	A. & O.	90	93
Au.-Aik. Ry. & El. 5s,'35	3,284,000	2½	S	J. & D.	60	70
Au. Ry. & E. 1st 5s,'40.	967,000	2½	S	J. & D.	93½	97½
Bal. Co. Wat. & El.5s,'46	943,000	2½	S	M. & N.	91½	94
Bir. R., L. & P.C. 4½s,'54	8,720,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	87	89
Do ref. ex. 6s,'57	4,384,000	3	S	M. & N.	95	97
B'f.C.1st5s,'32	2,974,000	2½	S	M. & N.	101	102
Buf. G. El.5s	2,375,000	2½	S	F. & A.	100	102
Buf. & Lock. 1st 5s,'38.	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	100
Cal. El. G.pf	2,500,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 15	72	77
Cal. R. & P.	2,800,000	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 15	85	90
Capital Tr.	12,000,000	1¼	Q	Apr 1, 15	90½	90⅞
Capital Tr. 1st 5s,'47.	5,683,500	2½	S	J. & D.	105	105⅝
Cent'l Maine Pow. 1st 5s	2,635,000	2½	S	M. & N.	92½	95
Chas. Con.R., G. & E.($50)	2,523,900	..	..	....	45	50
Do 5s,'99	1,762,000	2½	S	M. & S.	93	94
C.L.H.&P.5s.	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	100
Cl.R.1st5s,'31	5,495,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99½	101
Colo. Power.	11,000,000	..	..	....	18	19½
Do 7% pf.	425,000	1¾	Q	Jun 15,15	90	92½
Do 5s,'53	4,130,000	2½	S	M. & N.	85	87
Col. R., G. & E. 1st 5s,'36	2,783,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91½	92
C. R., G. & E. pf.	831,600	1½	Q	Apr 1, 15	80	90
Com. Pr., R. & Lt.	18,000,000	1	Q	May 1, 15	50	53
Do pf.	16,000,000	1½	Q	May 1, 15	79	82
Com. Power 1st 5s,'24.	1,213,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96½	99
C.G.,E.L.&P. (Balt.) 4½s.	13,360,000	2¼	S	J. & D.	87½	88½
C. T. of N. J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jan 15,15	72	73
Do 1st 5s,'33	15,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100½	101¼
C. P. (Mich.) 1st rf. 5s,'36	12,936,000	2½	S	J. & J.	92½	95
C. P. (Minn.) 1st 5s '29	7,179,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90	91
Dallas El. C. 1st 5s,'22	3,431,480	2½	S	A. & O.	92	96
Dt. Ed. Co.	13,487,100	1¾	Q	Apr 15,15	115	116
East, P. & L. 1st 5s,'18	2,350,000	2½	S	M. & S.	93	96
Ec.L.& P. 1st mtg. 5s,'56	1,889,000	2½	S	J. & D.	93	98
El. Bd. D. pf	1,500,000	..	..	....	61	66
El. B. & S. pf	5,000,000	1½	Q	May 1, 15	98½	100
Emp. District Elec. pf.	1,003,900	..	..	....	55	70
Do 5s.	3,000,000	..	..	....	72	76
Ev. El. Ry. 1st 4s,'21	1,200,000	2	S	M. & N.	87	89
Ev. G. & E.L 1st 5s,'32	1,230,000	2½	S	J. & D.	91	95
Ex. Sg. W. G. & E. 6s	297,000	3	S	J. & D.	95	98
Fed. L. & T.	4,750,000	..	..	....	13	16
Do pf.	2,500,000	1½	..	Sep 1, 14	56	60
Ft. Worth P. & Lt. 1st 5s.	2,700,000	2½	S	F. & A.	95	96½
G.G. & E. 1st 5s, 1932	1,693,000	2½	S	J. & J.	75	80
Gr. Rap. Ed. 1st 5s,'13	734,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	100½
Gd. Rap. Ry. 1st 5s,'16	3,023,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99¾	100¼
G. Wn. Pow. 1st 5s,'46	22,138,000	2½	S	J. & J.	79½	81
Harwood El. 5s,'39	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	104
Ill. & Power Sec. Cor. pf.	1,250,000	1¾	Q	May, 1915	92	97
Int. R. of B. B. Div.5s,'31	5,000,000	2½	S	F. & A.	101	102
B. & L. Div. 1st 5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	100
B. & N. F. D. 1st 5s	750,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	..
Int. Trac. 4s,'49, rcts	16,395,000	2	S	J. & J.	..	62
Int. L. Corp. 1st ln. 6s,'33	1,391,000	3	S	M. & S.	95	97½
Jack. & Bat. Cr. Tr. 1st ref. 5s,'23	1,200,000	2½	S	J. & D.	94	96
J. C., H. & P. 4s,'49	14,061,000	2	S	M. & N.	74	75
Joplin & Pit. Ry. 5s,'30	1,750,000	2½	S	M. & S.	90	92½
K. C., R. & L	9,543,080	..	..	....	18	20
Do pf	9,407,500	1¼	..	Mar 1, 11	38	40
Do 1st ref.5s	10,200,000	2½	S	M. & N.	78	80
K. C. B. L. 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	100½	101½
K. C. E.4s,'22	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	75	76
K. C.Met.S.R. cn. 1st 5s,'13	7,242,000	2½	S	M. & N.	85	90
K. C. & Wes. 1st 5s,'26	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	85	88
K. G. & E. pf	1,500,000	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 15	95	98
Do. 5s of '22	3,210,000	2½	S	M. & S.	93	97
L. R. Ry. & E. 1st 5s,'33	2,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99½	..
L. A. G. & E. 5s,'39	4,587,000	2½	S	M. & S.	92	96
Lincoln Gas & Elec.	2,250,000	..	..	....	15	25
Mich. Tr. 1st & ref. 5s,'21	547,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102¾	..
Do. ext, 1st & ref. 5s.	324,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	96
Mobile Elect. 1st 5s,'46	1,696,000	2½	S	M. & N.	88	91
Mobile E. pf.	852,500	1¾	Q	My 15, 15	88	90½
Musk's G. & E. pf.	1,438,500	1¾	Q	Jun 1, 15	85	90
Do. 1st & ref 5s,'26	1,035,000	2½	S	J. & D.	92	95
Nashville R. & Lt. pf.	2,500,000	1¼	Q	Mar 31,15	59	62
Do.con.5s,'53	4,054,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	98
Do ref.5s,'58	3,310,000	2½	S	J. & J.	80	84
N. Jersey Ry 1st 4s,'48	15,000,000	2	S	M. & N.	78	79
N. O. L. & P. 6s,'31	4,745,000	3	S	J. & J.	83	88
N. O. L. & P.	4,585,000	..	..	....	10	15
Do pf.	2,400,000	3	S	Jan 15,15	50	55
N. St. Power	5,975,000	..	..	....	28	29
Do pf.	3,386,700	1¾	Q	Apr 15,15	83½	85
N.T.Tr.5s,'33.	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
N. Y., West'r LGM4s,2004	10,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	78	79½
Okl. Ry.5s,'41	2,630,000	2½	S	J. & J.	85	87½
O. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st cn. 5s,'28	9,619,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	96½
O. & C.B.R.& B. 1st 5s,'28	1,869,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	96½
Ont. Power	10,000,000	1¼	Q	Jun 1, 15	60	63
Ont. Power 1st 5s,'43	9,783,000	2½	S	F. & A.	93½	94½
Do deb.6s,'21	2,935,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	94
O.E.Ry.5s,'38.	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	95	97
Ozark P.&W.	1,500,000	..	..	....	15	20
Pot. El. Pwr. 1st 5s,'29	1,700,000	2½	S	J. & D.	104¾	..
Do con.5s,'36	5,300,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100½	101
Port.(Ore.)R. 1st mtg.5s,'30	8,523,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94	96
P.G.El.5s,'35.	8,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99½	101
Pub. S. C.cfs	20,047,770	3	S	M. & N.	103	104
Rep. R. & L.	6,206,000	..	..	....	16	19
Do pf.	5,191,400	1½	Q	Apr 15,15	63	66
Roch. R & L 5s,'54, tax ex. N. Y.	9,401,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	99
Rock. L. & P 5s,'38	650,000	2½	S	M. & N.	92½	97
Rut. R., L. & P. 1st 5s,'46	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	86	90
St.Jo.(Mo.)R, L., H. & P. 5s,'37	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	95	98
Sgn. Val. Tr. 5s,'20	715,000	2½	S	F. & A.	95	..
Salt. L.&Ogd. 1st 5s,'34	1,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	93	96
S. Diego Con. G. & E. 1st 5s,'39	4,194,000	2½	S	M. & S.	93½	96
S. Diego Con. G. & E. db. 6s,'22	106,000	3	S	J. & D.	95	98
Scioto Val. T. 1st 5s,'23	1,583,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94½	..
Scrant. Elect. 5s,'32	1,100,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97½	98¾
Scrn. Ry($50)	2,060,200	..	..	....	60	..
Do pf. ($50)	1,500,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 15	62	70
Scran.E.5s,'37	4,437,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Seattle Elec. con. 5s,'29	6,388,000	2½	S	F. & A.	94½	96
Seattle L'tng 5s,'49	4,525,500	1½	Q	Apr 15,15	90	91½
Sierra & S.F. Pr. 1st5s,'49	6,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	82½	85½
So. Cal. Ed.	10,400,000	1½	Q	My 15, 15	72½	75
Do pf.	4,000,000	1½	Q	Apr 15,15	92	95
Do gen.5s,'39	12,300,000	2½	S	J. & J.	92½	95
S.W.P.& L.pf	1,565,000	1¾	Q	Jun 1, 15	95	100
So. Pwr.5s.'30	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	99

STREET RAILWAY AND ELEC. COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation June 26, 1915. Bid.	Asked.
Stan. G. & E. ($50)	9,343,150	..	..	....	$5½	$7
Do pf. ($50)	11,784,950	†1	Q	Jun 15,15	$23½	$25
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st 4s,'31	1,800,000	2	S	M. & N.	78	83
Syra. L. & P. col. tr.5s,'54	6,479,490	2½	S	J. & J.	78	81
Syra. Lt. 1st mtg. 5s,'51	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98	100
Tampa El.1st 5s,'33	846,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96	..
Tenn. R., L. & P.	20,000,000	..	..	....	5½	6½
Do pf.	10,250,000	1½	..	Jun 1, 14	27	30
Tex. Tr. 1st 5s,'37	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	92
Un. E.L.& P. (Bal.)4½s,'29	4,428,000	2½	S	M. & N.	91½	93
Un. Elec. (N. J.) 4s,'49	18,617,500	2	S	J. & D.	81½	82½
U. L. & Rys.	6,899,300	..	..	....	40	45
Do 1st pf.	7,713,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 15	67	70
Do 2d pf.	2,108,700	¾	Q	Apr 1, 15	65	69
Utica & M.V. Ry. 4½s,'41	2,268,000	2¼	S	M. & S.	91	94
Utah Sec.Cor.	27,500,000	..	..	....	14	14½
Do 6s,'22	16,927,000	3	S	M. & S.	78	79
Wash. R.& E.	6,500,000	1¾	Q	Jun 1, 15	90¼	91½
Do pf.	8,500,000	1¼	Q	Jun 1, 15	83½	84½
Do cn. 4s,'51	11,642,350	2	S	J. & D.	81⅞	82
West'n Pow.	14,670,000	..	..	....	13½	14½
Do 6% cm.pf	6,000,000	..	..	....	54	57
Wh'l. Tr. Co. 1st con.5s,'31	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	87	91
Wis. Ed'n Co	215,000..h	1.75	S	Jun 1, 15	$45	$48
Do db. 6s,'24	6,500,000	3	S	M. & N.	93	95

*Ex dividend. †In scrip.

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Aub. G.1st 5s	$300,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95	100
Cities Serv.	14,718,380	½	..	July 1, 14	49	52
Do pf.	26,168,426	½	..	July 1, 14	54	57
C. G. of N. J. 1st cn.5s,'36	971,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95	..
Con. Wat. Co of Utica 1st mtg. 5s,'30	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	101
Do db.5s,'30	1,210,000	2½	S	J. & J.	81	86
Day. Gas 5s.	1,300,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96½	97½
Den. G. & E. gen. 5s	5,889,900	2½	S	M. & N.	89	91
Houston Gas 1st 5s,'20	961,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	100
Hud. Co. Gas	10,500,000	4	S	Jun 1, 15	125	130
Jack. Gas 1st 5s,'37	350,000	2½	S	J. & D.	95	100
Ka'mazoo G. 1st 5s,'20	400,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95	98
Kan. Nat. G.	12,000,000	..	..	....	10	12
Do 1st 6s,'16	1,800,000	3	S	M. & N.	96	100
Do 2d 6s,'18	2,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	45	55
Kings Co. Lt 1st 5s,tax ex	2,428,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91	94
N. Am. 5s,'48	10,635,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100½
N. Y. & Q. C. 1st 5s,'34	840,000	2½	S	Mar 1, 15	92	96
Okla G. & E. 5s,'29	2,563,000	2½	S	F. & A.	93	96
Pac. G. & E.	32,109,300	¼	..	Apr 13,15	43	45
Old pf.	9,621,300	1½	Q	My 15, 15	84	85
New pf.	10,000,000	1½	Q	My 15, 15	83½	85
Plainfield U. Wat. 5s,'31	550,000	2½	S	M. & S.	102	104
Port. G. & C. 5s,'40	5,388,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96	98
Sag. City G. 1st 5s,'16	857,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	100
S. J. G. & El. 1st 5s,'[illegible]	12,892,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99	99¾
Scr. G. & W. 1st 5s,'23	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103
Do deb. 5s	421,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	102¾
S'b'k Wat. 5s	4,490,000	2½	S	A. & O.	101	103
Syra. Gas 1st 5s, 1946	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Wash.G. ($20)	2,600,000	6	Q	May, 1915	73	73½
Wash'ton G. 5s,'60	3,457,500	2½	S	M. & N.	104½	105

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Explo.	$4,800,000	..	..	....	126	128
Do pf.	2,800,000	1¾	Q	Apr 25,15	83	86
Am. B. Note Co. ($50)	4,495,738	1	..	Aug 15,14	32	37
Do pf. ($50)	4,495,760	1½	Q	Apr 1, 15	48	49½
Am. Brass	15,000,000	1½	Q	May,'15	170	172
Am. Chicle	8,000,000	1	M	Jun 21,15	145	148
Do pf.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 15	91	93
Am. Dist.Tel. Co. of N. J.	9,965,351	1	Q	Apr 29,15	59	62
Am. Graph's.	2,627,550	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 15	68	70
Do. pf.	2,096,630	1¾	Q	My 15, 15	81	84
Atlas Powder	3,000,000	1¾	Q	Jun 10,15	188	192
Bab. & Wil'x	15,000,000	1¾	Q	J,A,J,O	95½	96
Bliss, EW,Co	1,500,000	‡2½	Q	Apr 1, 15	395	400
Do pf.	1,500,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 15	135	142
Bord. C. M.	21,264,400	4	S	Feb 15,15	109	110
Do pf.	7,500,000	1½	Q	Jun 15,15	106½	108
Braden Cop.	6,000,000	..	..	....	7	7¼
Bush Term.	5,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	65	72
Can C. & Fy	3,975,000	..	..	....	62½	64
Can. Explos.	3,404,300	1	Q	Jan 30,15	325	340
Do pf.	4,650,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15,15	104	108
Celluloid	5,925,000	1½	Q	Mar 31,15	140	146
Childs	3,000,000	1¼	..	Dec 10,14	50	55
Do pf.	2,499,900	1¾	Q	Jun 16,15	90	95
Colt's Arms	2,500,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 15	440	442
C.-Tab.& Rec.	10,457,200	..	..	....	28	31
Do s.f. 6s,'41	5,983,000	3	S	J. & J.	74	78
Du P.Powder	29,428,708	†2	Q	Jun 15,15	595	600
Gen. Baking	3,400,000	..	..	....	7	10
Do pf.	5,925,000	1	Q	Apr 1, 15	37	41
Herc. Powd. Co. pf.	5,200,000	1¾	Q	My 15, 15	111	113
Int. Nickel	38,031,500	5	Q	Jun 1, 15	150	151
Do pf.	8,912,600	1½	Q	May 1, 15	103½	105½
Int. Silver pf.	6,028,588	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 15	107	109
Int. Textb'k.	8,500,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 15	54	58
Lanston Mon	6,000,000	..	..	....	60	63
L. V.C.S($50)	7,525,225	2½	Q	Apr 17,15	160	165
Lima Loco C 5s,'39	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	90	93
Marc. of A., (new)	10,000,000	..	..	....	2⅞	3
Merg. Lino.	12,799,600	2½	Q	Mar 31,15	180	181½
Otis Elevator	6,375,300	1½	Q	Apr 15,15	72½	75
Do pf.	6,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr 15,15	96	97
Pierce Oil C.	10,500,000	..	..	....	10½	11
Rem. Type.	10,000,000	..	..	....	10	10½
Do 1st pf.	4,000,000	1¾	..	Oct 1, 14	48	51
Do 2d pf.	5,000,000	2	..	Oct 7, 14	32	35
Royal Bak.P.	10,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,14	152	157
Do 6s cum.pf	10,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 31,14	101	102
Saf.C.H.& L.	10,000,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 15	103	104½
Savage Arms	1,000,000	1½	Q	Jun 15,15	275	285
Singer Mfg.	60,000,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 15	235	237
Sterling Gum	6,000,000	..	..	....	3	3⅛
Sulz. & S. pf	10,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 15	89½	90½
Tem. Coal pf	2,000,000	2	Q	Apr 12,15	105	107
Win. R. Arms	1,000,000	..	..	....	1700	1750

*Ex div. †Also 2% extra in cash and 5% extra in Atlas Powder preferred stock. ‡Including 1¼% extra.

INSURANCE, REALTY AND SURETY COMPANIES

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am.-Nwk($5)	$1,000,000	7	Q	J,A,J,O	520	..
Am. Surety	5,000,000	1¼	Q	Mar 31,15	120	130
Bd.& Mtg.Gu.	5,000,000	4	Q	My 15, 15	275	285
City of N. Y.	580,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 15	130	160
Commer. Cas.	375,000	2½	S	M. & S.	180	200
Commonw'lth	500,000	5	S	Jan 1, 15	275	325
Continental	2,000,000	25	S	J. & J.	900	905
Eagle F. I.	200,000	..	..	....	132	140
Fidel. & Cas.	1,000,000	20	..	....	425	475
Fidel.-Ph'nix.	2,500,000	5	S	J. & J.	280	300
Firemen's In. ($50)	1,000,000	6	Q	J,A,J,O	460	470
Ger. Alliance	400,000	7½	S	J. & J.	240	255
Ger.-Amer.	2,000,000	15	S	J. & J.	495	505
Germ'a ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	Jan 1, 15	300	315
Globe & Rut.	400,000	20	S	J. & J.	525	
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 15	150	165
Home Fire	6,000,000	10	S	Jan 15,15	395	403
Lawyers Mtg.	6,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 15	180	184
Mfrs. Liabil.	200,000	10	A	....	115	150
Mtg. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 15	114	120
Nat. Surety	2,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 15	167	171
Nwk. F.I.($5)	500,000	7	S	J. & J.	270	280
N. Brun. F.I.	400,000	3	Q	J,A,J,O	180	200
N.J.F. & P.G.	300,000	3½	S	J. & J.	135	..
N. J. Fire In.	1,000,000	..	..	....	110	112
N. Y. Mtg. & Sec. Co.	1,500,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 15	105	120
N.Y.Title Ins.	2,000,000	1¾	..	Jan 1, 15	42	52
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	Jan 1, 15	300	315
No.River($25)	500,000	5	S	Apr 10,15	140	150
Realty Asso.	4,000,000	3	S	Jan 15,15	100	105
Stuyv't ($100)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	100	125
U. S. (Fire)	400,000	3	S	Feb 1, 15	80	90
Westc'r ($10)	300,000	10	Q	May 1, 15	470	510
W'msb'g City	1,000,000	7	S	Feb 1, 15	140	175

TOBACCO STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar	10,000,000	1½	Q	May 1, 15	105	109
Do pf.	10,000,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 15	97½	100
A. M. & Fy.	1,200,000	1¼	Q	My 10, 15	80	90
Conley Foil	825,000	5	Q	Jun 15,15	300	325
John. T.& M.	300,000	1½	Q	Jun 15,15	130	150
J. S. Young	1,000,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 15	170	180
Do pf.	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15,15	107	110
McAnd. & F.	3,000,000	2½	Q	Apr 15,15	165	180
Do pf.	2,965,600	1½	Q	Apr 15,15	99½	100
P., R.-A. T.	1,999,400	4	Q	Jun 3, 15	190	195
R. J. Rey'lds.	10,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 15	320	330
Do pf.	2,500,000	1¾	Q	Apr 2, 15	117½	119

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Bl'k'r St. &F. Ferry stock	$900,000	¾	S	J. & J.	15	25
Do 1st 4s,'50	700,000	4	S	J. & J.	60	70
B'way&7thAv	2,100,000	2½	Q	Apr 15,15	160	175
B'l'nC.R.($10)	12,000,000	2½	Q	Apr 15,15	172	176
Ch. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	J,A,J,O	120	135
8th Av. R. R.	1,000,000	4	Q	J,A,J,O	250	300
42d St.&Gr.St	748,000	4½	Q	F,M,A,N	225	250
Ninth Av.	800,000	2	Q	....	125	160
2d Av. stock.	1,862,000	..	..	....	..	3
2d Av.Ry.1st con. 5s,'48	5,631,000	2½	..	Feb 1, 08	10	20
6th Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	F,M,A,N	115	120

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation June 26, 1915. Bid.	Asked.
America	$1,500,000	14	S	Jan 2, 15	550	565
Am. Exc. N.	5,000,000	5	S	May 1, 15	200	205
Batt'y Pk. N.	200,000	3	S	Jan 2, 15	120	138
Bowery	250,000	*6	Q	May 1, 15	400	..
Bronx Boro.	150,000	10	S	Jan 1, 15	225	250
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	10	S	Jan 1, 15	120	125
Century	500,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 15	165	175
Chase Nat'l.	5,000,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 15	565	570
Ch.-P. N.($25)	2,250,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 15	182	185
Chelsea Ex.	400,000	3	S	Apr 1, 15	120	130
Chemic. Nat.	3,000,000	2½	B	May 1, 15	395	405
Cit's C. Nat.	2,550,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 15	163	168
City (Nat'l)	25,000,000	5	S	May 1, 15	380	390
C'l & I. Nat.	1,000,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 15	157	165
Colonial	400,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 15	450	..
Columbia	300,000	8	S	Jan 1, 15	300	325
Com. Nat	25,000,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 15	163	165
Corn Exch.	3,500,000	4	Q	May 1, 15	300	308
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	2	S	Jan 2, 15	70	90
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	May 1, 15	150	160
Fifth Av	100,000	25	Q	Apr 1, 15	4200	..
Fifth Nat	250,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 15	250	300
First Nat	10,000,000	†7	Q	Apr 1, 15	865	870
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,15	180	200
Ger.-Am.($75)	750,000	3	S	Feb 1, 15	135	..
German Ex.	200,000	10	S	Jan 2, 15	380	410
Germania	200,000	10	S	May 1, 15	425	450
Gotham Nat.	200,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 15	190	..
Greenwich	500,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 15	270	280
Hanover Nat.	3,000,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 15	605	615
Harriman N.	500,000	..	..	....	300	310
Imp.& T.Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jan 2, 15	490	500
Irving Nat.	4,000,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 15	163	166
Liberty Nat.	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 15	600	630
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	May 1, 15	310	330
Manh'n ($50)	2,050,000	‡8	S	Jan 2, 15	300	310
Mar. & Ful. Nat	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 15	240	250
Mech. & Met.	6,000,000	3	Q	My 11, 15	245	249
Mer.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	4	S	Jan 2, 15	185	189
Mer. Ex. Nat ($50)	1,000,000	3	S	Jan 2, 15	170	180
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 15	300	340
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 15	165	182
Mutual	200,000	7	S	Jan 2, 15	325	..
New Netherland	200,000	4	S	Jan 2, 15	210	225
N.Y.(N.B.A.)	2,000,000	8	S	Jan 2, 15	375	390
N.Y. Co. Nat.	500,000	20	S	Jan 2, 15	725	800
N.Y.Prod.Ex.	1,000,000	4	S	Apr 15,15	155	165
Pacific ($50)	500,000	2	Q	May 1, 15	200	210
Park Nat.	5,000,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 15	392	405
People's ($25)	200,000	5	S	Jan 2, 15	220	230
Seab'd Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 15	398	425
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 15	390	410
Security, new.	1,000,000	3	S	Feb 1, 15	..	80
Sherman Nat	200,000	..	..	....	125	135
State	1,500,000	5	S	Jan 2, 15	125	140
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Feb 1, 15	100	125
United States	200,000	..	..	....	500	..
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	Dec 31, 14	135	140
Wash. Hgts.	100,000	2	Q	Mar 31,15	300	..
West Side	200,000	6	S	Jan 2, 15	400	425
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	Dec 31,14	540	550

*Including 3% extra. †Quarterly dividend 3% paid on First Security Co. same date. ‡Including 1% extra.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Astor Trust	$1,250,000	2	Q	May 1, 15	345	360
Bankers' Tr.	10,000,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 15	430	435
B'way Trust.	1,500,000	1½	Q	May 1, 15	144	146
Brooklyn	1,500,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 15	470	480
Columbia	2,000,000	5	Q	Mar 31,15	480	487
Central	3,000,000	10	Q	Apr 1, 15	970	975
Commercial	500,000	..	..	....	85	90
Empire	1,500,000	2½	Q	Mar 31,15	300	305
Equitable Tr.	3,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,15	415	420
Farm. Loan & Tr. ($25)	1,000,000	12½	Q	May 1, 15	1100	1125
Fidelity	1,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	195	205
Franklin	1,000,000	6	S	Dec 31,14	250	255
Fulton	500,000	*7	S	Jan 2, 15	280	285
Guaranty	10,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,15	560	570
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	May 1, 15	265	275
Hudson Tr.	500,000	3	S	Jan 2, 15	125	130
Kings Co.	5,000,000	5	Q	May 1, 15	615	..
Law. T. Ins. & Tr. Co.	4,000,000	1¼	Q	Apr 1, 15	115	116
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	..	Sep 30,07	100	105
Mfrs.-Citiz'ns	1,000,000	1½	Q	July 1, 15	135	142
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,15	400	410
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Mar 31,15	580	590
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	20	S	Jun 10,15	940	960
People's Tr.	1,000,000	1	M	Jun 1, 15	280	290
T. Guar. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Mar 31,15	375	380
Union	3,000,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 15	335	340
U. S. M & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,15	390	395
United States	2,000,000	25	S	Jan 2, 15	1040	1050

*Including 2% extra.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Ang.-Am. Oil	$9,733,000	10	..	Jan 1, 15	16	16½
Atlantic Ref.	5,000,000	5	Q	Jun 15,15	550	560
Bourne-Scry.	200,000	$20	A	Oct 15,14	265	275
Buck. P. L.	10,000,000	$2	Q	Jun 19,15	100	102
Chese. Mfg.	500,000	$10g	Q	Jun 21,15	700	715
Colonial Oil	250,000	..	..	....	120	130
Contin. Oil	3,000,000	3	Q	Jun 16,15	227	232
Crescent P.L.	3,000,000	75c	Q	Jun 15,15	40	42
Cumb. P. L	1,000,000	$5	A	Dec 15,13	45	47
Eureka P. L.	5,000,000	6	Q	May 1, 15	223	226
Gal.-Sig. Oil.	12,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,15	135	140
Gal.-S. O. pf	2,000,000	$2	Q	Mar 31,15	147	149
Ill. Pipe Line.	20,000,000	..	..	....	133	135
Ind. P. Lines	5,000,000	2	Q	My 15, 15	96	98
Nat. Transit.	12,737,575	50c	Q	Jun 15,[illegible]	29	30
N. Y. Tran.	5,000,000	4	Q	Apr 15,1[illegible]	205	208
Nor. Pipe L.	4,000,000	$5	S	Jan 2, 15	92	94
Ohio Oil.	15,000,000	$2b	Q	Jun 1, 15	133	135
Prai. O. & G.	18,000,000	$6	..	Feb 28,13	307	311
Prairie P. L.	27,000,000	..	..	....	145	147
Solar Ref'g.	2,000,000	$5	S	Dec 21,14	220	230
So. Pipe Line	10,000,000	$6	Q	Jun 1, 15	208	212
So. Penn. Oil	12,500,000	3	Q	Mar 31,15	274	277
S.W. P. P. L.	3,500,000	$3	Q	Mar 31,15	108	112
St. Oil (Cal.)	49,702,400	2.50	Q	Jun 15,15	276	280
St. Oil (Ind.)	30,000,000	3	Q	My 29, 15	405	410
St. Oil (Kan.)	2,000,000	3	Q	Jun 27,15	340	350
St. Oil (Ky.)	3,000,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 15	245	250
St. Oil (Neb.)	1,000,000	10	S	Jun 20,15	310	320
St. Oil (N.J.)	98,338,300	$5	Q	Jun 15,15	398	400
St. Oil (N.Y.)	75,000,000	2	Q	Jun 15,15	184	186
St. Oil (Ohio)	3,500,000	6f	Q	Apr 1, 15	425	430
Swan & F'ch	500,000	5	..	Mar 31,15	108	113
Union T. L.	12,000,000	2½	S	Mar 25,15	79	80
Vacuum Oil	15,000,000	5h	..	My 15, 15	197	200
Wash'ton Oil	100,000	$3	A	Dec 1, 14	33	35

b—Including 75c extra. f—Including 3% extra. g—Including $4 extra. h—Including 2% extra.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
GOVERNMENT ISSUES—					
Argentine Government	6	Dec., 1915	101¼	101½	2.90
Argentine Government	6	Dec., 1916	100⅝	100¾	5.40
Argentine Government	6	Dec., 1917	100⅛	100⅝	5.75
Argentine Government	6	May, 1920	98½	98¾	6.25
City of Montreal	5	Dec., 1917	99	100	5.00
City of Quebec	5	Apr., 1920	98¼	99¼	5.25
French Government	5	Apr., 1916	98¼	98¾	6.80
German Government	5	Jan., 1916	96¼	97¼	10.00
New York City	6	Sept., 1915	100⅛	100½	2.00
New York City	6	Sept., 1916	102½	102⅞	3.48
New York City	6	Sept., 1917	104⅛	104⅝	3.90
Norway Government	6	Oct., 1916	99½	100	6.00
Norway Government	6	Oct., 1917	99¼	100	6.00
Switz. Government	5	Mar., 1916	99¼	99¾	5.30
Switz. Government	5	Mar., 1918	96⅝	96⅞	6.30
Switz. Government	5	Mar., 1920	96½	97	5.73
Swedish Government	6	Dec., 1916	99⅝	100	6.00
COMPANY ISSUES—					
Am. Bank Note Co.	5	Mar., 1916	100¼	101	4.00
American Locomotive	5	July, 1915	100½	101	4.00
Am. Power & Light	6	Aug., 1921	97	98	
Am. T. & T. sub.	5	Apr., 1916	100¾	101	3.70
Am. Tobacco scrip	5	Sept., 1915	100⅞	101⅛	2.65
Anaconda Copper	5	Mar., 1917	100⅜	100⅞	4.45
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1917	99⅜	99⅝	4.55
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1918	98⅜	98⅞	4.95
B'klyn Rap. Transit	5	July, 1918	100	100¼	4.90
Canadian Pacific Ry.	6	Mar., 1924	101¾	102¼	5.65
Chesapeake & Ohio	5	June, 1919	91⅝	91⅞	7.55
Chicago & West. Ind.	5	Sept., 1915	100½	100⅝	3.00
Chicago Elevated	5	July, 1916	94½	96	9.25
Com. P., R. & Lt. Co.	6	Nov., 1918	98	99	6.30
Con. Gas, Balt.	5	Mar., 1917	100	100¼	4.98
Cons. Power (Minn.)	6	May, 1917	97½	99	6.50
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	99¼	99⅝	5.90
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1915	100¼	100⅜	2.40
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1916	99⅝	99⅞	5.15
General Rubber	4½	July, 1915	99¼	99⅝	5.90
Hocking Valley Ry.	6	Nov., 1915	100⅞	101⅛	3.25
Int. Harvester	5	Feb 15,'18	99⅝	99⅞	5.05
Lackawanna Steel	5	Mar., 1917	97½	98¼	7.65
L. S. & Mich. So.	5	Sept., 1915	100⅜	100⅝	1.30
L. S. & Mich. So.	5	Dec., 1915	100⅜	100⅞	2.90
Louisville Gas & Elec.	6	Oct., 1918	97	98½	6.55
Michigan Railway	6	1919	98⅝	100	6.00
Minneap. Gen. El. Co.	6	June, 1917	100	101	5.50
Missouri Pacific	6	June, 1915	87	95	..
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	98	99	6.65
N. E. Navigation	6	May, 1917	96¼	97	7.40
N. Y. Central & Hud.	5	Sept., 1915	100⅜	100⅝	1.75
N. Y. Central & Hud.	5	Oct., 1915	100½	100⅝	2.00
New York, N. H. & H.	5	May, 1916	100⅜	100⅞	4.00
North St. P.	6	June, 1917	99¼	100	6.00
P. R. R. cv.	3½	Oct., 1915	100	100¼	1.60
Pub. Ser. Corp., N. J.	5	Mar 19,'16	100¼	100⅝	4.45
Seaboard Air Line	5	Mar., 1916	99⅞	100¼	4.65
Southern Railway	5	Feb., 1916	100	100¼	4.60
Southern Railway	5	Mar., 1917	98	98½	6.10
Sulzberger & S.	6	June, 1916	99⅝	100	6.00
U. S. S. R. M.	6	June, 1918	96¼	97¼	5.95
Union Typewriter	5	Jan., 1916	94½	95½	14.40
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	101½	101¾	5.00
United Fruit	6	May, 1918	98⅜	99	5.35
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	98¼	100	6.00
Western Power	6	July, 1915	100	100¼	3.00
Western Power	6	Mar., 1917	98	99	6.50
Wes'. States G. & El.	6	1917	97	98¼	6.75

$1,250,000
GOVERNMENT
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO
CANADA
4½% COUPON BONDS
Due 1st May, 1925. *Interest 1st Nov. and May.*
Denomination, $1,000
Principal and interest payable in gold in Toronto or New York.
Ontario Government bonds are the highest grade Canadian security available to the investor.
PRICE: 97.60 and interest, yielding over 4.80%.
Payment in United States Funds
Complete circular furnished on request.
Wood, Gundy & Co.
C.P.R. Bldg., Toronto, Canada
London, Eng. *Saskatoon, Sask.*

SAVINGS BANKS.

INCORPORATED 1827

THE BROOKLYN SAVINGS BANK

PIERREPONT & CLINTON STS.
New Entrance-300 Fulton St.

INTEREST AT THE RATE OF 4 Per Cent. Per Annum will be credited to depositors July 1, 1915, (payable on and after July 20) on all sums entitled thereto. Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st. : : : : : :

CROWELL HADDEN, President.
LAURUS E. SUTTON, Comptroller.
ARTHUR C. HARE, Cashier.
CHAS. C. PUTNAM, Asst. Comptroller.

PUBLIC UTILITIES—INDUSTRIALS
The Mammoth 1915 Edition of the Standard Publication
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NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK

CHARTERED 1866
31 W. 34th St., bet. 5th and 6th Aves.

SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND

A dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum has been declared and will be credited depositors entitled thereto under the By-Laws, on July 1, 1915, on sums of $5. to $3,000. and payable on and after July 19, 1915.

Money deposited on or before July 10, will draw interest from July 1.

Bank open 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.
Mondays 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.
Saturdays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

Adolpho H. Fischer, President
George T. Connett, Secy. and Treas.
Herman F. Dietmann, Asst. Treas.

THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

will sell at his office in the

Municipal Building

On June 29, 1915, at 2 P. M.

$46,000,000.00—4½%

Gold Corporate Stock of the City of New York

Payable June 1, 1965,

—and—

$25,000,000.00—4½%

Gold Corporate Stock (15-Year Serial) of the City of New York

Maturing annually from June 1, 1916, to June 1, 1930, inclusive.

The latter class will be sold only in series. For example: A single bid for $15,000 is a proposal for 15 $1,000 items maturing from one to fifteen years. No bids will be accepted for separate maturities.

Separate Proposals must be made for each class.

The Greater New York Charter provides that bids may be made for as small an amount as $10 and in multiples of $10 for each maturity. No bid for Corporate Stock in the serial form can be accepted for less than $150.

Send bids for each class in separate sealed envelopes, enclosed in other envelopes addressed to the Comptroller. A deposit of Two Per Cent. of Par Value must Accompany each Bid. Such deposit must be in money or certified check upon a New York State Bank or Trust Company, or any National Bank.

For fuller information see "City Record," published at Nos. 96 and 98 Reade Street, New York, or consult any Bank or Trust Company. Send for descriptive circular to

WILLIAM A. PRENDERGAST, Comptroller City of New York,
Municipal Building, New York.

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS

74 and 76 Wall Street.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT INTEREST be paid to depositors entitled thereto for the six months ending June 30, 1915:

On accounts not exceeding three thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.

Payable on and after Monday, July 19, 1915.

DANIEL BARNES, President.
GEORGE M. HALSEY, Cashier.
WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, Secretary.
New York, June 10th, 1915.

—NOTICE—

Deposits to draw interest from July 1st or Oct. 1st or Jan. 1st or Apr. 1st must be made on or before the last day of the previous month.

GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK

(Incorporated 1833.)
S. E. Cor. 6th Av. and 16th St., New York.
TWO-RATE INTEREST DIVIDEND
SIX MONTHS ENDING JUNE 30, 1915.

On all sums from $5 to $3,000 to depositors entitled to interest under the by-laws at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum, on so much of every account as shall not exceed $1,000; and at the rate of THREE and ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum on so much of every account as shall exceed $1,000, payable on and after July 19, 1915.

Deposits made on or before JULY 10, will draw interest from JULY 1, 1915.

JAMES QUINLAN, President.
CHARLES M. DUTCHER, Treasurer.
FRANCIS M. BACON, JR., } Secretaries.
B. OGDEN CHISOLM, }

ITALIAN SAVINGS BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
64-66 Spring Street.

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending June 30, 1915, at the rate of

THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the By-laws, payable on and after July 20th, 1915.

Deposits made on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1, 1915.

J. N. FRANCOLINI, PRESIDENT.
P. I. SIMONELLI, SECRETARY.

THE BANK FOR SAVINGS

IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
280 Fourth Avenue, June 15, 1915.
192ND SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

The Board of Trustees has declared an interest dividend for the Six Months ending June 30, 1915 at the rate of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum on all sums of $5.00 and upward entitled thereto, and payable on and after July 20th, 1915. The dividend will be credited to depositors as principal July 1st, 1915. Deposits made on or before July 10th, 1915, will draw interest from July 1st, 1915.

WALTER TRIMBLE, President.
LEWIS B. GAWTRY, Secretary.
JAMES KNOWLES, Comptroller.

Dollar Savings Bank

2808 Third Avenue.

Interest credited July 1st, at the rate of Three and One-Half Per Cent. per annum, on accounts from $5 to $3,000. Deposits made on or before July 10th draw interest from July 1st.

GEORGE E. EDWARDS, President.
WM. M. KERN, Treasurer.

TO THE HOLDERS OF 5% SINKING FUND FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS OF THE POCAHONTAS COLLIERIES COMPANY, VIRGINIA, DUE MAY 1, 1937:

The undersigned, successor to Knickerbocker Trust Company as trustee under the mortgage above referred to, desires, under authority of said mortgage, to expend the sum of Thirty Thousand Two Hundred Forty-six and 98/100 Dollars ($30,246.98) for the purchase of bonds of said issue, provided such purchase can in its opinion be now made advantageously.

Sealed offers of said bonds may be sent to Columbia Trust Company, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before July 8th, 1915, at 12:00 noon. Bonds accepted must be delivered by July 9th or security furnished that day if required that delivery will be made within ten days. The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all offers.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,
Successor Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN,
Trust Officer.
Dated, New York, June 7, 1915.

New York, June 28, 1915.
CENTRAL UNION GAS COMPANY.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE 5% Bonds of this Company, due July 1st, 1915, will be paid at the National City Bank, 55 Wall Street, New York City, on and after July 1st, 1915.

PHILIP J. SCHNEIDER, Treasurer.

UNITED STATES RUBBER
See Magazine of Wall Street.
All News Stands.

DIVIDENDS. DIVIDENDS.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY

26 BROAD STREET

COUPONS DUE AT THIS OFFICE ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 1915

Ashland Waterworks Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
Athens Terminal Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
Auburn Gas Co. 1st Mtge. Skg. Fd. 5s
Bronx Gas & Electric Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
City of Oregon, Mo., W.W. & Elec. Lt. 5s
City of Rome, Ga., Ren. or Ref.Mtg. 4½s
City of Sedalia, Mo., Refunding 4½s
Central Market St. Ry. Co. 1st S. F. 5s
Citizens Gas & El. Co. of Council Bluffs 1st Mtge. 5s
Citizens Gas & Fuel Co. of Terre Haute, Ind., 1st Refdg. 50-year 5s
Clinchfield Coal Co. 1st 5s
Denver Union Water Co. 1st Mtg. 5s
Detroit, Toledo & Ironton R. R. Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
East Hampton Electric Light Co. 6s
East Ohio Gas Co. 1st Mtge. S. F. 5s
Edison Elec. Lgt. & Power Co. of Erie, Pa., 1st 6s
Equitable Illuminating Gas Light Co. of Phila. 1st Mtge. 5s
Erie County Electric Co. 1st Mtge. 4s
Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville R. R. Co. Gen. Refunding 4s
Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville R. R. Co. 1st Cons. Refunding 4½s
Greenwich Tramway Co. 1st 5s
Hackensack Water Co. 1st 4s
Hamilton Ridge Lumber Co. Purchase Money 1st 6s
Indianapolis Water Co. Gen. Mtge. 5s
Jonesville, S. C., School Dist. 5½s
Kan. City & Westport Belt. Ry. Co. 1st 5s
Kan. City So. Ry. Co. Ref. & Imp. 5s
Lincoln Traction Co. Gold 5s of 1939
Lincoln Traction Co. Gold 5s of 1920
Lockport Light, Heat & Power Co. 1st Mtge. Refunding 5s
Macon, Dublin & Savannah R.R.Co. 1st 5s
Mahoning & Shenango Ry. & Lt. Co. 1st Cons. Refunding 5s
National Conduit & Cable Co. 1st 5s
New London Steamboat Co. 1st 6s
New Orleans City & Lake R.R. Co. 1st 5s
New Orleans City R. R. Co. Gen. 5s
New Orleans Ry. & Lt. Co. Gen. 4½s
Norwich Gas & Electric Co. 1st 5s
Paducah City Railway 1st Con. 5s
Peace River Phos. Min. Co. 1st Con. 6s
Pine Bluff Co. 1st 30-year 5%
Plattsburgh Traction Company 1st 6s
Pocahontas Cons. Collieries Co. Inc. 50-year 5% Gold
St. Lawrence & Adirondack Ry. 1st 5s
Sharon & Newcastle Railways Co., 1st Lien S. F. 5s
Somerset County, N. J., Building 4s
South Shore Gas Co. 1st 5s
Terminal Warehouse Co. 2d Mtge. 5s
Tombigbee Valley R. R. Co. Gen. Lien 6s
Underground Elec. Railways Co. of London, Ltd., 4½% Bonds of 1933
Underwriters Bldg. Co. 1st 5s
United Gas & Elec. Co. of N. J. 1st Mtge. 5s
United Light & Rwys. Co. 6% Notes
Utica Belt Line St. R. R. Co. 2d Mtge. 5s
Utica, Clinton & Binghamton R. R. Co. Genl. 5s
Virginia Portland Cement Co. 1st 5s
Washington Sugar Co. 1st 6s
Willapa Elec. Co. 1st Gold 6s Ser. A and B
Worcester & Conn. East Ry. Co. 1st 4½s
Youngstown-Sharon R. & L.Co. 1st S.F. 5s

DUE JULY 14, 1915.

Wladikawkas Ry. Co. (Russia) 4s

DUE JULY 15, 1915.

Ristigouche Salmon Club

Houston Gas & Fuel Company

Houston, Texas.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock of this Company will be paid July 1, 1915, to stockholders of record June 15, 1915. Checks will be mailed.

HENRY MORGAN, Treasurer.

REGULAR QUARTERLY DIVIDEND NO. 18 of 1¾% will be paid July 1st, 1915, on the Preferred Stock of the UNITED UTILITIES COMPANY to stockholders of record at the closing of the transfer books, June 19, 1915. Transfer books will reopen July 2, 1915. A. P. TALIAFERRO, Treasurer.

SOUTH PLATTE CANAL AND RESERVOIR CO.

Coupons due July 1st, 1915, of the above company will be paid at the Mechanics & Metals' National Bank, No. 20 Nassau Street, New York City.

COLUMBIA BANK,
507 Fifth Avenue, Near Forty-second Street.
The Fifty-fourth Consecutive Dividend.
New York, June 16, 1915.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Eight (8%) Per Cent., free of tax, out of the earnings of the past six months, payable July 1, 1915, to the shareholders of record at the close of business June 16, 1915.

The transfer books will be closed from June 16, 1915, to July 1, 1915.

W. S. GRIFFITH, Cashier.

STEWART MINING COMPANY.
Dividend No. 12.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of ten per cent. (10%) upon the capital stock of the Company, payable June 29th, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 19th, 1915. Stock transfer books close at twelve o'clock noon June 19th, 1915, and reopen at ten o'clock A. M. June 30th, 1915.

CHAS. W. SAACKE, Vice President.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY

DIVIDEND NO. 64.

A quarterly dividend of 2 per cent. on the capital stock of this Company has been declared payable July 15th, 1915, at the office of the Treasurer, 131 State Street, Boston, Mass., to stockholders of record at the close of business June 19th, 1915.

CHARLES A. HUBBARD, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

218th DIVIDEND

CHARTERED 1799.
Bank of the Manhattan Company.
New York, June 22, 1915.

The President and Directors of the Manhattan Company have declared a dividend of SEVEN PER CENT. out of the earnings of the past six months, free from tax, payable on and after July 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 25th, 1915. Transfer books will remain closed until July 1st, 1915.

D. H. FIERSON, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

THE MARKET AND FULTON NATIONAL BANK

New York, June 22, 1915.

A QUARTERLY dividend of Three per cent. upon the capital stock of this Bank has been declared, payable, free of tax, on and after July 1st, 1915. The transfer books will be closed until that date.

JOHN H. CARR, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

United Gas & Electric Company

61 Broadway, New York.
June 24th, 1915.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the regular semi-annual dividend of Two and One-half Per Cent. (2½%) on the outstanding preferred capital stock of this company, payable July 15, 1915, to stockholders of record June 30th, 1915. Dividend checks will be mailed.

H. J. PRITCHARD, Treasurer.

FINANCIAL. FINANCIAL.

REORGANIZATION OF The Wabash Pittsburgh Terminal Railway Company

To Holders of First and Second Mortgage Bonds of The Wabash Pittsburgh Terminal Railway Company:

Notice is hereby given that a Plan and Agreement for the reorganization of the above-named Company, dated June 25, 1915, has been approved and adopted by the two Committees representing First Mortgage Bonds, and has likewise been approved and adopted by the undersigned Reorganization Committee, made up from the membership of the two Committees, and copies may be obtained from Central Trust Company of New York, Depositary under the Plan. Holders of First Mortgage Bonds of the Terminal Company not heretofore deposited with the aforesaid Committees representing First Mortgage Bonds and holders of Second Mortgage Bonds of the Terminal Company who desire to participate in the reorganization must deposit their bonds and appurtenant coupons with the Depositary, at its office, **54 WALL STREET, NEW YORK CITY, ON OR BEFORE SEPTEMBER 1, 1915.**

In order to participate in the benefits of the Plan all holders of certificates of deposit issued by Central Trust Company of New York or Old Colony Trust Company (of Boston) under the Protective Agreement of June 3, 1908, as amended, and all holders of certificates of deposit issued by Columbia Trust Company of New York under the Protective Agreement of July 25, 1910, and all holders of certificates of deposit issued under the Plan to depositors of First and Second Mortgage Bonds must **ON OR BEFORE SEPTEMBER 1, 1915,** make payment in respect of each bond represented by their certificates of deposit in the sum of $100, the first instalment of the amounts payable under the Plan by the holders of said certificates of deposit. Such payment must be made to **CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,** the Depositary, at its office, 54 Wall Street, New York City, and at the time of making such payments certificates of deposit must be presented to the Depositary for notation thereon of the fact of such payment.

Dated, New York, June 28, 1915.

J. N. WALLACE, Chairman,
GORDON ABBOTT,
HARRY BRONNER,
JAMES C. CHAPLIN,
HALEY FISKE,
CLARENCE L. HARPER,
WILLIAM R. NICHOLSON,
RICHARD SUTRO,
MEIGS H. WHAPLES,
ASA S. WING,
Reorganization Committee.

The Wabash Pittsburgh Terminal Railway Company

To Holders of Certificates of Deposit issued by Central Trust Company of New York and by Old Colony Trust Company (of Boston) for First Mortgage Four Per Cent. Fifty-Year Gold Bonds of said Railway Company:

Notice is hereby given that the Committee constituted under the agreement dated June 3, 1908, as amended by instrument dated July 13, 1908, has prepared, approved and adopted a certain Plan and Agreement for the reorganization of The Wabash Pittsburgh Terminal Railway Company, dated June 25, 1915, and has caused a copy of said Plan and Agreeemnt to be filed with CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK and a copy thereof with OLD COLONY TRUST COMPANY (of Boston), Depositaries under said agreement dated June 3, 1908, as amended.

Holders of the above-mentioned certificates of deposit within sixty days from June 28, 1915, (the date of the first publication of this notice) may exercise the right of withdrawal conferred by said agreement of June 3, 1908, as amended, upon surrender of their certificates of deposit, properly endorsed for transfer if registered, to the Depositary which issued the same, and upon the payment of their PRO RATA share of the sum fixed by the Committee for its compensation and expenses, and upon reimbursement also to the Committee of their PRO RATA share of its indebtedness, obligations and liabilities. The compensation of the Committee included in the amount fixed as aforesaid is the sum of $10,000, awarded to the estates of the two deceased members of the Committee, all other members of the Committee having waived compensation under said agreement as amended. Holders of certificates of deposit who do not so withdraw within said period of sixty days shall be entitled to the benefits of the Plan and Agreement subject to compliance with the terms and conditions thereof.

The Committee recommends that holders of certificates of deposit accept said Plan and Agreement and make the payments therein provided to be made by said certificate-holders. Copies of the Plan and Agreement may be obtained from the Depositaries above named.

Dated, New York, June 28, 1915.

J. N. WALLACE, Chairman.
HALEY FISKE,
HARRY BRONNER,
MYRON T. HERRICK,
GORDON ABBOTT,
D. CRAWFORD CLARK,
CHARLES C. JACKSON,
ASA S. WING,
Committee.

The Wabash Pittsburgh Terminal Railway Company

To Holders of Certificates of Deposit of Columbia Trust Company, of New York, issued under the Deposit Agreement dated July 25, 1910, for First Mortgage Four Per Cent. Fifty-Year Gold Bonds of The Wabash Pittsburgh Terminal Railway Company, and Certificates of Deposit of Central Trust Company of New York, or of Old Colony Trust Company (of Boston) representing such bonds:

The undersigned Committee hereby gives notice that it has approved and adopted a Plan and Agreement for the Reorganization of The Wabash Pittsburgh Terminal Railway Company, and has lodged copies of such Plan and Agreement with COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, OF NEW YORK, the Depositary of the Committee, at its office, No. 60 Broadway, New York City.

All holders of Certificates of Deposit issued under said Deposit Agreement who shall fail to withdraw their Bonds in the manner provided in said Deposit Agreement within thirty days after the date of this notice, shall be conclusively and finally deemed for all purposes to have assented to said Plan and Agreement. In accordance with said Deposit Agreement of July 25, 1910, any holder of Certificates of Deposit may within thirty days after this date withdraw from said Agreement upon the terms and conditions therein expressed and without being required to make any payment whatever as a condition of such withdrawal. The members of the Committee have waived all compensation for their services under said agreement.

Copies of the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization may be obtained from the Depositary.

The Committee recommends the acceptance of said Plan and Agreement by the holders of Certificates of Deposit and that they make the required payments thereunder.

Dated, New York, June 28, 1915.

JAMES C. CHAPLIN, Chairman.
MEIGS H. WHAPLES,
WILLIAM R. NICHOLSON,
CLARENCE L. HARPER,
RICHARD SUTRO,
Committee.

The Wabash Pittsburgh Terminal Railway Company

SECOND MORTGAGE BONDS

This Committee, having approved the Plan and Agreement for the reorganization of The Wabash Pittsburgh Terminal Railway Company dated June 25, 1915, recommends that holders of Second Mortgage Bonds accept said Plan and Agreement and make the payments which they are permitted to make thereunder. In order to enable holders of Second Mortgage Bonds deposited with this Committee to participate in said Plan and to deposit their bonds in accordance therewith the Deposit Agreement of June 2, 1908, under which this Committee was constituted, has been terminated.

The members of this Committee have waived all compensation for their own services, but in order to reimburse the Committee and to provide for moneys borrowed, advances made and indebtedness and liabilities incurred, holders of Certificates of Deposit for Second Mortgage Bonds will be required, upon withdrawing their bonds, to pay one-half of one per cent. of the principal of the bonds withdrawn to GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, the Depositary, under said Deposit Agreement.

As the Plan and Agreement provide that the Second Mortgage Bonds must be deposited on or before September 1, 1915, bondholders are urged to act promptly.

Dated, New York, June 28, 1915.

ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL,
ANDREW J. MILLER,
ALBERT H. WIGGIN,
Committee.

DIVIDENDS.

FOUNDED 1803

224th Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK

of the City of New York,
42 Wall Street.

June 24th, 1915.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of four per cent. (4%), free of tax, payable July 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business this day.

JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

INTERBOROUGH CONSOLIDATED CORPORATION.
Notice of Payment of Dividend.

The Board of Directors of the Interborough Consolidated Corporation, at a meeting held today, declared from surplus a dividend of 1¼% on the preferred stock of the Interborough Consolidated Corporation, payable at the office of the Company, No. 165 Broadway, New York City, on July 6th, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business at 12:00 o'clock noon on Saturday, July 3d, 1915, and thereafter to the holders of all such preferred stock of the Interborough Consolidated Corporation as may be issued in exchange for preferred stock of the Interborough-Metropolitan Company and Finance and Holding Corporation.

H. M. FISHER, Secretary.
New York, June 23, 1915.

HARRISBURG LIGHT & POWER COMPANY

Harrisburg, Pa.

The Board of Directors have declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1¼% on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable June 30, 1915, to stockholders of record June 24, 1915.

Checks will be mailed.

H. W. STONE, Treasurer.

The Hartford City Gas Light Company

HARTFORD, CONN.

The Board of Directors has declared a regular quarterly dividend of 2% on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable June 30th, 1915, to stockholders of record June 19, 1915. Checks will be mailed.

J. A. McArthur, Treasurer.

THE CITIZENS CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK.

June 18, 1915.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two (2%) Per Cent., payable on and after July 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 26th, 1915.

ALBION K. CHAPMAN, Cashier.

THE BANK OF AMERICA.

New York, June 18th, 1915.

The Board of Directors have today declared a semi-annual dividend of fourteen (14) per cent., free of tax, payable July 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record of this date.

The transfer books will remain closed until July 2d, 1915. W. M. BENNET, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

A Quarterly Dividend of Two Dollars ($2.00) per share on the Common Stock of this company has this day been declared, payable at the Treasurer's office, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on July 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., June 1, 1915. The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend.

Stockholders who have not already done so are urgently requested to file dividend mailing orders with the undersigned, from whom blank forms may be had upon application.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
New York, N. Y., May 13, 1915.

MERCHANTS EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York.

June 22, 1915.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of THREE PER CENT., free of tax, payable on and after July 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 24, 1915.

F. E. ANDRUSS, Cashier.

Michigan Central Railroad Co.

New York, June 24th, 1915.

A semi-annual dividend of TWO PER CENT. on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable at the office of the Treasurer on Thursday, July 29th, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, July 2nd, 1915. MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York.

New York, June 18th, 1915.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on and after July 1st, 1915. The transfer books will remain closed until that date.

ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

Canada Southern Railway Co.

A semi-annual dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on the capital stock of this Company has been declared payable at the office of the Treasurer on Monday, Aug. 2d, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, July 2d, 1915.

MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

SEABOARD NATIONAL BANK.

New York, June 17, 1915.

The Board of Directors of this bank has declared the usual quarterly dividend of three (3) per cent., payable July 1, 1915, to stockholders of record on June 24, 1915.

W. K. CLEVERLEY, Cashier.

The Gotham National Bank of New York.

June 15, 1915.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent., (2%,) payable July 1, 1915, to stockholders of record June 30, 1915.

THOMAS C. FRY, Cashier.

UNDERWRITERS BUILDING COMPANY.

A dividend of six per cent. (6%) has this day been declared on the preferred stock of this Company, payable to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 1st, 1915.

Dated New York, June 11th, 1915.

ROBT. D. JONES, Treasurer.

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK.

Transactions in the leading securities on the Curb for the week ended Saturday, June 26, 1915.

Sales.	INDUSTRIALS	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
4,280	Alliance F. C.	⅞	¾	⅞	+ ⅛
2	Am. M. & F.	85	85	85	..
27,400	Am. Zinc	57½	49¾	56¾	+ 5¾
700	B.-A. T., Ord.	16½	16	16	..
2,855	Can. N. G. C.	2	1⅝	2	+ ⅛
71,000	Car Lt. & P.	7⅜	4⅝	7¼	+ 2⅝
200	Col. Sons pf.	97½	97	97	..
5,585	Cramp S'b'd'g	66¾	58	61½	− 3¾
5,895	Electric Boat	124	115	122	+ 7½
1,850	Elect. Boat pf.	124	115	123	+
3,040	Emer. Phonog.	14⅝	13¼	13⅞	− ½
100	Fisk Tire	75	75	75	+ 4
11,500	Int. M. M. ctfs.	2½	1⅝	2	− ¼
5,825	I. M. M. pf. c.	8½	7½	7½	− ⅝
705	Int Motors	14	13	14	..
131	Int. Mot. pf.	36	35	36	+ 1
1,700	Inter. Petrol.	8¾	8½	8⅝	..
4,022	Int. Steam P.	8	6	7	+ 2
1,025	Int. St'm P. pf	20	15	19	+ 9½
500	Int. S. P. ctfs.	7½	7	7½	+ 4½
700	Kelly Spring.	165	156	160	..
30	K. S. T. n., 1st pf.	86½	86½	86½	..
20	K. S. T. n, 2d pf.	160	160	160	+15
100	L.V.C'l Sal.Co.	167	167	167	+ 1
14,500	Mar. of Am.	3⅛	2½	3	+ ⅝
1,400	Man. Transit.	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
800	Mutual P. S.	7	6¾	6¾	− ⅛
1,750	N. Y. Transp.	15¼	14⅝	14⅝	+ ¼
440	Py'e Mfg. Co.	10⅝	10¼	10⅜	+ ⅜
1,600	R. & H. Corp.	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	− ⅛
2,000	Ster. G., w. i.	3⅛	3	3	− ⅛
49,500	Stand. Motors.	8⅛	6¼	7⅛	..
11,500	St. Joseph L.	13⅛	12	12⅛	− ⅝
950	U. C. St. Co. of Am.	108	104	105	..
28,700	Un. C. S. new.	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝	− ¼
650	U. C. S. pf., n.	12½	11⅞	12⅛	− ⅛
14,300	Un. P. S. n.	3¾	3	3¼	+ ½
9,100	World's Film.	4⅞	4⅜	4⅜	− ⅜
	STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES				
2,100	Anglo-Am. Oil	17⅛	16⅛	16⅛	− 1
13	Atlanta Refin.	560	555	555	− 5
69	Buckeye P. L.	104	101	101	− 3
5	Eureka P. L.	223	223	223	+ 5
15	Galena S. Oil	148	146	148	− 1
51	Ill. P. L. w. i.	135	132	134	..
70	Indiana P. L.	99	97	99	+ 3
11	Nat. Transit.	30	29½	30	+ 1½
10	Northern P.L.	93	93	93	− 2
136	Ohio Oil	137	133	135	− 1
1,015	Pierce Oil, new	11¼	10½	10¾	− ⅛
1,034	Prairie P. L.	148	140	146	+ 6
19	Prairie O.& G.	314	311	314	+ 4
48	So. Pipe Line	213	211	211	..
1	So. Penn. L.	273	273	273	− 4
4	S.W.Penn.P.L.	110	110	110	..
148	St. Oil of Cal.	284	276	278	− 2
15	St. Oil of Ky.	243	243	243	− 9
62	St. Oil of N.J.	403	399	399	− 4
80	St. Oil of N.Y.	186	185	185	+ 1
6	St. Oil of Ohio	426	426	426	+ 4
68	Union Tank	80	78½	80	+ 1
24	Vacuum Oil	210	198	198	− 1
	RAILROADS				
1,600	Int. con. w. i.	25⅛	24	24	− ⅛
1,600	Int. pf. w. i.	77⅝	76	77⅝	+ 2⅝
810	Wabash w. i.	13	11½	12⅛	− ⅛
2,500	Wabash pf.(a).	47	45⅝	46	+ ⅛
1,238	Wabash pf.(b).	23⅛	22½	22½	− ½
	MINING				
24,900	*Atlanta	33½	30½	31	..
12,400	*Alta Con. M. Co.	72	66	72	+ 2
11,900	Al'ka Juanita w. i.	14¾	12¾	14¾	+ 1¼
11,500	*Big Cot'wood	6	5	6	..
2,100	Big Ledge D. Co.	1 1-16	1⅜	1 1-16	+ ⅛
12,000	Braden Cop.	7⅝	7	7¼	− ⅛
15,500	*Booth	54½	50	51	..
600	Butte-N. Y.	1½	1 1-16	1½	+ ¼
2,000	Can. Copper.	1⅛	1	1⅛	+ 1-16
1,200	*Caribou Cob.	48	45	48	− 2
12,200	Cashboy	7	6½	7	..
1,750	Chile C. w. i.	20½	20	20½	..
7,000	C. Ariz. Sm.	⅞	13-16	13-16	+ 1-16
23,700	Con. Nev.-U.	½	7-16	7-16	− 1-16
2,500	*D. Bl. Butte Assn. pf.	3½	3	3	− 1
5,500	Dome Mines	17½	16	17	+ 3½
12,200	*Emma Cop.	27	22	27	+ 4
8,500	*Florence	55	40	53	+ 4
3,200	Genesee	43	41	42	− 1
1,410	Gold. Cons.	1⅝	1½	1½	− 1-16
21,700	*Gold. Merg.	24½	22	22	− ½
2,650	Gr.-Can. new	41	39	40¾	+ 1
7,400	*Iron Blos.	88	83	86	+ 6
28,100	Jumbo Ext.	1⅝	1⅜	1 9-16	+ 1-16
600	Kerr Lake	4½	4 7-16	4 7-16	− 1-16
14,500	*Kewanas	15	14	15	+ 1¼
177,000	Kenn. Cop.	32½	29	32¼	+ 4
1,100	La Rose Cons.	⅝	9-16	⅝	+ 1-16
8,000	*Lone Star	7	6	6½	− ½
29,508	*Majestic M.	100	82	95	+11
11,500	*McK.-Dar.	28	24	24	− 5
5,500	*Nevada Hills	25	21	21	..
9,100	N. U. B'ham.	3⅞	3	3⅜	+ ⅜
500	Nip. M. Co.	6⅛	6	6	..
16,400	*Oro	10	9	9	− 2
1,000	S'storm Kend.	8	8	8	+ 1
6,000	*Sells	27	25	27	+ 2
700	*Silver Pick.	11	11	11	..
1,900	St'd Sil.-L'd.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16	− 1-16
11,500	Stewart	2 3-16	2⅛	2 5-32	+1-32
258,700	*Success Min'g	92	77	91	+ 8
22,200	*Sup. Min. Co.	24	22	24	+ 1
27,900	*Tonop. Merg.	41	40	40	..
4,580	Tonop. Exten.	3 1-16	3	3	..
1,425	Ton. C. of N.	7⅛	7	7¼	+ ⅛
3,300	Tularosa	5-16	5-16	5-16	..
6,100	Tri-Bullion	⅜	5-16	11-32	−1-32
24,100	Tuolumne C.	11-16	½	9-16	..
7,200	Wasatch	1⅝	1 9-16	1⅝	+ 1-16
2,990	*W. End Con.	87	77	80	− 4
3,000	*W. End Ext.	4	4	4	..
200	Yukon G. M.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ 1-16

*Cents per share.

Sales.	BONDS	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
$16,000	Chile Cop. 7s.	117	116½	116⅞	+ ⅜
240,000	K'nicutt C. 6s.	120	114½	118	+ 3
707,000	N.Y.C.4½s,'65.	103⅝	102⅞	102⅞	− ⅝
2,000	Pierce Oil 6s.	75	75	75	..
260,000	W. E. cv. 5s.	107	106⅝	107	+ ⅜

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Week Ended June 26, 1915.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
250	Alaska G. M.	38	38¼	37⅝	38
330	Allis-Cha Mfg.	18½	18⅞	17	17⅞
8,110	Amal. Copper	75⅛	76⅝	73⅝	75
350	Am. B. Sugar	50	52	48¾	50
7,060	Am. Can	44⅞	46⅞	43	45⅝
310	Am. C. & Fy.	56⅛	56⅛	52⅜	55⅞
30	Am. H. & L.	7½	7½	7	7
490	Am. Ice Sec.	30⅜	30⅜	29	29⅞
2,570	Am. Loco.	51⅝	54	49⅞	51⅞
10,200	Am. S. & R.	80	82⅜	78¼	79⅞
10	Am. Sug. Ref.	109	109	109	109
1,050	Anac. C. Co.	36½	37	35¼	35⅞
90	A., T. & S. F.	100⅞	101¼	100⅞	101¼
4,930	Baldw. Loco.	67⅛	69⅞	64⅞	67⅞
210	Balt. & Ohio	77⅛	78	76⅞	77⅛
20	Beth. Steel	168	168	168	168
100	B'klyn R. T.	89⅛	89⅞	88⅛	88⅛
20	Calif. Pet.	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜
5,030	Can. Pacific	153	153	145½	148⅜
2,790	Cent. Leather	41⅛	42	39¼	40⅜
150	Ches. & Ohio	38	40⅛	37⅞	39⅛
420	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	90	92⅜	90	90⅜
2,320	Chi., Rock Island & P.	17⅞	18⅞	15⅞	16
190	Chino Cop.	45½	46	45	46
980	Col. F. & I.	32½	33¼	31¼	33
150	Corn Pr. Ref.	15⅛	15⅛	14⅝	15
970	Crucible Steel	30⅛	31¼	28⅜	30¼
1,260	Dist. Sec.	28⅝	28⅝	25⅞	27
1,890	Erie	26⅛	27⅜	26	27
120	Erie 1st pf.	40¼	42	40¼	41¼
2,710	Goodrich Co.	51⅛	53	50⅛	52
10	Gt. Nor. pf.	119	119	119	119
280	Gt. Nor. ore.	37⅛	37¼	35¼	35¼
150	Guggen. Expl.	64⅞	64⅞	62⅞	62⅞
60	Inspir. Cop.	31⅛	31⅛	30⅛	30⅝
3,800	Inter.-Met. v. tr. ctfs.	23⅞	24⅜	22¼	22⅜
360	Inter.-Met. pf.	76	77½	74⅞	76
20	Kan. City Co.	25	25	25	25
340	Lehigh Val.	144½	146	142½	142¼
90	Maxwell Mot.	43⅜	43⅜	39¼	40½
420	Mex. Petrol.	75	77⅛	73⅜	74⅞
50	Miami Copper	26¼	26⅜	26	26
250	M., K. & T.	12	12	10¼	10⅜
2,760	Mo. Pacific	11	11¼	7	7⅜
10	N. E. & S.	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼
30	Nat. Lead	63	63½	63	63½
20	Nev. C. Cop.	15	15	15	15
720	N. Y. Central	88½	90½	88⅛	89⅜
590	N.Y.,N.H.&H.	62⅜	66¾	62⅜	64⅛
80	N.Y., O. & W.	30¼	30⅜	29⅜	29⅞
80	Nor. Pacific	107½	107½	107	107½
4,100	Pacific Mail	29⅛	36⅛	29⅜	33¼
120	Penn. R. R.	106⅛	107¼	106⅛	106⅞
340	Pr. St. Car	50	50¼	47⅜	49
20	Ry. St. Spring	33¾	34	33⅜	34
10	Ray Con. Cop.	24	24	24	24
59,370	Reading	144	150⅛	143⅜	150
320	Rep. I. & S.	29⅜	30⅛	29⅛	29⅛
30	Rumely(M.)Co.	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
1,070	So. Pacific	88	89⅝	87⅞	88⅞
90	So. Railway	16⅜	16⅜	16⅛	16⅜
1,390	Stu'b'k'r Co.	76⅞	80⅛	76⅛	79
520	Tenn. Copper	37⅞	38⅜	37⅛	37⅞
480	Third Ave.	54	55⅛	52⅛	53
12,890	Union Pacific	127⅝	129⅜	127	128⅜
10	U. S. Ind. Al.	58⅜	58⅜	58⅜	58⅜
12,320	U. S. Rubber	65	65⅜	51⅞	51⅜
66,730	U. S. Steel	60⅜	61⅜	59⅛	61⅛
40	U. S. Steel pf.	109¼	109⅜	109¼	109⅜
990	Utah Copper	67⅛	68⅜	66⅛	67⅛
20	Va. Car. Ch.	33¼	33⅜	33¼	33⅜
15,000	West. E. & M.	98½	101	97	100⅛
241,590					

FINANCIAL.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE 5% BONDS of the COLUMBIA GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY, due January 1st, 1927:

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals for the sale of bonds of the above mentioned Company under the mortgage from said Company to the undersigned as successor trustee, for redemption by means of part of the proceeds of the release of the stock of the East Ohio Gas Company paid into the Sinking Fund to the extent of One Million Seven Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars ($1,750,000) will be received at the office of the undersigned, Trust Department, No. 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before August 3rd, 1915, at twelve o'clock noon, in accordance with the terms of said mortgage. No proposals will be accepted at a price greater than par and accrued interest, and the right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all proposals.

Bonds accepted must be delivered on August 4, or security furnished that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days.

Dated New York, June 28, 1915.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, Successor Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN, Trust Officer.

YOUNG MAN with 10 years' experience unlisted securities wishes to connect with reliable firm to build up business; salary, commission; highest references. F 273 Times Downtown.

For Sale or Exchange.—Stock in well-established manufacturing business. Z 359 Times Annex.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Anderson, J.—Room 3, Woolworth Bldg., 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M. Equity calendar.

Moore<City of Yonkers.
Warner<Povelson.

DISTRICT COURT—Hunt, J.—Room 2, Woolworth Bldg., 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.

Northrup<Tug Bern, &c.
So Pac Co<Tug Wm H Flannery.
Kicklakis<SS Hermia.
Metapan SS Co<SS Iowan.
Silver<Morris & C Dredging Co.
NYC & H R RR<Tug Ed G Murray.
Chappell & Co<Tugs Auburn & Minnie.
Carroll<CNY.
Pilots' Ass'n<SS Manchioneal.
Marconi Wire Tel Co<SS Manchioneal.

DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J.—Room 235, P. O. Bldg.—At 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy discharges:

Ambrose Muderlak,
Vogel & Scourby,
Henry Jurvis,
Samuel Strauss,
Burton Collner,
Bela Kantor,
Anna Berkowitz
Stern & Frances,
Joseph Koehler,
E Wolff & Co,
Joseph Shutsky,
John Klotz,
Henry Rotsbard,
Henrietta & Kunin,
Brier & Schull.
Under objections:
Isidor Goldsmith,
Samuel Ranchberg,
Rosenfeld & Dukelsky,
Ginsgold & Scheffer,
Morris L Weiss.
Adjourned cases:
Sidney L Bennett,
Hattie Cohen,
Henry Rodin,
Philip Holtz,
Sol J Joseph,
Schuaff & Nass.
Motions:
Jacob Kugelman,
M S Globe & Son,
Stults & Bros,
Brand & Leroyer,
William Miller,
Annex Homes,
Dan W Gluck,
R G Thomas & Son,
Boshnack & Son (2),
Augusta Greenspan,
William H Grill,
David Kamsler,
Hans Triest,
Joseph W Strauss,
Hassett & Darragh,
United Film Serv Co,
Fliss & Gordon,
Fox & Barfalett,
Benjamin Jacobson,
Liebenthal Bros,
Advertisers' Print Co,
Atlantic Glass Co,
Louis E Levy,
Abraham P Perlstein,
S J Singer & Sons,
New Premier Market,
Sam A Krulewitch,
Caillier & Co,
F A McIntyre & Co,
Abraham Kantor,
National Woolen Co,
Gotel Belfeler,
James T Wood,
N Zeller & Co,
Jacob Twinasch.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg., 12th Floor.—At 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar.

Kintner<Atlantic Com Co.

Eastern District.

SUMMER ASSIGNMENTS.

July.—General motions, 14 and 28, at 2 P. M.; bankruptcy motions, 9 and 23, 2 P. M.; naturalization, 1, 8, 15, 22, and 29, at 9:30 A. M.; all ex parte matters and equity, 7, at 10:30 A. M.

August.—General motions and bankruptcy, 11 and 25, at 2 P. M.; naturalization, 2 and 3, at 9:30 A. M.; all ex parte matters and equity, 4, at 10:30 A. M.

September.—General motions, 8, 15, 22, and 29, at 2 P. M.; motions, bankruptcy, 8, 15, and 22, at 2 P. M.; ex parte matters and equity, 1, at 10:30 A. M.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—Bankruptcy calendar—At 10:30 A. M. Re Ida Volk.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Criminal calendar, at 10:30 A. M.

US<Mortensen & C.
At 2 P. M.
US<Engel.
Same<Palmento & M.
Same<Peterson & O'H

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Haskin<CNY (2.)
Driscoll<Hecht.
Re Weil (St Joseph Lead Co.)
Re Gluckhill (Lighthill.)
Walton<Walton.
Appleton<Blosben Corp.
Alden<same (2.)
Franklin<same.
Greves<same.
Joseph<same.
Mann<same.
Maxwell<same.
Varnum<same.
Warwick Sav Bk<same.
Smith<CNY.
Re McDonald<Hasbrouck.
Rapaport<Lieberman.
Welz<Rubel.
Stein<Margareten.
J L Lasky Feat Play Co<Suratt.
Bab<McGinn.
Consol Elec Lamp Co<Elbright Co of Am.
Flanagan<CNY.
Devlin<same.
Millhauser<Mayer.
Samuels<Agri Ins Co.
Vacuna Sales Co<J C M Mfg Co.
Menier<Autosales Gum, &c, Co.
Gary<Gary.
MacClinton<MacClinton.
McManus<W L Crow Const Co.
Stoltz<Rumore.
Re Pleasant Av Iron Works.
Wisch<Rudiger.
Kraetsch<Adler.
Meyer<Phila & Readg Coal & Iron Co.
Nat Sav Bank of Albany<Anderson.
Winona<Parisi.
Brown<Klein.
Man Life Ins Co<Driesch.
Beach<Beach.
Re Beadleston.
MacNamara<MacNamara.
Re Fisberg.
Kones<Freed.
Gibbs<Engelbach.
Monypeny<Monypeny.
Benedict<Benedict.
Ashton<Field.
Komuenhoven Est, Inc<Pechin.
Same<Taylor.
City R E Co<Cohen.
NY, NH & H RR<Maryland Cas Co.
Re Schlesinger.
Nichols<Smith.
McLoughlin<Sire.
Ritter<Galbraith.
Moncrief<Moncrief.
Kilker<Kilker.
Helpershausen<Marx.
Hall<Hall.
World Film Corp<Foy.
Ahearn<Silverman.
Re Jacobson<Jacobson.
Snow<Snow.
Karlin<Karlin.
Re Hess (Sternfeld.)
Seamen's Bk for Sav<Bach.
Sanger<Power.
Franklin Sav Bk<Richardson.
Davidson<Hayward.
Ishie<Norton Co.
Lutz<Lutz.
Re Spencer (Bogart.)
Re same (Tailer.)
Eckhardt<Eckhardt.
Geiger<Geiger.
Re Jaffe (Singer.)
Painter<Fletcher.
Re Rossman (Beck.)
Linia Realty Co<Kieley.
Coesfeld<Schmidt.
Littler<Joffe.
Re Cohen (Tobias.)
Harris<Baker.
Re Heyer.
Re Knapp & French, Inc.
Kawneer Mfg Co<Convent Park Const Co.
Cosmos Fea Film Corp<Alliance Films Corp
CNY<Kaloid.
McEnerny<Greis.
Cooper<Norove.
NY Sav Bk<Keene.
Porter<Bennett.
Lovsky<Lasky.
Re Bee Realty Co<Reseigno.
Zinoff<Gruenstein.
Weill<Weill.
Re Guardincerri (2.)
Sussman<Sussman.
Lee<28 St & 7 Av Rlty
Interst Note & Holdg Co<Nigro.
Re E 217 St (Ash Av.)
Klugman<Durant.
Kaufman<Reich.
[illegible]<Kopp (2.)
Anastasius<Asimakis.
Re Asiatic Welfare Soc'y<Woods.
Cooper<Norone.
Weld<Baker.
Merritt-Elliott Co<Brownstein.
Re Lunch Inc, &c.
Bowne<Manning.
[illegible]<Wheeler.
Nathan<Marans.

PART II.—Shearn, J.—Ex parte business, at 10:30 A. M.

PART III.—Weeks, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Motions:
Re Newton Av, (closing Alb Post Road.)
Re Madden.
Goldberg<Russell.
Adamson<Prentice.
Lockwood<Lockwood.
Trowbridge<Abrahams
Ditmas Rty<Bristor.
Yung<Blake.
Goodman<Goodman.
Olsson<Olsson.
Dalia<Dalia.
Britton<Britton.
Kronick<Kronick.
Ruman<Slavonic Nat S
Fried<Fried.
Popini<Popini.
Ciganofsky<Cigan'sky.
Perla<Rapisarda.
Demurrer:
McLoughlin<CNY.
Preferred causes:
Case on—Moller<Moller
Cluff<Cluff.
Vail<Blau.
Levy<Kessler Rty Co.
Kane Co<Wright & Co
Warrin<Warrin.
Moses<Moses.
Markow<Masor.
Gewitz<Gewitz.
NY Trust Co<Brandt.
Anderson<Anderson.
Gaston<Gaston.
General calendar:
Atwater<M'ch'ts Mot Sales Co.
Riverdale Rty<CNY.
Schafuss<Betts.
Dowd<Hughes.
Cusick<CNY.
Bklyn Struct Steel<Levy Dairy Co.
Shalek<Jetter Brew Co
Undefended divorces:
Case on—Whalen,
Case on—Kiviatek,
Case on—Sandler,
Solomon,
O'Connor,
Coomans,
Fleming,
Holmberg,
Burkert,
Mattel.
Lyon.
Case on.

PART IV.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PART V.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PART VI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PART VII.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PART VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.

Baker<A O H.
Ogilvy<Tucker.
S Blumenthal & Co<Brukenfeld.
Frankel<Feldstein.
Gross, Engel & Co<Mendel.
Stoneham<Am Vapor Starter Co.
Pearson<Berkowitz.
Smith<Cathcart.
Askew<Clawson.
Batkin<Weissberg.
Wengraf<Wengraf.
Anderson<Anderson.
Interstate Note & Hold Co<Vallario.
Ess & Ess Co<Levine.
Spear<Morris.
Interstate Note & Holding Co<Nigro.
Pam<Nevins.
Moore<CNY.
Savage<Sully.
Friedman<Israel.
Casper<Myers.
Case on.

PART III.—Ford, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Held in Trial Term, Part X. Room.

Moran<Atlantic Ex Co.
Armstrong<Mulcahy & Gibson.
Shea<same.
Magnini<Viacara.
Herrmann<Hess.
J Givens<Utica Hippodrome Amuse Co.
A Givens<same.
McQuade<Linch.
R Caracciola<same.
J Caracciola<same.
N Hertzman<same.
C Hertzman<same.
Curtius<Bklyn H RR.
Liebson<Heckman.
Margolin<Erie R R.
Maier<Schreiner.
Gershufsky<Schedlinsky.
Hess<Int R T Co.
McGoldrick<Hilliard Hotel (2).
Case on.

PART IV.—Adjourned for the term.

PART V.—Adjourned for the term.

PART VI.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Case on—Feldman<Ehrlich. No day calendar.

PART VII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Conley<NY & Q El, &c, Co.
Murrey<B H RR.
Loughman<CNY.
Miller<Lohrman.
Andesner<A Buchsbaum Co.
Sheikowitz<Yellow Taxicab Co.
McSorley<B H RR.
Cooke<Int R T.
Seid<Higgins (2.)
Weinstein<Singer Sew Mach Co.
Sackheim<Pigueron.
Dreyfus<Ocean El Ry.
Ochiogroso<Dock Cont Co.
Beach<Katz.
Somber<Int R T Co.
Cornelius<Rieser.
Crowe<Bergoff.
Young<Steeplechase Park Co.
Laks<Keller.
Hanna<Sims.
Greengold<CNY.
Case on.

PART IX.—Adjourned for the term.

PART X.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:15 A. M. The following numbered causes remaining in this part have been transferred to Part XI.: 4765, 4743, 4744, 2984, 1164, 1165, 4746, 9644, 3310, 4259. The remaining causes undisposed of in this part will go over until the first Monday in October. Recess.

PART XI.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

McCormick<Benoliel,
O'Brien<Hencken & Willenbrock Co.
Bystrom<Villard,
G Risso<Broadman.
N Risso<Broadman.
Osolin<T A Gillespie Co.
Gold<Froman, (2.)
Wertheimer<Povill.
Schiemann<Musical Mut Prot Union.
Kuntz<Lanes.
Bell<de Medina.
Case on.

PART XII.—Recess.

PART XIII.—Recess.

PART XIV.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XV.—Dugro, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Kadushin<Stearns.
Goldstein<Schwartz.
Kaldor<Strauss.
Hoye<McBean.
O'Dea<Woods.
Colasuenno<Sun Con.
Eugatnom Rty, &c, Co<Alfinito.
Rambusch Dec Co<M Loew's Theatres.
Same<Loew's Theat Ent.
F B Stearns Co<Hart.
Savage<McMorrow Eng & Const Co.
Gaynor<Bangs.
Church<Comm Trust.
Ins Co of N A<Simons, Hendee & Co.
Fed Tr Co<Carberry.
Shiebler<Shiebler.
Munroe<Com Fraicaise
Abbotts Sons<Lauchkari.
Case on.

PART XVI.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Doherty<Doherty.
Marks<Cowdin.
Baier<Rector & Ch W St Ignatius Ch.
Salmon<Ballace.
Bates<Cobden.
Tenement House Dept<200 & 202 Man Av
Nat Nassau Bk<Ludington's Sons.
Farquharson<Peabody.
Reiter<Trend Mag Pub Co.
Furst<Moskowitz.
Le Fontenay<Hammerstein.
Lowenstein<De Forest Sheet & T Co.
Howard<Barton.
Richter<Mangels.
Van Nest<Conron Bros Co.
Del Mar<Del Mar.
N Y C & H R RR<Nat Surety Co.
Fawcett<CNY.
Barnes<Taylor.
Nimis<Krauss.
Sedall Trust Co<Development Co.
Clear.

PART XVII.—Erlanger, J.—May term continued.—Recess.

PART XVII.—Whittaker, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

E Rieger Co<Croner.
Solar Light Co<Steel Prod Enameling Co.
Ducas<Fed Un Sur Co
Penniman<Weinstock.
Wood<Billman.
Miller<Shub Thea Co.
Metallurgical Sec Co<Mech & Metals N B.
Van Wagoner-Linn Const Co<Gallagher.
Maller<Nat Calcul Co.
Saranac Rty Co<Donohue.
Montrose Rlty Co<Greenberger.
Lande<Imperator Film Co.
Gannon<CNY.
Foster<Seaman.
J C Turner Lumber Co<Hoban-Hunter-Feitner Co.
Paige<New Process Sign Co.
Case on.

PART XVIII.—Platzek, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Okstein<Eichler P Co.
Kirwan<Robinson.
Burns Bros<Kuhn.
Lakin<Drake.
Mullen<Spiwak,
Stand Pneu Action Co<Fargo.
Lowinson<Hilton.
Allo<Benguiat.
Bullwinkel<Olsen.
Randall<Kelly.
McLean<Sullivan.
Hitchings<L V C Co.
Avon Rty, &c, Co<Amend.
Dougherty<So Pac Co.
Clear.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Contested will:
Henry P Dunham.
Wills for probate:
Clara Parisette,
Robert J Meyer,
Morris Weil,
Charles Klein,
Leonard J Silber,
Henry H Schultz,
Arnold Siemins,
Jacob J Wallenstein,
Martha McEachren,
Robert Abbott,
John Stevenson,
Harriet P McHarg.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Contested wills:
Harriet Wells Smith,
Dennis Lehane,
Mary Sweeney,
Catherine Plimley,
Frank Fuller,
Silvia C Milligan,
Kate Sullivan.
Estates of:
Catherine Sullivan,
Dominick Colaizzi,
Geo J Bryan,

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Phillips<Sussman.
Same<same.
Bradley<Certigue M & D Co.
Tuasha<Russell.
Gleitt<Silberberg.
Boyaland<Daube.
Allendale Bldg<Gottlieb.
Curtis<Gray.
Lederer<Cooper.
Held<Stavisky.
Rappaport<Solomon
Italian Importing<Galoagno.
Goodstein<Alpert.
Lobsitz<Kinnier.
Dunn Ink Works<Cockcroft.
Anes Bros<London G & Acct Co.
Wilkes<Am Real Est.
Callanan<N Y Rys.
Yateotzkit<same.
Favaro<same.
Lacey<same.
Rosenberg<same.
Bier<same.
Carlino<same.
Guerin<Cushman Bread.
Lentini<Perlstein.
Caleca<Perlstein.
Pecorino<Strauss.
Goldberg<Spector.
Marks<Pacific Embroidery.
Stern<Olson.
Vincequerra<Pittsburgh Cont.
Cigna<same.
Frank<Standard Mail Order.
Sahn, Jr<Leveene.
Colvin<Hammack.
Carmel<Gallagher.
McMahon<Fidelity Phenix F Ins.
Heyland<Mehler-Fulton Co.
Heimkens<McMullen, Snare & Triest.
Kenney<N Y Rys.
Quinby & Co<Schomburg.
Nikola<Am Press.
Rettig<Moore Co.
Cohen<N Y Rys.
Koffler<Fidelity & Deposit Co.
Hoffman<Lee Cloak.
Freedberg<Marmor.
Kapp<Palm Bros.
Rapp Const<Farrell.
Singer<Cosmopolitan Feature Film.
Bannister<Murray.
Lehrfeld<Sichel.
Roth-Carnegie<Adler.
Stanetz<Hell.
Shapiro<Menschel.
de Belleuse<Hearst.
Sickles<Coleman.
Breckenridge<Morgan.
Walsh, Jr<McGovern.
Sagiimbene<Western Ins.
Storm<Fisher.
Bloom<Schwartz.
Ballard Advtg<Achfeldt.
Fox<Gaabe.
Eagle Improvement<Wagner.
Ranzel<Gumble.
Lewis<Schiffman.
Wills & Newton Co<Sykes.

PART II.—Ransom, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Mele<Forno.
Harris<Gen Accident, &c, Co.
Kleinfeld<Willenauer.
Mattison<Luebbers.
Damp<Beach.
Cohen<Goldstein, (2.)
Raab<Nat Slavonic Society.
Manigault<Dick Chiarello & Bros.
Zufrias<Isaacs.
Kruszelnicka<Tarnopolski.
Alpert<Clay Cont, &c, Co.
Cinzio<Schaik.
Berkowitz<Tilatisky.
Valliano<Posner.
Wighton<NY Rys.
Wasserman<Borden's Condensed Milk Co.
Anderson<Lemp Brew.
Hausman<Cons Gas.
Forman<Gilman.
Cohn<Cohen.
Fishman<Frieder.
Wechsler<NY Rys.
Webber<NY Rys.
Shattuck<Buek.
Goldat<NYC Int Ry.
Bulkley<Com Deliv Co.
Pollatschek<Benny Savio Realty Co.
Brunzel<Whyte.
Paterno Bros<Frazee.
McGetterich<NY Rys.
Sickels<Coleman.
Katz<Fein.
Leconzio<Reichman.
Stern<NY Rys.
James<same.
Farrell<same.
Weinstein<Denbosky.
Richman<Pitt & Scott, Ltd.
Bloom<Real Life Picture Co, Inc.
Sudowsky<Joseph.
Bellak<Hedges.

Highest number reached on general calendar 7237.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Markstein<Krieger.
Scott<Taylor.
Horowitz<Rotholz.
Pang<Ming.
Wurzburger<Wallach.
Gillon<35 Per Cent Auto Supply Co.
Ness<Bass & Bass.
Istel<Langrock.
Rosenberg<J Mano Co.
Merchants & Metals Nat Bk<Termini.
Lehrfeld<Sichel.
Hirschfeld<Headley & Farmer Co.
Kraus<Pupin.
Denarde<Landane.
Clear.

PART II.—McAvoy, J.—Clear.

PART III.—Lynch, J.—Brownstone Building, (Chambers St.)—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Dunn<Auto Tire Co.
Rainier<Exclusive Features.
Flaun<Cork & Zicha Marble Co.
Bassett<Moore.
Liebling F S Co<Cohn.
Kugelman<Katz.
Claremont Iron Wks<146 W 142 St Co.
Rusch<Bowman.
Swinehart Tire, &c, Co<Gallagher.
Morris<Runkle.
Nat Meat Market, Inc,<Nylonas.
V Valentine Cont Co<Polzella.
Faramel Mfg Co<Walls.
Rifkind<Conner.
Turner<Picker Con Co
Walker & Co<Bloom.
Melnick<Michaelson.
Weinfeld<Bernstein.
Silver<Londy.
Firestone Tire & R Co<East Asphalt Pav.
Texas Co<same.
Goldberg<Spatz.
Kaine<Miliaresis.
Oertel<Jackson.

The following cases will be called, but will be passed for the day as of course if counsel on either side so requests. Applications for adjournment for more than one day should be made by affidavit in strict compliance with the rules of the court:

Sheinberg<Kroll.
Steinfeld<Mayper.
Bininger<Monypeny.
Lederer<Reich.
Goldsmith<New & Beaver Sts Co. (10)

Elias<Bartelstone.
Grazia<Bony.
Muhlbacher<Vespaziani
Bloom<Schwartz.
Greenwich Lith Co<Clements.
Steinthal<Douglas.
Goldsworthy<Adams Realty Co.
Stein<Schultz.
Hayward<MacDonald Const Co.
Mahon<St Joseph's Sem & College.
Quasha<Russell.
Friedman<Hyman.
Klingsland<Buch.
Corey<Pohorille.
Storm<Fisher.
Driscoll<Bdway Trust.
Scapitor Sales<Kean.
Nat Sur<Wells Bros.
Schiff<Wolkowitz.
Michelson<Wadsworth.
Storm<Fisher.
Sinclair<Frazer.
Case on.

PART IV.—O'Dwyer, J.—Case on.
PART V.—Smith, J.—Clear.
PART VI.—Finelite, J.—Clear.
PART VII.—Allen, J.—Case on.
PART VIII.—Zeller, J.—Clear.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Robertson<Rouss-Sampson—H. Weinhandler.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Shearn, J.—North River Savings Bank<Jacob Powel, (2)—John H. Van Tine. Maximilian Fleischmann Co.<Madison Av. R. E. Co.—Jacob Katz.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motion calendar.

Man Ry Co<Lenane.
Same<Linnell.
Same<Ebling Rty Co.
Re Weissman.
Re Gilroy.
Smith<Mead.
Same<Lord.
Dressel<Wolff.
Prichard<Gallani.
Am Bl St Co<Klepper.
Yanofsky<Yanofsky.
Solomowitz<Freundlich.
Title Guar & Tr Co<Jampole & Werner.
Guar Trust Co<Taber.
Pratt<Gamache.
Re Leary.
Hawes<Campbell.
Weinstein<Werner.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part I.—Brady, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Weinstein<Werner.
O'Brien<Bronx Gas & El Co.
Levine<Siegler.
Turk<Defender Con Co
Lipmann<Couch Rty & Imp Co, (2.)
Cohen<Film Motor Dispatch Co, (2.)

Highest number reached in regular order, 312.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Motion calendar.

Estates of:
Rose Heller,
Helen Dolson,
Edward Brennan.
Wills for probate:
Maria Canzo Cirillo,
Alfred T Schauffler,
Sarah Young,
William G Kratz,
Anna Ryan,
Rebecka M Lousen,
August Eder.
Accountings:
Pauline A Hill.
William G Ehrlich.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.

Schonfeld<Mott Av Realty Co.
Grower<Miller.
Rosenweig<N Y Rys.
Valentini<Brennan.
Finkelstein<Union Ry.
Bendremer<same.
Russ<same.
Manowitz<same.
Gordon<Inter R T Co.
Kuhle<Mayer.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Crane, J.—Motions.

Dinsmoor<Dinsmoor.
Williams<Wavecrest Constr Co.
Bahlmann<Bahlmann.
Kurtzke<Brower.
R Wallach Co<Powers.
Re Annenberg (Rosenthal.)
Nuccio<Polvick Realty Co.
Breen<Flegenheimer Bros, Inc.
Saltzman<Wilkey.
Victory<Carpenter, Boxley & Herrick, Inc.
Harvey<Rockville Centre Holdg Co.
Harrington<Houston.
Diener<Diener.
Francis<Roese.
Mahoney<Lohman.
Cavanagh<Hyatt.
Re Thompson Av.
Magliulo<Morris & Cummings Dredging.
Vogel<Mitchell.
Milkman<Casesa.
Schmidt<Schmidt.
Kamann<Scher.
N Y Mtge & Sec Co<Stanley.
Humphrey<O'Reilly.
Skarwinkiewicz<Polish M & T Assn.
Katz<Stoddard.
Holland<Holland.
Schnibbe<Hauck Mfg.
Plyer<Long.
Donner<Donner.
Re Fabricant.
Mark<Mark.
Shaw<Shaw.
Town of No Hempstead<Leeds.
Riche<Greenwich Bank.
Schulze<Cohen.
Waterbury<Waterbury
Haviland<Reynolds & Rudd (4.)
Webster<Peerless Homes, Inc.
L I RR Co<Mueller.
Re Union St.
Smith<Worl.
Scheinbert<Vernewl Rlty & Constr Co.
Donlon<O'Hara.
Classon<Cuoco.
Langley-Slavin Co<Chas Meads & Co.
N Y Mun Ry Co<Beer (2.)
Roeder<O'Loughlin.
Carr<Carr.
Sprague<Viaduct Rlty.
Re Roebuck.
Schleissner<Kelly.
Hartman Constr Co<Rosenthal.
L I RR Co<Mueller.
Re Davies (Andrews.)
Fuhlbasch<Halperin.
Otto<Otto.
Nelson<Dittman.
Kenny<O'Brien.
Re O'Connors (Parodi.)

PART II.—Clark, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Adjourned for the Summer.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Benedict, J.; Part II., Kapper, J.; Part III., Kelly, J.; Part IV., Garretson, J; Part VI., Maddox, J,; Part VII., Manning, J.

Swain, Nelson & Sons<CNY.
O'Brien<Agar & Co.
Leman<Westminster Heights Co.
Kiersted<B, Q Co & S R R.
Ratzel<Ratzel.
Lorenzan<Edison El.
Buttner<Eidlitz & Son et al.
Gebert et al<Gebert.
Bosch<Miller et al.
Koop<Bodmer & B et al.
Glenn<Interstate Lumber Co.
Interb Bwg Co<Acme Furnace Equip Co.
Diramgian<B H RR.
Hoecker<Hoecker.
Elford<L I RR.
Pataky<B H RR.
Seaman<Nassau RR.
Janodet<same.
Karakand<B H RR.
Schumacher et al<B H RR.
Brown<same.
Ward<Suydam.
Hamann<Bklyn E D Terminal.
Hasakordjian<B H RR.
Zinn<Int R T.
Ballou<Block et al.
Popillarski<Empire Bridge Co.
Beyer<Mundy.
Cox<B H RR.
Israel<C I & B RR.
Meanley<L I RR.
Kelly<Hinck et al.
Bennett<B H RR.
Miller<Buerm'nn et al.
Larsen<Whitney Duplicating Check Co.
Mucher<Panzironi.
McSweeney<Manhat. Nav. Co.
Meyers<O'Leary.
Smith<Hiller et al.
Fahlbusch<Halperin.
Greve<Arnold.

The balance of the day calendar stands over until June 29.

Highest number reached on regular call, 7064.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar, at 10 A. M.

Wills of:
Annie Hurley,
Minerira Mersthew,
Minnia Berghauser,
Katharine Muchler,
Ellen Murray,
Bertha Singer,
Minnie Dalhne,
Frederick W Cohen,
Henry Becker,
Thomas Jones.
Administration of:
Jacob Schwartz,
Heneritta E Hendrickson.
Accounting of:
Jeronemus Underhill,
Agnes McNamee,
Maria Barnes,
Rosa Kraft,
Hannah Harper,
Fiovanti Muro,
Wm McQueen,
Benjamin Hunter.
Estates of:
Sarah E Smith,
Sarah McCarthy,
Jared A Brewster,
Lydia Suydam,
Elizabeth Mulry,
Joseph McCray,
Edward Fitzgerald,
Maurice G Hickey.

County Court.

PART IV., Hylan, J.; Part V., Fawcett, J.—Calendar called in Part V., Room 10.

Basilio<Nas E RR.
Penn<Nas Ferry Co.
Kirby<Dellamore.
Connor<NY Life Ins.
Smith<NY Cons RR.
Muxey<Kalof.
Dilthey<Manns.
Van Daalen<Remus.
Hereth<Rustin.
Knief<Morson.
Jolan<NY Cons RR.
Sorrentino<Kaminster.
Magder<B H RR.
Motolits<Nas E RR.
Padavano<Shults Co.
Hellman<B H RR.
Paciello<Danzilo.
Feigenbaum<B, Q Co & S RR.
Micielli<B H RR.
Fischer<Ritchie Co.
Bentivegna<Nassau Brewing Co.
Rogel<Goldschlag.
Morowitz<Stolitzky.
McCleary<B H RR.
Levy<Block.
Homler<Bedford Assn.
Haase<Seabert.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Surrogate's Court.

Sawyer, S.—At White Plains, (Tuesday.)

Wills for probate:
George Borthwick,
Florence B Delano,
Zelma B Odell,
Sarah Seeber,
William E Hill,
Leslie A McLean.
Admr's accounting:
Cyrus A Peake.
Executor's acctg:
Daniel E Merritt.
Petition to compel:
Martha R Reynolds.
Order to show cause:
Margaret Brown.
Adoption:
William C Lee.
Accounting:
John F Craddock.
Order to show cause:
Mary Ann Sharkey.

Supreme Court.

PART I.—Tompkins, J.—Special Term for motions on next Friday.

RICHMOND COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Callahan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Arzilio<Rich L & RR.
Baker et al<Berry et al
Tyrrell, an infant<Bd of Education.
Ramsey<Staten Island R T Ry.
Grant<same.
Copo<Behrens.
Webster Mfg Co<Rich L & RR.

DIVIDENDS.

THE KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

No. 25 Broad St., New York, June 15, 1915.

A quarterly dividend of ONE PER CENT. (1%) has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, from surplus earnings of the current fiscal year, payable July 15, 1915, to stockholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M., June 30, 1915.

Checks in payment of the dividend will be mailed to stockholders at the addresses last furnished to the Transfer Agent.

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Best Trip for Saturday Afternoon.

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Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., Pier ft. 34th St., E. R., Tues. and Thurs., 5:30 P. M.; Sat., 1:00 P. M.

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Also Desbrosses St., 9.40; W. 42d St., 10; W. 129th St., 10:20; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M., for Bear Mountain, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Music. Restaurant.

One Day Outings to Poughkeepsie, Newburgh, or West Point.

Str. "ROBERT FULTON" will run as a BOAT RACE SPECIAL to the INTERCOLLEGIATE RACES at Poughkeepsie, June 28, leaving Desbrosses St. 10:45; W. 42d St., 11; W. 129th St., 11:20 A. M.

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For West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston and way landings, leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by Str. "ALBANY."

Desbrosses St. Pier. Tel. 4141 Spring. N. Y.

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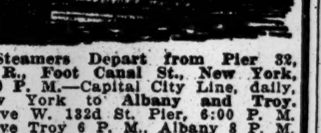

All Steamers Depart from Pier 32, N. R., Foot Canal St., New York, 5:30 P. M.—Capital City Line, daily, New York to Albany and Troy. Leave W. 132d St. Pier, 6:00 P. M. Leave Troy 6 P. M., Albany 8 P. M. Fare $1, staterooms 75c. "Economical Way."

6:00 P. M.—People's Line, daily, New York to Albany. Leave W. 132d St. Pier, 6:30 P. M. Leave Albany 8 P. M. Fare $2 one way, $3.50 round trip. "Luxurious Way."

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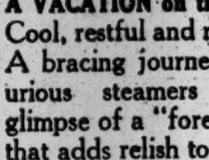

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Tuscania.....Fri., July 23, 5 P.M.
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Adriatic....June 30 | Lapland....July 7

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Cretic, July 21, 10 A. M. | Canopic, Aug. 2

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ESPAGNE . . July 10, 3 P. M.
ROCHAMBEAU . July 17, 3 P. M.
NIAGARA . . July 24, 3 P. M.

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WABASH-PITTSBURG PLAN IS ANNOUNCED

Wallace Committee Cuts Terminal Railway's Charges from $2,873,000 to $261,000.

TO ISSUE $39,600,000 STOCK

Bondholders to Acquire Full Ownership of Property by Paying a 30 Per Cent. Assessment.

A plan for the reorganization of the Wabash Pittsburg Terminal Railway Company is announced by the Wallace committee. This committee represents the bondholders, and under its plan the Terminal Railway will fall entirely into the hands of the first mortgage bondholders on payment of a 30 per cent. assessment, equal to $300 on each $1,000 bond. If the first mortgage bondholders do not avail themselves of the opportunity offered, the second mortgage bondholders can pay the assessment or any part which remains unsubscribed.

This sixty-three mile railroad was one of the important factors in the scheme for a trunk line from coast to coast which George J. Gould a dozen years ago projected through a proposed linking together of the Missouri Pacific and Wabash systems, the building of the Western Pacific Railway, and the acquisition of some Atlantic Coast connection or the extension of a new line eastward from Pittsburgh.

The Wabash Pittsburg Terminal Railway extends from Ferry Street and Liberty Avenue in the City of Pittsburgh westerly about sixty miles to a connection with the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad, at Pittsburg Junction, Harrison County, Ohio. The Terminal Company also owns a branch of about four miles, by which it connects with the Union Railroad of Pittsburgh. The company owns all the outstanding consolidated mortgage bonds and capital stock of the Pittsburg Terminal Railroad and Coal Company, which has 12,880 acres of unmined coal land and 2,120 acres of developed coal lands in Allegheny and Washington Counties, Penn. Through its ownership of the coal company the Terminal Railway controls the West Side Belt Railway, about twenty-one miles long. It also owns a majority of the outstanding stock of the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad Company.

The committee's plan provides for wiping out the $10,000,000 stock of the Terminal Railway, wholly owned by the Wabash Railroad. It would also clear the slate of $50,000,000 bonded indebtedness and leave only a bonded debt of about $5,000,000. It is proposed to form a new company, with a capital stock of $39,600,000. Under such a financial status, the reorganization managers contend, the Terminal Railway would become a paying railroad.

Here are the specific provisions of the plan:

1. To acquire through foreclosure or otherwise the entire property of the Terminal Railway Company, including control of the two subsidiaries, the Pittsburg Terminal Railroad & Coal Company and the West Side Belt Railroad Company.
2. Holders of the $30,000,000 first mortgage bonds of the Terminal Railway shall raise the necessary $9,000,000 cash by paying an assessment of $300 on each $1,000 bond.
3. Holders of the $20,000,000 second mortgage bonds of the Terminal Railway shall raise any part of the $9,000,000 which is not raised by the first mortgage bondholders. Those desiring to participate must pay, on account, $100 for each $1,000 bond.
4. The $9,000,000 will pay off all receivers' certificates, amounting to more than $3,000,000. It will purchase all the original properties of the Terminal Railway and discharge all mortgage obligations and judgments, the estimated cost being about $4,300,000. It will also pay expenses of reorganization and possibly leave a little working capital.
5. There will be $9,100,000 new 6 per cent. cumulative preferred stock and $30,500,000 new common stock.
6. The capitalization will be decreased by $46,560,000, and the fixed charges will be reduced from $2,873,252 a year to $261,103.

By the terms of the plan the Wabash Pittsburg Terminal Railway Company will give up its stock control of the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad Company, but it is proposed to let the bondholders reserve control of the voting trust for this stock. The Terminal Railway, if it held this stock, would face an assessment when the Wheeling & Lake Erie is reorganized. With the Wheeling & Lake Erie stock will be divided all the preferred and common stock of the new company.

The exact division of securities to the first mortgage bondholders, or to the second mortgage bondholders if the first mortgage holders do not pay the 30 per cent. assessment, is as follows:

1. New preferred stock, 30 per cent. of holdings or $300 for each $1,000 bond.
2. New common stock, 100 per cent. of holdings or $1,000 for each $1,000 bond.
3. First preferred stock of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, 2.8 per cent. or $28 for each $1,000 bond.
4. Second preferred stock of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, 21 per cent. or $210 on each $1,000 bond.
5. Common stock of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, 39 per cent. or $390 on each $1,000 bond.

There is only one restriction on the bondholders after they acquire the Terminal Railway property. They must consent to let the Reorganization Committee select the first Board of Directors for the new company.

A member of the committee said yesterday that it was proposed to get the best available operating railroad man to head the new company. The Reorganization Committee states that the Terminal Railway should show surplus earnings of at least $650,000 in the first fiscal year under the new arrangement. Holders of the mortgage bonds will have until Sept. 1 to accept or reject the plan.

The Reorganization Committee which drew up the plan is composed of James N. Wallace, Chairman; Richard Sutro, Gordon Abbott, Harry Bronner, James C. Chaplin, Haley Fiske, Clarence L. Harper, William R. Nicholson, Meigs H. Whaples, and Asa S. Wing. The Central Trust Company is depositary under the plan.

Hail Damages Crops Up State.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., June 27.—A severe hailstorm, accompanied by high winds, visited this section today, causing considerable damage to crops.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE AYRES MILL & MINING COMPANY:

Notice is hereby given that the election of Directors of the Ayres Mill & Mining Company not having been held on the date designated in the by-laws, and the Directors not having within one month thereafter called a special election, a meeting of the members of said corporation, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors or Trustees thereof, will be held at Number 32 Broadway, Room 1,000, in the City of New York, on the 6th day of July, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon of said day.

Dated, New York, June 17, 1915.

EMMA J. MASON.
EMMA J. MASON,
Executrix of T. Henry Mason.

The annual meeting of Stockholders of the Muir Radium Institute will be held at the office of the company at 33 West 42nd St., at 2 P. M., on July 5th, 1915, for the purpose of electing Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

ARTHUR PHILIPS, Secretary.

FREE USE OF CODE.

Merchants' Association Wants Permission for Cipher Messages.

The Merchants' Association will ask the State Department at Washington to obtain Great Britain's consent to the use of the General Telegraph Code in commercial telegrams. This request will be made upon the recommendation of the association's committee on telegraph and cable codes, of which Thomas A. Eddy is Chairman.

This committee in reviewing the present situation as regards the use of Government-owned cable lines recommends that an attempt be made to impress upon the Government the advisibility of acquiring full membership for the United States in the International Telegraph Convention, and some direct representation for the commercial interests of all nations. By this means it would be possible for the commercial interests in this country to prevent restrictions that may seriously hamper communication.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.

	July High.	July Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.
June 21	$1.05⅝	$1.02	$1.03	.99⅝
June 22	1.02¼	1.00	1.00¼	.98⅛
June 23	1.03⅞	1.01	1.02	.99¼
June 24	1.05⅜	1.03¼	1.03½	$1.01
June 25	1.04½	1.02⅞	1.02⅞	1.00¼
June 26	1.04⅜	1.03⅞	1.03⅞	1.01⅜
Week's range	1.05⅝	1.00	1.03½	.98⅛

	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	Cash, 2 Red. High.	Cash, 2 Red. Low.
June 21	$1.05⅞	$1.02¾	$1.15	..
June 22	1.03	1.01⅝	..	..
June 23	1.05	1.02⅝	..	..
June 24	1.06⅜	1.04⅛	1.20	..
June 25	1.05⅞	1.03⅝	1.20	..
June 26	1.04⅝	1.04⅛	..	..
Week's range	1.06⅜	1.01⅝	1.15	$1.20

CORN.

	July High.	July Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.
June 21	74⅝	72¾	74½	72¼
June 22	73	72⅝	72⅞	71¾
June 23	74	72⅝	73⅝	71⅞
June 24	74¼	73⅛	73⅞	72⅝
June 25	73⅞	72⅝	73	71⅝
June 26	73⅝	73	73¼	71⅞
Week's range	74⅝	72⅛	74½	71⅛

	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	Cash No. 3 White. High.	Cash No. 3 White. Low.
June 21	65⅝	64¼	75	74¼
June 22	63	62⅞	73½	..
June 23	65⅜	62⅞	75½	..
June 24	65⅞	64⅜	75½	75
June 25	65⅜	63⅝	75	74¾
June 26	65	63⅝	75	74¾
Week's range	65⅞	62⅛	75½	74¼

OATS.

	July High.	July Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.	Cash Standards. High.	Cash Standards. Low.
June 21	45¼	43⅝	39⅝	38⅛	54	..
June 22	43⅝	42⅞	38⅝	37⅝	53¼	..
June 23	44⅜	43⅝	39	38	54½	..
June 24	45	43⅞	39¼	38	49	48½
June 25	44⅞	43½	38⅞	37⅞	48½	48
June 26	44⅞	43½	38⅞	37⅝	48	47¾
W'k's rge	45⅛	43⅝	39⅝	37⅝	54½	47¾

Provisions.

LARD.

	July High.	July Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.
June 21	$9.32	$9.27	$9.65	$9.50
June 22	9.35	9.32	9.62	9.50
June 23	9.45	9.30	9.72	9.57
June 24	9.42	9.37	9.70	9.62
June 25	9.37	9.30	9.65	9.57
June 26	9.30	9.22	9.57	9.45
Week's range	9.45	9.22	9.72	9.45

RIBS.

	July High.	July Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.
June 21	$10.35	$10.25	$10.67	$10.55
June 22	10.27	10.20	10.60	10.52
June 23	10.40	10.25	10.72	10.55
June 24	10.40	10.30	10.70	10.57
June 25	10.35	10.30	10.65	10.57
June 26	10.32	10.20	10.62	10.50
Week's range	10.40	10.20	10.72	10.50

PORK.

	July High.	July Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.
June 21	$16.95	$16.80	$17.42	$17.25
June 22	16.80	16.65	17.25	17.10
June 23	16.95	16.67	17.40	17.12
June 24	16.95	16.67	17.35	17.10
June 25	16.80	16.70	17.22	17.12
June 26	16.75	16.60	17.15	17.00
Week's range	16.95	16.60	17.42	17.00

NEW YORK.

COTTON.

	July High.	July Low.	Oct. High.	Oct. Low.	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.
June 21	9.46	9.35	9.88	9.75	10.14	10.00
June 22	9.40	9.24	9.81	9.66	10.04	9.91
June 23	9.39	9.30	9.79	9.71	10.06	9.96
June 24	9.41	9.30	9.82	9.73	10.08	9.99
June 25	9.27	9.17	9.70	9.63	9.95	9.88
June 26	9.22	9.15	9.66	9.61	9.90	9.86
W'k's re.	9.46	9.15	9.88	9.61	10.14	9.86

	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	Mar. High.	Mar. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.
June 21	10.20	10.08	10.43	10.31	10.60	10.51
June 22	10.12	9.99	10.34	10.24	10.46	10.46
June 23	10.14	10.03	10.36	10.29	..	..
June 24	10.16	10.07	10.38	10.32	..	..
June 25	10.02	9.97	10.25	10.22	10.47	10.43
June 26	9.97	9.93	10.20	10.18	10.39	10.39
W'k's re.	10.02	9.93	10.43	10.18	10.60	10.39

THIS WEEK'S AUCTION SALES

Monday.

Karp Bros., 477 Broadway—Men's and young men's suits, 10:30.

I. Singer, 582 Broadway, Brooklyn—Sporting goods, 10:30.

David W. Blow Co., at 1,727 Broadway, Brooklyn—Entire stock of 5c to 49c store.

Charles Shongood, bankrupt sales—A. Frankenstein & Co., 539 Broadway, 10:30, jewelry, men's and women's clothing, household articles, &c.; Meyer Fox, 54 Bond St., 10:30, dresses, machinery, and fixtures; Safe & Ventilating Window Co., 105 William St., 2 P. M., hardware, patents; Holtz & Freystedt Co., 9 Houston St., 10:30, furniture, fixtures, &c.

Gross, Franzblau & Co., 29 Greene St.—Dresses, skirts, and other wearing apparel for women, 10:30.

Tuesday.

Charles Shongood, bankrupt sales—Arthur Courtin Co., 85 Front St. 10:30; office furniture, fixtures, &c.; Faust Cafe, 1,823 Broadway, 2 P. M., wines, liquors, piano, and fixtures.

Charles Shongood, assignee sales—Bell Dry Goods Co., 137 Essex St., dry goods, fixtures; American Clothing Co., 186 Wooster St., 2 P. M., men's and boys' clothing.

David W. Blow Co., 520 Broadway—Dry goods, women's and men's furnishings and cloaks and suits.

Van Praag & Co., at 319 Eighth Av.—Men's and women's furnishings, 10:30.

National Purchasing Co.—Women's wearing apparel, &c.; also Thursday.

D. Greenwald & Co., Sheriff's sale—Herman Engel, 149 Spring St. 4th floor, chairs, desks, paint and glue tanks, &c.

D. Greenwald & Co., 23 Lispenard St.—Underwear, &c., under trust agreement of Leo Davidoff, Rutherford, N. J., 10:30.

B. R. S. Co., 32 Greene St.—Women's wearing apparel; also Friday.

Wednesday.

J. W. & W. H. Reid, 37th St. and Church Av., Brooklyn—Bankruptcy sale of sashes, blinds, and lumber.

H. Perelmutter, 208 Canal St.—Cloaks and suits, 11 A. M.

David W. Blow, 527 Broadway—Men's, youths', and children's clothing.

Gross, Franzblau & Co., 29 Greene St.—Women's wearing apparel; also Friday.

Henry Lilly Co., 88 Reade St.—Shoes; also Friday.

Charles Shongood, assignee sale—Samuel Schaffer, 542 Broadway, 10:30, suspenders.

J. Weiss, 7 Lispenard St.—Women's and men's furnishings, also cloaks and suits, 10:30.

Van Praag & Co., at 1,388 5th Av.—Men's, women's, and children's shoes, 10:30.

D. Greenwald & Co., Sheriff's sale—Louis L. Harris, 412 West End Av., office furniture, &c., 10:30.

Thursday.

Van Praag & Co., 15 Greene St.—Men's and boy's clothing, 10:30.

Charles Shongood, bankrupt sales.—Louis Freedman, 539 Broadway, 10:30, jewelry, safe, and fixtures; Max Waldman, 539 Broadway, 10:30, furs; Quinn & O'Hara, at Interborough Moving Co., 167th St. and Amsterdam Av., 10:30, liquors, &c.

Friday.

D. Hartmann, 15 Mercer St.—Stock of women's specialty shop, corsets, silk, and lingerie underwear, hosiery, gloves, &c.

Van Praag & Co., 15 Greene St.—Dry goods.

David W. Blow Co., 520 Broadway—Women's, misses', and children's wearing apparel; also general merchandise.

Charles Shongood, bankrupt sales—Celia Weiss, 529 Broadway, 10:30, men's clothing; B. Gradinger, 539 Broadway, 10:30, petticoats, silks, and piece goods.

D. Greenwald & Co., 23 Lispenard St.—Bankruptcy sale of furniture, doors, sashes, &c., 10:30.

ART AND RETAIL.

Monday.

Flattau's Auction Rooms, 115 University Place—Street and evening gowns, &c.

Keeler's Art Galleries, 12 Vesey St.—Continuation sale of Belter furniture, paintings, rugs, bric-a-brac, furnishings, &c.

Samuel Kreiser, assignee sale—Danse de Luxe, Clermont Rink, 181 to 191 Clermont Av., Brooklyn, furniture and fixtures.

Tuesday.

Silo's Art Galleries, 546 Fifth Av.—Oriental rugs and carpets; continues Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday.

Flattau's Auction Rooms, 115 University Place—Household furnishings and effects.

J. W. & H. W. Reid, 337 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn—Automobile.

Thursday.

A. Kaliski, 88 University Place—General household furnishings and effects; also Friday.

Charles Shongood, assignee sale—Cesare Conti, at Columbia Yacht Club, Riverside Drive and 86th St., a yacht, 10:30.

Friday.

J. W. & H. W. Reid, 19 Willoughby St., Brooklyn—Household furnishings and effects.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..4:30|Sun sets..7:34|Moon rises..9:16

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:28	8:47	2:30	2:35
Governors Island	9:03	9:20	3:05	3:10
Hell Gate	10:53	11:10	4:45	4:50

Arrived—Sunday, June 27.

SS Philadelphia, Liverpool, June 19.
SS Auchendale, London, June 13.
SS Maroni, Treves, June 12.
SS Lord Tredegar, Malta, June 14.
SS Massapequa, Antilla, June 15.
SS Santa Clara, Havana, June 16.
SS Hortensius, Boston, June 19.
SS El Cid, New Orleans, June 22.
SS Colonia, London, June 8.
SS Tonawanda, Liverpool, June 11.
SS Pascal, Glasgow, June 14.
SS Yumuri, Nuevitas, June 22.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Kristianiafjord	Bergen	June 16
Vitalia	Rotterdam	June 12
Bolton Castle	Colon	June 20
Denis	Para	June 15
Saxonia	Liverpool	June 18
Leeds City	Leghorn	June 12
Yaguez	Ponce	June 18
Guiana	St. Thomas	June 18
Carolina	Mayaguez	June 23
Sixaola	Jamaica	June 22
Minnehaha	London	June 15
Tronto	London	June 16
Momus	New Orleans	June 22
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	June 25
Tenadores	Cristobal	June 21
El Oriente	Galveston	June 22

DUE TOMORROW.

Chicago	Havre	June 20
Czaritza	Archangel	June 15
Turnwell	Liverpool	June 15
City of Savannah	Savannah	June 26
Medina	Galveston	June 23
Sabine	Mobile	June 22

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Norman Monarch	Manchester	June 16
Knutsford	Havre	June 15
Boston	Port Talbot	June 16
Saratoga	Havana	June 27
Ancon	Cristobal	June 23
El Valle	Galveston	June 24
Apache	Jacksonville	June 27

DUE THURSDAY.

Lapland	Liverpool	June 23
G. de Lantsheer	La Pallice	June 17
Chicago City	Swansea	June 17
Iroquois	London	June 17
Santa Marta	Kingston	June 28
Comanche	Jacksonville	June 28
Antilles	New Orleans	June 26

DUE FRIDAY.

Meissonier	Glasgow	June 18
Oranje Nassau	Curacao	June 19
Dagland	Macoris	June 23
Maracaibo	Porto Rico	June 26
Comal	Galveston	June 26
El Sud	Galveston	June 26

DUE SATURDAY.

St. Louis	Liverpool	June 26
Ile de la Reunion	Marseilles	June 16
Fairhaven	Marseilles	June 14
Eastern Prince	Bahia	June 19
Atherstone	Havre	June 19
Langton	Oran	June 17
Kroonland	San Francisco	June 16
Ponistone	St. Nazaire	June 18
Advance	Cristobal	June 26
Bermudian	Bermuda	July 1
Lenape	Jacksonville	June 30

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
San Giorgio, Naples	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Melderskin, Bahia	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Badagri, Liberia	1:00 P.M.	2:00 P.M.
Edward Pierce, Rio Janeiro	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Patria, Naples		3:00 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Ocean Prince, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
El Alba, Galveston		12:00 M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Adriatic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Frederik VIII., Christiansand	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Philadelphia, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carrillo, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mesaba, London		12:00 M.
Auchendale, London		12:00 M.
Munwood, Gibara		12:00 M.
Concho, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
Comus, New Orleans		12:00 M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Sixaola, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Colon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Sao Paulo, Barbados	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Matanzas, Havana		12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
El Siglo, Galveston		12:00 M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Guiana, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Uller, Barbados	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Yumuri, Santiago		12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Philadelphia, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Chicago, Bordeaux	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Kristianiafjord, Bergen	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stephano, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Saratoga, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Jethou, Argentina	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Manchioneal, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saxonia, Liverpool		10:00 A.M.
Yaguez, San Juan		12:00 M.
Medina, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa		1:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Santa Theresa, Havana		12:00 M.
Momus, New Orleans		12:00 M.
El Oriente, Galveston		12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, N. Y., JUNE 27.

SS Iroquois, Santo Domingo to New York, was 1,030 miles S. at 7 P. M. 26th.

SS Vesta, Port Arthur to New York, was 10 miles S. E. of Carysfort at noon.

SS El Valle, Galveston to New York, was 33 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.

SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, was 232 miles E. of Galveston Bar at noon.

SS Comal, Galveston to New York, was 222 miles E. of Galveston Bar at noon.

SS Radiant, Sabine to New York, was 75 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, was 440 miles S. at noon.

SS San Juan, Antilla to New York, was 222 miles S. at noon.

SS Cherokee, Georgetown to New York, was 215 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Huron, Jacksonville to New York, was 245 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Saratoga, Havana to New York, was 140 miles N. E. of Morro Castle at 7 P. M.

SS Antilles, New Orleans to New York, was 150 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.

SS Sibiria, Frontera to New York, was 165 miles S. at noon.

SS Sabine, Mobile to New York, was 70 miles N. of Jupiter at 7 P. M.

SS El Oriente, Galveston to New York, was 208 miles S. at noon.

SS Rio Grande, Brunswick to New York, was 360 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Medina, Galveston to New York, was 517 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Ponce, San Juan to New York, was 195 miles S. at noon.

SS Momus, New Orleans to New York, was 194 miles S. at noon.

SS Carolina, San Juan to New York, was 102 miles S. at noon.

SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, was 20 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS St. Paul, at Liverpool, June 27.

Sailed.

SS St. Louis, from Liverpool, June 26.
SS Philadelphian, from London, June 26.
SS Cameronia, from Liverpool, June 27.

Passed.

SS Shimosa, New York for London, passed Dover.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. July 3, SS Philadelphia.
France—Close at 11 A. M. July 3, SS Chicago.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Gibraltar—Close at 6 P. M. July 21, SS Cretic.
Greece—Close at 12 M. July 5, SS Athinai.
Liberia—Close at 12 M. June 28, SS Badagri, and at 12 M. July 20, SS Tamele.
Netherlands—Close at 7:30 A. M. July 10, SS Rotterdam.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 9 A. M. July 15, SS United States.
Norway—Close at 8:30 A. M. July 3, SS Kristianiafjord.
Italy—Close at 8:30 A. M. June 28, SS San Giorgio, and at 7:30 A. M. July 6, SS Taormina.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Korea ... June 28
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport ... July 1
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia, (except West,) New Zealand, (specially addressed only) (via San Francisco)—Ventura ... July 1
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Manoa ... July 1
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) and New Zealand (specially addressed) (via Vancouver)—Makura ... July 2
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Shidzuoka Maru ... July 4
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Siberia ... July 5
Hawaii (via Seattle)—Hilonian ... July 5

READY FOR INVESTIGATORS.

Analysis of City Budget Shows 26 Per Cent. Is Mandatory.

An exhaustive analysis of the city budget to determine how much of it is mandatory, under Legislative enactment, has been prepared by Commissioner of Accounts Leonard M. Wallstein and submitted to Mayor Mitchel. It covers specifically every item of appropriation in the budget of 1915, and shows that, excluding from the total tax levy of $199,000,000 approximately $66,000,000, which represents obligatory appropriations for debt service and deficiencies in the collection of taxes, of the remaining $133,000,000, 26 per cent. was mandatory and 13 per cent. was partly mandatory, leaving 63 per cent. as entirely discretionary with the city's budget makers.

Of the total tax levy, cost of county government, amounting to more than $7,000,000, 69 per cent. was absolutely mandatory. The county salaries amount to nearly $6,000,000, and 79 per cent. are mandatory.

Commissioner Wallstein says the purpose of the analysis is twofold.

"It will unquestionably be of assistance to the Legislative Committee which is soon to make a study of the finances of this city," he says. "In addition, as supplemented by a study which will soon be completed of the legislation enacted in 1915, it will be of assistance to the makers of next year's budget, in that it will show just which of the various departmental and county requests for appropriations must, under the law, be granted by the budget makers."

State Wants Auto Speed Fines.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 27.—Attorney General Woodbury has begun an action to recover for the State fines and penalties amounting to $50,000 collected from automobilists by the City of Buffalo in the past five years. Buffalo claims the money because the fines were imposed for violation of ordinances as distinguished from the State speed law. Attorney General Woodbury takes a different view of the matter. It is believed that if it is established that these fines must be paid into the State Treasury local authorities will not levy such heavy penalties as at present on visiting tourists ignorant of the local ordinances.

Buyers' Wants

65 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

JOBBER LOOKING AT ladies' and misses' suits from $5 to $10, and coats from $2.50 to $10; spot cash transactions; garments looked at all week; manufacturers of neat, snappy styles at the right price can get a real live house to keep them busy all season. Room 1,402, 38-40 W. 32d St., 14th floor.

A MANUFACTURER IS OPEN TO BUY plushes, corduroys, astracans, Arabian lambs, matten lambs, and kaucashin lambs; also fancy coatings. Will pay spot cash; quantity no object. Answer, with full particulars, to S 21 Times.

I. S. GINEN, BUFFALO, open for jobs wash dresses, wash skirts and cloth skirts; spot cash; quantity no object. Phone 7197 Madison Square. Ben F. Levis, Resident Buyer, 72 Mad. Av.

JOBBER will look at ladies' and misses' suits Monday morning 9:30, and coats Monday afternoon at 1 o'clock. 1,182 Broadway, Room 1,401.

OPEN FOR heavy weights jobs fancy suitings; choice qualities and styles only considered. Wm. P. Goldman & Bros., 92 East Broadway.

JOBBER LOOKING AT snappy Fall cloth dresses and suits; call between 2 and 4 P. M. M. T. Myers, 135 West 26th St.

JOBBER LOOKING AT SERGE AND SILK DRESSES; orders given at once. 141 Wooster St., sixth floor.

ARE looking at Fall and Winter dresses; orders placed for immediate delivery. 118 West 22d St., 5th floor.

JOBBER looking at Fall samples of silk and cloth dresses. Call all week, 7th floor, 137 West 35th St.

JOBBER LOOKING AT Fall skirts; will place immediate orders. 5th floor, 56 West 22d St.

JOBBER LOOKING AT popular-priced fur sets all week. 43 West 27th St., 4th floor.

JOBBER looking at Fall line of silk and serge dresses. 119 West 24th St., 3d floor.

LOOKING AT FALL suits; place sample orders; all week. 43 West 27th St, Room 505.

JOBBER LOOKING AT Fall crepe de chine dresses. 10th floor, 142 West 26th St.

BUYER LOOKING AT Fall line cloth skirts, S. L. Segelbaum Co., 28 W. 25th St.

WASH DRESS SPECIALS
White voile dresses, lace trimmed, $1;
embroidered voile dress, $1.50;
other good values, up to $3.75.
MAJESTIC DRESS CO.,
31-35 West 15th St.

500 COTTON DRESSES AT SACRIFICE PRICE.—THE BIG PROFIT CHANCE OF THE YEAR; LARGE VARIETY. GINSBERG BROS., 5 WEST 35TH ST., N. Y.

JOB OF 200 Summer dresses to close out; last of the season; will be sold very cheap. 24 East 22d St., 7th floor.

SALESMAN acquainted with buyers of infants' wear to sell new article on commission. C. D., Times Harlem.

SKIRT DESIGNER and cutter wishes position; knows business thoroughly. Grupper, M 26 Times.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALLENTOWN—Hess Bros.; G. D. Sell, wash goods; 315 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; J. Postley, house furn. goods, hardware; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. E. Stern, hats; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Strauss Bros.; J. M. Strauss, piece goods; Breslin.

BOSTON—Wm. Filenes Sons Co.; W. W. Silberman, skirts; J. F. O'Brien, misses', ladies' suits and coats, basement; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—W. & A. Bacon Co.; Miss A. Golding, waists, dresses, muslin underwear, basement; 1,133 B'way.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; J. B. Hartford, small wares, books, toys; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—B. Shuman & Co.; E. S. Shuman, dry goods; Latham.

BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; B. Scholl, gloves, hosiery; 18 West 35th.

BUFFALO—I. S. Given; Miss Classey, jobs wash dresses, wash skirts; 72 Madison Av.

CHICAGO—E. Eisinger Co.; W. Brodkorb, wholesale furn. goods, ready-to-wear, dry goods; 467 Bwy., Room 425.

CHICAGO—The Fair; I. G. Rice, women's, misses', children's ready-to-wear; 225 4th Av.

CHICAGO—F. Dessauer & Co.; F. Dessauer, general mdse.; Woodstock.

CLEVELAND—Strauss Bros. Co.; Miss E. M. Bishop, ladies', infants' wear; Imperial.

DETROIT—Crowley Bros.; E. A. Burkhardt, notions, laces, ribbons; 43 Leonard.

DES MOINES—Carley's; W. Carley, jobs, dresses, waists, skirts; 15 East 26th.

EASTON—Kline Bros.; F. Ross, dry goods; H. Kline, dry goods; S. Kline, notions, clothing; Breslin.

ELLENVILLE—Ostrander Bros.; I. Ostrander, furn. goods; Grand.

LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; C. R. Kenniff, toys, sporting goods, trunks, bags; 215 4th Av.

MONTGOMERY—Steiner & Lobman; R. E. Steiner, dry goods; 43 Leonard.

PHILADELPHIA—Royal Garment Co.; E. Boehm, piece goods; Grand.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; Miss M. Gibian, waists; J. L. Geraghty, notions, trimmings, laces, ribbons; C. Kline, domestics; 1,261 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; J. B. Herstein, wash skirts jobs wash dresses; 364 5th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; I. Rothstein, china, glass; 116 W. 32d.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Ogus, Rabinovich & Ogus; W. Zeimer, millinery; 621 B'way.

SAN FRANCISCO—Raphael Weill & Co.; Miss G. Cohen, waists, corsets, muslin underwear; 15 E. 26th.

SAN FRANCISCO—Andrew A. Jacob & Co.; A. A. Jacob, silks, millinery; 640 B'way.

ST. LOUIS.—L. Herzog & Bros. D. G. Co.; F. F. Miller, Fall cloaks; 72 Leonard.

ST. LOUIS—Golluber, Millinery Co.; J. Golluber, millinery; 22 W. 21st.

ST. PAUL—Schuneman & Evans; M. M. Shuffelbarger, cloaks, suits, waists; 116 W. 32d.

ST. PAUL—J. C. Greenberg Co.; Mr. Greenberg, ladies', misses' Fall coats; 35 West 31st, 7th floor.

SYRACUSE—Waldorf Mfg. Co.; Miss N. M. Stack, muslin underwear; 37 W. 28th.

TOLEDO—W. L. Milner Co.; J. C. McIlhaney, carpets, rugs, floor covering, curtains, draperies; 20 West 22d.

WORCESTER—J. C. MacInnes Co.; G. F. Moran, linings; 432 4th Av.

CASH for dresses, suits, coats, skirts, waists. Uneeda House, 8 Lispenard. Franklin 4843.

CASH for jobs ladies' wearing apparel. Gross-Franzblau Co., 29 Greene St. Spring 886.

FELLOWS, 81 Union Square, looking at Fall lines suits and cloth dresses.

WE ARE open to buy anything you have to sell. B. R. S. CO., 32 Greene St. Spg. 358.

Wash Dresses. 350 DOZ. on hand; latest and up to date; good values; low prices; also about 450 silk dresses and 400 taffeta dresses of all colors at $3.75 net.
IPP & KWINT, 118 West 22d St.

BUSINESS LOCATIONS.

OFFICES and small lofts; monthly rents $15 up. 149 West 35th Street.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The temperature distribution is exceedingly irregular on account of rains in various localities. In the northern Rocky Mountain region a cool wave has moved in from the Canadian Northwest. Showers and thunder storms are indicated for the Gulf States, Tennessee, and the lower Ohio and middle Mississippi Valleys, Monday and probably Tuesday. In other districts fair weather with seasonal temperatures will prevail.

Winds for Monday and Tuesday: North Atlantic, light north to northeast; Middle Atlantic, moderate north; South Atlantic, East Gulf, light and variable.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND TUESDAY

Northern New England, East New York.—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday.

Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware.—Partly cloudy Monday; Tuesday, fair

Southern New England, East New York.—Fair Monday and Tuesday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1914.	1915.		1914.	1915.
3 A. M.	68	64	4 P. M.	70	76
6 A. M.	71	64	6 P. M.	69	65
9 A. M.	75	73	9 P. M.	67	61
12 M.	77	70	11 P. M.	65	..

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 66; for the corresponding date last year it was 72; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 71.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 68; at 8 P. M. it was 59. Maximum temperature, 76 degrees at 3:30 P. M.; minimum, 56 degrees at 7:50 A. M. Humidity, 62 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 75 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.12 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.21 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A.M. Loss.
2:25—213 E. 6 St.; Christina Hofmers....$50
5:30—4,432 3 Av.; Roter Leuchses....Slight
6:05—769 E. 217 St.; Elizabeth Schneider, Slight
10:50—50 Greenwich St.; L. Kaliski....None
11:25—62 W. 10 St.; Sam Guringer....Slight
P.M.
1:00—200 E. 27 St.; Mary Quinn......Slight
1:45—130 Attorney St.; Sam Haber....Slight
3:25—195 E. 100 St.; Thos. Fitzpatrick.$3,000
5:05—206 Delancey St.; Harry Sansky.Slight
6:20—Front of 116 W. 32 St., (auto;) J. J. Warsaw ....None
7:15—17 W. 120 St.; Chas. Weinstein..Slight
7:30—159 Bathgate Av.; Louis Breslin.Slight
7:45—1,390 Wash'n Av.; Wm. Slater..Slight
8:20—238 E. 123d; Nathan Dorscher....Slight
9:50—408 E. 84th; John Reichart......Slight
11:05—2,026 7th Av.; Mary Greany.......$500

Headquarters on
WAX
of all kinds
Beeswax, white and yellow
Stearic Acid, Bayberry Wax
Ceresine, Carnauba, Paraffine
Water-White Mineral Oil
Spermaceti, Japan Wax
Pearl Floor Wax Polish
We solicit your inquiries.
E. A. BROMUND CO.,
356 West Broadway,
New York City.

ADVERTISING.
CIRCULAR LETTERS That "Turn the Trick." Write Bailey Scott Co., Inc., 303 5th Ave.

AEROPLANE TOYS.
FLYING TOYS that FLY, 10c to $20. Ideal Aeroplane & Supply Co., 84 W. B'way.

BELTS.
Ladies' Belts and Gate Bags at Popular Prices BIENENZUCHT BROS., 109-111 Spring St.

BOOKLETS, CIRCULARS, ETC.
PRINTING Booklets, Catalogs, Circulars, Office Stationery. Lowest Prices. Drawings, Cuts, Trade Marks. Hayes Bros., 301 W. 37. Greeley 885.

BUSINESS SYSTEMS.
Card Index We make a specialty of the Card Index business and its accessories. U. S. Card Index Co., Phone 5579 Rector. 112 Liberty St.

CURTAINS (Novelty.)
Lace and Novelty Curtains, popular prices. EUGENE NEUMAIER & CO., 3 West 18th St.

DRESSES.
WASH DRESSES. Wonderful values. PH. MARK & CO., 71 W. 23d St. Gram. 4414.

DYESTUFFS Sold, Bought, Exchanged.
N. Y. ANILINE EXCHANGE, Telephone Spring 1291. 117 Spring Street.

FAVORS & PAPER HATS.
Novelties for all occasions, wholesale & retail. Mrs. I. Davidsohn, 201 W. 145th St.

FURS.
Peltries of all kinds at Jos. Steiner & Bros., 115-25 West 30th St.

GIRDLES
Newest Novelties at Slote & Schaffer, "The Belt House of N. Y.," 49 East 21st St.

HATS.
PANAMAS & LEGHORNS } Milton S. Sommerich.
PANAMAS & LEGHORNS } 40 W. 32d St.

MILANESE SILK SPORT COATS.
For the Coat and Sweater Depts. Leo. F. Sturm's Business Builders, 48 W. 35. Grly.876.

NOVELTIES.
10,000 Seasonable Favors and Novelties. B. Shackman & Co., 906 Broadway, N. Y.

SILK SWEATERS.
ALBERTSON, BECKHARD & ALLEN, Inc., The Keetch Line, 140 Fifth Av. Chelsea 1858.

TAFFETAS
Phone 2666 Madison Sq. for The New 40" Fabric **DAHLIA** Alfred Sohland, 19 Madison Ave.

WAISTS.
BLOOM & MILLMAN,
Waldorf Bldg., 2-16 West 33d St.
$9.00 Waists and Middies.

5c., 10c., AND 25c. GOODS.
The Five and Ten Cent Exchange, 10-12 West 20th St.

Auctioneers

whose announcements of sales appear on the Business Page of The New York Times:

Merchandise.

DAVID W. BIOW & CO., 520-522 BROADWAY.

D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer of high-class merchandise. 15 Mercer St. Tel. Spring 4299.

HARRY M. MOSES, Auctioneer & Appraiser, 189 Broadway. Cortlandt 1233.

Chas. Shongood, Auctioneer, 539 Broadway, will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

Van Praag & Co., 15-17 Greene, largest cash buyers; mdse., fixtures, machinery. Sp. 1056.

Michael M. Weisz buys all kinds mdse., machinery, fixtures. 7 Lispenard. 2847 Frank.

HENRY LILLY CO., 88-90 Reade St. Trade Sales of Shoes Every Wed. & Fri.

Gross, Franzblau & Co., 29 Greene, Actn. & Com. Merch's. Cash buyers mchny., mdse. Fixtures.

National Purchasing Co., 8 Lispenard St., F'n 4848. Largest Cash Buyers Mdse. & Fixtures.

In BROOKLYN, It's I. SINGER, 582 Broadway. Buys mdse., all descriptions, cash.

CASH for stores, plants, mdse., &c. B. R. S. Co., 32 Greene St. Spring 358.

Dan'l Greenwald, Act'r. to Sheriff, N. Y. County, 23 Lispenard St. Tel Frank. 1786.

LEOPOLD GANS CO., SALVAGE MDSE. 95 William St., Tel. John 825.

H. PERELMUTER, 208 Canal, pays liberal prices for cloaks, suits, and miscel. mdse.

William Livingston, Auct'r, 456 B'way. Tel. 9467 Spring. Com'n, cash; liberal advances.

Samuel Marx—Auctioneer & Appraiser. Woolworth Bldg. Telephones: 6911-12 Barclay.

Retail.

Art, Furniture, Rugs, etc.

Highest prices furniture, pianos, antiques, &c. A. Kaliski, 88 Univ. Pl. 'Phone 2877 Stuyv.

WISE, Auctr., 428 Columbus Av., 7175 Schuyler, pays highest cash prices, furniture, &c.

J. GORDON NOAKES, Auctioneer and Appraiser, 715 6th Av. Tel. Bryant 4843.

Works of art, pianos, bric-a-brac, paintings bought, any quantity. Broadway Galleries, 1,362 B'way.

AUCTION SALES.

Clean and staple stock of Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings, Marble Showcases and Entire Fixtures. Van Praag & Co., Auct'rs, will sell Tomorrow, Tuesday, June 29, 10:30 A.M., on premises, 319 8th Av., near 26th St., N. Y., large lines Men's Negligee Shirts, Men's, Women's, and Children's Underwear in balbriggan, lisle, wool, etc. Hosiery of all kinds. Large assortment of Ladies' Muslin Underwear, Corsets, Handkerchiefs, Children's Dresses and Coats, Arrow Collars, Silk and Satin Ribbons, Laces, Kimonos, Umbrellas, Ladies' Cloth and Summer Dresses, Linen Dresses, Skirts, Silk and Lace Waists, Millinery, Furs, etc. Above Stock is all clean merchandise.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

TO INTELLIGENT MEN

You know, after 7 years of hard times, real estate now is at the bottom.
You know that prosperity is just ahead.

Now is the time to buy

You have seen the wonderful growth of the Bronx.
Its growth is now 85,000 people per annum.

YOU KNOW IF YOU CAN BUY LOTS FOR $50 TO $350 EACH

directly on the line of that growth
Not in the outskirts, but here in town
Within seven minutes' walk of a new apartment house district
Within six minutes by trolley of Simpson St. Subway Station
Within a few blocks of a station of the Lexington Ave. Route

YOU CANNOT MAKE A MISTAKE
YOU MUST MAKE MONEY

Your own common sense will tell you this

STORMY WEATHER OF SATURDAY AND SUNDAY has kept people from seeing the lots. It only takes a few dollars to buy a lot, as 70% can remain on Mortgage. People who have a little money and the nerve to buy will get the benefit. Our orders are to sell; we will do it if we have to give them away. You will never get an opportunity like this again.

EXAMINE THE LOTS TO-DAY AND GO TO THE AUCTION SALE OF

579 LOTS

Of the Estate of Bradish Johnson, Inc., on Clason Pt. Rd., Randall Ave. (*Easterly extension of 149th St.*), Ludlow Ave. (*Easterly extension of 163rd St.*), White Plains Rd., and adjacent avenues and streets, to be

SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION
No matter what price they bring

TUES. & WED., JUNE 29th & 30th, at 10.30 A. M.
at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street, N. Y. City

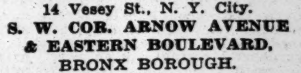
70% CAN REMAIN ON MORTGAGE TITLES INSURED FREE
SAVINGS BANKS BOOKS TAKEN AS DEPOSITS ON PURCHASES OF LOTS

TO REACH PROPERTY

Take Subway, Bronx Park Train to Simpson Street Station, thence Westchester Avenue trolley car down Clason Point Avenue to property.

For maps, apply to
J. Clarence Davies, 149th St. & 3d Ave.
Joseph P. Day, 31 Nassau St., N. Y. City.

PUBLIC AUCTION SALE
TO-MORROW—JUNE 29,
At 12 o'clock noon, at Exchange Salesroom,
14 Vesey St., N. Y. City.
S. W. COR. ARNOW AVENUE
& EASTERN BOULEVARD,
BRONX BOROUGH.



JOSEPH P. DAY, Auct'r, 31 Nassau St., N.Y.C.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A.—A.— **TO LEASE**

An ideal loft building site near Times and Herald Square, direct communication with present and new Subway line; large parcel adaptable for any mercantile or light manufacturing purposes; 21-year lease upon attractive terms; responsible parties dealt with only. Address ATTORNEY, 169 Times.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CRAFTSMAN HOMES in the heart of Flatbush; only $4,250. Send for booklet. Otto Singer, on premises, E. 13th St. and Av. K, Brooklyn. Av. J Station, Brighton Beach L.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

Allenhurst, N. J., Cottage.

Well and attractively furnished cottage, modern improvements; 10 rooms, 2 baths; near depot and water front.
A. Peace & Son, 335 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre, and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M., on Wednesday, July 7, 1915, for Contract 149, for furnishing, delivering, and installing racks, shutters, screens, lifters, and other apparatus in gate chambers at Ashokan, Kensico, and Hill View reservoirs, in the town of Olive, Ulster County, and town of Mt. Pleasant and City of Yonkers, Westchester County, New York.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent, for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre, and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M., on Wednesday, July 7, 1915, for Contract 140, for furnishing, delivering, and erecting at Shafts 11 and 21 of the city tunnel of the Catskill Aqueduct, in the City of New York, drainage equipment for unwatering the tunnel and its shafts.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF the District of Columbia, Washington, June 19, 1915.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office, Room 509, District building, until two o'clock P. M., July 19, 1915, for furnishing and delivering cast iron coated water pipe and water pipe specials for use in the Water Department, this city. Specifications and form of proposal may be obtained from the Purchasing Officer, D. C., Room 320, District Building. Oliver P. Newman, Louis Brownlow, Charles W. Kutz, Commissioners, D. C.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIPLICATE will be received by the Quartermaster General of the Army, Washington, D. C., until 2 o'clock P. M., Eastern time, July 20, 1915, for furnishing articles of clothing and equipage for delivery during the fiscal year 1916, at depots of the Quartermaster Corps listed in schedule. Schedules furnished upon application to Quartermaster General, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C., or Depot Quartermaster, 39 Whitehall St., N. Y. City. "Schedule No. 12."

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 noon, July 24, 1915, and then opened, for dredging and rock removal in St. John's River, Fla. Further information on application.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET. NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Country Seat

Gentleman's beautiful country seat and productive farm for sale. 190 acres, 35 miles from N. Y., two miles from county seat on fine stone road. One of the most beautiful and attractive places in the county, the show place of the community. Grand view for 20 miles in every direction.

Large house in perfect condition, beautifully decorated, parquet floors, 3 baths, electric lights, fine well-kept lawn of several acres. Large new garage, capacity for four machines, creamery, new house for working men, gardener's cottage, large poultry yard. Everything is up to date and in the most perfect condition and must be seen to be appreciated.

Can be had either with or without equipment of tools, machinery, stock, herd registered Holsteins, etc. Also all or any part of 235 adjoining acres can be had if wanted.

The owner has lost his health and is forced to live in warmer climate, otherwise this place would not be for sale. This is a big bargain.

This is an honest advertisement written by the owner. The place will be a surprise to you. No trade or exchange of any kind considered. Call or write

Judge William R. Sutphen, Somerville, N. J.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Long Term Leases

for industrial sites on remarkably advantageous terms in Long Island City, the very heart of New York's industrial centre; 8 minutes to Times Square; great transit facilities; the Barge Canal Terminal adjoining property. Ravenswood Holding Co., 1 Madison Ave. Tel. 730 Gramercy.

NORTH SHORE Bargain—$7,600

On high plot overlooking Sound. Distinctive, all-year semi-bungalows, 7 rooms. Guaranteed material and workmanship. Large living room and fireplace. Close to station, 26 minutes out. Restricted social community. Boating, bathing, golf, tennis, clubhouse. Will complete and decorate to suit. Terms arranged. Send for photo and plans. F. P. EDSON, 60 Liberty St. Tel. Cort 7440.

BRENTWOOD
Health in BRENTWOOD PINES
New Houses for Sale easiest terms
Write for full particulars.
Brentwood Realty Co., 1 W. 34th St., N. Y.

SMALL FARM.

Fairly good house, needs few repairs; near trolley and station; good bathing and boating nearby; $100 cash, balance $12 per month; one hour from city. SMALL FARM, Box 126 Times Downtown.

Great Bargain $6,500, Easy Terms

Ten room house, 2 baths; near picturesque lake; all improvements; steam heat, electric light, etc; beautiful tree covered grounds; plot 100x267 feet; near express station on main line D., L. & W. R. R.; only 48 minutes to N. Y. City on train; all water sports; golf, tennis; near country club. Will send photo and floor plans.
Address OWNER,
P. O. Box 180, N. Y. City.

Craftsman Home Bargain.

Small amount cash, balance like rent, buys Craftsman house, 7 rooms 2 baths; all improvements; in attractive Northern New Jersey suburb; half hour out; great bargain to immediate buyer. O. M. Martelliere, Room 181, 50 Church St., N. Y. Phone 8748 Cortlandt.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE OSBORNE
205 WEST 57TH ST.
1 Eight Room Apartment To Rent, Furnished or Unfurnished.
Also to sublet, one 10 room Apartment with 3 baths; sunny exposure.

261 Central Park West
N. W. CORNER 86TH ST.
9 Room Aparts. $2,000 Up
First Class Fireproof

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; 2 elevators; night and day passenger service; steam dryer; convenient all traction lines; $1,200-$1,500. Supt. on premises.

THE ADRIAN,
58 West 72d.
Eight large, light rooms, bath; butler's pantry; parquet floors, electric light; elevator service day and night; convenient Subway, elevated and surface lines. $1,100-$1,300. Inquire Superintendent.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

THE HILLCREST
430 West 116th St. Facing Columbia University Grounds
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
8-9 Large Sunny Rooms & Baths
Rents $1,500 to $1,800
Parlors 18x23
Dining Rooms..15x19
Bedrooms 14x16
Immediate Possession If Desired.

GRAND VIEW,
S. E. Cor. St. Nicholas Av. and 155th St. Eight large rooms, two baths, every appointment; $1,000 to $1,200; concessions. PORTER & CO., 159 West 125th St.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

121 Madison Ave.
Corner 30th St.

Persons engaged in business in this vicinity can lease at attractive prices either non-housekeeping or housekeeping Apartments of from two rooms and bath to ten rooms and two baths; avoiding Subway and elevated railway travel and the consequent annoyance and loss of time. Good restaurant and room service.
Strictly Fireproof; 5 Elevators, Electric Light. All Night Telephone and Elevator Service.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

HENDRIK HUDSON APTS.,
RIVERSIDE DRIVE & 110TH STREET.
One seven and one eight room fully furnished apartments. Southern exposure. Reasonable terms for Summer months. Inquire Manager, on premises.

SEEK BETTER OFFER ON GREENHUT DEBTS

Independent Creditors Believe Bankrupts Can Pay More Than They Propose.

SUGGEST TRUSTEES' SUIT

Contention Made That Firm Can Give 18 Per Cent. and Remainder Can Be Demanded in Court.

Members of the Independent Creditors' Committee formed to oppose the proposed reorganization of the bankrupt J. B. Greenhut Company insisted yesterday that if the plan were frustrated the Greenhut interests would make a better offer of settlement than that upon which the plan is based. Under the proposal the creditors would receive in cash 12½ per cent. of their claims, to provide for which, according to the Independent Committee, the Greenhuts would have to pay out only $140,000.

Frank I. Worrall, the Chairman of the committee, said:

"Our committee is not greatly impressed with the assurances by the Greenhut interests that they will not make a better offer. These assurances are merely a form of Greenhut indorsement of the reorganization plan. The same assurances as those now given by counsel for the Monmouth Securities Company, which is simply the Greenhut family incorporated, were given in equally emphatic terms by the counsel for the bankrupt concerning earlier offers of settlement, but the offers have since been advanced fully 25 per cent.

"But suppose the Greenhut interests will not make a better offer? In that case, if the Trustees liquidate the business promptly, they can certainly pay the creditors about 18 per cent. in cash, and perhaps more, out of asests in hand. Then would follow the suits on claims advanced by us, and we believe that considerable money would be realized from these suits.

"So our committee is unalterably against the proposed plan. In its judgment the plan puts a premium on such methods as the Greenhuts have been making use of, and under its operation the creditors would not receive anything approaching what they are entitled to or what they would get in cash under prompt liquidation and vigorous assertion of their claims.

"It was not unadvisedly that the committee supported the election as two of the Trustees ex-Judge Noyes and Alfred A. Cook, who, as competent lawyers, will be able to see the validity of these claims, for which, we believe, the Trustees should sue if the Greenhuts do not make a fair offer to the creditors."

The examination of Captain J. B. Greenhut will be continued tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock before Referee Peter B. Olney in the rooms of the Merchants' Association in the Woolworth Building. Selden Bacon of counsel for the Independent Creditors' Committee will continue his questioning of Captain Greenhut in an effort to draw out evidence supporting the contentions of his clients.

THE THEMISTOCLES SAILS.

Liner Delayed for Greeks Anxious to Reach Native Land.

The Greek liner Themistocles, with the Columbia unit of fifty students and interpreters bound for Serbia on board, did not sail until 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon for Piraeus and Saloniki. She was scheduled to sail at 4 P. M. Saturday. The passengers remained on board Saturday night and went ashore at the pier in Jersey City yesterday morning to attend church. The delay was caused by the big cargo and the late arrival of a number of Greek steerage passengers.

Dr. Harry Plotz, the young bacteriologist attached to the pathological laboratory of Mount Sinai Hospital who discovered the bacillus of typhus fever, sailed on the Themistocles for Serbia with Dr. George Baehr, to be gone a year. He took with him 20,000 tubes of an immunizing vaccine he had prepared for experimental purposes to carry on a crusade against typhus in the countries of Eastern Europe where the dreaded scourge has appeared. In addition to the vaccine, Dr. Plotz and Dr. Baehr took with them a complete laboratory outfit from Mount Sinai Hospital stowed away in sixty cases. The 20,000 bottles of vaccine is sufficient to immunize 80,000 persons against typhus. Dr. Plotz believes it will be possible to eradicate typhus from Europe in six months. He expects to set up a laboratory for the manufacture of the antityphus vaccine in each of the stricken European countries. He will visit Greece, Montenegro, Turkey, Spain, Germany, Austria, and Russia. Upon his return to New York Dr. Plotz intends to visit Mexico and South American countries for the purpose of establishing distributing centres for his vaccine. Before sailing on the Themistocles, Dr. Plotz and Dr. Baehr had themselves inoculated against typhus, cholera, and typhoid fever. They will land at Saloniki and proceed to Nish, Serbia, where they will join Dr. Richard Strong of the American Red Cross.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL MAGEN, individually and as surviving member of the firm of A. FRANKENSTEIN & CO., Bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that collateral pledged for unpaid loans made by A. Frankenstein & Co., at Nos. 74-76 Delancey Street, between July 16, 1913, and April 22, 1914, Nos. 37,531-53,207, both inclusive, will be sold at public auction under the direction of Charles P. Sanford, the trustee herein, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, at 10:30 A. M. on this day, Monday, June 28th, 1915, and daily thereafter until wholly disposed of, such collateral consisting of a large assortment of jewelry, watches, chains, clocks, etc., a large jeweler's safe, and men's and women's clothing, household articles, tallises, odds and ends, &c. CHARLES P. SANFORD, Trustee, 346 Broadway, N. Y. C.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, June 11, 1915.
WALTER M. GOLDSMITH, Attorney for Trustee, 55 Liberty St., N. Y. City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HOLTZ & FREYSTEDT CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, June 28th, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 9 Houston Street, (Cor. B'way,) Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of large lot of tables, chairs, crockery, kitchen utensils, earthenware, exhaust fans and motors, hanging and other scales, electric and ceiling fans and fan brackets, wall brackets, cash registers, mirrors, bar and back bar, curtains, fire tanks, storm doors, counters, coat trees, pictures, partitions, dividers, gas range, steamer, coffee urns, coffee mill, ten-ton steel and conduit ice plant, lockers, mineral water machine and tanks, linoleum, Loomis filter pumps, gas engine, two 25-Kilowatt generators, washing machine, grating machine, office furniture, fixtures, etc.
HAMPTON D. EWING, Receiver.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAFE & VENTILATING WINDOW CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, June 28th, 1915, by order of the court, at 2:00 P. M., at 106 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of hardware, also trustee's right, title, and interest in and to the patents of window, etc.
WILSON LEE CANNON, Trustee.
THOMAS J. MEEHAN, Attorney for Trustee, 2 Rector St., New York.
Above sale adjourned until Friday, July 2d, at same time and place.

Country Property

Thirty cents an agate line.

To Let—Furnished.

Handsomely furnished house, 16 rooms, bath; facing lake in New Hampshire; seven fireplaces; magnificent trees, large grounds, wonderful country; garage, stable, boats; $350. S 19 Times.

ON BELGRADE LAKE, ME.—Rent, fully furnished, farmhouse, 10 rooms, bath; motor boat, ice, fuel; famous fishing, boating, golf. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of LEON G. PALESTINE and ABRAHAM NEMSER, individually and as members of the firm of PALESTINE & NEMSER, Bankrupts.—No. 19,916.
Notice is hereby given that Leon G. Palestine and Abraham Nemser, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated August 5th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, August 4th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon. STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated June 26th, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—SOL ROSSMAN and HYMAN ROSSMAN, individually and as co-partners, composing the firm of SOL ROSSMAN & CO., Bankrupts.
Notice is hereby given that Sol Rossman, individually and as a member of the firm of Sol Rossman & Co., bankrupts, has filed his petition, dated June 11th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, July 28th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 25th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of VAULX CARTER, Bankrupt.—No. 18,544.
Notice is hereby given that Vaulx Carter, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 15th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, August 4th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon. STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated June 26th, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—REGER CUTTING, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Reger Cutting, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 16th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, July 28th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 25, 1915.

U. S. DIST. COURT, SOUTHERN DIStrict of New York.—THOMAS HILL, Bankrupt.
Thomas Hill, bankrupt, has filed his petition, verified May 24th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy. Creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, August 4th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon. MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 25, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—JULIUS ROBBINS, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Julius Robbins, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 24th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, July 28th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 26th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 21,593.—In Bankruptcy.—MARCUS B. BEHRMAN and ISAAC H. WEISS, individually and as members of the firm of M. B. BEHRMAN & CO., Bankrupts.
Marcus B. Behrman and Isaac H. Weiss were duly adjudicated bankrupt on May 10th, 1915, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 71 Broadway, City of New York on July 9th, 1915, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated, June 25th, 1915.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 21,771.—In Bankruptcy.—BENJAMIN SALUSKY, Bankrupt.
Benjamin Salusky was duly adjudicated bankrupt on June 17th, 1915, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 71 Broadway, City of New York, on July 12th, 1915, at 12 o'clock, noon. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated June 26th, 1915.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist of N. Y.—No. 21836.—In Bankruptcy.—PITTSBURG CONTRACTING COMPANY, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Pittsburg Contracting Company are hereby given notice that on June 24th, 1915, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, July 9th, 1915, at 2:00 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting. WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, June 26th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 21,863.—In Bankruptcy.—MAX KLINE, Bankrupt.
Max Kline was duly adjudicated bankrupt on June 22nd, 1915, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 71 Broadway, City of New York on July 12th, 1915, at 11 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
June 25th, 1915.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 21,653. In Bankruptcy.—M. J. & M. BLAKE, INC., Bankrupt.
M. J. & M. Blake, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on May 19th, 1915, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 71 Broadway, City of New York on July 12th, 1915, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated, June 25th, 1915.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 21,065.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE STRYVELYNE SHOP, INCORPORATED, Bankrupt.
The Stryvelyne Shop, Incorporated, was duly adjudicated bankrupt on March 29th, 1915. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on July 8th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. Said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
June 26, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. of N. Y.—No. 21,667.—In Bankruptcy.—LEO SAFIAN, trading as AMERICAN CLOTHING CO., Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Leo Safian, trading as American Clothing Co., are hereby given notice that on May 24th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, July 9th, 1915, at 12:00 M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before the meeting. WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, June 26th, 1915.

City Property

Thirty cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

TO SUBLET FOR SUMMER MONTHS
A hondsomely furnished, cool apartment of parlor, bedroom, and bath. Best location and service in New York. Price very reasonable.
THE LORRAINE, 2 EAST 45TH ST.

Residence for sale, rent, or exchange; immediate possession could be had; absolutely modern in equipment and recently renovated. Apply Libman, 552 West 161st St.

MARK RAFALSKY & CO.,
56 West 45th Street. Tel. Bryant 7848.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
Real Estate. 149th St. and 3d Ave

$35.—One-family house; choice location. 1,228 Shakespeare Av., between Jerome and 168th.

FOR HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS.
A. L. Mordecai & Son., 30 East 42d St.

HOPKINS & BOYD
Real Estate Management. 5 West 39th St.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

Forced to sell fine home of 7 rooms and bath; only 28 minutes from city; electric light, heat, &c.; on 2 elegant lots; need $125 cash at once, balance $18 per month; will give big bargain to quick buyer. T. B., 182 Times Downtown.

Party in need of some ready cash will sell his 2 lots in Jamaica for $135 each; two blocks from trolley and station; this is a bargain; title guaranteed. Call till 8 P. M. C. Bryan, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Will sacrifice my handsome 7-room cottage, having all modern improvements, in a select neighborhood, few blocks from station, trolley, and stores; must raise $125; will arrange balance to suit. B. Cottage, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

70 Riverside Drive.—Beautiful 16-room corner mansion; all period rooms, tapestry walls, tiled kitchen; 5 toilets, baths; rent, $2,250; worth double; newly renovated.

Property Out of the City

Thirty cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Villa Alta.—12-room house; garage; all city improvements. Tasker, Tribune Building.

Villa plots as low as $1,000 at Hastings. Hastings Homes Co., Hastings, N. Y.

Homes of all sizes; immediate possession. Hastings Homes Co., Hastings, N. Y.

New Houses in Van Cortlandt Terrace. Rollins Bros., cor. Broadway & Oakmont Av.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

A very pretty cottage, front and back porch; handsome bathroom, with enamel bedroom, mission beamed ceiling, dining room, with elegant electric dome, parlor open fireplace, on large plot of land; private and personal care was taken to have everything pretty; will accept $200 cash, balance $18 monthly. Paton, Box 156 Times Downtown.

A COUNTRY HOME built to suit you at the very lowest possible expense. Every modern improvement; complete, ready to occupy, five large rooms and bath; on a plot of 5,000 square feet; only three minutes to a station in the five-cent fare zone; 22 minutes to Pennsylvania Station; $4,700; very liberal terms. P. O. Box 13, Flushing.

Will sell my fine little farm consisting of small house, barn, 5 chicken houses, pig pen and rabbit house; large plot of good soil, cultivated ready for farming; complete for $1,475, only $100 down, balance $10 monthly; free tickets to investigate; hour out; call till 8 P. M. C. Treiss, 171 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

Do you want to buy my little chicken farm and 6-room house on large ground, nice shade trees, &c.; will sell to a good party for $75 down and $12 monthly; write or call for further particulars. Johnson, 185 Times Downtown.

GET A HOME IN JAMAICA; 18 MINUTES from New York; hundreds of trains a day; little cash down; $50 monthly pays interest and principal. See Samuel Knopf, 220 W. 42d St., or the premises, 55 Middletown St., two blocks north L. I. R. R. station, Jamaica.

If you are looking for a little house and large plot of ground, near station, trolley, churches and stores, $850 for all, $50 down, $7 monthly, answer at once; call till 8 P. M. C. Store, 171 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

Small farm of 2 acres, good rich soil and shade trees, adjoining 3 of the largest L. I. towns; full price $775, will let responsible party have it for $7 a month; title guaranteed. C. Farm, 171 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Gentleman's estate for sale in Tenafly, New Jersey, situated within one hour's ride from Broadway and 42d St.; about 13 acres; modern 21-room residence; 4 bath rooms, very large verandas first and second floor, slate roof, large garage, modern barn, billiard house, gardener's cottage, large pond, artesian well, with pump house and windmill; 300 ft. grape arbor, about 100 fruit trees, 2 acres all planted, complete garden under cultivation; beautiful lawns, lots of shade trees and shrubbery; part of lawns terraced with cut stone. Inquire Owner, Room 1,509, 30 East 42d St., New York City.

ATTRACTIVE BARGAINS, in modern one family houses and choice building lots; a large number from which to select. THE BANKING DEPARTMENT, STATE OF NEW YORK, to quickly close the business of two corporations, offers these properties at about 50 per cent. of former prices.
They are located at Grantwood, Palisade, Morsemere, and Leonia, New Jersey, (opposite Grant's Tomb), within twenty-five minutes of Manhattan. Liberal terms. Title Guarantee Policy free. Address all inquiries to BENJ. D. HAIGHT, Special Deputy Supt. of Banks, Care Banking Department, 61 Broadway, New York City.

MANASQUAN PARK.—Bungalows for sale, with plots, $600, $800 to $8,000; lots from $100; wooded acreage from $250 per acre; convenient to Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Lakewood, &c.; over 100 trains daily, New York and Philadelphia; 200 acres, combining features of shore and forest life and recreation; half mile water front appeals especially to persons of artistic and refined tastes; clubhouse, dock, tennis courts for park residents; easy payments; safe investment. A. P. FITT, Box 600, Manasquan, N. J.

For Sale.—Easy terms or rent to responsible party, my eleven (11) room residence, situated on high ground, located in Teaneck, New Jersey, within one hour from Broadway and 42d St., either by train, West Shore Railroad or street car; all modern improvements, garage, tennis court, large verandas, sun parlor, two bath rooms, separate servants' quarters. Inquire Owner, Room 1,509, 30 East 42d St.

Wonderful opportunity; 7-room house, every improvement, parquet floors throughout; plot 100x300; 100 bearing fruit trees; 5 minutes to station; $7,000. For terms, Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Westfield and Fanwood houses and lots for sale on very easy terms; low prices for attractive cottages; send for particulars and photographs. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

Bungalow, stucco, modern in every appointment; 7 rooms, large living room; plot 60x170; five minutes' walk from station; $4,900; easy terms. P. O. Box 21, Ridgewood, N. J.

CHEAP FARMS for city workers, 1 to 5 acres; near station; $250 each; easy terms; 15 cents railroad fare; small payment down; $10 monthly. Room 1,701, 141 Broadway.

Attractive six-room furnished house to Oct. 1, Hackensack, N. J. Address M 56 Times. Phone 871-J Hackensack.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Houses and lots exchanged for income property or acreage, fine income investments. Piquet, 354 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.

To Let For Business Purposes

Thirty cents an agate line.

1,600 square feet clear loft space,
absolutely light on all sides;
elevator, heat, &c.
325-331 Lafayette St., Cor. Bleecker St.
Low rent.
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 30 East 42d St.

ROLL-TOP DESK, $10. ATTRACTIVE PRIVATE OFFICE, $20. FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED; GOOD LIGHT, CLEAN, TELEPHONE, TOWEL SERVICE; NO LEASE REQUIRED. 309 BROADWAY, SUITE 807.

Loft in fireproof Mietz Building, 134 Mott St., near Grand St., 75x80; excellent light; steady steam power, heat, elevator; suitable machinist, light manufacture; immediate possession. Owner, 87 Elizabeth St.

Excellent light lofts, 727 7th Av.; block above Times Square; elevator, heat, low rent.

Nice large showroom; good location; reasonable rent; cloak man preferred. 24 West 30th St., 10th floor.

Sublet attractively furnished outside office; telephone and stenographer. Room 1,208, 110 West 40th.

1st Av., 318.—Large store, double show window; suitable for dry goods, stationery; $50.

Only one floor left. Monahan Express Company Building, 216-222 West 18th St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Have demand for stores of all sizes along Broadway and Amsterdam Av.; possession now or October; list with us at once. REMCO, B'way and 98th. Tel. 1300 River.

Country Board

Thirty cents an agate line.

Staten Island.

NEW BRIGHTON—VILLA ALICE, NICE COMFORTABLE ROOM; ONE, TWO GENTLEMEN; GOOD GERMAN HOME COOKING, PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS; TERMS MODERATE. 363 WESTERVELT AVENUE.

BOYS FIND good board, kind treatment, careful supervision, thorough help in studies in country parsonage. M 54 Times.

Westchester.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Spring and Summer engagements now made; spacious dining room; unexcelled home cooking; river view. W. E. Robinson, 2161 Yonkers.

Larchmont, Myrtle Av., Spits Cottage.—Excellent board for season. Telephone Larchmont 37.

Long Island.

INWOOD, L. I.—Luxurious accommodations; high-class private home; tennis, golf, bathing; garage; 35 minutes from New York; reasonable. Phone Far Rockaway 1805W, or write Damson, 656 Broadway.

ROCKAWAY PARK,
46 BEACH 113TH ST.
Cool front room, balcony, facing ocean; excellent board; reasonable; select families welcomed.

SEA GATE, L. I.
THE RAEVIEW, Manhattan Av., formerly 228 Madison Av. Coney 1808.

Edgemere, Long Island.—Private family will rent large, light furnished room on beach, with bath; references. Z 255 Times Annex.

3 Park St., Long Beach.—Room and board for couple; refined home. Manion.

New York State.

Modern gentleman's place; poultry, vegetable, dairy, fruit farm; 90 miles; excellent table; $10-$12; booklet. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster County, N. Y.

Dr. Knipe, 85 Franklin St., physician and trainer. Health Farm, Sparkill, N. Y.

New Jersey.

South Orange.—Handsomely furnished rooms with board; unsurpassed location, near station; excellent table. 151 Scotland Road. Telephone 817.

Montclair.—Healthful, convenient mountain town; desirable rooms; central, homelike. Randall, 104 Valley Road.

Connecticut.

Very attractive rooms to rent; table unexcelled; location quiet, desirable; 20 minutes' walk to station; trolley convenient; references exchanged. 109 Bedford St., Stamford, Conn.

AMONG the Blue Hills of Connecticut; high elevation; excellent table; own farm products. Address for particulars, Cedar Rest Farms, Tolland, Conn.

Massachusetts.

For rest and recreation come to beautiful Northfield; I can accommodate a few boarders in my home. For particulars apply to S. J. MacKenzie, R. F. D. No. 2, Northfield, Mass.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Beautiful 1914 Velie, Oakland, King, touring and runabouts; electric equipment; greatest bargains ever offered; installment plan or cash; your own expert permitted to thoroughly examine any car; wonderful value for discriminating buyers; don't purchase before examining these cars. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

Cadillac 1914, like new, $900; $8,000 75 H. P. Fiat roadster, perfect shape, $800; 1913 Oakland 6 cylinder, 7 passenger, electrically equipped, $750.
TIMES SQUARE AUTO CO.,
World's Largest Dealers,
S. W. Corner 56th St. and Broadway.

Garford "40," with touring body and fine slip covers and windshield, also landaulet body in perfect condition; private used; with both bodies $650. Tough's Storage Warehouse, 510 E. 73d St. Lenox 7194.

Cadillac touring car, 1912; full equipment; electric starter and lights, &c.; A1 condition; will sacrifice; $525. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Packard (1916) touring, 48 H. P.
Mercer (1913) runabout; perfect condition.
Packard (1916) touring, 38, five passenger.
Turner, St. James Hotel. Phone 3247 Bryant.

Hupmobile, 1914, six-passenger; electric equipment; a bargain. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Hupmobile, 1913 roadster; A1 condition; $400. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Automobiles for Rent.

EGIDI AUTO SERVICE.
Pierce-Arrows, Packards, Renaults,
by Hour, Day, or Week.
Special Rates Monthly and Yearly Contract.
Phone 774 Circle. 128 West 52d St.

To rent, monthly, day, or hour, latest model touring car, with competent chauffeur. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn. Tel. Prospect 7846.

Elegant Packard and Renault town cars; owner will drive; very moderate. Sommer, 319 West 55th St.

Practically new Packard touring; $2.50 hourly; experienced owner drives; references. Harlem 6818.

Packards, Peerless, touring, hour, day, trip; special monthly rates. Phone 7261 Columbus.

Packard-Pierce Arrow 1915 cars; rent month or year. Karp, 1,790 B'way. 9869 Col.

Seven-passenger Packard for hire, $3 per hour. Telephone Borgman, 1941 Circle.

1915 Packards, hour, day, week, month. Telephone 7452 Plaza. Heinz.

Automobile Instruction.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St	Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.
STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL 225 W. 57th St.	Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted Buick 1913 to 1915; must be bargain. Findall, 239 West 56th; upstairs.

Wanted, Ford touring, 1915; no dealers; state full particulars in reply. M 53 Times.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

30TH ST., 131 EAST.—Quiet large, small rooms, with, without board; private home; residential neighborhood; refined people only.

35TH ST., 20 EAST. — Desirable, attractive room; all conveniences; choice location.

43D, 16 EAST.—Gentleman, tired hotel or club life, may find cool, comfortable room; with, without bath; references; telephone.

45TH, 22 EAST.—Attractive, cool, single, double rooms; Summer rates; conveniences; breakfast optional.

53D ST., 65 EAST.—Large, small rooms, single and connecting; private bath; telephone.

56TH, 83 EAST.—Cheap during Summer; large, handsome rooms; call and make offers.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds, tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 265, (Near 36th.)—Well furnished; bath; strictly private family. Murray Hill 728.

West Side.

32D ST., (Off Broadway,) New Hotel Strand. —Large, light rooms, with private bath, $9, $10, $12 per week; same rate for one or two people in room; some rooms at $7 per week.

32D ST., (Between Broadway and 5th Av.)—Rooms with private bath, $9 and $12 per week; same rate for two persons in room. Hotel Aberdeen.

11½ WEST 37TH ST.
Two rooms, bath; attractive; furnished apartment.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large, small, airy rooms; board optional; references required; high-class house.

47TH, 11 WEST.—Apartment; large, small rooms; telephone, electric light, all conveniences.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

49TH, 66 WEST.—Large rooms; Summer rates; all conveniences.

49TH, 66 WEST.—Attractive ground floor; bachelor suite, with separate entrance; all facilities.

50TH ST, 36 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electric lights; telephone; references.

53D, 62 WEST.—Double and single rooms; delightfully cool; every convenience; reasonable.

57TH, 335 WEST.—Large rooms; dining optional; Summer transient rate. Columbus 4054.

57TH, 153 WEST.—Attractive front room; southern exposure; small rooms; Summer rates.

58TH, 49 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished rooms, $5-$9-$10; electricity, bath; select house; reasonable.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; board optional; excellent service; near Park.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Comfortable, large and small room; select location; private house; electricity, telephone.

64TH, 115 WEST.—Large pleasant room; running water; suitable one, two; moderate.

64TH, 132 WEST.—Newly furnished, large, light rooms; private baths; kitchenette; reasonable.

68TH, 71 WEST.—Beautiful, large second-floor room; $6; single, $3; references.

69TH, 129 WEST.—Private house; large, small front rooms, overlooking lawn; hot water, electricity; gentlemen wishing permanent location will do well to call.

118 WEST 69TH ST.,
WEST HALL.
Superior accommodations for men who are seeking comfort, refined surroundings, and high-grade services; references, Summer rates. PHONE COLUMBUS 8775.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms; gentlemen; must be seen to appreciate; references; telephone.

71ST, 165 WEST.—Cool, attractive rooms; single, double; scrupulously clean; excellent service.

71ST, 282 WEST.—Large, small suite; corner house; parlor bedroom; Summer rates. Gilroy.

71ST, 317 WEST.—Delightfully cool rooms; single, en suite; private home; references. Columbus 8150.

71ST, 110 WEST. — Large, cool, newly furnished room; convenient Subway, L; phone.

72D, 248 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; also parlor floor; table guests. Col. 1894; references.

73D, 302 WEST.—Large room with private bath; also small room; must be seen to appreciate; Summer rates; board optional; references; telephone; subway, "L."

73D, 153 West. — Attractively furnished rooms; also room with bath; telephone; Summer rates.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive, cool rooms; private baths; refined surroundings; telephone; references.

74TH, 106 WEST.—Second story; private baths; single rooms; Summer prices; references.

74TH ST., 5 WEST.—Cool, comfortable, large rooms, with, without bath; private residence; reasonable.

75TH, 58 WEST.—Attractive single, double rooms; private bath; delightful Summer location; Subway.

75TH, 104 WEST.—Attractively furnished, pleasant rooms; select neighborhood; bath, phone; Summer rates.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Newly furnished private house; large, small rooms; private bath; telephone.

76TH, 158 WEST.—Large, small rooms; parlor floor and private bath; moderate; telephone.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Cool rooms, including handsome back parlor, with private bath.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; home comforts; all conveniences; Summer rates.

77TH, 158 WEST.—Attractive, large room, private house, suitable one, two; references.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Second-floor front room, single beds; medium room; gentlemen.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, all conveniences; light housekeeping; $5 up.

79TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; attractive Summer location; convenient subway, "L."

80TH, 104 WEST.—Cool, comfortable, large, small rooms; private baths; Summer rates.

81ST, 251 WEST, (BROADWAY.)
Attractive room; high-class apartment; gentlemen. Holton.

82D, 134 WEST.—Handsome large; single rooms, adjoining bath; $4, $5, $6; references.

82D, 56 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large rooms; private baths; electricity; reasonable; references.

82D, 114 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; very nicely furnished; private residence; references.

82D, 115 WEST.—Attractive, large front room; also others. Phone Schuyler 9187.

83D, 5 WEST.—Suites, single, baths; board optional; cool, quiet; transients; references.

82D, 33 WEST.—Small family; rent large, small front room; newly furnished.

84TH, 45 WEST.—Large, airy rooms; private baths; breakfast; telephone; references.

86TH, 341 WEST.—A large furnished room, with a private bath; exclusive neighborhood.

93D, 263 WEST.—Large or small room; private house; every convenience; telephone.

95TH, 255 WEST.—Exceptionally large, comfortably furnished outside room; adjoining bath. Linz.

97TH, 209 WEST.—Two connecting front rooms; southern exposure; kitchen; private family; 7E.

103D, 128 WEST.—Large, light, airy, beautifully furnished; running water, bath; subway; $6.50.

105TH, 248 WEST, (Cor. Broadway.)—Comfortable, light room, adjoining bath; elevator apartment. Copeland.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Two large rooms; private bath; single or en suite; excellent cuisine.

114TH, 520 WEST.—Cool room; eighth floor; modern apartment; private family; facing South Field, Columbia University; breakfast optional. Apt. 82.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Large, small rooms, near Columbia; elevator, electricity, shower. Camp.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive, cool rooms; single, en suite; bath; phone; subway; Apt. 52.

120TH, 157 WEST.—2 large rooms; closets; running water, bath; scrupulously clean; references.

143D, 501 WEST.—One or two large front rooms, with or without exclusive use of kitchen. Apartment 27.

158TH, 651 WEST.—Hudson River; Drive; refined country life; Subway; conveniences. Audubon 1487.

184TH, 612 WEST.—Nicely furnished, airy room; conveniences; telephone; subway; references; $3. Fitch.

Artist's studio, large, delightfully cool, north light; private phone and bath; kitchenette; small suite optional. 2527 Plaza.

BROADWAY, 2,030, (The Ormond.)—Desirable room; high-class apartment; Summer rates. Railing.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, (66th St.)—Couple having charming apartment, overlooking Park, rent delightful room; lavatory; excellent transportation. Columbus 7915.

EXCEPTIONAL SINGLE, DOUBLE ROOMS obtainable at 420 West 116th at $25 and upward per month; excellent service included; write, call, or phone 5800 Morningside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 244, (Corner 97th St.)—Attractively furnished front room; elegant river view; board optional; private family. Riverside 5368.

S. E. COR. 118TH ST. AND ST. NICHOLAS Av.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with or without bath, from $6 to $10 per week; full hotel and elevator service; restaurant; very moderately priced.

WEST END, 611.—Delightful rooms; running water, electricity; private family; 91st Subway.

Rooms Wanted

Furnished.

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

Young man employed studying violin desires furnished or unfurnished room, East 80th St.; would share apartment, teaching French or modern dancing as part payment. M 55 Times.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, FIRST Judicial District, County of Bronx.—In the matter of the application of the PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION FOR THE FIRST DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, acting on behalf of The City of New York, for the appointment of Commissioners of Appraisal pursuant to Chapter 4 of the Laws of 1891, and the several statutes amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, relative to acquiring an estate in fee simple absolute and an estate by way of easement in and to certain several premises at and near the intersection of MOTT AVENUE AND EAST 138TH STREET, in the Borough of The Bronx, City of New York, required for the purpose of the construction, maintenance and operation in perpetuity of a portion of the rapid transit railroad commonly spoken of as the LEXINGTON AVENUE ROUTE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the First Separate Report of Cyrus C. Miller, Martin Geiszler, and Josiah A. Briggs, Commissioners of Appraisal, duly appointed in the above entitled proceeding, which report bears date the 8th day of June, 1915, was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Bronx on the 19th day of June, 1915.

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that said First Separate Report relates to and affects Damage Parcel No. 2 in the above entitled proceedings.

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that said First Separate Report will be presented for confirmation to the Supreme Court of the State of New York at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, for the Hearing of Motions, to be held in and for the First Judicial District, at the Bronx County Court House at 161st Street and Third Avenue, in the Borough of The Bronx, City of New York, on the 6th day of July, 1915, at the opening of Court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that said report be confirmed.
Dated New York, June 22, 1915.
FRANK L. POLK,
Corporation Counsel, Municipal Building, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Situations Wanted, Female

Fifteen cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER.—I write a good hand, am quick and accurate and have been drilled in the most modern methods of accounting; satisfactory references concerning character and ability; will start at $7. Miss X 38 West 123d St. Phone 518 Harlem.

COOK.—VIENNESE; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; ABLE TO GIVE SATISFACTION EVERY WAY; GOOD RECOMMENDATION; WAGES $50 TO $60. W. JASON, 202 EAST 40TH ST.

EXPERIENCED LADY seeks few more clients to do any desirable purchasing in New York City; bank references given. 220 West 98th, Apt. 1-K.

LAUNDRESS, first class, wants family hamper at home; ladies', children's wear specialty; prompt delivery. 469 Amity St., Flushing.

MAID.—A lady wishes to place her French maid; best references; excellent seamstress. Can be seen Monday and Tuesday at present employer's house, 105 East 35th.

MASSEUSE.—Physicians' references; ladies' residences. Inquire after 12, Delby, 118 West 89th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Graduate of stenographic department and model office of Eastman School; one trial will demonstrate my ability and willingness to work; good references; will start at $7. Miss D., 36 West 123d St. Phone 518 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER; high school education; take rapid dictation; neat, accurate typist; pleasing personality; live with parents; $10. Miss Olive Moore, the Stenotype Co. Bryant 1319.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY.—Confidential assistant, (23 years,) 7 years' experience; handle mail independently; high school education; $15. A 365 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner wishes to connect with reliable firm; moderate salary. Mary Huffner, 37 East 58th St. Phone Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge of bookkeeping; young and ambitious; limited experience, but willing to work hard and learn; $7. Address Harriet Kalens, 121 West 28th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office assistant; bright, neat girl, American; good penman; beginner; no agency; $7. F 234 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Office assistant; 4 years' experience; references furnished; $10. M 39 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Bookkeeper, Typewriter.—Neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Young woman, Columbia student, desires position; Saturdays only. Z 261 Times Annex.

TUTOR.—High school graduate wishes to do tutoring during Summer. C 125 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St.; first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

CAPABLE HOUSEWORKER.—Experienced colored girl, good cook; city references. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 West 59th.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; city, country; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1899.

COMPETENT colored help, short notice; references. TULL AGENCY, 2,297 7th Av. 8022 Morningside.

COMPETENT colored help, short notice. Riverside Agency. 12 West 99th. 5839 Riverside.

COOK, $28; waitress, chambermaid, $22; chambermaid, $18; houseworkers, nurses, couples. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., (75th St.) Schuyler 9136.

HOUSEWORKERS.—English-speaking girls, seeking positions. Polish-American Agency, 299 East 11th. Orchard 5607.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

DESIGNER—EXPERIENCED, INFANTS' WHITE DRESSES; ORIGINAL IDEAS; STATE PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE; ALL PARTICULARS; STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. Z 225 TIMES ANNEX.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted, a well-educated, refined, and neat young lady stenographer; one familiar with accounts preferred; a good position for the right party. M 57 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat, capable, although limited experience; permanent; apply afternoons; salary $8-$10 weekly. 204 East 23d.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted to do housework in four-room apartment four hours every morning except Sunday; apply by letter only. Brougham, 1,400 University Av.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHERS and BOOKKEEPERS wanted for high-class positions; $12 to $18. ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY, 20 VESEY ST.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Summer school. Three months' course. Special terms. Students on probation. Graduates registered. Aeolian Hall, West 42d St.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (Stuyvesant Park.)—Double, single rooms; excellent table; home cooking; telephone.

62D, 16 EAST.—Desirable rooms; private bath; excellent board optional; block park.

76TH, 32 EAST.—Delightful rooms, near Park; board optional; Summer rates; phone.

West Side

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

44TH, 258-260 WEST, (ALLIANCE HOTEL.) Family hotel; $11 weekly; European-American; bath; suites; modern conveniences. Bryant 6068.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Single and double rooms; private baths; Summer terms.

57TH, 325 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences; excellent table; reference.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Double, single rooms, private baths; $7-$14; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; electricity; parlor dining room.

75TH, 105 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private home; exceptional home cooking; references; moderate.

76TH, 57 WEST.—Attractive rooms, connected, adjoining; table board; Summer rates.

124 WEST 77TH ST.
Attractive rooms; spacious parlors; meals optional.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST.—A satisfactory home for refined people; cool, comfortable, convenient; advantagous terms now; references.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Cool, comfortable rooms, private baths; superior service; Summer rates.

80TH, 124 WEST, (Ideal Location. — Cool, spacious rooms; electricity; good home cooking.

82D, 124 WEST.—(Graycourt) now open for transients and permanent residents; attractive; modern; references; table guests. Write for booklet.

84TH, 37 WEST.—First-class accommodations; gentlemen, couple; superior table; homelike. Blumenfeld.

86TH, 137 West.—Can accommodate one or two adults in refined, exclusive Jewish home; easy access car lines; references.

87TH, 70 WEST.—Airy rooms; excellent table; refined home; convenient location; moderate; references.

94TH, 36 WEST.—Desirable room, all home comforts; excellent board; references. Strauss.

95TH, 151 WEST.—Refined home; desirable rooms; Southern cooking; telephone; electricity; reasonable.

100TH, 253 WEST.—Cool, quiet rooms; modern, private home; superior table; Southern delicacies a specialty; table guests accommodated.

101ST, 215, (corner Broadway.)—Rooms; southern exposure; Summer rates; home cooking. Maslin.

107TH, 322 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for bachelor or family to live in luxurious economy; modern private residence near Riverside and Broadway; two large rooms; bath.

147 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (CORNER 87TH.)—Several rooms to rent, with board, to refined people in exclusive home; private baths; elevator, garage, telephone; attractive Summea rates. Stein. (Schuyler 9957.)

A LADY having a beautiful home off Central Park West, in the 80's, would like two paying guests. Telephone Schuyler 8657.

MADISON AV., 165.—Large, small rooms; private baths; one block 34th St. subway.

NORECE HALL,
79th, 114 West. A home hotel for refined people; delightfully located on wide, parked street; cool, spacious parlors and dining room; booklet on request.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Summer hotel of highest order
Grand location; 20 min. Broadway, 5c. fare.
Lovely rooms, excellent cuisine, all comforts.
Delightful atmosphere; worth investigation.
Weekly $9-$14 per adult, with meals.
71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.

Situations Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

A.—A.—A.—EXPERT ACCOUNTANTS.—Open and close books, prepare financial statements, show expenses in detail, profits and costs; monthly audits and systems; rates moderate. D. S., Room 402, 191 Broadway. Cortlandt 6556.

A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Balances, audits, $5 monthly, upward; books systematised, opened, closed. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 2351.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, closed, &c.; systems simplified; rates suit small business man. F. Howard Johnson, Room 18, 245 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANT.—Established twenty years; fees moderate; all work certified. Equitable. 7583 Hanover.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, thoroughly competent, executive, long, varied experience, seeking an opportunity requiring brains and business ability. F 297 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, (26;) ten years' experience; highest references; married. E 359 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, typist, 25; competent; knowledge importing, exporting, cabling; references. F 249 Times Downtown.

BOY, 18 years old, very active, willing to work hard, seeks position with chance for advancement; best of references. Address C. Gallanos, 301 West 118th St.

BOY, high school graduate, desires position; references. M. Adler, 911 East 15th, Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, American, 26, married, no children; five years' driving; two years' shop experience; best of private family references; own repairs; strictly sober, reliable; city, country. K 406 East 58th St.

CHAUFFEUR, single, experienced, expert driver, any car, own repairs, overhauling, wishes position with private family; city, country; best references. Rossit, 448 West 163d St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, gardener, electrician; Northern Italian; single; 15 years' experience; best references; foreign and domestic cars; do all repairs. 221 Bleecker St., care of Ranzini.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, gardener; seven years' experience; country preferred. Bellamy, care G. Cottam, Tuckahoe, New York.

COOK.—Japanese first-class cook wishes position; small family; honest, sober; economical cook; best references. Tat, 465 East 57th.

GARAGE MANAGER; twelve years' experience; can handle books. B. Toplitz, 58 East 94th.

HOUSEHOLD or other light duties by respectable elderly man; neat, clean; can do plain cooking; does not smoke nor drink; references. A. E. Smythe, 953 Madison St., Brooklyn.

MANAGER.—A young man of exceptional experience in manufacturing, cost figuring, and managing cloak and suit factory desires position as manager of reliable cloak house. I am willing to let results decide the value of my services; can furnish highest references. L 185 Times.

SALESMAN wishes outdoor position with concern selling things the woman wears; have sold leather goods before; am 29 years of age, married; good hustler; willing to start on your terms. L 142 Times.

SKIRT DESIGNER and cutter wishes position; knows business thoroughly. Grupper, M 26 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; high school education; knowledge bookkeeping; rapid dictation; excellent typist; capable, willing; $12. B. F. Scully, the Stenotype Co. Bryant 1319.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man with business experience wishes position as stenographer; salary moderate. Abraham Jacobs, 218 Henry St.

STENOGRAPHER, eight years' real estate and newspaper experience, desires position. F 247 Times Downtown.

TUTOR.—Medical student desires position as tutor for the Summer; Christian; B. Sc. from U. of P. Z 213 Times Annex.

TUTOR, &c.—University graduate desires position tutor, companion, or secretary; excellent testimonials. L 164 Times.

USEFUL MAN, houseman, (30;) single; references; experienced; steady. Smith, 50 West 12th St.

YOUNG MAN, good mannered, attentive, speaking English, German, Spanish seeks opportunity, possibly West. Room 516, 165 East 88th St.

YOUNG MAN, 28, editorial and business experience, educated, versatile, confident, desires opening of any kind. L 146 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) knowing Spanish and English, experienced with exports, desires position. Gaggero, 110 East 30th St.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS for manufacturers desiring to increase their income; salary or commission. Z 230 Times Annex.

BOY, 16 years old, wanted in stock broker's office; must furnish satisfactory references. M 10 Times.

COLLEGE MEN desiring Summer employment that can sell accessory to automobile owners; liberal commission; excellent opportunity. L 140 Times.

CREDIT MEN for manufacturers desiring to increase their income; salary or commission. Z 229 Times Annex.

SALESMEN to sell conditionless health and accident insurance policies, which pay an addition in case of death; cost $1 per month, upward; more than $14,000,000 paid to policy holders; established over 30 years; salary and commission to capable men. Call morning, Room 557, 200 5th Av.

SALESMEN wanted of good address; salary and commission; must have best of references and able to furnish bond. Apply U. S. Slicing Machine Co., 244 West 23d St., between 9 and 11 Monday morning.

SALESMAN wanted to handle high-grade specialty; good commission and satisfactory territory assured. Spacesaving Appliance Co., 101 Park Av., N. Y. C.

STENOGRAPHER.—Permanent position for capable young man; salary $8-$10 weekly to start. 204 East 23d.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Summer school. Three months' course. Special terms. Students on probation. Graduates registered. Aeolian Hall, West 42d St.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents an agate line.

PARTNER WANTED by experienced builder who controls 54 lots on one of the best streets in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, 1 block from Fourth Avenue Subway, now in operation; $10,000 cash required for half interest; exceptional opportunity by immediate construction; plans ready. Full information on application to Dowling-Muller Co., Room 605, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

$85,000—HOTEL BARGAIN—$85,000.
Choice city corner, built 5 years; 69 guest rooms, large dining room, &c.; all rooms rented, earning 15 per cent. per annum; owner unable to give it personal attention; easy terms or might accept free and clear vacant land, farm, or improved property in partial payment; never offered before. A. M. Johnson, 66 Orange St., Brooklyn.

TWO N. Y. CITY HOTELS.
New buildings and furniture; very choice locations; earning 15 per cent.; owner having other business must sell either one; reasonable terms or vacant land, farm, or improved property in partial payment. F 259 Times Downtown.

Graduate engineer will invest capital and services in a promising manufacturing business which can bear rigid investigation; no brokers. Write particulars. L 144 Times.

Partner wanted with $1,000 to invest; an exceptional opportunity. E 350 Times Downtown.

Busy dress manufacturer wants partner with $5,000 as inside man; designer preferred; confidential. J. S., 2,315 Woolworth Bldg.

I want energetic partner in busy manufacturing business; investment required. Z 238 Times Annex.

TO MANUFACTURERS.
Englishman located in Liverpool wishes to represent American interests. M 58 Times.

Associate salesman with finance will find splendid opening. Edwards, 41 Park Row.

Free factory sites and cheap gas. Z 254 Times Annex.

Board Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

Owing to recent death in family, Middle Western young business man wants room and board with small, private, refined American family on west side; desire home cooking, freedom of house, music, telephone, bath, electricity; large room sufficient to accommodate my additional furniture consisting of reading table, Morris chair, and small roll-top desk; prefer apartment, but will consider private house if not too expensive; references; state price and full information. F 281 Times Downtown.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MEYER FOX AND JOSEPH BARBALATT, individually and trading as MEYER FOX, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, June 28th, 1915, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 54 Bond Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of finished and unfinished dresses, trimmings, also machinery used for manufacturing dresses, cutting tables, fixtures, etc.
MORRIS ISRAEL, Trustee.
LEON SANDERS, Attorney for Trustee, 220 Broadway, New York.

Lost and Found

Forty-five cents an agate line. Count six words to a line. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST—At Coney Island, Sunday, brooch lily pin with four rhinestones set in silver; valued as heirloom; reward. Return to Forslund, Broztell Hotel.

LOST.—At Audubon Theatre on Saturday night, gold hatpin studded with pearls and rubies; reward. B 30 Times.

LOST.—Wallet, valuable papers and money, June 27, at Pelham Bay golf house; reward. Wolff, Tel. 8485 Rector.

LOST—Silk bag, with yellow strings, containing jewelry; reward. Muller, 833 Broadway.

LOST—Diamond and platinum necklace; liberal reward. Morningside 4887. Apt. 53.

LOST—At Harvard-Yale game, Ebbets Field, Saturday, brown overcoat. M 50 Times.

LOST—Green enamel brooch, set in diamonds; reward. 804 W. 180th. Apart. 51.

$10,000 REWARD
will be paid and absolutely no questions asked for the return of the 71 pearl necklace with pearl clasp, also marquise diamond ring, missed as of June 21-22 from owner's residence, Southampton, Eastern Long Island; proportionate reward for the return of any part of the missing articles, and liberal reward will also be paid for information leading to the recovery of missing articles. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av., New York City.

$50 REWARD
for diamond and sapphire bar pin, lost June 25, between Hoboken and Brick Church. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

$25 REWARD.—Watch, lost June 17 on 53d St., near 6th Av. Wells, 103 West 53d St.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., where owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons desiring to secure pets should also apply. The Society conducts a free hospital for animals at the same address.

Business Notices

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Printing and Multigraphing.

MULTIGRAPH letters, 200, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9. G. R. Weatherford, 120 B'way. Room 1,131 Equitable Building. Rector 4548.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Pawn tickets, diamonds, pearls, gold, silver, platinum bought. Benjamin's, 1,584 Broadway, between 47th-48th Sts., opposite Strand Theatre.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

West Side.

CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway,
110th St. and Col. Ave.
1, 2, 3 & 4 Rooms
SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE,
with private bath and kitchenette;
some 3 & 4 room suites with two baths.
Complete—Dishes, Silver, Cooking Utensils.
ROOF GARDEN.
Furnished—$30, $40, $50, $60 up monthly.
CONCESSIONS ON LEASE and unfurnished.
A few sublet week, month, during Summer.
Near Subway and "L"—Must be seen to be appreciated. Phone River. 3970.

A.—A.—A.—Schuyler Arms, 305 West 98th, near Riverside.—Why live in hotels when you can get two to five roomed apartments and housekeep? Strictly high class, costly furnished; maid service, linen; restaurant; $10 to $20 weekly or $40 to $85 monthly.

A handsomely furnished 6-room apartment, victrola, piano, silver, linen, &c.; bus line passes door; very reasonable to right party. 575 Riverside Drive, (corner 135th St.) Keys with Superintendent.

To sublet cheap for July and August desirable 8 rooms, 2 baths, West End Hall, northeast corner 101st St. and West End Av.; southwest exposure. Geo. A. Kelly, on premises.

A family leaving city sublets 5 rooms, 2 baths, in high-class elevator apartment; all outside Broadway rooms; less than rent, furnished complete. 225 West 80th St. Bignell.

FOUR ROOMS, FURNISHED,
FOR RENT AT
$80 per month. Apply on premises,
250 West 78th St., corner Broadway.

Seven-room, completely furnished apartment to sublet for three months or less. Apply Apt. 107, The Belnord, 86th St. and Broadway.

Studio apartment for Summer; handsomely furnished; delightfully cool; three rooms, kitchenette, bath, phone, electricity. 62 Washington Square South.

SUBLET FIFTEEN MIONTHS.
High-class, seven-room furnished apartment West 57th; 3 months considered. L 162 Times.

SUBLET.
Three rooms and bath,
HOTEL WALTON, 104 West 70th St.

Seven beautifully furnished, bright rooms, Summer, sublet; bargain. 303 West 80th.

47th, 16 West.—Small kitchenette apartments; $40-$50; one unfurnished, $30; references.

Sublet 5 rooms, beautifully furnished; liberal terms to October. 507 West 113th.

Rockfall Apartments, 545 West 111th; 6 to 9 rooms; 2-3 baths.

West End Av., S. W. Cor. 78th St.—Eight, nine rooms, three baths, $2,500 and up.

Attractive 5-room apartment, October; moderate. 300 Central Park West, Apt. 2.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

Attractive apartments, two rooms, bath, $35; modern improvements. Janitor, 126 Lexington Av.

FOR HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS.
A. L. Mordecai & Son., 30 East 42d St.

Apartments to let from Oct. 1. Ambassador, 97th St. and Madison Av.

West Side.

116th St., 620 West, (one door from Riverside Drive.)—Light, airy seven-room front apartment, with balcony on street, to sublet, furnished or unfurnished, for Summer or longer. Apply L. Stern or Superintendent; phone 3596 Morningside.

THE LANGHAM,
73d to 74th St. and Central Park West.
10-11 room apartments, $4,000-$6,000; also one 11-room apartment, beautifully furnished. Apply Supt. or 'phone Col. 4020.

Furnished and unfurnished apartment to sublet; 4 rooms and 2 baths; could be divided to 2 apartments, 2 rooms each; southwestern exposure. Hotel Walton, 104 West 70th. Tel. 2934 Columbus.

5th Av., corner 12th, (overlooking old Presbyterian churchyard.)—100 feet of lawn in front; beautiful 3-room apartment; all outside rooms. Call 12 West 12th, or Carstein & Linnekin, 221 4th Av.

611 WEST 136TH ST.,
Near Riverside Drive.
4-6 rooms and bath.............$40-$50
Hall & Bloodgood, 542 5th Av. Bryant 7632.

Amsterdam Av., 1,105, (opposite Columbia University grounds.)—Modern apartments, 4-5 rooms; beautiful neighborhood; $27-$38. See superintendent.

169th, 516 West.—Four and five large, light rooms; electric lights and telephone; all modern improvements; $28-$32; near 168th St. Broadway subway.

179th St., 714 West.—Four and five large, light rooms; electric light and telephone; all modern improvements; $28 to $38; near 181st St. Broadway subway.

Seven rooms; big, light, airy, large kitchen, two baths; modern elevator house; rent $80; very reasonable. Ernest Tribelhorn, 342 West 71st Street.

Attention!—Five and six rooms; large, light, airy; southern exposure bedroom; modern elevator house; near Riverside Drive; $60 to $70; reasonable. 308 West 97th Street.

178th, 599 West.—Corner apartments, four, five, seven rooms; electric light and telephone; all modern improvements; $25-$45.

180th, 804 West, (Pinehurst Av.)—Seven outside rooms; elevator apartment; big inducements.

Beautiful suites, furnished and unfurnished; three, four, and five rooms. 222 West 59th.

ATTRACTIVE APARTMENTS TO LET. MANCHESTER, 108TH ST. & BROADWAY.

Furnished and unfurnished apartments to let; Hudsonia, 315 West 79th St.

Apartments to lease of 2 to 6 rooms. Apthorp, Broadway, 78th St.

Leases now being made for apartments from Oct. 1. 1,730 Broadway.

7th Av., 54th St.—The Adlon; high-class apartments to let.

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158 West 95th St.—Apartments of 5 and 6 rooms to let.

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Sterling Place, 1,045, near Brooklyn Av.—Beautiful 5 rooms, bath, kitchen, telephone, vacuum cleaner, $44. Apply premises.

Apartments Wanted

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

WANTED,
in Manhattan, unfurnished floor in private house, (three to four rooms, bath;) good locality; gentleman; permanent. State particulars and price. L 147 Times.

DEFECTS IN PLOTS BETRAY FIREBUGS

Spider's Web Across Open Window Ruined a Woman's Story of an Enemy's Vengeance.

WATERMARK CAUGHT A MAN

Commissioner Adamson Reports 42 Convictions for Arson in New York in 1914.

How bits of adventitious evidence which a criminal cannot humanly anticipate some times arise to destroy a carefully conceived plan of escape from detection is strikingly illustrated in the division on arson included in Fire Commissioner Adamson's annual report for the year 1914, which will be made public tomorrow. The instances of incendiarism it relates also show the difficulties of detection and conviction in arson cases and support the recent statement of Assistant District Attorney Bostwick that it is generally easier to run down murderers than firebugs.

There is, for example, the case of Mrs. Theresa Huber and her 17-year-old daughter, Mary. Mrs. Huber, who is about 40 years old, invested all her savings two years or so ago in a small dry goods and dressmaking business at 449 Irving Avenue, Brooklyn, where she lived over the store with her husband, Mary and two younger children. From all accounts, she was thrifty, industrious and honest in conducting her business, and at first she hoped to make an independent living by it, but her dreams were not realized, and in September, 1914, she faced bankruptcy.

She then determined upon desperate and illegal measures to save as much as possible for herself. First, without increasing her stock, she increased her fire insurance to $3,500, and knowing that this act would cause suspicion to be directed toward her after a fire, she prepared evidence to prove that she had needed the increased insurance in order to obtain further credit from the wholesalers who supplied her stock.

About a week before the fire in her store she sent her innocent 12-year-old son to a provision dealer's place half a mile from her store to purchase ten cents' worth of sausage skins, which she later packed with inflammable materials soaked in kerosene oil. On the night of Sept. 16 Mrs. Huber placed the kerosene sausages in a cardboard box under a counter in the rear of the store, with an oil-soaked paper fuse leading from the box. Mary and her mother lighted the fuse at 10 o'clock and retired to their rooms on the third floor of the building, first assuring themselves that a rear window of the store was left open so that, if the evidences of incendiarism were discovered, they might say that a burglar or an enemy who could have entered by the window, had started the fire.

Sometime later a policeman passing the store noticed the reflection from the burning fuse, broke into the building and, with the aid of persons from the street, extinguished the blaze. Mrs. Huber, her husband and Mary ran down from their rooms as soon as the alarm was given and, when asked to explain the incendiary plant, they at once blamed enemies. The window was open and the defense apparently had enough plausibility to insure Mrs. Huber's acquittal, should she be charged with arson.

But the policeman examined the window and found a spider's web across it, that could not possibly have been spun between the time of the lighting of the fuse and the discovery of the fire, so Mrs. Huber's defense collapsed. Its worthlessness was made complete when the police found that the dust on the transom over the front door of the store had not been disturbed and that the locks of the store had not been tampered with. Baffled by these discoveries, Mrs. Huber and her daughter made a complete confession. The mother was sentenced to not more than five years in Auburn Prison and the daughter to Bedford Reformatory.

Another incendiary who was trapped by accidental evidence discovered by a keen investigator of the Fire Marshall's office was Frank Millitello, the President of a realty corporation in Manhattan, who had every appearance of being a self-respecting business man. He had an attractive home at 1,334 Sixty-sixth Street, Brooklyn, which caught fire on the night of Jan. 1, 1914. Millitello and his family had been away from the house for four hours when an explosion in it attracted the attention of neighbors. Soon after firemen had entered the building, another explosion occurred that threatened the lives of several of the firemen. Other explosions, that accelerated the blaze, followed, all being caused, it was learned later, by animal bladders filled with turpentine.

When Millitello and his family returned to their burned home the next morning they simulated great grief over the partial destruction of their property. To account for the explosive bladders, Millitello produced a number of "black-hand" letters, which, he said, he had received during the few months previous, and he was loud in his denunciation of the terrorists.

But the Fire Marshall's office was not satisfied, and conducted an investigation that led into Millitello's office in Manhattan. There the investigators found the policy for the insurance on Millitello's home, which, in itself was no evidence against the man; but with it, the investigators found a carefully prepared "list of contents" of the house ready for submission to the insurance company in proof of loss by fire. Questioned about this list, Millitello glibly replied that he had made it just after another fire in his home that had occurred some three years previously, and the defense seemed reasonable until one of the investigators noticed that the waterproof bond mark on the paper showed that it had been manufactured after the time of the former fire.

With this and other evidence against him, Millitello broke down and plead guilty to an indictment charging arson. He was sentenced to not more than seven and a half years in Sing Sing Prison.

According to statistics given in Commissioner Adamson's report, in 1914 there were fifteen convictions for arson in Manhattan, the Bronx and Richmond, and twenty-seven in Brooklyn and Queens, making a total of forty-two convictions for the entire city. In 1913 there were fifty-four convictions in the city, the decrease in 1914 being due, in the Commissioner's opinion, to the fact that in the earlier year a number of very active firebugs and dishonest insurance adjusters were sent to Sing Sing.

FIGHTS 5 ROBBERS IN CAR.

Deputy Sheriff Attacked in View of Many Passengers.

Deputy Sheriff Louis De Bahul last night fought off five men who, he said, were trying to rob him in an Eighth Avenue surface car crowded with women and children. Three men pointed out by De Bahul as his assailants were locked up in the West Thirtieth Street Police Station, charged with robbery and assault. They said they were Eugene Philips, a stock clerk, of 412 West 124th Street; James Corcoran, a driver, of 342 West Twenty-seventh Street, and Robert McCance, a driver, same address.

De Bahul was returning from Rockaway, where he had been visiting his father-in-law, Martin Engel, one time Tammany district leader in this city. He said he stopped in a café at Eighth Avenue and Thirtieth Street, and when he displayed a roll of money in paying for a drink some one knocked him down. He is more than 6 feet tall and broad shouldered. He battled with five men, he said, until he saw a chance to jump to the street.

An Eighth Avenue car was passing. De Bahul climbed on it, followed by five men, and the battle was continued. Detectives Neville and Brown, who were passing, went to his assistance. They had to use their blackjacks to subdue the men. De Bahul's money was gone. He identified the prisoners as his assailants.

CITY BREVITIES.

The East Side Protective Association announced yesterday that its activities will be toward forming an educational department, drive out gangs, lessen eviction, and to organize an east side bar association.

Edward Merci, a clerk, of 374 West 116th Street, was held yesterday in the Tombs Court for examination Thursday on a charge of selling stock transfer stamps when not authorized by the State.

Four young men, guilty of disorderly conduct in a Clason Point car, were fined $10 each in the Morrisania Court yesterday. They were Charles Dana of 510 West 140th Street, Edward Reeder of 10 Bradhurst Avenue, James Stewart of 501 West 146th Street, and James Walsh of 157th Street and Broadway.

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Matinees Wednesday and Saturday, 2:10.
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Ziegfeld Follies
AFTER THE PERFORMANCE SEE ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC
Added Feature:—Nora Bayes.

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BIRTH OF A NATION
AT THE LIBERTY W. 42d St. 2:15 & 8:15.
TWICE DAILY, Incl. Sundays.
Ev. & Sat. Mat. 25-50-75-$1-$2
Other Mats............25-50-$1
D. W. GRIFFITH'S
GIGANTIC SPECTACLE.
Symphony Orchestra of 40.

HARRIS W. 42d St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:15.
YOU LAUGH ALL THE TIME
TWIN BEDS

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Nightly, 8:30 to 2. Saturday Teas, 2:30 to 6.
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By Arrangement with Messrs. Dippel & Rachmann,
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TOGETHER WITH ALL OF THE DANCING FEATURES AND AUDREY MUNSON, THE PARISIAN GIRL, IN ORIGINAL POSES.
DANCING AS USUAL || NO ADVANCE IN PRICES.

ASTOR B'WAY, 45th St. Daily 2.30 & 8:30. Mts. 25-50c. Nights & Sat. Mts. 25-50-75c.
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GEO. BEBAN in THE ALIEN

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500 GOOD SEATS IN FIRST BALC. 50c, 75c & $1.00.
ON TRIAL

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Daily Mats. 25c to 75c.
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DELICIOUS LEMONADE FREE TO ALL.

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Only Roof Garden in N. Y. ALL SEATS RESERVED
Playing High-Class Vaudeville. 25c, 35c, 50c.

Steeplechase
Coney's Only Funny Place
Foxey Grandpa Gives Free Toys
Dancing Contests Start Friday, July 9.

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LEW KELLY BEHMAN SHOW
Added Feature, Morton & Moore in "Alexander's Rag Time Band."

Strand B'way & 47th St. Noon to 11:30 P. M. 10 to 50c.
Victor Moore in "Chimmie Fadden"
Strand Orchestra and Soloists.

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10c, 15c, 25c, 50c. | THE LORELEI MADONNA. THE GODDESS—8th Chapter.

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June 28th, 1915.

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Queen Olives. Ripe Olives. Gherkins. Radishes.

Choice.
Anchovie Salad. Grape Fruit. Watermelon. Little Neck Clams or Cherrystones Half Shell or Cocktail.

Soups (Choice).
Potage Milanaise. Puree of New Tomatoes. Consomme.

Fish or Entree (Choice).
Baked Sea Bass. Fried Codfish. Cold Salmon. Veal Saute. Breaded Lamb Chops. Boiled Irish Bacon. Chicken Saute. Broiled Salisbury Steak.

Roasts (Choice).
Leg of Mutton. Spring Chicken.

10 to 15 Minutes.
Fried Chicken. Breaded Veal Cutlet. Lamb Chops. Emince of Chicken. Small Steak. Sweetbread Cutlet.

Cold.
Half Chicken. Sliced Chicken. Smoked Beef Tongue. Meat Salad. Bismarck Herring. Roast Beef. Sliced Star Ham. Salami. Smoked Salmon in Oil. Marinierter Herring. Roast Sirloin of Beef. Sliced Virginia Ham. Combination Cold Cuts. Sardines de Riga. Normanna Mackerel Roe.

Salads (Choice).
Lettuce. Tomatoes. Romaine. Cress. Onions.

Dessert or Cheese (Choice).
Peach Pie. Raisin Cake. Blueberry Tart. Macaroons. Ice Cream. Lady Fingers. Coffee Cake.
Cream. Swiss. Cafe. Port du Salut. Demi Tasse.

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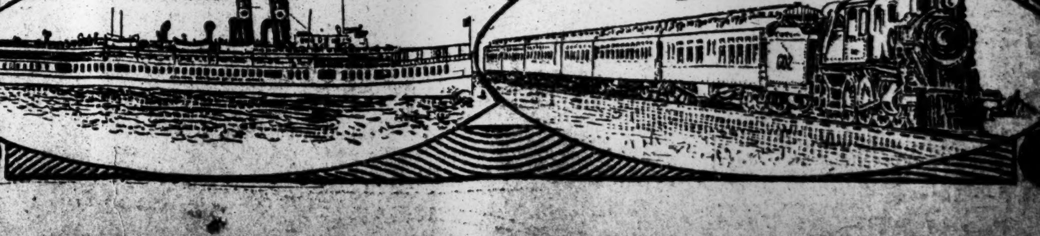Send 6 cents in stamps to W. C. Hope, G. P. A., 143 Liberty St., N. Y., for illustrated Summer Book, "ALONG THE SHORE AND IN THE FOOTHILLS," and Hotel and Boarding List, or apply at New Jersey Central Ticket Offices, any Travel Information Bureau, or Universal Tourist Bureau, Grand Central Terminal, Room 3750.